Package 'spfrontier'

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Type Package Title Spatial Stochastic Frontier Models Version 0.2.5 Date 2019-12-14 Author Dmitry Pavlyuk <Dmitry.V.Pavlyuk@gmail.com> Maintainer Dmitry Pavlyuk <Dmitry.V.Pavlyuk@gmail.com> Description A set of tools for estimation of various spatial specifications of stochastic frontier models. License GPL (>= 2) **Depends** R (>= 3.6),moments,tmvtnorm,mvtnorm,spdep,ezsim Imports methods, parallel, optimx, numDeriv ZipData no RoxygenNote 7.0.2 **Encoding** UTF-8 **Repository** CRAN Repository/R-Forge/Project spfrontier **Repository/R-Forge/Revision** 55 Repository/R-Forge/DateTimeStamp 2019-12-18 20:03:12 Date/Publication 2019-12-18 21:00:02 UTC NeedsCompilation no

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spfrontier-package Spatial Stochastic Frontier

Description

Spatial Stochastic Frontier

Details

A set of tools for estimation (MLE) of various spatial specifications of stochastic frontier models

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airports

European airports statistical data

Description

The spfrontier package includes the dataset airports, containing information about European airports infrastructure and traffic statistics in 2011.

Format

An unbalanced panel of 395 Euripean airports in 2008-2012 (1763 observations) on the following 31 variables.

ICAO Airport ICAO code

AirportName Airport official name

Country Airport's country name

longitude Airport longitude

latitude Airport latitude

Year Observation year

PAX A number of carried passengers

ATM A number of of air transport movements served by an airport

Cargo A total volume of cargo served by an airport

Population100km A number of inhabitants, living in 100 km around an airport

Population200km A number of inhabitants, living in 200 km around an airport

Island 1 if an airport is located on an island; 0 otherwise

GDPpc Gross domestic product per capita in airport's NUTS3 region

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airports

RevenueTotal Airport total revenue RevenueAviation Airport aviation revenue RevenueNonAviation Airport non-aviation revenue RevenueHandling Airport revenue from handling services **RevenueParking** Airport revenue from parking services EBITDA Airport earnings before interest, taxes, depreciation, and amortization NetProfit Airport net profit DA Airport depreciation, and amortization StaffCount A number of staff employed by an airport StaffCost Airport staff cost RunwayCount A number of airport runways CheckinCount A number of airport check-iun facilities GateCount A number of airport gates TerminalCount A number of airport terminals ParkingSpaces A number of airport parking spaces RoutesDeparture A number of departure routes, served by an airport **RoutesArrival** A number of arrival routes, served by an airport

Routes (RoutesDeparture + RoutesArrival)/2

Source

Eurostat (2013). European Statistics Database, Statistical Office of the European Communities (Eurostat)

Airports' statistical reports(2011)

- Open Flights: Airport, airline and route data http://openflights.org/ (2013-05-31)
- TDC (2012). Informe de fiscalizacion de la imputacion por la entidad "Aeropuertos Espanoles y Navegacion Aerea" (AENA) a cada uno de los aeropuertos de los ingresos, gastos, e inversiones correspondientes a la actividad aeroportuaria, en los ejercicios 2009 y 2010., Tribunal de Cuentas, Spain, Doc 938.
- CIESIN, Columbia University. Gridded Population of the World: Future Estimates (GPWFE). (2005)

airports.greece

Description

The spfrontier package includes the dataset airports, containing information about Greece airports infrastructure and traffic statistics in 2011.

