

Package ‘sigr’

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Type Package

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BugReports <https://github.com/WinVector/sigr/issues>

Description Succinctly and correctly format statistical summaries of various models and tests (F-test, Chi-Sq-test, Fisher-test, T-test, and rank-significance). The main purpose is unified reporting of experimental results, working around issue such as the difficulty of extracting model summary facts (such as with ‘lm’/‘glm’). This package also includes empirical tests, such as bootstrap estimates.

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LazyData TRUE

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Depends R (>= 3.2.1)

Imports wraph (>= 1.8.8), stats

Suggests pwr, parallel, knitr, rmarkdown, RUnit

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as.character.sigr_statistic
as.character

Description

as.character

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sigr_statistic'  
as.character(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	sigr wrapper to print
...	extra arguments for sigr::render

Value

formatted string

Examples

```
as.character(wrapSignificance(1/300))
```

Bernoulli_diff_stat

Compute the distribution of differences of replacement samples of two Binomial or Bernoulli experiments.

Description

Assuming $\max(nA, nB) \% \min(nA, nB) == 0$: compute the distribution of differences of weighted sums between $\max(1, nB/nA) * \text{sum}(a)$ and $\max(1, nA/nB) * \text{sum}(b)$ where a is a 0/1 vector of length nA with each item 1 with independent probability $(kA+kB) / (nA+nB)$, and b is a 0/1 vector of length nB with each item 1 with independent probability $(kA+kB) / (nA+nB)$. Then return the significance of a direct two-sided test that the absolute value of this difference is at least as large as the `test_rate_difference` (if supplied) or the empirically observed rate difference $\text{abs}(nB*kA - nA*kB) / (nA*nB)$. The idea is: under this scaling differences in success rates between the two processes are easily observed as differences in counts returned by the scaled processes. The method can be used to get the exact probability of a given difference under the null hypothesis that both the A and B processes have the same success rate $(kA+kB) / (nA+nB)$. When nA and nB don't divide evenly into each other two calculations are run with the larger process is alternately padded and truncated to look like a larger or smaller experiment that meets the above conditions. This gives us a good range of significances.

Usage

```
Bernoulli_diff_stat(kA, nA, kB, nB, test_rate_difference, common_rate)
```

Arguments

<code>kA</code>	number of A successes observed.
<code>nA</code>	number of A experiments.
<code>kB</code>	number of B successes observed.
<code>nB</code>	number of B experiments.
<code>test_rate_difference</code>	numeric, difference in rate of A-B to test. Note: it is best to specify this prior to looking at the data.
<code>common_rate</code>	rate numeric, assumed null-rate.

Details

Note the intent is that we are measuring the results of an A/B test with $\max(nA, nB) \approx \min(nA, nB) == 0$ (no padding needed), or $\max(nA, nB) > \min(nA, nB)$ (padding is small effect).

The idea of converting a rate problem into a counting problem follows from reading Wald's *Sequential Analysis*.

For very small p-values the calculation is sensitive to rounding in the observed ratio-difference, as an arbitrarily small change in test-rate can move an entire set of observed differences in or out of the significance calculation.

Value

Bernoulli difference test statistic.

Examples

```
Bernoulli_diff_stat(2000, 5000, 100, 200)
Bernoulli_diff_stat(2000, 5000, 100, 200, 0.1)
Bernoulli_diff_stat(2000, 5000, 100, 199)
Bernoulli_diff_stat(2000, 5000, 100, 199, 0.1)
Bernoulli_diff_stat(100, 200, 2000, 5000)

# sigr adjusts experiment sizes when lengths
# don't divide into each other.
Bernoulli_diff_stat(100, 199, 2000, 5000)
Bernoulli_diff_stat(100, 199, 2000, 5000)$pValue
```

calcAUC

calculate AUC.

Description

Based on: <http://blog.revolutionanalytics.com/2016/08/roc-curves-in-two-lines-of-code.html>

Usage

```
calcAUC(modelPredictions, yValues, ..., na.rm = FALSE, yTarget = TRUE)
```

Arguments

modelPredictions	numeric predictions (not empty)
yValues	truth values (not empty, same length as model predictions)
...	force later arguments to bind by name.
na.rm	logical, if TRUE remove NA values.
yTarget	value considered to be positive.

Value

area under curve

Examples

```
sigr::calcAUC(1:4, c(TRUE, FALSE, TRUE, TRUE)) # should be 2/3
```

calcDeviance

Calculate deviance.

Description

Calculate deviance.

Usage

```
calcDeviance(pred, y, na.rm = FALSE, eps = 1e-06)
```

Arguments

<code>pred</code>	numeric predictions
<code>y</code>	logical truth
<code>na.rm</code>	logical, if TRUE remove NA values
<code>eps</code>	numeric, smoothing term

Value

deviance

Examples

```
sigr::calcDeviance(1:4, c(TRUE, FALSE, TRUE, TRUE))
```

`calcSSE`

Calculate sum of squared error.

Description

Calculate sum of squared error.

Usage

```
calcSSE(pred, y, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>pred</code>	numeric predictions
<code>y</code>	numeric truth
<code>na.rm</code>	logical, if TRUE remove NA values

Value

sum of squared error

Examples

```
sigr::calcSSE(1:4, c(1, 0, 1, 1))
```

`estimateDifferenceZeroCrossing`

Studentized estimate of how often a difference is below zero.

Description

Studentized estimate of how often a difference is below zero.

Usage

```
estimateDifferenceZeroCrossing(resampledDiffs, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>resampledDiffs</code>	numeric vector resampled observations
<code>na.rm</code>	logical, if TRUE remove NA values

Value

estimated probability of seeing a re-sampled difference below zero.

Examples

```
set.seed(2352)
resampledDiffs <- rnorm(10)+1
estimateDifferenceZeroCrossing(resampledDiffs)
```

format.sig_r_statistic
Format

Description

Format

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sigr_statistic'
format(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	sig _r wrapper to print
...	extra arguments for sig _r ::render

Value

formatted string

Examples

```
format(wrapSignificance(1/300))
```

getRenderingFormat *Detect rendering format (using knitr).*

Description

Detect rendering format (using knitr).

Usage

```
getRenderingFormat()
```

Value

rendering format

Examples

```
getRenderingFormat()
```

permTestAUC *Perform AUC permutation test.*

Description

Estimate significance of AUC by permutation test.

Usage

```
permTestAUC(d, modelName, yName, yTarget = TRUE, ..., na.rm = FALSE,  
          returnScores = FALSE, nrep = 100, parallelCluster = NULL)
```

Arguments

d	data.frame
modelName	character model column name
yName	character outcome column name
yTarget	target to match to y
...	extra arguments (not used)
na.rm	logical, if TRUE remove NA values
returnScores	logical if TRUE return detailed permutedScores
nrep	number of permutation repetitions to estimate p values.
parallelCluster	(optional) a cluster object created by package parallel or package snow

Value

AUC statistic

Examples

```
set.seed(25325)
d <- data.frame(x1=c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7),
                 y=c(FALSE,TRUE,FALSE,FALSE,
                      TRUE,TRUE,FALSE,TRUE))
permTestAUC(d, 'x1', 'y', TRUE)
```

permutationScoreModel

Empirical permutation test of significance of scoreFn(modelValues,yValues) >= scoreFn(modelValues,perm(yValues)).

