

Package ‘xyloplot’

March 28, 2020

Type Package

Title A Method for Creating Xylophone-Like Frequency Density Plots

Version 2.0

Date 2020-03-28

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Description Methods for plotting multiple xylophone-style histograms using base graphics.

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Suggests knitr

VignetteBuilder knitr

RoxygenNote 6.1.1

NeedsCompilation no

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2020-03-28 14:50:02 UTC

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xyloplot-package

A Method for Creating Xylophone-Like Frequency Density Plots

Description

A method for creating vertical histograms sharing a y-axis using base graphics.

Details

xyloplot provides a generic method for plotting frequency density plots in the style of histograms akin to violin plots for numeric vectors and lists of numeric vectors.

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Examples

```
xyloplot(rnorm(1000))
xyloplot(lapply(1:3, function(mean) rnorm(mean=mean, n=1000)), col=rainbow(3))
```

left_right_xylo

Left-right xyloplots

Description

Create a xyloplot with independent histograms on the left and right hand side of each pivot.

Usage

```
left_right_xylo(lhs, rhs, ...)
```

Arguments

lhs	A set of values to use as the left-hand side histograms (see xyloplot for details on admissible types)..
rhs	As lhs for the right-hand side.
...	Additional arguments passed to xyloplot .

Value

A "xyloplot" object.

See Also

[xyloplot](#)

plot.xyloplot	<i>Plot a xyloplot object</i>
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Description

Render a xyloplot object using base graphics.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'xyloplot'  
plot(x, vertical = TRUE, value_lab = "Value",  
      pivots_lab = "Frequency", box = TRUE, draw_empty = TRUE, ...)  
  
## S3 method for class 'xyloplot'  
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	Object of class "xyloplot"
vertical	Logical value determining whether to plot vertical or horizontal xylophones.
value_lab	Text to put on value axis.
pivots_lab	Text to put on pivots axis.
box	Logical value determining whether to draw a box around the plot.
draw_empty	Logical value determining whether to draw 'empty' boxes in the xylophones. If TRUE (default), empty boxes will appear as lines.
...	Additional arguments passed to plot.

Value

Renders a xyloplot.

See Also

[xyloplot](#)

xyloplot

*Create a xyloplot***Description**

Plots xylophones (centre-aligned histograms) for the input vector(s), provided either as a single vector or list of vectors. Numeric vectors and factors are admissible (character vectors are transformed to factors). If numeric vectors are provided, `cut` will be used to aggregate values, whereas if character vectors or factors are provided, each 'level' will have its own 'key' on the 'xylophone'. Note that if factors are used, all factors in 'x' must have identical levels.

Usage

```
xyloplot(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'list'
xyloplot(x, breaks = NULL, space = 0.1, pivot = if
  (!is.null(names(x))) factor(names(x), levels = names(x)) else
  seq_along(x), pivot_labels = if (is.factor(pivot)) levels(pivot) else
  NULL, just = 0.5, freq = FALSE, ...)

## S3 method for class 'factor'
xyloplot(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'logical'
xyloplot(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'character'
xyloplot(x, ...)

## S3 method for class 'numeric'
xyloplot(x, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	Vector or list of vectors to use for creating xyloplots.
<code>...</code>	Additional arguments passed to <code>xyloplot.list</code> , or other graphical parameters (e.g. "col", "lwd", ..., etc.) for <code>xyloplot.list</code> which are recycled along the xylophones and then used by functions for rendering the individual rectangles (e.g. <code>rect</code>).
<code>breaks</code>	A single positive integer value giving the number of breakpoints to use for an evenly spaced partition of the values in <code>x</code> , a numeric vector explicitly giving the breakpoints, or <code>NULL</code> to use the default partition.
<code>space</code>	The proportion of the total distance on the pivots axis allocated to each 'xylophone' which should be empty or <code>NULL</code> , in which case the pivot axis coordinates for the xyloplot rectangles for each pivot are transformed to <code>[0, 1]</code> .

<code>pivot</code>	Vector the same length as <code>x</code> used to determine which pivot to place the xylophone representing corresponding distributions of <code>x</code> onto (duplicated values go on the same pivots).
<code>pivot_labels</code>	Character vector giving names for each pivot or NULL.
<code>just</code>	Vector whose elements should take values in <code>0, 0.5, 1</code> which determines whether to centre-align the xylophones (<code>0.5</code> , default), left align them (<code>0</code>) or right align them (<code>1</code>).
<code>freq</code>	Logical value. If TRUE, the frequencies/counts of data points falling in each interval are represented. If FALSE (default), the frequency density of data points in each interval are represented.

Value

Returns an object of class "xyloplot" containing the specification of graphical elements required to create a corresponding plot, including the coordinates of the corners of rectangles (in terms of the location on the value value axis and the pivot axis across which the xyloplots are spread) and the positions of the breakpoints used to partition the range of values.

See Also

[plot.xyloplot](#)

<code>xylo_positions</code>	<i>Get x-axis positions for n xylophones</i>
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Description

Get x-axis positions for n xylophones

Usage

```
xylo_positions(n)
```

Arguments

`n` Number of xylophones.

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