Format

A dataframe with 39 observations on the following 24 variables.

name Airport title ICAO_code Airport ICAO code lat Airport latitude lon Airport longitude APM_winter A number of passengers carried during winter period APM_summer A number of passengers carried during summer period **APM** A number of passengers carried (winter + summer) cargo winter A total volume of cargo served by an airport during winter period cargo_summer A total volume of cargo served by an airport during summer period cargo A number volume of cargo served by an airport (winter + summer) **ATM winter** A number of air transport movements served by an airport during winter period **ATM_summer** A number of air transport movements served by an airport during summer period ATM A number of air transport movements served by an airport (winter + summer) openning_hours_winter A total number openning hours during winter period openning_hours_summer A total number openning hours during summer period openning_hours A total number openning hours (winter + summer) runway_area A total area of airport runways **terminal_area** A total area of airport terminal(s) parking area A total area of airport parking area island 1 if an airpiort is located on an island; 0 otherwise international 1 if an airpiort is international; 0 otherwise **mixed use** 1 if an airpiort is in mixed use; 0 otherwise WLU A total volume of work load units (WLU) served by an airport NearestCity A road network distance between an airport and its nearest city

Source

"Airport efficiency and public investment in Greece" (2010) In Proceeding of the 2010 International Kuhmo-Nectar Conference on Transport Economics, University of Valencia, Spain.

Description

genW generates an spatial contiguity matrix (rook or queen) rowStdrt standartizes spatial contiguity matrix by rows constructW contructs a spatial contiguity matrix using object longitude and latitude coordinates

Usage

```
genW(n, type = "rook", seed = NULL)
```

rowStdrt(W)

constructW(coords, labels)

Arguments

n	a number of objects with spatial interaction to be arranged.See 'Details' for objects arranging principle
type	an optional type of spatial interaction. Currently 'rook' and "queen' values are supported, to produce Rook and Queen Contiguity matrix. See references for more info. By default set to rook.
seed	an optional random number generator seed for random matrices
W	a spatial contiguity matrix to be standatised
coords	a matrix of two columns, where every row is a longitude-latitude pair of object coordinates
labels	a vector of object lables to mark rows and columns of the resulting contiguity matrix

Details

To generate spatial interaction between n objects the function arranges them on a chess board. A number of columns is calculated as a square root of n, rounded to the top. The last row contains empty cells, if n is not quadratic

The function divides every element in an argument matrix by the sum of elements in its row. Some spatial estimation requires this standartisation (generally - for faster calculations)

The function contructs a spatial contiguity matrix using object longitude and latitude coordinates. Eucledean distance is currently used.

References

Anselin, L. (1988). Spatial Econometrics: Methods and Models. Kluwer Academic Publishers, Dordrecht, The Netherlands.

Examples

```
# Completely filled 10x10 rook contiguity matrix
rookW <- genW(100)
rookW
# Partly filled 10x10 rook contiguity matrix
rookW <- genW(90)</pre>
rookW
# Completely filled 10x10 queen contiguity matrix
queenW <- genW(100, type="queen")</pre>
queenW
# Completely filled 10x10 queen contiguity matrix
queenW <- genW(100, type="queen")</pre>
queenW
# Standartisation
stQueenW <- rowStdrt(queenW)</pre>
stQueenW
data(airports)
```

W <- constructW(cbind(airports\$lon, airports\$lat),airports\$ICAO_code)</pre>

logLikelihood	Calculation of the log likelihood function for the spatial stochastic
	frontier model

Description

 $\log \ensuremath{\mathsf{Likelihood}}$ returns a value of the log likelihood function for the spatial stochastic frontier model

Usage

```
logLikelihood(
  formula,
  data,
    W_y = NULL,
    W_v = NULL,
    W_u = NULL,
    inefficiency = "half-normal",
    values,
    logging = c("quiet", "info", "debug"),
    costFrontier = F
)
```

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Arguments

formula	an object of class "formula"
data	data frame, containing the variables in the model
W_y	a spatial weight matrix for spatial lag of the dependent variable
W_v	a spatial weight matrix for spatial lag of the symmetric error term
W_u	a spatial weight matrix for spatial lag of the inefficiency error term
inefficiency	sets the distribution for inefficiency error component. Possible values are 'half- normal' (for half-normal distribution) and 'truncated' (for truncated normal dis- tribution). By default set to 'half-normal'.
values	a vector of log likelihood function parameters
logging	an optional level of logging. Possible values are 'quiet', 'warn', 'info', 'debug'. By default set to quiet.
costFrontier	is designed for selection of cost or production frontier