Description

Treat permutation re-samples as similar to bootstrap replications.

Usage

```
permutationScoreModel(modelValues, yValues, scoreFn, ..., na.rm = FALSE,
                      returnScores = FALSE, nRep = 100, parallelCluster = NULL)
```

Arguments

modelValues	numeric array of predictions.
yValues	numeric/logical array of outcomes, dependent, or truth values
scoreFn	function with signature scoreFn(modelValues,yValues) returning scalar numeric score.
...	not used, forces later arguments to be bound by name
na.rm	logical, if TRUE remove NA values
returnScores	logical if TRUE return detailed permutedScores
nRep	integer number of repetitions to perform
parallelCluster	optional snow-style parallel cluster.

Value

summaries

Examples

```
set.seed(25325)
y <- 1:5
m <- c(1,1,2,2,2)
cor.test(m,y,alternative='greater')
f <- function(modelValues,yValues) cor(modelValues,yValues)
permutationScoreModel(m,y,f)
```

```
print.sigr_statistic
    Print
```

Description

Print

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sigr_statistic'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	sigr wrapper to print
...	extra arguments for sigr::render and print

Value

formatted string

Examples

```
print(wrapSignificance(1/300))
```

<code>render</code>	<i>Format summary roughly in "APA Style" (American Psychological Association).</i>
---------------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Description

Format summary roughly in "APA Style" (American Psychological Association).

Usage

```
render(statistic, ..., format, statDigits = 4, sigDigits = 4,
       pLargeCutoff = 0.05, pSmallCutoff = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

<code>statistic</code>	sigr summary statistic
<code>...</code>	extra arguments
<code>format</code>	if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii")
<code>statDigits</code>	integer number of digits to show in summaries.
<code>sigDigits</code>	integer number of digits to show in significances.
<code>pLargeCutoff</code>	value to declare non-significance at or above.
<code>pSmallCutoff</code>	smallest value to print

Value

formatted string

See Also

`render.sigr_significance`, `render.sigr_ftest`

<code>render.sigr_aucpairtest</code>

Format an AUC-test (quality of a probability score)

Description

Format an AUC-test (quality of a probability score)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sigr_aucpairtest'
render(statistic, ..., format, statDigits = 4,
       sigDigits = 4, pLargeCutoff = 0.05, pSmallCutoff = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

statistic	wrapped AUC test
...	not used, force use of named binding for later arguments
format	if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii")
statDigits	integer number of digits to show in summaries.
sigDigits	integer number of digits to show in significances.
pLargeCutoff	value to declare non-significance at or above.
pSmallCutoff	smallest value to print

Value

formatted string

`render.sigr_aucpermtest`

Format an AUC-test (quality of a probability score)

Description

Format an AUC-test (quality of a probability score)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sigr_aucpermtest'
render(statistic, ..., format, statDigits = 4,
       sigDigits = 4, pLargeCutoff = 0.05, pSmallCutoff = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

statistic	wrapped AUC test
...	not used, force use of named binding for later arguments
format	if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii")
statDigits	integer number of digits to show in summaries.
sigDigits	integer number of digits to show in significances.
pLargeCutoff	value to declare non-significance at or above.
pSmallCutoff	smallest value to print

Value

formatted string

render.sigr_aucresamp test

Format an AUC-test (quality of a probability score)

Description

Format an AUC-test (quality of a probability score)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sigr_aucresamp test'
render(statistic, ..., format,
       statDigits = 4, sigDigits = 4, pLargeCutoff = 0.05,
       pSmallCutoff = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

statistic	wrapped AUC test
...	not used, force use of named binding for later arguments
format	if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii")
statDigits	integer number of digits to show in summaries.
sigDigits	integer number of digits to show in significances.
pLargeCutoff	value to declare non-significance at or above.
pSmallCutoff	smallest value to print

Value

formatted string

render.sigr_Bernoulli_diff_test

Format sigr_Bernoulli_diff_test (test of difference of Bernoulli processes).

Description

Format sigr_Bernoulli_diff_test (test of difference of Bernoulli processes).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sigr_Bernoulli_diff_test'
render(statistic, ..., format,
       statDigits = 4, sigDigits = 4, pLargeCutoff = 0.05,
       pSmallCutoff = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

statistic	wrapped cor.test.
...	extra arguments (not used)
format	if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii", "docx", ...)
statDigits	integer number of digits to show in summaries.
sigDigits	integer number of digits to show in significances.
pLargeCutoff	value to declare non-significance at or above.
pSmallCutoff	smallest value to print

Value

formatted string

Examples

```
Bernoulli_diff_stat(2000, 5000, 100, 200)
Bernoulli_diff_stat(2000, 5000, 100, 200, 0.1)
Bernoulli_diff_stat(2000, 5000, 100, 199)
Bernoulli_diff_stat(2000, 5000, 100, 199, 0.1)
```

`render.sigr_binomtest`

Format binom.test (test of rate of a Binomial/Bernoulli experiment).

Description

Format binom.test (test of rate of a Binomial/Bernoulli experiment).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sigr_binomtest'
render(statistic, ..., format, statDigits = 4,
       sigDigits = 4, pLargeCutoff = 0.05, pSmallCutoff = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

statistic	wrapped binom.test.
...	extra arguments (not used)
format	if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii", "docx", ...)
statDigits	integer number of digits to show in summaries.
sigDigits	integer number of digits to show in significances.
pLargeCutoff	value to declare non-significance at or above.
pSmallCutoff	smallest value to print

Value

formatted string

Examples

```
bt <- binom.test(7, 10, 0.5)
wrapBinomTest(bt)
```

`render.sigr_chisqtest`

Format a chi-square test (quality of categorical prediction)

Description

Format a chi-square test (quality of categorical prediction)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sigr_chisqtest'
render(statistic, ..., format, statDigits = 4,
       sigDigits = 4, pLargeCutoff = 0.05, pSmallCutoff = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

<code>statistic</code>	wrapped T-test
<code>...</code>	not used, force use of named binding for later arguments
<code>format</code>	if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii")
<code>statDigits</code>	integer number of digits to show in summaries.
<code>sigDigits</code>	integer number of digits to show in significances.
<code>pLargeCutoff</code>	value to declare non-significance at or above.
<code>pSmallCutoff</code>	smallest value to print

Value

formatted string

render.sig_r_cohend *Format Cohen-D (effect size between groups)*

Description

Format Cohen-D (effect size between groups)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sig_r_cohend'
render(statistic, ..., format, statDigits = 4,
       sigDigits = 4, pLargeCutoff = 1, pSmallCutoff = 0)
```

Arguments

statistic	CohenD-approximation
...	not used, force use of named binding for later arguments
format	if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii")
statDigits	integer number of digits to show in summaries.
sigDigits	integer number of digits to show in significances.
pLargeCutoff	value to declare non-significance at or above.
pSmallCutoff	smallest value to print

Value

formatted string

render.sig_r_cortest
Format cor.test (test of liner correlation).

