# Package 'rstantools'

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## Description

Stan Development Team

The **rstantools** package provides various tools for developers of R packages interfacing with Stan (https://mc-stan.org), including functions to set up the required package structure, S3 generic methods to unify function naming across Stan-based R packages, and vignettes with guidelines for developers. To get started building a package see rstan\_create\_package().

- Guidelines and recommendations for developers of R packages interfacing with Stan and a demonstration getting a simple package working can be found in the vignettes included with **rstantools** and at mc-stan.org/rstantools/articles.
- After reading the guidelines for developers, if you have trouble setting up your package let us know on the the Stan Forums or at the **rstantools** GitHub issue tracker.
- The useR2016 presentation How to Use (R)Stan to Estimate Models in External R Packages.

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Generic function and default method for Bayesian R-squared

#### **Description**

Generic function and default method for Bayesian version of R-squared for regression models. A generic for LOO-adjusted R-squared is also provided. See the <a href="mailto:bayes\_R2.stanreg">bayes\_R2.stanreg</a>() method in the <a href="mailto:rstanarm">rstanarm</a> package for an example of defining a method.

## Usage

```
bayes_R2(object, ...)
## Default S3 method:
bayes_R2(object, y, ...)
loo_R2(object, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

object	The object to use.
	Arguments passed to methods. See the methods in the <b>rstanarm</b> package for examples.
У	For the default method, a vector of y values the same length as the number of columns in the matrix used as object.

#### Value

bayes\_R2() and loo\_R2() methods should return a vector of length equal to the posterior sample size.

The default bayes\_R2() method just takes object to be a matrix of y-hat values (one column per observation, one row per posterior draw) and y to be a vector with length equal to ncol(object).

#### References

Andrew Gelman, Ben Goodrich, Jonah Gabry, and Aki Vehtari (2018). R-squared for Bayesian regression models. *The American Statistician*, to appear. DOI: 10.1080/00031305.2018.1549100. (Preprint, Notebook)

- The **rstanarm** package (mc-stan.org/rstanarm) for example methods (CRAN, GitHub).
- Guidelines and recommendations for developers of R packages interfacing with Stan and a demonstration getting a simple package working can be found in the vignettes included with **rstantools** and at mc-stan.org/rstantools/articles.

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init\_cpp

Register functions implemented in C++

#### **Description**

If you set up your package using rstan\_package\_skeleton() before version 1.2.1 of **rstantools** it may be necessary for you to call this function yourself in order to pass R CMD check in R >= 3.4. If you used rstan\_package\_skeleton() in **rstantools** version 1.2.1 or later then this has already been done automatically.

#### Usage

```
init_cpp(name, path)
```

## **Arguments**

name The name of your package as a string.

path The path to the root directory for your package as a string. If not specified it is

assumed that this is already the current working directory.

#### Value

This function is only called for its side effect of writing the necessary init.cpp file to the package's src/ directory.

log\_lik

Generic function for pointwise log-likelihood

#### **Description**

We define a new function log\_lik() rather than a stats::logLik() method because (in addition to the conceptual difference) the documentation for logLik() states that the return value will be a single number, whereas log\_lik() returns a matrix. See the log\_lik.stanreg() method in the rstanarm package for an example of defining a method.

## Usage

```
log_lik(object, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

object The object to use.

... Arguments passed to methods. See the methods in the **rstanarm** package for

examples.

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## Value

 $log_lik()$  methods should return a S by N matrix, where S is the size of the posterior sample (the number of draws from the posterior distribution) and N is the number of data points.

#### See Also

- The **rstanarm** package (mc-stan.org/rstanarm) for example methods (CRAN, GitHub).
- Guidelines and recommendations for developers of R packages interfacing with Stan and a demonstration getting a simple package working can be found in the vignettes included with **rstantools** and at mc-stan.org/rstantools/articles.

## **Examples**

```
# See help("log_lik", package = "rstanarm")
```

loo-prediction

Generic functions for LOO predictions

## **Description**

See the methods in the **rstanarm** package for examples.

## Usage

```
loo_linpred(object, ...)
loo_predict(object, ...)
loo_predictive_interval(object, ...)
loo_pit(object, ...)
## Default S3 method:
loo_pit(object, y, lw, ...)
```

## Arguments

object	The object to use.
	Arguments passed to methods. See the methods in the <b>rstanarm</b> package for examples.
У	For the default method of loo_pit(), a vector of y values the same length as the number of columns in the matrix used as object.
lw	For the default method of loo_pit(), a matrix of log-weights of the same length as the number of columns in the matrix used as object.