Details

This function is exported from the package for testing and presentation purposes A list of arguments of the function exactly matches the corresponding list of the spfrontier function

ModelEstimates-class Model Estimation Results

Description

ModelEstimates stores information about MLE estimates of a spatial stochastic frontier model

Usage

```
status(object)
```

```
resultParams(object)
```

hessian(object)

stdErrors(object)

```
efficiencies(object)
```

S4 method for signature 'ModelEstimates'
show(object)

S4 method for signature 'ModelEstimates'
coefficients(object)

```
## S4 method for signature 'ModelEstimates'
resultParams(object)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'ModelEstimates'
fitted(object)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'ModelEstimates'
efficiencies(object)
```

S4 method for signature 'ModelEstimates'
residuals(object)

S4 method for signature 'ModelEstimates'
stdErrors(object)

S4 method for signature 'ModelEstimates'
hessian(object)

S4 method for signature 'ModelEstimates'
status(object)

S4 method for signature 'ModelEstimates'
summary(object)

Arguments

object an object of ModelEstimates class

Details

ModelEstimates stores all parameter estimates and additional statistics, available after estimation of a spatial stochastic frontier model.

Slots

coefficients estimated values of model parameters

resultParams raw estimated values

status model estimation status:

0 - Success

1 - Failed; convergence is not achieved

1000 - Failed; unexpected exception

- 1001 Failed; Initial values for MLE cannot be estimated
- 1002 Failed; Maximum likelihood function is infinite

logL value of the log-likelihood function

logLcalls information abour a number of log-likelihood function and its gradient function calls

hessian Hessian matrix for estimated coefficients

RTEpaper

stdErrors standard errors of estimated coefficients residuals model residuals fitted model fitted values efficiencies estimates of efficiency values for sample observations

RTEpaper

European airports statistical data (used for the RTE paper)

Description

The spfrontier package includes the dataset RTEpaper, containing information about European airports infrastructure and traffic statistics in 2011 and used in Pavlyuk, D., 2016. Implication of spatial heterogeneity for airports' efficiency estimation. Research in Transportation Economics 56, 15–24. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.retrec.2016.07.002.

Format

A dataframe with 39 observations on the following 24 variables.

ID Airport identifier ICAO_code Airport ICAO code **Country** Airport country AirportName Airport title latitude Airport latitude longitude Airport longitude Year Year of observation **PAX** A number of passengers served by an airport cargo A total volume of cargo served by an airport Population100km A number of inhabitants, living in 100 km around an airport Island 1 if an airport is located on an island; 0 otherwise SouthIsland 1 if an airport is located on a European South island; 0 otherwise **Routes** Number of routes, served by the airport RunwayCount A number of airport runways NUTS0 NUTS0 region NUTS1 NUTS1 region NUTS2 NUTS2 region NUTS3 NUTS3 region Tourists Number of tourists in airport's NUTS2 region Area Area of airport's NUTS2 region GDPpc Gross domestic product per capita in airport's NUTS3 region hub Hub status of the airport, based on the number of served routes international INternational status of the airport ownership Ownership of the airport - public, minor private, major private, private RunwayLength Total length of the airport's runways

Source

#' Pavlyuk, D., 2016. Implication of spatial heterogeneity for airports' efficiency estimation. Research in Transportation Economics 56, 15–24. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.retrec.2016.07.002.

spfrontier

Spatial stochastic frontier model

Description

spfrontier estimates spatial specifications of the stochastic frontier model.