Description

Format cor.test (test of liner correlation).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sig_r_cortest'
render(statistic, ..., format, statDigits = 4,
       sigDigits = 4, pLargeCutoff = 0.05, pSmallCutoff = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

statistic	wrapped cor.test.
...	extra arguments (not used)
format	if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii", "docx", ...)
statDigits	integer number of digits to show in summaries.
sigDigits	integer number of digits to show in significances.
pLargeCutoff	value to declare non-significance at or above.
pSmallCutoff	smallest value to print

Value

formatted string

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x=c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7),
                  y=c(1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4))
ct <- cor.test(d$x,d$y)
wrapCorTest(ct)
```

render.sigr_emptest

Format an empirical test (quality of categorical prediction)

Description

Format an empirical test (quality of categorical prediction)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sigr_emptest'
render(statistic, ..., format, statDigits = 4,
       sigDigits = 4, pLargeCutoff = 0.05, pSmallCutoff = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

statistic	wrapped T-test
...	not used, force use of named binding for later arguments
format	if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii")
statDigits	integer number of digits to show in summaries.
sigDigits	integer number of digits to show in significances.
pLargeCutoff	value to declare non-significance at or above.
pSmallCutoff	smallest value to print

Value

formatted string

`render.sigr_fishertest`

Format fisher.test (test of categorical independence).

Description

Format fisher.test (test of categorical independence).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sigr_fishertest'
render(statistic, ..., format, statDigits = 4,
       sigDigits = 4, pLargeCutoff = 0.05, pSmallCutoff = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

<code>statistic</code>	wrapped Fisher test
<code>...</code>	extra arguments (not used)
<code>format</code>	if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii", "docx", ...)
<code>statDigits</code>	integer number of digits to show in summaries.
<code>sigDigits</code>	integer number of digits to show in significances.
<code>pLargeCutoff</code>	value to declare non-significance at or above.
<code>pSmallCutoff</code>	smallest value to print

Value

formatted string and fields

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x=c('b','a','a','a','b','b','b'),
                 y=c('1','1','1','2','2','2','2'))
ft <- fisher.test(table(d))
wrapFisherTest(ft)
```

`render.sigr_ftest` *Format an F-test*

Description

Format an F-test

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sigr_ftest'
render(statistic, ..., format, statDigits = 4,
       sigDigits = 4, pLargeCutoff = 0.05, pSmallCutoff = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

<code>statistic</code>	wrapped test
<code>...</code>	not used, force use of named binding for later arguments
<code>format</code>	if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii")
<code>statDigits</code>	integer number of digits to show in summaries.
<code>sigDigits</code>	integer number of digits to show in significances.
<code>pLargeCutoff</code>	value to declare non-significance at or above.
<code>pSmallCutoff</code>	smallest value to print

Value

formatted string

`render.sigr_permtest`

Format an empirical test (quality of categorical prediction)

Description

Format an empirical test (quality of categorical prediction)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sigr_permtest'
render(statistic, ..., format, statDigits = 4,
       sigDigits = 4, pLargeCutoff = 0.05, pSmallCutoff = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

statistic	wrapped T-test
...	not used, force use of named binding for later arguments
format	if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii")
statDigits	integer number of digits to show in summary.
sigDigits	integer number of digits to show in significances.
pLargeCutoff	value to declare non-significance at or above.
pSmallCutoff	smallest value to print

Value

formatted string

render.sig_r_pwr_htest	<i>Format a pwr-test</i>
------------------------	--------------------------

Description

Format a pwr-test

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sig_r_pwr_htest'
render(statistic, ..., format, statDigits = 4,
       sigDigits = 4, pLargeCutoff = 1, pSmallCutoff = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

statistic	wrapped test from pwr package
...	not used, force use of named binding for later arguments
format	if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii")
statDigits	integer number of digits to show in summaries.
sigDigits	integer number of digits to show in significances.
pLargeCutoff	value to declare non-significance at or above.
pSmallCutoff	smallest value to print

Value

formatted string

`render.sigr_significance`
Format a significance

Description

Format a significance

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sigr_significance'
render(statistic, ..., format,
       statDigits = 4, sigDigits = 4, pLargeCutoff = 0.05,
       pSmallCutoff = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

<code>statistic</code>	wrapped significance
<code>...</code>	not used, force use of named binding for later arguments
<code>format</code>	if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii")
<code>statDigits</code>	integer number of digits to show in summaries (not used in significance reports).
<code>sigDigits</code>	integer number of digits to show in significances.
<code>pLargeCutoff</code>	value to declare non-significance at or above.
<code>pSmallCutoff</code>	smallest value to print

Value

formatted string

Examples

```
cat(render(wrapSignificance(1/300), format='html'))
```

```
render.sigr_tinterval
  Format a Student-T tolerance-style interval around an estimate of a
  mean.
```

Description

Report sample size (n), sample mean, bias-corrected standard deviation estimate (assuming normality, using a chi-square distribution correction from https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Unbiased_estimation_of_standard_deviation#Bias_correction), and a Student t-test tolerance-style confidence interval.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sigr_tinterval'
render(statistic, ..., format, statDigits = 4,
       sigDigits = 4, pLargeCutoff = 0.05, pSmallCutoff = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

statistic wrapped TInterval.
... extra arguments (not used)
format if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii", "docx", ...)
statDigits integer number of digits to show in summaries.
sigDigits integer number of digits to show in significances.
pLargeCutoff value to declare non-significance at or above.
pSmallCutoff smallest value to print

Value

formatted string

Examples

```
set.seed(2018)
d <- rnorm(100) + 3.2
TInterval(d)
```

`render.sigr_ttest` *Format a T-test (difference in means by group)*

Description

Format a T-test (difference in means by group)

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'sigr_ttest'
render(statistic, ..., format, statDigits = 4,
       sigDigits = 4, pLargeCutoff = 0.05, pSmallCutoff = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

<code>statistic</code>	wrapped T-test
<code>...</code>	not used, force use of named binding for later arguments
<code>format</code>	if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii")
<code>statDigits</code>	integer number of digits to show in summaries.
<code>sigDigits</code>	integer number of digits to show in significances.
<code>pLargeCutoff</code>	value to declare non-significance at or above.
<code>pSmallCutoff</code>	smallest value to print

Value

formatted string

`resampleScoreModel` *Studentized bootstrap variance estimate for scoreFn(yValues,modelValues).*

Description

Studentized bootstrap variance estimate for `scoreFn(yValues,modelValues)`.