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#### Value

loo\_predict(), loo\_linpred(), and loo\_pit() (probability integral transform) methods should return a vector with length equal to the number of observations in the data. loo\_predictive\_interval() methods should return a two-column matrix formatted in the same way as for predictive\_interval().

#### See Also

- The **rstanarm** package (mc-stan.org/rstanarm) for example methods (CRAN, GitHub).
- Guidelines and recommendations for developers of R packages interfacing with Stan and a demonstration getting a simple package working can be found in the vignettes included with **rstantools** and at mc-stan.org/rstantools/articles.

nsamples

Generic function for extracting the number of posterior samples

## **Description**

Extract the number of posterior samples stored in a fitted Bayesian model.

## Usage

```
nsamples(object, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

object The object to use.

... Arguments passed to methods. See the methods in the **rstanarm** package for

examples.

posterior\_epred

Generic function for accessing the posterior distribution of the conditional expectation

## **Description**

Extract the posterior draws of the conditional expectation. See the **rstanarm** package for an example.

#### Usage

```
posterior_epred(object, ...)
```

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## Arguments

object The object to use.

... Arguments passed to methods. See the methods in the **rstanarm** package for examples.

#### Value

posterior\_epred() methods should return a D by N matrix, where D is the number of draws from the posterior distribution distribution and N is the number of data points.

#### See Also

- The **rstanarm** package (mc-stan.org/rstanarm) for example methods (CRAN, GitHub).
- Guidelines and recommendations for developers of R packages interfacing with Stan and a demonstration getting a simple package working can be found in the vignettes included with **rstantools** and at mc-stan.org/rstantools/articles.

 ${\it posterior\_interval} \qquad {\it Generic function \ and \ default \ method \ for \ posterior \ uncertainty \ intervals}$ 

#### **Description**

These intervals are often referred to as credible intervals, but we use the term uncertainty intervals to highlight the fact that wider intervals correspond to greater uncertainty. See posterior\_interval.stanreg() in the **rstanarm** package for an example.

#### Usage

```
posterior_interval(object, ...)
## Default S3 method:
posterior_interval(object, prob = 0.9, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

object	The object to use.
• • •	Arguments passed to methods. See the methods in the <b>rstanarm</b> package for examples.
prob	A number $p\in (0,1)$ indicating the desired probability mass to include in the intervals.

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#### Value

posterior\_interval() methods should return a matrix with two columns and as many rows as model parameters (or a subset of parameters specified by the user). For a given value of prob, p, the columns correspond to the lower and upper 100p\ have the names  $100\alpha/2$ \  $\alpha=1-p$ . For example, if prob=0.9 is specified (a 90\ "95%", respectively.

The default method just takes object to be a matrix (one column per parameter) and computes quantiles, with prob defaulting to 0.9.

#### See Also

- The rstanarm package (mc-stan.org/rstanarm) for example methods (CRAN, GitHub).
- Guidelines and recommendations for developers of R packages interfacing with Stan and a demonstration getting a simple package working can be found in the vignettes included with **rstantools** and at mc-stan.org/rstantools/articles.

#### **Examples**

```
# Default method takes a numeric matrix (of posterior draws)
draws <- matrix(rnorm(100 * 5), 100, 5) # fake draws
colnames(draws) <- paste0("theta_", 1:5)
posterior_interval(draws)
# Also see help("posterior_interval", package = "rstanarm")</pre>
```

posterior\_linpred

Generic function for accessing the posterior distribution of the linear predictor

## Description

Extract the posterior draws of the linear predictor, possibly transformed by the inverse-link function. See <a href="mailto:posterior\_linpred.stanreg">posterior\_linpred.stanreg</a>() in the <a href="mailto:rstanarm">rstanarm</a> package for an example.

