

Package ‘smartsizer’

November 22, 2019

Type Package

Title Power Analysis for a SMART Design

Version 1.0.2

Description A set of tools for determining the necessary sample size in order to identify the optimal dynamic treatment regime in a sequential, multiple assignment, randomized trial (SMART). Utilizes multiple comparisons with the best methodology to adjust for multiple comparisons. Designed for an arbitrary SMART design. Please see Artman (2018) <10.1093/biostatistics/kxy064> for more details. The basic functionality of this R package has been implemented in a Shiny app <<https://wilart.shinyapps.io/smartsizer-power-sample-size/>>.

Depends R (>= 3.4.0)

Imports MASS (>= 7.3-47)

License GPL-3

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RoxygenNote 6.0.1

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, testthat

VignetteBuilder knitr

NeedsCompilation no

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Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2019-11-22 11:10:02 UTC

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computePower	<i>Compute the Power in a SMART</i>
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Description

Computes the power in an arbitrary SMART design with the goal of identifying optimal embedded dynamic treatment regime (EDTR). The power is the probability of excluding from the set of best EDTRs all EDTRs which are inferior to the best EDTR by `min_Delta` or more.

Usage

```
computePower(V, Delta, min_Delta, alpha = 0.05, sample_size)
```

Arguments

<code>V</code>	The covariance matrix of mean EDTR estimators.
<code>Delta</code>	The vector of effect sizes with a zero indicating the best EDTR.
<code>min_Delta</code>	The minimum desired detectable effect size.
<code>alpha</code>	The Type I error rate for not including the true best EDTR.
<code>sample_size</code>	The sample size.

Details

The true best EDTR is included in the set of best with probability at least $1-\alpha$. Multiple comparisons are adjusted for using the Multiple Comparison with the Best methodology.

Value

The power to exclude from the set of best EDTR all EDTR which are inferior to the best EDTR by `min_Delta` or more.

See Also

[computeSampleSize](#)

Examples

```
V <- rbind(c(1, 0.3, 0.3, 0.3),
           c(0.3, 1, 0.3, 0.3),
           c(0.3, 0.3, 1, 0.3),
           c(0.3, 0.3, 0.3, 1))

#Compute power to exclude EDTRs inferior to the best by 0.3 or more
#The first DTR is best and the other three are inferior by 0.2, 0.6, and 0.3
#The best DTR is included with probability greater than or equal to 95%.
computePower(V,
             Delta = c(0, 0.2, 0.6, 0.3),
             min_Delta = 0.3,
             sample_size = 200)
```

```
computePowerBySampleSize
```

Compute the Power Over a Grid of Sample Size Values

Description

Computes the power over a grid of sample size values.

Usage

```
computePowerBySampleSize(V, Delta, min_Delta, alpha = 0.05, sample_size_grid)
```

Arguments

V	The covariance matrix of mean EDTR estimators.
Delta	The vector of effect sizes with a zero indicating the best EDTR.
min_Delta	The minimum desired detectable effect size.
alpha	The Type I error rate for not including the true best EDTR.
sample_size_grid	The vector of sample sizes

Details

It employs common random variables to reduce the variance. See [computePower](#) for more details.

Value

A vector of power for each sample size in the given grid.

See Also[computePower](#)**Examples**

```
V <- rbind(c(1, 0.3, 0.3, 0.3),
          c(0.3, 1, 0.3, 0.3),
          c(0.3, 0.3, 1, 0.3),
          c(0.3, 0.3, 0.3, 1))
computePowerBySampleSize(V,
                        Delta = c(0, 0.2, 0.6, 0.3),
                        min_Delta = 0.3,
                        sample_size_grid = seq(50,300, 50))
```

computeSampleSize	<i>Compute the Sample Size for a SMART.</i>
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Description

Computes the necessary sample size to enroll in an arbitrary SMART design for a specified power with the goal of determining optimal embedded dynamic treatment regime (EDTR). The power is the probability of excluding from the set of best EDTRs all EDTRs inferior to the best by min_Delta or more.

Usage

```
computeSampleSize(V, Delta, min_Delta, alpha = 0.05, desired_power)
```

Arguments

V	The covariance matrix of mean EDTR estimators.
Delta	The vector of effect sizes with the first zero indicating the best EDTR.
min_Delta	The minimum desired detectable effect size.
alpha	The Type I error rate for not including the true best EDTR.
desired_power	The desired power.

Details

The true best EDTR is included in the set of best with probability at least 1-alpha. Multiple comparisons are adjusted for using the Multiple Comparison with the Best methodology.

Value

The minimum sample size in order to achieve a power of desired_power to exclude EDTRs from the set of best which are inferior to the optimal EDTR by min_Delta or more.

See Also[computePower](#)**Examples**

```
V <- rbind(c(1, 0.3, 0.3, 0.3),
          c(0.3, 1, 0.3, 0.3),
          c(0.3, 0.3, 1, 0.3),
          c(0.3, 0.3, 0.3, 1))

#Compute sample size to achieve power of 80% to exclude EDTRs inferior
#to the best by 0.3 or more. The first DTR is best and the other
#three are inferior by 0.2, 0.6, and 0.3
#The best EDTR is included with probability greater than or equal to 95%.
computeSampleSize(V,
                  Delta = c(0, 0.2, 0.6, 0.3),
                  min_Delta = 0.3,
                  alpha = 0.05,
                  desired_power = 0.8)
```

plotPowerByN

Plot Power by Sample Size

Description

Plots the power over a grid of sample sizes.

Usage

```
plotPowerByN(V, Delta, min_Delta, alpha = 0.05, sample_size_grid,
             color = "black")
```

Arguments

V	The covariance matrix of mean EDTR estimators.
Delta	The vector of effect sizes with a zero indicating the best EDTR.
min_Delta	The minimum desired detectable effect size.
alpha	The Type I error rate for not including the true best EDTR.
sample_size_grid	A vector of sample sizes.
color	The color of the graph.

Details

It employs common random variables to reduce the variance. See [computePower](#) for more details.

`smartsizer`*smartsizer: A package for Sizing SMART Designs*

Description

The smartsizer package is designed to assist investigators with sizing sequential, multiple assignment, randomized trial (SMART) for determination of the optimal dynamic treatment regime (DTR). smartsizer includes functions which permit calculation of the minimum number of individuals to enroll in a SMART in order to be able to detect a specified effect size between the best and inferior embedded DTR, with a specified power. smartsizer is designed for an arbitrary SMART design.

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