Usage

```
resampleScoreModel(modelValues, yValues, scoreFn, ..., na.rm = FALSE,
                   returnScores = FALSE, nRep = 100, parallelCluster = NULL)
```

Arguments

modelValues numeric array of predictions (model to test).
 yValues numeric/logical array of outcomes, dependent, or truth values
 scoreFn function with signature scoreFn(modelValues,yValues) returning scalar numeric score.
 ... not used, forces later arguments to be bound by name
 na.rm logical, if TRUE remove NA values
 returnScores logical if TRUE return detailed resampledScores
 nRep integer number of repetitions to perform
 parallelCluster optional snow-style parallel cluster.

Value

summaries

Examples

```

set.seed(25325)
y <- 1:5
m1 <- c(1,1,2,2,2)
cor.test(m1,y,alternative='greater')
f <- function(modelValues,yValues) {
  if((sd(modelValues)<=0) || (sd(yValues)<=0)) {
    return(0)
  }
  cor(modelValues,yValues)
}
s <- sigr:::resampleScoreModel(m1,y,f)
print(s)
z <- (s$observedScore-0)/s$sd # should check size of z relative to bias!
pValue <- pt(z,df=length(y)-2,lower.tail=FALSE)
pValue

```

resampleScoreModelPair

*Studentized bootstrap test of strength of
scoreFn(yValues,model1Values) > scoreFn(yValues,model1Values).*

Description

Studentized bootstrap test of strength of $\text{scoreFn}(y\text{Values},\text{model1Values}) > \text{scoreFn}(y\text{Values},\text{model1Values})$ sampled with replacement.

Usage

```
resampleScoreModelPair(model1Values, model2Values, yValues, scoreFn, ...,
  na.rm = FALSE, returnScores = FALSE, nRep = 100,
  parallelCluster = NULL, sameSample = FALSE)
```

Arguments

model1Values	numeric array of predictions (model to test).
model2Values	numeric array of predictions (reference model).
yValues	numeric/logical array of outcomes, dependent, or truth values
scoreFn	function with signature scoreFn(modelValues,yValues) returning scalar numeric score.
...	not used, forces later arguments to be bound by name.
na.rm	logical, if TRUE remove NA values
returnScores	logical if TRUE return detailed resampledScores.
nRep	integer number of repetitions to perform.
parallelCluster	optional snow-style parallel cluster.
sameSample	logical if TRUE use the same sample in computing both scores during bootstrap replication (else use independent samples).

Details

True confidence intervals are harder to get right (see "An Introduction to the Bootstrap", Bradely Efron, and Robert J. Tibshirani, Chapman & Hall/CRC, 1993.), but we will settle for simple p-value estimates.

Value

summaries

Examples

```
set.seed(25325)
y <- 1:5
m1 <- c(1,1,2,2,2)
m2 <- c(1,1,1,1,2)
cor(m1,y)
cor(m2,y)
f <- function(modelValues,yValues) {
  if((sd(modelValues)<=0) || (sd(yValues)<=0)) {
    return(0)
  }
  cor(modelValues,yValues)
}
resampleScoreModelPair(m1,m2,y,f)
```

resampleTestAUC *Wrap AUC resampling test results.*

Description

Estimate significance of AUC by resampling test.

Usage

```
resampleTestAUC(d, modelName, yName, yTarget = TRUE, ...,
  na.rm = FALSE, returnScores = FALSE, nrep = 100,
  parallelCluster = NULL)
```

Arguments

d	data.frame
modelName	character model column name
yName	character outcome column name
yTarget	target to match to y
...	extra arguments (not used)
na.rm	logical, if TRUE remove NA values
returnScores	logical if TRUE return detailed resampledScores.
nrep	number of permutation repetitions to estimate p values.
parallelCluster	(optional) a cluster object created by package parallel or package snow.

Value

AUC statistic

Examples

```
set.seed(25325)
d <- data.frame(x1=c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7),
                 y=c(FALSE,TRUE,FALSE,FALSE,
                      TRUE,TRUE,FALSE,TRUE))
resampleTestAUC(d,'x1','y',TRUE)
```

<code>run_sigr_tests</code>	<i>Run sigr package tests.</i>
-----------------------------	--------------------------------

Description

For all files with names of the form "`^test_.+\.R$`" in the package directory `unit_tests` run all functions with names of the form "`^test_.+$`" as RUnit tests. Attaches RUnit and `pkg`, requires RUnit. Stops on error.

Usage

```
run_sigr_tests(..., verbose = TRUE, package_test_dirs = "unit_tests",
  test_dirs = character(0), stop_on_issue = TRUE,
  stop_if_no_tests = TRUE, require_RUnit_attached = FALSE,
  require_pkg_attached = TRUE, rngKind = "Mersenne-Twister",
  rngNormalKind = "Inversion")
```

Arguments

...	not used, force later arguments to bind by name.
verbose	logical, if TRUE print more.
package_test_dirs	directory names to look for in the installed package.
test_dirs	paths to look for tests in.
stop_on_issue	logical, if TRUE stop after errors or failures.
stop_if_no_tests	logical, if TRUE stop if no tests were found.
require_RUnit_attached	logical, if TRUE require RUnit be attached before testing.
require_pkg_attached	logical, if TRUE require <code>pkg</code> be attached before testing.
rngKind	pseudo-random number generator method name.
rngNormalKind	pseudo-random normal generator method name.

Details

Based on <https://github.com/RcppCore/Rcpp/blob/master/tests/doRUnit.R>. This version is GPL-3, works derived from it must be distributed GPL-3.

Value

RUnit test results (invisible).

`sigr`*sigr: Format Significance Summaries for Reports*

Description

Succinctly format significance summaries of various models and tests (F-test, Chi-Sq-test, Fisher-test, T-test, and rank-significance). The main purpose is unified reporting and planning of experimental results, working around issue such as the difficulty of extracting model summary facts (such as with `'lm'/'glm'`). This package also includes empirical tests, such as bootstrap estimates.

Details

To learn more about `sigr`, please start with the vignette: `vignette('sigrFormatting', 'sigr')`

`testAUCpair`*Test AUC pair results.*

Description

Estimate significance of difference in two AUCs by resampling.