## Usage

```
posterior_linpred(object, transform = FALSE, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

object The object to use.

transform Should the linear predictor be transformed using the inverse-link function? The

default is FALSE, in which case the untransformed linear predictor is returned.

... Arguments passed to methods. See the methods in the **rstanarm** package for

examples.

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#### Value

posterior\_linpred() methods should return a D by N matrix, where D is the number of draws from the posterior distribution distribution and N is the number of data points.

#### See Also

- The **rstanarm** package (mc-stan.org/rstanarm) for example methods (CRAN, GitHub).
- Guidelines and recommendations for developers of R packages interfacing with Stan and a demonstration getting a simple package working can be found in the vignettes included with **rstantools** and at mc-stan.org/rstantools/articles.

## **Examples**

```
# See help("posterior_linpred", package = "rstanarm")
```

posterior\_predict

Generic function for drawing from the posterior predictive distribution

#### **Description**

Draw from the posterior predictive distribution of the outcome. See <a href="mailto:posterior\_predict.stanreg">posterior\_predict.stanreg</a>() in the <a href="mailto:rstanarm">rstanarm</a> package for an example.

## Usage

```
posterior_predict(object, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

object The object to use.

... Arguments passed to methods. See the methods in the **rstanarm** package for examples.

#### Value

posterior\_predict() methods should return a D by N matrix, where D is the number of draws from the posterior predictive distribution and N is the number of data points being predicted per draw.

- The **rstanarm** package (mc-stan.org/rstanarm) for example methods (CRAN, GitHub).
- Guidelines and recommendations for developers of R packages interfacing with Stan and a demonstration getting a simple package working can be found in the vignettes included with **rstantools** and at mc-stan.org/rstantools/articles.

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#### **Examples**

```
# See help("posterior_predict", package = "rstanarm")
```

predictive\_error

Generic function and default method for predictive errors

#### **Description**

Generic function and default method for computing predictive errors  $y-y^{rep}$  (in-sample, for observed y) or  $y-\tilde{y}$  (out-of-sample, for new or held-out y). See predictive\_error.stanreg() in the **rstanarm** package for an example.

#### Usage

```
predictive_error(object, ...)
## Default S3 method:
predictive_error(object, y, ...)
```

#### Arguments

object The object to use.

... Arguments passed to methods. See the methods in the **rstanarm** package for examples.

y

For the default method, a vector of y values the same length as the number of columns in the matrix used as object.

#### Value

predictive\_error() methods should return a D by N matrix, where D is the number of draws from the posterior predictive distribution and N is the number of data points being predicted per draw.

The default method just takes object to be a matrix and y to be a vector.

- The **rstanarm** package (mc-stan.org/rstanarm) for example methods (CRAN, GitHub).
- Guidelines and recommendations for developers of R packages interfacing with Stan and a demonstration getting a simple package working can be found in the vignettes included with **rstantools** and at mc-stan.org/rstantools/articles.

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#### **Examples**

```
# default method
y <- rnorm(10)
ypred <- matrix(rnorm(500), 50, 10)
pred_errors <- predictive_error(ypred, y)
dim(pred_errors)
head(pred_errors)
# Also see help("predictive_error", package = "rstanarm")</pre>
```

predictive\_interval

Generic function for predictive intervals

#### **Description**

See predictive\_interval.stanreg() in the rstanarm package for an example.

#### Usage

```
predictive_interval(object, ...)
## Default S3 method:
predictive_interval(object, prob = 0.9, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

object The object to use.

... Arguments passed to methods. See the methods in the **rstanarm** package for

examples.

prob A number  $p \in (0,1)$  indicating the desired probability mass to include in the

intervals.

#### Value

predictive\_interval() methods should return a matrix with two columns and as many rows as data points being predicted. For a given value of prob, p, the columns correspond to the lower and upper  $100p \ 100(1-\alpha/2)$  prob=0.9 is specified (a 90\ would be "5\" and "95\", respectively.

The default method just takes object to be a matrix and computes quantiles, with prob defaulting to 0.9.

- The **rstanarm** package (mc-stan.org/rstanarm) for example methods (CRAN, GitHub).
- Guidelines and recommendations for developers of R packages interfacing with Stan and a demonstration getting a simple package working can be found in the vignettes included with **rstantools** and at mc-stan.org/rstantools/articles.

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#### **Examples**

```
# Default method takes a numeric matrix (of draws from posterior
# predictive distribution)
ytilde <- matrix(rnorm(100 * 5, sd = 2), 100, 5) # fake draws
predictive_interval(ytilde, prob = 0.8)
# Also see help("predictive_interval", package = "rstanarm")</pre>
```

prior\_summary

Generic function for extracting information about prior distributions

#### **Description**

See prior\_summary.stanreg() in the rstanarm package for an example.

#### Usage

```
prior_summary(object, ...)
## Default S3 method:
prior_summary(object, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

object The object to use.

... Arguments passed to methods. See the methods in the **rstanarm** package for examples.

