# Package 'tsdb'

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Type Package

Title Terribly-Simple Data Base for Time Series

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Description A terribly-simple data base for numeric time series, written purely in R, so no external database-software is needed. Series are stored in plain-text files (the most-portable and enduring file type) in CSV format. Timestamps are encoded using R's native numeric representation for 'Date'/'POSIXct', which makes them fast to parse, but keeps them accessible with other software. The package provides tools for saving and updating series in this standardised format, for retrieving and joining data, for summarising files and directories, and for coercing series from and to other data types (such as 'zoo' series).

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Imports datetimeutils, fastmatch, utils, zoo

Suggests data.table, tinytest

URL http://enricoschumann.net/R/packages/tsdb,

https://github.com/enricoschumann/tsdb,

https://gitlab.com/enricoschumann/tsdb

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tsdb-package

Terribly-Simple Database for Time Series

#### **Description**

A terribly-simple data base for numeric time series, written purely in R, so no external database-software is needed. Series are stored in plain-text files (the most-portable and enduring file type) in CSV format; timestamps are encoded using R's native numeric representation for Date/POSIXct, which makes them fast to parse, but keeps them accessible with other software. The package provides tools for saving and updating series in this standardised format, for retrieving and joining data, for summarising files and directories, and for coercing series from and to other data types (such as 'zoo' series).

#### **Details**

See the functions ts\_table and as.ts\_table for creating a ts\_table.

See write\_ts\_table and read\_ts\_tables for storing and loading a ts\_table (or several).

For getting started, see the tutorial at https://gitlab.com/enricoschumann/tsdb/blob/master/README.org or https://github.com/enricoschumann/tsdb/blob/master/README.org.

#### Author(s)

Enrico Schumann

#### See Also

```
ts_table and as.ts_table for creating a ts_table
write_ts_table and read_ts_tables for storing and loading a ts_table
```

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as.ts\_table

Coerce to ts\_table

## Description

Coerce objects to ts\_table

## Usage

```
as.ts_table(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'zoo'
as.ts_table(x, columns, ...)
```

## Arguments

x object to be coerced to ts\_tablecolumns character... arguments to be passed to other methods

## **Details**

A generic function for coercing objects to class ts\_table.

## Value

```
a ts_table
```

## Author(s)

Enrico Schumann

#### See Also

```
read_ts_tables
```

file\_info

file\_info

Information about Data File

## **Description**

Provides information about data stored in file: columns, number of observations, range of timestamps.

## Usage

```
file_info(dir, file)
```

#### **Arguments**

dir character file character

#### **Details**

Provide information, such as number of entries, of specified files.

It is recommended that code that uses the returned information to alter or write tables, should explicitly check whether a table exists (column exists in the returned data.frame). For instance, a value of NA for min.timestamp would occur for a non-existing file, but also if the file could not be read for some reason.

#### Value

An object of type file\_info, which is a data. frame with information such as whether a file exists, minimum and maximum timestamp, and more.

#### Author(s)

Enrico Schumann

#### See Also

```
ts_table
```

```
ts <- ts_table(1:3, as.Date("2018-12-3") + 1:3, columns = "A")
d <- tempdir()
write_ts_table(ts, file = "temp", dir = d)
file_info(d, "temp")</pre>
```

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reau_ts_tables Reau line-series Daia from rues	read_ts_tables	Read Time-Series	Data from Files
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# Description

Read time-series data from files and merge them.

## Usage

#### **Arguments**

file	character
dir	character
t.type	character: guess, Date or POSIXct
start	a timestamp: either of classes Date or POSIXct (possibly including timezone information), or a character string. Strings are passed to as.Date/as.POSIXct. Note in particular that a string of the form "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS", when passed to as.POSIXct, will be interpreted as a datetime in the current timezone.
end	a timestamp: either of classes Date or POSIXct (possibly including timezone information), or a character string. Strings are passed to as.Date/as.POSIXct. Note in particular that a string of the form "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS", when passed to as.POSIXct, will be interpreted as a datetime in the current timezone.
columns	character.
return.class	NULL (default) or character: if NULL, a list is returned. Also supported are zoo, data.frame and ts_table.
drop.weekends	logical
column.names	character: a format string for column names; may contain %dir%, %file%, and %column%
backend	character: currently, only 'csv' is fully supported
read.fn	NULL or character: use 'fread' to use fread from package data.table
frequency	character: only used when t.type is POSIXct (or guessed to be POSIXct)
timestamp	a vector of timestamps: if specified, only data at the times in timestamp are selected $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) \left$

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#### **Details**

Read time-series data from CSV files.

#### Value

When return.class is NULL, a list:

data a numeric matrix
timestamp Date or POSIXct

columns character file.path character

#### Author(s)

Enrico Schumann

## See Also

```
write_ts_table
```

## **Examples**

ts\_table

Create ts\_table

## **Description**

Create a ts\_table.

#### Usage

```
ts_table(data, timestamp, columns)
```

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#### **Arguments**

data numeric

timestamp Date or POSIXct columns column names

#### **Details**

Create a time-series table (ts\_table). A ts\_table is a numeric matrix, so there is always a dim attribute. For a ts\_table x, you get the number of observations with dim(x)[1L].

Attached to this matrix are several attributes:

timestamp a vector: the numeric representation of the timestamp

t.type character: the class of the original timestamp, either Date or POSIXct

columns a character vector that provides the columns names

There may be other attributes as well, but these three are always present.

Timestamps must be of class Date or POSIXct (POSIXlt is converted). A tzone attribute is dropped.

A ts\_table is not meant as a time-series class. For most computations (plotting, calculation of statistics, etc.), the ts\_table must first be coerced to zoo, xts, a data.frame or a similar data structure. Methods that perform such coercions are responsible for converting the numeric timestamp vector to an actual timestamp. For this, they may use the function ttime ('translate time').

## Value

```
a ts_table
```

#### Author(s)

Enrico Schumann

#### See Also

```
as.ts_table
```

```
ts_table(1:5, Sys.Date() - 5:1, columns = "value")
```

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ttime

Translate Timestamps

## Description

Translate a vector of timestamps.

## Usage

## Arguments

x	numeric
from	character
to	character
tz	character
strip.attr	logical: strip attributes; in particular, timezone information
format	character

## **Details**

ttime ('translate time') converts timestamps between formats.

# Author(s)

Enrico Schumann

## See Also

```
ts_table
```

```
ttime(Sys.Date())
ttime(17397, from = "numeric", to = "Date")
```

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write_ts_table Write Time-Series Data to File	te_ts_table Write Time-Ser	ies Data to File
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## **Description**

Write time-series data to files.

## Usage

#### **Arguments**

ts	a ts_table
dir	character
file	character

add logical: if TRUE, add data with timestamps that are not in a file.

overwrite logical: overwrite existing file when data differs. overwrite implies add.

replace.file logical: if TRUE, an existing file is deleted and replaced by a new file (i.e. con-

taining ts)

backend character: currently, csv and monetdb are supported

## **Details**

The function takes a ts\_table and writes it to a file.

If the file already exists and both add and overwrite are FALSE (the default), nothing is written.

When add is TRUE, the function checks if ts contains timestamps not yet in the file and, if there are any, writes only those data.

When overwrite is TRUE, the function merges all observations in the file with those in ts and writes the result back to the file. If ts contains timestamps that were already in the file, the data in the file are overwritten. Note that no data will be removed from the file: timestamps not in ts remain unchanged in the file.

#### Value

Invisibly, the number of data rows written to a file.

#### Author(s)

Enrico Schumann

#### See Also

```
read_ts_tables
```

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