Usage

```
testAUCpair(d, model1Name, model2Name, yName, yTarget = TRUE, ...,
            na.rm = FALSE, returnScores = FALSE, nrep = 100,
            parallelCluster = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>d</code>	<code>data.frame</code>
<code>model1Name</code>	character model 1 column name
<code>model2Name</code>	character model 2 column name
<code>yName</code>	character outcome column name
<code>yTarget</code>	target to match to <code>y</code>
<code>...</code>	extra arguments (not used)
<code>na.rm</code>	logical, if TRUE remove NA values
<code>returnScores</code>	logical if TRUE return detailed <code>resampledScores</code>
<code>nrep</code>	number of re-sample repetition to estimate p value.
<code>parallelCluster</code>	(optional) a cluster object created by package <code>parallel</code> or package <code>snow</code>

Value

AUC pair test

Examples

```
set.seed(25325)
d <- data.frame(x1=c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7),
                 x2=1,
                 y=c(FALSE,TRUE,FALSE,FALSE,
                      TRUE,TRUE,FALSE,TRUE))
testAUCpair(d,'x1','x2','y',TRUE)
```

TInterval

Wrap TInterval (test of Binomial/Bernoulli rate).

Description

Wrap TInterval (test of Binomial/Bernoulli rate).

Usage

```
TInterval(x, ...)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|-----|------------------------------|
| x | numeric, data.frame or test. |
| ... | extra arguments |

See Also

`TIntervals`, `TInterval.numeric`, `TInterval.data.frame`

TInterval.data.frame

Student-T tolerance-style interval around an estimate of a mean from a data.frame.

Description

Student-T tolerance-style interval around an estimate of a mean from a data.frame.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
TInterval(x, ColumnName, ..., conf.level = 0.95,
          na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	data.frame
ColumnName	character name of measurement column
...	extra arguments passed to TInterval
conf.level	confidence level to draw interval
na.rm	logical, if TRUE remove NA values

Value

wrapped stat

See Also

TInterval, TIntervals, TInterval.numeric, TInterval.data.frame

Examples

```
set.seed(2018)
d <- data.frame(x = rnorm(100) + 3.2)
TInterval(d, "x")
```

TInterval.numeric *Student-T tolerance-style interval around an estimate of a mean from observations.*

Description

Student-T tolerance-style interval around an estimate of a mean from observations.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'numeric'
TInterval(x, ..., conf.level = 0.95, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	logical, vector of observations.
...	extra arguments passed to TInterval
conf.level	confidence level to draw interval
na.rm	logical, if TRUE remove NA values

Value

wrapped stat

See Also

`TInterval`, `TIntervals`, `TInterval.numeric`, `TInterval.data.frame`

Examples

```
set.seed(2018)
d <- rnorm(100) + 3.2
TInterval(d)
```

`TIntervals`

Student-T tolerance-style interval around an estimate of a mean from summary.

Description

Student-T tolerance-style interval around an estimate of a mean from summary.

Usage

```
TIntervals(sample_size, sample_mean, sample_var, ..., nNA = 0,
conf.level = 0.95)
```

Arguments

<code>sample_size</code>	numeric scalar integer, size of sample.
<code>sample_mean</code>	numeric scalar, mean of sample.
<code>sample_var</code>	numeric scalar, variance of sample (Bessel-corrected).
<code>...</code>	extra arguments passed to <code>TInterval</code> .
<code>nNA</code>	number of NAs seen.
<code>conf.level</code>	confidence level to draw interval

Value

wrapped stat

See Also

`TInterval`, `TIntervals`, `TInterval.numeric`, `TInterval.data.frame`

Examples

```
set.seed(2018)
d <- rnorm(100) + 3.2
TIntervals(length(d), mean(d), stats::var(d))
```

`wrapBinomTest` *Wrap binom.test (test of Binomial/Bernoulli rate).*

Description

Wrap binom.test (test of Binomial/Bernoulli rate).

Usage

```
wrapBinomTest(x, ...)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|------------------|------------------------------|
| <code>x</code> | numeric, data.frame or test. |
| <code>...</code> | extra arguments |

See Also

`wrapBinomTest.htest`, `wrapBinomTestS`, `wrapBinomTest.logical`, `wrapBinomTest.numeric`,
`wrapBinomTest.data.frame`

`wrapBinomTest.data.frame` *Wrap binom.test (test of Binomial/Bernoulli rate).*

Description

Wrap binom.test (test of Binomial/Bernoulli rate).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
wrapBinomTest(x, ColumnName, SuccessValue = TRUE,
  ..., p = NA, alternative = c("two.sided", "less", "greater"),
  conf.level = 0.95, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------------------------|
| <code>x</code> | data.frame |
| <code>ColumnName</code> | character name of measurement column |
| <code>SuccessValue</code> | value considered a success (positive) |
| <code>...</code> | extra arguments passed to binom.test |
| <code>p</code> | number, hypothesized probability of success. |
| <code>alternative</code> | passed to binom.test |
| <code>conf.level</code> | passed to binom.test |
| <code>na.rm</code> | logical, if TRUE remove NA values |

Value

wrapped stat

See Also

`wrapBinomTest`, `wrapBinomTest.htest`, `wrapBinomTestS`, `wrapBinomTest.logical`,
`wrapBinomTest.numeric`, `wrapBinomTest.data.frame`

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x = c(rep(0, 3), rep(1, 7)))
wrapBinomTest(d, "x", 1, p = 0.5)
d <- data.frame(x = c(rep(0, 15), rep(1, 35)))
wrapBinomTest(d, "x", 1, p = 0.5)
```

wrapBinomTest.htest

Wrap binom.test (test of Binomial/Bernoulli rate).

Description

Wrap `binom.test` (test of Binomial/Bernoulli rate).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'htest'
wrapBinomTest(x, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	binom.test result
<code>...</code>	not used, just for argument compatibility

Value

wrapped stat

See Also

`wrapBinomTest`, `wrapBinomTest.htest`, `wrapBinomTestS`, `wrapBinomTest.logical`,
`wrapBinomTest.numeric`, `wrapBinomTest.data.frame`

Examples

```
bt <- binom.test(7, 10, 0.5)
wrapBinomTest(bt)
```

`wrapBinomTest.logical`

Wrap binom.test (test of Binomial/Bernoulli rate).

Description

Wrap binom.test (test of Binomial/Bernoulli rate).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'logical'
wrapBinomTest(x, ..., p = NA,
               alternative = c("two.sided", "less", "greater"), conf.level = 0.95,
               na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	logical, vector of trials.
<code>...</code>	extra arguments passed to binom.test
<code>p</code>	number, hypothesized probability of success.
<code>alternative</code>	passed to binom.test
<code>conf.level</code>	passed to binom.test
<code>na.rm</code>	logical, if TRUE remove NA values

Value

wrapped stat

See Also

`wrapBinomTest`, `wrapBinomTest.htest`, `wrapBinomTestS`, `wrapBinomTest.logical`,
`wrapBinomTest.numeric`, `wrapBinomTest.data.frame`

Examples

```
x = c(rep(FALSE, 3), rep(TRUE, 7))
wrapBinomTest(x)
x = c(rep(FALSE, 15), rep(TRUE, 35))
wrapBinomTest(x)
```

`wrapBinomTest.numeric`

Wrap binom.test (test of Binomial/Bernoulli rate).