## Value

prior\_summary() methods should return an object containing information about the prior distribution(s) used for the given model. The structure of this object will depend on the method.

The default method just returns object\$prior.info, which is NULL if there is no 'prior.info' element.

#### See Also

- The **rstanarm** package (mc-stan.org/rstanarm) for example methods (CRAN, GitHub).
- Guidelines and recommendations for developers of R packages interfacing with Stan and a demonstration getting a simple package working can be found in the vignettes included with **rstantools** and at mc-stan.org/rstantools/articles.

#### **Examples**

```
# See help("prior_summary", package = "rstanarm")
```

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rstan\_config

Configure system files for compiling Stan source code

#### **Description**

Creates or update package-specific system files to compile .stan model files found in inst/stan.

## Usage

```
rstan_config(pkgdir = ".")
```

#### **Arguments**

pkgdir

Path to package root folder.

#### **Details**

The Stan source files for the package should be stored in:

- inst/stan for .stan files containing instructions to build a stanmodel object.
- inst/stan/any\_subfolder for files to be included via the #include "/my\_subfolder/mylib.stan" directive.
- inst/stan/any\_subfolder for a license.stan file.
- inst/include for the stan\_meta\_header.hpp file, to be used for directly interacting with the Stan C++ libraries.

#### Value

Invisibly, whether or not any files were added/removed/modified by the function.

## **Description**

The rstan\_create\_package() function helps get you started developing a new R package that interfaces with Stan via the **rstan** package. First the basic package structure is set up via usethis::create\_package(). Then several adjustments are made so the package can include Stan programs that can be built into binary versions (i.e., pre-compiled Stan C++ code).

The **Details** section below describes the process and the **See Also** section provides links to recommendations for developers and a step-by-step walk-through.

As of version 2.0.0 of **rstantools** the rstan\_package\_skeleton() function is defunct and only rstan\_create\_package() is supported.

#### Usage

```
rstan_create_package(
  path,
  fields = NULL,
  rstudio = TRUE,
  open = TRUE,
  stan_files = character(),
  roxygen = TRUE,
  travis = TRUE,
  license = TRUE,
  auto_config = TRUE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

path The path to the new package to be created (terminating in the package name). fields, rstudio, open

Same as usethis::create\_package(). See the documentation for that function, especially the note in the **Description** section about the side effect of

changing the active project.

stan\_files A character vector with paths to .stan files to include in the package.

roxygen Should roxygen2 be used for documentation? Defaults to TRUE. If so, a file

'R/pkgname-package.R" is added to the package with roxygen tags for the required import lines. See the **Note** section below for advice specific to the latest

versions of roxygen2.

travis Should a .travis.yml file be added to the package directory? Defaults to TRUE.

While the file contains some presets to help with compilation issues, at present

it is not guaranteed to work on travis-ci without manual adjustments.

license Logical or character; whether or not to paste the contents of a license.stan

file at the top of all Stan code, or path to such a file. If TRUE (the default) adds

the GPL (>= 3) license (see **Details**).

auto\_config Whether to automatically configure Stan functionality whenever the package

gets installed (see Details). Defaults to TRUE.

#### **Details**

This function first creates a regular R package using usethis::create\_package(), then adds the infrastructure required to compile and export stanmodel objects. In the package root directory, the user's Stan source code is located in:

```
inst/
  |_stan/
  | _include/
  |
  |_include/
```

All .stan files containing instructions to build a stanmodel object must be placed in inst/stan. Other .stan files go in any stan/subdirectory, to be invoked by Stan's #include mechanism, e.g.,

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```
#include "include/mylib.stan"
#include "data/preprocess.stan"
```

#### See **rstanarm** for many examples.

The folder inst/include is for all user C++ files associated with the Stan programs. In this folder, the only file to directly interact with the Stan C++ library is stan\_meta\_header.hpp; all other #include directives must be channeled through here.

The final step of the package creation is to invoke rstan\_config(), which creates the following files for interfacing with Stan objects from R:

- src contains the stan\_ModelName{.cc/.hpp} pairs associated with all ModelName.stan files in inst/stan which define stanmodel objects.
- src/Makevars[.win] which link to the StanHeaders and Boost (BH) libraries.
- R/stanmodels.R loads the C++ modules containing the stanmodel class definitions, and assigns an R instance of each stanmodel object to a stanmodels list (with names corresponding to the names of the Stan files).