Usage

```
spfrontier(
  formula,
  data,
  W_y = NULL,
  W_v = NULL,
  inefficiency = "half-normal",
  initialValues = "errorsarlm",
  logging = c("quiet", "info", "debug"),
  control = NULL,
  onlyCoef = F,
  costFrontier = F
)
```

Arguments

formula	an object of class "formula": a symbolic description of the model to be fitted. The details of model specification are given under 'Details'.
data	data frame, containing the variables in the model
W_y	a spatial weight matrix for spatial lag of the dependent variable
W_v	a spatial weight matrix for spatial lag of the symmetric error term
W_u	a spatial weight matrix for spatial lag of the inefficiency error term
inefficiency	sets the distribution for inefficiency error component. Possible values are 'half- normal' (for half-normal distribution) and 'truncated' (for truncated normal dis- tribution). By default set to 'half-normal'. See references for explanations
initialValues	an optional vector of initial values, used by maximum likelihood estimator. If not defined, estimator-specific method of initial values estimation is used.
logging	an optional level of logging. Possible values are 'quiet', 'warn', 'info', 'debug'. By default set to quiet.
control	an optional list of control parameters, passed to optimestimator from the 'stats package

onlyCoef	allows calculating only estimates for coefficients (with inefficiencies and other
	additional statistics). Developed generally for testing, to speed up the process.
costFrontier	is designed for selection of cost or production frontier

Details

Models for estimation are specified symbolically, but without any spatial components. Spatial components are included implicitly on the base of the model argument.

References

Kumbhakar, S.C. and Lovell, C.A.K (2000), Stochastic Frontier Analysis, Cambridge University Press, U.K.

Examples

```
data( airports )
airports2011 <- subset(airports, Year==2011)
W <- constructW(cbind(airports2011$longitude, airports2011$latitude),airports2011$ICA0)
formula <- log(PAX) ~ log(Population100km) + log(Routes) + log(GDPpc)
ols <- lm(formula , data=airports2011)
summary(ols )
plot(density(stats::residuals(ols)))
skewness(stats::residuals(ols))
# Takes >5 sec, see demo for more examples
# model <- spfrontier(formula , data=airports2011)
# model <- spfrontier(formula , data=airports2011, W_y=W)
# summary(model )</pre>
```

spfrontier.true.value True value for simulation

Description

spfrontier.true.value returns true parameter values for a simulation process

ezsimspfrontier tests estimators of a spatial stochastic frontier model with different parameters

Usage

```
spfrontier.true.value()
ezsimspfrontier(
  runs,
```

```
params,
inefficiency = "half-normal",
logging = "info",
control = list()
)
```

Arguments

runs	a number of simulated samples
params	a set with parameters to be used in simulation.
inefficiency	sets the distribution for inefficiency error component. Possible values are 'half- normal' (for half-normal distribution) and 'truncated' (for truncated normal dis- tribution). By default set to 'half-normal'. See references for explanations
logging	an optional level of logging. Possible values are 'quiet', 'warn', 'info', 'debug'. By default set to quiet.
control	an optional list of control parameters for simulation process. Currently the pro- cedure supports: ignoreWy (TRUE/FALSE) - the spatial contiguity matrix for a dependent vari- able is not provided to spfrontier estimator (but used in DGP) ignoreWv (TRUE/FALSE) - the spatial contiguity matrix for a symmetric error term is not provided to spfrontier estimator (but used in DGP) ignoreWu (TRUE/FALSE) - the spatial contiguity matrix for a inefficiency error term is not provided to spfrontier estimator (but used in DGP) parallel (TRUE/FALSE) - whether to use parallel computer seed - a state for random number generation in R. If NULL (default), the initial state is random. See set.seed for details. auto_save - saves intermediate results to files. See ezsim for details.

Details

The spfrontier.true.value function should notbe used directly, it is exported for supporting ezsim

The ezsimspfrontier function executes multiple calls of the spfrontier estimator on a simulated data set, generated on the base of provided parameters. The resulting estimates can be analysed for biasedness, efficiency, etc.

See Also

ezsim

Examples

spfrontier.true.value

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