Description

Wrap binom.test (test of Binomial/Bernoulli rate).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'numeric'
wrapBinomTest(x, SuccessValue = TRUE, ..., p = NA,
  alternative = c("two.sided", "less", "greater"), conf.level = 0.95,
  na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	numeric, vector of trials.
<code>SuccessValue</code>	value considered a success (positive)
<code>...</code>	extra arguments passed to binom.test
<code>p</code>	number, hypothesized probability of success.
<code>alternative</code>	passed to binom.test
<code>conf.level</code>	passed to binom.test
<code>na.rm</code>	logical, if TRUE remove NA values

Value

wrapped stat

See Also

`wrapBinomTest`, `wrapBinomTest.htest`, `wrapBinomTestS`, `wrapBinomTest.logical`,
`wrapBinomTest.numeric`, `wrapBinomTest.data.frame`

Examples

```
x = c(rep(0, 3), rep(1, 7))
wrapBinomTest(x, 1)
x = c(rep(0, 15), rep(1, 35))
wrapBinomTest(x, 1)
```

wrapBinomTestS *Wrap binom.test (test of Binomial/Bernoulli rate) from summary.*

Description

Wrap binom.test (test of Binomial/Bernoulli rate) from summary.

Usage

```
wrapBinomTestS(x, n, ..., p = NA, alternative = c("two.sided", "less",
  "greater"), conf.level = 0.95)
```

Arguments

x	numeric scalar, number of successes.
n	numeric scalar, number of trials.
...	extra arguments passed to binom.test
p	number, hypothesized probability of success.
alternative	passed to binom.test
conf.level	passed to binom.test

Value

wrapped stat

See Also

`wrapBinomTest`, `wrapBinomTest.htest`, `wrapBinomTestS`, `wrapBinomTest.logical`,
`wrapBinomTest.numeric`, `wrapBinomTest.data.frame`

Examples

```
wrapBinomTestS(3, 7, p = 0.5)
wrapBinomTestS(300, 700, p = 0.5)
```

`wrapChiSqTest` *Wrap quality of a categorical prediction roughly in "APA Style" (American Psychological Association).*

Description

Wrap quality of a categorical prediction roughly in "APA Style" (American Psychological Association).

Usage

```
wrapChiSqTest(x, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	numeric, data.frame or lm where to get model or data to score.
<code>...</code>	extra arguments

See Also

`wrapChiSqTestImpl`, `wrapChiSqTest.glm`, and `wrapChiSqTest.data.frame`

`wrapChiSqTest.anova`
Format ChiSqTest from anova of logistic model.

Description

Format ChiSqTest from anova of logistic model.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'anova'
wrapChiSqTest(x, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	result from stats::anova(stats::glm(family=binomial))
<code>...</code>	extra arguments (not used)

Value

list of formatted string and fields

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x1= c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7),
                 x2= c(1,0,3,0,5,0,7,0),
                 y= c(TRUE,FALSE,FALSE,FALSE,TRUE,TRUE,TRUE,FALSE))
model <- glm(y~x1+x2, data=d, family=binomial)
summary(model)
render(wrapChiSqTest(model),
       pLargeCutoff=1, format='ascii')
anova <- anova(model)
print(anov)
lapply(sigr::wrapChiSqTest(anov),
      function(ti) {
        sigr::render(ti,
                     pLargeCutoff= 1,
                     pSmallCutoff= 0,
                     statDigits=4,
                     sigDigits=4,
                     format='ascii')
      })
})
```

`wrapChiSqTest.data.frame`
Format ChiSqTest from data.

Description

Format ChiSqTest from data.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
wrapChiSqTest(x, predictionColumnName, yColumnName,
  ..., yTarget = TRUE, nParameters = 1, meany = mean(x[[yColumnName]] ==
  yTarget), na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	data frame containing columns to compare
<code>predictionColumnName</code>	character name of prediction column
<code>yColumnName</code>	character name of column containing dependent variable
<code>...</code>	extra arguments (not used)
<code>yTarget</code>	y value to consider positive
<code>nParameters</code>	number of variables in model
<code>meany</code>	(optional) mean of y
<code>na.rm</code>	logical, if TRUE remove NA values

Value

wrapped test

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x=c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7),
                 y=c(TRUE, FALSE, FALSE, FALSE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, FALSE))
model <- glm(y~x, data=d, family=binomial)
summary(model)
d$pred <- predict(model, type='response', newdata=d)
render(wrapChiSqTest(d, 'pred', 'y'), pLargeCutoff=1)
```

`wrapChiSqTest.glm` *Format ChiSqTest from model.*

Description

Format ChiSqTest from model.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'glm'
wrapChiSqTest(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	glm logistic regression model (<code>glm(family=binomial)</code>)
...	extra arguments (not used)

Value

wrapped test

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x=c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7),
                 y=c(TRUE, FALSE, FALSE, FALSE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, FALSE))
model <- glm(y~x, data=d, family=binomial)
summary(model)
render(wrapChiSqTest(model), pLargeCutoff=1, format='ascii')
```

```
wrapChiSqTest.summary.glm
Format ChiSqTest from model summary.
```

Description

Format ChiSqTest from model summary.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.glm'
wrapChiSqTest(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	summary(glm(family=binomial)) object.
...	extra arguments (not used)

Value

wrapped test

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x=c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7),
y=c(TRUE, FALSE, FALSE, FALSE, TRUE, TRUE, TRUE, FALSE))
model <- glm(y~x, data=d, family=binomial)
sum <- summary(model)
render(wrapChiSqTest(sum), pLargeCutoff=1, format='ascii')
```

```
wrapChiSqTestImpl  Format quality of a logistic regression roughly in "APA Style" ( American Psychological Association ).
```

Description

Format quality of a logistic regression roughly in "APA Style" (American Psychological Association).

Usage

```
wrapChiSqTestImpl(df.null, df.residual, null.deviance, deviance)
```

Arguments

```
df.null      null degrees of freedom.
df.residual  residual degrees of freedom.
null.deviance
             null deviance
deviance     residual deviance
```

Value

wrapped statistic

Examples

```
wrapChiSqTestImpl(df.null=7, df.residual=6,
                  null.deviance=11.09035, deviance=10.83726)
```

`wrapCohenD`

Wrap Cohen's D (effect size between groups).

Description

Wrap Cohen's D (effect size between groups).

Usage

```
wrapCohenD(x, ...)
```

Arguments

```
x           numeric, data.frame or test.
...         extra arguments
```

See Also

`wrapCohenD.data.frame`

```
wrapCohenD.data.frame
```

Wrap Cohen's D (effect size between groups).

Description

Wrap Cohen's D (effect size between groups).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'  
wrapCohenD(x, Column1Name, Column2Name, ...,  
na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	data.frame
Column1Name	character column 1 name
Column2Name	character column 2 name
...	extra arguments (not used)
na.rm	if TRUE remove NAs

Value

formatted string and fields

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x = c(1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4),  
                 y = c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7))  
render(wrapCohenD(d,'x','y'))
```

```
wrapCohenD.numeric Wrap Cohen's D (effect size between groups).
```