When auto\_config = TRUE, a configure[.win] file is added to the package, calling rstan\_config() whenever the package is installed. Consequently, the package must list rstantools in the DESCRIPTION Imports field for this mechanism to work. Setting auto\_config = FALSE removes the package's dependency on rstantools, but the package then must be manually configured by running rstan\_config() whenever stanmodel files in inst/stan are added, removed, or modified.

In order to enable Stan functionality, **rstantools** copies some files to your package. Since these files are licensed as GPL= 3, the same license applies to your package should you choose to distribute it. Even if you don't use **rstantools** to createyour package, it is likely that you will be linking to **Rcpp** to export the Stan C++ stanmodel objects to R. Since **Rcpp** is released under GPL >= 2, the same license would applyto your package upon distribution.

Authors willing to license their Stan programs of general interest under the GPL are invited to contribute their .stan files and supporting R code to the **rstanarm** package.

#### Using the pre-compiled Stan programs in your package

The stanmodel objects corresponding to the Stan programs included with your package are stored in a list called stanmodels. To run one of the Stan programs from within an R function in your package just pass the appropriate element of the stanmodels list to one of the **rstan** functions for model fitting (e.g., sampling()). For example, for a Stan program "foo.stan" you would use rstan::sampling(stanmodels\$foo,...).

#### Note

For **devtools** users, because of changes in the latest versions of **roxygen2** it may be necessary to run pkgbuild::compile\_dll() once before devtools::document() will work.

- use\_rstan() for adding Stan functionality to an existing R package and rstan\_config() for updating an existing package when its Stan files are changed.
- The **rstanarm** package **repository** on GitHub.

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• Guidelines and recommendations for developers of R packages interfacing with Stan and a demonstration getting a simple package working can be found in the vignettes included with **rstantools** and at mc-stan.org/rstantools/articles.

- After reading the guidelines for developers, if you have trouble setting up your package let us know on the the Stan Forums or at the rstantools GitHub issue tracker.
- The useR2016 presentation How to Use (R)Stan to Estimate Models in External R Packages.

use\_rstan

Add Stan infrastructure to an existing package

## Description

Add Stan infrastructure to an existing R package. To create a *new* package containing Stan programs use rstan\_create\_package() instead.

#### Usage

```
use_rstan(pkgdir = ".", license = TRUE, auto_config = TRUE)
```

## **Arguments**

pkgdir Path to package root folder.

license Logical or character; whether or not to paste the contents of a license.stan

file at the top of all Stan code, or path to such a file. If TRUE (the default) adds

the GPL (>= 3) license (see **Details**).

auto\_config Whether to automatically configure Stan functionality whenever the package

gets installed (see Details). Defaults to TRUE.

#### **Details**

Prepares a package to compile and use Stan code by performing the following steps:

- 1. Create inst/stan folder where all . stan files defining Stan models should be stored.
- 2. Create inst/stan/include where optional license.stan file is stored.
- Create inst/include/stan\_meta\_header.hpp to include optional header files used by Stan code.
- 4. Create src folder (if it doesn't exist) to contain the Stan C++ code.
- 5. Create R folder (if it doesn't exist) to contain wrapper code to expose Stan C++ classes to R.
- 6. Update DESCRIPTION file to contain all needed dependencies to compile Stan C++ code.
- 7. If NAMESPACE file is generic (i.e., created by rstan\_create\_package()), append import(Rcpp,methods), importFrom(rstan, sampling), and useDynLib directives. If NAMESPACE is not generic, display message telling user what to add to NAMESPACE for themselves.

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When auto\_config = TRUE, a configure[.win] file is added to the package, calling rstan\_config() whenever the package is installed. Consequently, the package must list rstantools in the DESCRIPTION Imports field for this mechanism to work. Setting auto\_config = FALSE removes the package's dependency on rstantools, but the package then must be manually configured by running rstan\_config() whenever stanmodel files in inst/stan are added, removed, or modified.

#### Value

Invisibly, TRUE or FALSE indicating whether or not any files or folders where created or modified.

## Using the pre-compiled Stan programs in your package

The stanmodel objects corresponding to the Stan programs included with your package are stored in a list called stanmodels. To run one of the Stan programs from within an R function in your package just pass the appropriate element of the stanmodels list to one of the **rstan** functions for model fitting (e.g., sampling()). For example, for a Stan program "foo.stan" you would use rstan::sampling(stanmodels\$foo,...).

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