Description

Wrap Cohen's D (effect size between groups).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'numeric'  
wrapCohenD(x, treatment, ..., na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	numeric reference or control measurements
treatment	numeric treatment or group-2 measurements
...	extra arguments (not used)
na.rm	if TRUE remove NAs

Value

formatted string and fields

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x = c(1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4),
                  y = c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7))
render(wrapCohenD(d$x, d$y))
```

wrapCorTest *Wrap cor.test (test of liner correlation).*

Description

Wrap cor.test (test of liner correlation).

Usage

```
wrapCorTest(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	numeric, data.frame or test.
...	extra arguments

See Also

`wrapCorTest.htest`, and `wrapCorTest.data.frame`

```
wrapCorTest.data.frame  
Wrap cor.test (test of liner correlation).
```

Description

Wrap cor.test (test of liner correlation).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'  
wrapCorTest(x, Column1Name, Column2Name, ...,  
            alternative = c("two.sided", "less", "greater"),  
            method = c("pearson", "kendall", "spearman"), exact = NULL,  
            conf.level = 0.95, continuity = FALSE, na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	data.frame
Column1Name	character column 1 name
Column2Name	character column 2 name
...	extra arguments passed to cor.test
alternative	passed to cor.test
method	passed to cor.test
exact	passed to cor.test
conf.level	passed to cor.test
continuity	passed to cor.test
na.rm	logical, if TRUE remove NA values

Value

wrapped stat

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x=c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7),  
                  y=c(1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4))  
wrapCorTest(d,'x','y')
```

`wrapCorTest.htest` *Wrap cor.test (test of liner correlation).*

Description

Wrap cor.test (test of liner correlation).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'htest'
wrapCorTest(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	cor.test result
...	extra arguments (not used)

Value

wrapped stat

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x=c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7),
                 y=c(1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4))
ct <- cor.test(d$x,d$y)
wrapCorTest(ct)
```

`wrapFisherTest` *Wrap fisher.test (test of categorical independence).*

Description

Wrap fisher.test (test of categorical independence).

Usage

```
wrapFisherTest(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	numeric, data.frame or test.
...	extra arguments

See Also

`wrapFisherTest.htest`, and `wrapFisherTest.data.frame`

`wrapFisherTest.data.frame`

Wrap fisher.test (test of categorical independence).

Description

Wrap `fisher.test` (test of categorical independence).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
wrapFisherTest(x, Column1Name, Column2Name, ...,
na.rm = FALSE, workspace = 2e+05, hybrid = FALSE,
control = list(), or = 1, alternative = "two.sided",
conf.int = TRUE, conf.level = 0.95, simulate.p.value = FALSE,
B = 2000)
```

Arguments

x	data.frame
Column1Name	character column 1 name
Column2Name	character column 2 name
...	extra arguments (not used)
na.rm	logical, if TRUE remove NA values
workspace	passed to <code>fisher.test</code>
hybrid	passed to <code>fisher.test</code>
control	passed to <code>fisher.test</code>
or	passed to <code>fisher.test</code>
alternative	passed to <code>fisher.test</code>
conf.int	passed to <code>fisher.test</code>
conf.level	passed to <code>fisher.test</code>
simulate.p.value	passed to <code>fisher.test</code>
B	passed to <code>fisher.test</code>

Value

wrapped test.

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x=c('b','a','a','a','b','b','b'),
                 y=c('1','1','1','2','2','2','2'))
wrapFisherTest(d, 'x', 'y')
```

`wrapFisherTest.htest`

Wrap fisher.test (test of categorical independence).

Description

Wrap fisher.test (test of categorical independence).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'htest'
wrapFisherTest(x, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	fisher.test result
<code>...</code>	extra arguments (not used)

Value

wrapped test.

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x=c('b','a','a','a','b','b','b'),
                 y=c('1','1','1','2','2','2','2'))
ft <- fisher.test(table(d))
wrapFisherTest(ft)
```

```
wrapFisherTest.table
```

Wrap fisher.test (test of categorical independence).

Description

Wrap fisher.test (test of categorical independence).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'table'  
wrapFisherTest(x, ..., workspace = 2e+05,  
    hybrid = FALSE, control = list(), or = 1,  
    alternative = "two.sided", conf.int = TRUE, conf.level = 0.95,  
    simulate.p.value = FALSE, B = 2000)
```

Arguments

x	data.frame
...	extra arguments (not used)
workspace	passed to fisher.test
hybrid	passed to fisher.test
control	passed to fisher.test
or	passed to fisher.test
alternative	passed to fisher.test
conf.int	passed to fisher.test
conf.level	passed to fisher.test
simulate.p.value	passed to fisher.test
B	passed to fisher.test

Value

wrapped test.

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x=c('b','a','a','a','b','b','b'),  
                 y=c('1','1','1','2','2','2','2'))  
t <- table(d)  
wrapFisherTest(t)
```

wrapFTest*Wrap F-test (significance identity relation).*

Description

Wrap F-test (significance identity relation).

Usage

```
wrapFTest(x, ...)
```

Arguments

- x numeric, data.frame or lm where to get model or data to score.
- ... extra arguments

See Also

`wrapFTestImpl`, `wrapFTest.lm`, and `wrapFTest.data.frame`

wrapFTest.anova*Wrap quality statistic of a linear relation from anova.*

Description

Wrap quality statistic of a linear relation from anova.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'anova'
wrapFTest(x, ...)
```

Arguments

- x result from stats::anova(stats::lm())
- ... extra arguments (not used)

Value

list of formatted string and fields

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x1 = c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7),
                 x2 = c(1,0,3,0,5,6,0,7),
                 y = c(1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4))
model <- lm(y~x1+x2, data=d)
summary(model)
sigr::wrapFTest(model)
anova <- stats::anova(model)
print(anov)
lapply(sigr::wrapFTest(anov),
       function(ti) {
         sigr::render(ti,
                     pLargeCutoff= 1,
                     pSmallCutoff= 0,
                     statDigits=4,
                     sigDigits=4,
                     format='ascii')
       })
})
```

`wrapFTest.data.frame`

Wrap quality statistic of identity relation from data.

Description

Wrap quality statistic of identity relation from data.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'
wrapFTest(x, predictionColumnName, yColumnName,
          nParameters = 1, meany = mean(x[[yColumnName]]), ...,
          na.rm = FALSE, format = NULL, pLargeCutoff = 0.05,
          pSmallCutoff = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	data frame containing columns to compare
<code>predictionColumnName</code>	character name of prediction column
<code>yColumnName</code>	character name of column containing dependent variable
<code>nParameters</code>	number of variables in model
<code>meany</code>	(optional) mean of y
<code>...</code>	extra arguments (not used)

na.rm logical, if TRUE remove NA values
 format if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii", "docx")
 pLargeCutoff value to declare non-significance at or above.
 pSmallCutoff smallest value to print

Value

formatted string and fields

Examples

```

d <- data.frame(x=c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7),
                 y=c(1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4))
model <- lm(y~x,data=d)
summary(model)
d$pred <- predict(model,newdata=d)
sigr::wrapFTest(d,'pred','y')

```

`wrapFTest.lm` Wrap quality statistic of identity r regression.

Description

Wrap quality statistic of identity r regression.

Usage

```

## S3 method for class 'lm'
wrapFTest(x, ..., format = NULL, pLargeCutoff = 0.05,
          pSmallCutoff = 1e-05)

```

Arguments

x lm model
 ... extra arguments (not used)
 format if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii", "docx", ...)
 pLargeCutoff value to declare non-significance at or above.
 pSmallCutoff smallest value to print

Value

formatted string

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x=c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7),
                 y=c(1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4))
model <- lm(y~x,data=d)
summary(model)
sigr::wrapFTest(model)
```

wrapFTest.summary.lm

Wrap quality statistic of linear regression summary.

Description

Wrap quality statistic of linear regression summary.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summary.lm'
wrapFTest(x, ..., format = NULL,
          pLargeCutoff = 0.05, pSmallCutoff = 1e-05)
```

Arguments

x	summary.lm summary(lm()) object
...	extra arguments (not used)
format	if set the format to return ("html", "latex", "markdown", "ascii", "docx", ...)
pLargeCutoff	value to declare non-significance at or above.
pSmallCutoff	smallest value to print

Value

formatted string

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x=c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7),
                 y=c(1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4))
model <- lm(y~x,data=d)
sum <- summary(model)
sigr::wrapFTest(sum)
```

`wrapFTestezANOVA` *Wrap quality statistic of a linear relation from ezANOVA (package ez).*

Description

Please see <https://github.com/WinVector/sigr/issues/1#issuecomment-322311947> for an example.

Usage

```
wrapFTestezANOVA(x, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	list result from ezANOVA (package ez).
<code>...</code>	extra arguments (not used)

Value

list of formatted string and fields

`wrapFTestImpl` *Wrap F-test (significance of identity relation).*

Description

Wrap F-test (significance of identity relation).

Usage

```
wrapFTestImpl(numdf, dendf, FValue, ..., format = NULL)
```

Arguments

<code>numdf</code>	degrees of freedom 1.
<code>dendf</code>	degrees of freedom 2.
<code>FValue</code>	observed F test statistic
<code>...</code>	not used, force later arguments to bind by name
<code>format</code>	optional, suggested format

Value

wrapped statistic

Examples

```
wrapFTestImpl (numdf=2, dendf=55, FValue=5.56)
```

```
wrapPWR
```

Wrap pwr test (difference in means by group).

Description

Wrap pwr test (difference in means by group).

Usage

```
wrapPWR (x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	test from pwr package
...	extra arguments

See Also

```
pwr.2p.test
```

```
wrapPWR.power.htest
```

Wrap pwr test.

Description

Wrap pwr test.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'power.htest'  
wrapPWR(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	pwr test result
...	extra arguments (not used)

Value

formatted string and fields

Examples

```
if(require("pwr", quietly = TRUE)) {
  # Example from pwr package
  # Exercise 6.1 p. 198 from Cohen (1988)
  test <- pwr::pwr.2p.test(h=0.3,n=80,sig.level=0.05,alternative="greater")
  wrapPWR(test)
}
```

`wrapSignificance` *Wrap a significance*

Description

Wrap a significance

Usage

```
wrapSignificance(significance, symbol = "p")
```

Arguments

`significance` numeric the significance value.
`symbol` the name of the value (e.g. "p", "t", ...).

Value

wrapped significance

Examples

```
wrapSignificance(1/300)
```

`wrapTTest`

Wrap t.test (difference in means by group).

Description

Wrap t.test (difference in means by group).

Usage

```
wrapTTest(x, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	numeric, data.frame or test.
<code>...</code>	extra arguments

See Also

`wrapTTest.htest`, and `wrapTTest.data.frame`

`wrapTTest.data.frame`

Wrap t.test (difference in means by group).

Description

Wrap t.test (difference in means by group).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'data.frame'  
wrapTTest(x, Column1Name, Column2Name, ...,  
          y = NULL, alternative = c("two.sided", "less", "greater"), mu = 0,  
          paired = FALSE, var.equal = FALSE, conf.level = 0.95,  
          na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	data.frame
<code>Column1Name</code>	character column 1 name
<code>Column2Name</code>	character column 2 name
<code>...</code>	extra arguments passed to ttest
<code>y</code>	passed to <code>t.test</code>
<code>alternative</code>	passed to <code>t.test</code>

mu	passed to t.test
paired	passed to t.test
var.equal	passed to t.test
conf.level	passed to t.test
na.rm	logical, if TRUE remove NA values

Value

formatted string and fields

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x=c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7),
                  y=c(1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4))
render(wrapTTest(d,'x','y'),pLargeCutoff=1)
# confirm p not order depedent
render(wrapTTest(d,'y','x'),pLargeCutoff=1)
```

wrapTTest.htest *Wrap t.test (difference in means by group).*

Description

Wrap t.test (difference in means by group).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'htest'
wrapTTest(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x	t.test result
...	extra arguments (not used)

Value

formatted string and fields

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x=c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7),
                 y=c(1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4))
tt <- t.test(d$x,d$y)
render(wrapTTest(tt),pLargeCutoff=1)
# confirm not rescaling, as a correlation test would
render(wrapTTest(t.test(d$x,2*d$y)),pLargeCutoff=1)
```

`wrapTTest.numeric` *Wrap t.test (difference in means by group).*

Description

Wrap `t.test` (difference in means by group).

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'numeric'
wrapTTest(x, pop2, ..., y = NULL,
          alternative = c("two.sided", "less", "greater"), mu = 0,
          paired = FALSE, var.equal = FALSE, conf.level = 0.95,
          na.rm = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	numeric population 1
<code>pop2</code>	numeric population 2
<code>...</code>	extra arguments passed to <code>ttest</code>
<code>y</code>	passed to <code>t.test</code>
<code>alternative</code>	passed to <code>t.test</code>
<code>mu</code>	passed to <code>t.test</code>
<code>paired</code>	passed to <code>t.test</code>
<code>var.equal</code>	passed to <code>t.test</code>
<code>conf.level</code>	passed to <code>t.test</code>
<code>na.rm</code>	logical, if TRUE remove NA values

Value

formatted string and fields

Examples

```
d <- data.frame(x=c(1,2,3,4,5,6,7,7),  
                 y=c(1,1,2,2,3,3,4,4))  
render(wrapTTest(d$x, d$y), pLargeCutoff=1)  
# confirm p not order depedent  
render(wrapTTest(d$y, d$x), pLargeCutoff=1)
```