## Package 'rebird'

October 24, 2019

Version 1.1.0

Title R Client for the eBird Database of Bird Observations

**Description** A programmatic client for the eBird database, including functions for searching for bird observations by geographic location (latitude, longitude), eBird hotspots, location identifiers, by notable sightings, by region, and by taxonomic name.

**Depends** R (>= 2.10)

License MIT + file LICENSE

URL http://github.com/ropensci/rebird

BugReports http://github.com/ropensci/rebird/issues

VignetteBuilder knitr

**Imports** methods, utils, stats, httr (>= 1.0.0), jsonlite, dplyr, assertthat

Suggests knitr, testthat, covr

RoxygenNote 6.1.1

X-schema.org-applicationCategory Data Access

**X-schema.org-keywords** birds, birding, ebird, database, data, biology, observations, sightings, ornithology

X-schema.org-isPartOf https://ropensci.org

**Encoding UTF-8** 

NeedsCompilation no

**Author** Rafael Maia [aut],

Scott Chamberlain [aut] (<a href="https://orcid.org/0000-0003-1444-9135">https://orcid.org/0000-0003-1444-9135</a>),

Andy Teucher [aut],

Guy Babineau [ctb],

Sebastian Pardo [aut, cre] (<a href="https://orcid.org/0000-0002-4147-5796">https://orcid.org/0000-0002-4147-5796</a>)

Maintainer Sebastian Pardo <sebpardo@gmail.com>

Repository CRAN

**Date/Publication** 2019-10-24 19:40:02 UTC

2 ebirdfreq

## **R** topics documented:

Index		22
	species_code	. 21
	rebird-deprecated	. 20
	nearestobs	
	getlatlng	. 18
	ebirdtaxonomy	
	ebirdregioninfo	
	ebirdregioncheck	
	ebirdregion	
	ebirdnotable	
	ebirdloc	
	ebirdhotspot	
	ebirdhistorical	
	ebirdgeo	
	ebirdfreq	

ebirdfreq

Download historical frequencies of bird observations from eBird

## Description

Download historical frequencies of bird observations from eBird

## Usage

```
ebirdfreq(loctype, loc, startyear = 1900, endyear = format(Sys.Date(),
  "%Y"), startmonth = 1, endmonth = 12, long = TRUE, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

startmonth

loctype	String with location type. Either "states", "counties", or "hotspots".
loc	String with location identifier. If querying states or provinces, the two letter country code followed by the two letter state code and separated by "-" (e.g. "US-NY"). If querying counties, is as in states/provinces, but appending county identifier after a dash. For counties in the US, the county codes is a 3-digit number specific to each state (e.g. Bronx County: "US-NY-005"). For counties in Canada, county codes are two-letter identifiers (e.g. Metro Vancouver: "CA-BC-GV"). If querying hotspots then the unique identifier is a 6-digit number prepended with an "L" (e.g. "L196159"). All these codes can be found by looking at the URL in each respective location/hotspot webpage (which are accessible through the "Explore Data" tab).
startyear	Starting year for query. Defaults to 1900.
endyear	Ending year for query. Defaults to current year specified by Sys.Date().

Starting month for query as an integer (1-12). Defaults to January.

ebirdgeo 3

endmonth Ending month for query as an integer (1-12). Defaults to December.

Logical, Should output be in long format? Defaults to TRUE. If FALSE then output will be in wide format.

Curl options passed on to GET

#### Value

A data frame containing the collected information. If in long format:

"monthQt": month and week (eBird data divides each month by four weeks)

"comName": species common name

"frequency": proportion of times the species was seen in a specified week

"sampleSize" number of complete eBird checklists submitted for specified given week @return If in wide format, then first column is the species list and all other columns are of individual weeks (four in each month). First row contains the number of complete checklists for each week.

#### Author(s)

Andy Teucher <andy.teucher@gmail.com>, Sebastian Pardo <sebpardo@gmail.com>

#### References

```
http://ebird.org/
```

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
ebirdfreq("states", "US-NY", 2014, 2014, 1, 12)
ebirdfreq("counties", "CA-BC-GV", 1900, 2015, 1, 3)
ebirdfreq("hotspots", "L196159", long=FALSE)
## End(Not run)
```

ebirdgeo

Sightings at location determined by latitude/longitude

#### **Description**

Returns the most recent sighting date and specific location for the requested species of bird reported within the number of days specified and reported in the specified area.

## Usage

```
ebirdgeo(species = NULL, lat = NULL, lng = NULL, dist = NULL,
  back = NULL, max = NULL, locale = NULL, provisional = FALSE,
  hotspot = FALSE, sleep = 0, key = NULL, ...)
```

4 ebirdgeo

#### **Arguments**

species	Species code of the species of interest. Scientific names can be specified if wrapped around the species_code function. Defaults to NULL, so sightings for all species are returned. See eBird taxonomy for more information: http://ebird.org/content/ebird/about/eb taxonomy
lat	Decimal latitude. value between -90.00 and 90.00, up to two decimal places of precision. Defaults to latitude based on IP.
lng	Decimal longitude. value between -180.00 and 180.00, up to two decimal places of precision. Defaults to longitude based on IP.
dist	Distance defining radius of interest from given lat/lng in kilometers (between 0 and 50, defaults to 25)
back	Number of days back to look for observations (between 1 and 30, defaults to 14).
max	Maximum number of result rows to return in this request (between 1 and 10000, defaults to all).
locale	Language/locale of response (when translations are available). See http://java.sun.com/javase/6/docs/api/j (defaults to en_US).
provisional	Should flagged records that have not been reviewed be included? (defaults to FALSE).
hotspot	Should results be limited to sightings at birding hotspots? (defaults to FALSE).
sleep	Time (in seconds) before function sends API call (defaults to zero. Set to higher number if you are using this function in a loop with many API calls).
key	ebird API key. You can obtain one from https://ebird.org/api/keygen. We strongly recommend storing it in your .Renviron file as an environment variable called EBIRD_KEY.
	Curl options passed on to GET

## Value

A data.frame containing the collected information:

"comName": species common name

"howMany": number of individuals observed, NA if only presence was noted

"lat": latitude of the location

"lng": longitude of the location

"locID": unique identifier for the location

"locName": location name

"locationPrivate": TRUE if location is not a birding hotspot

"obsDt": observation date formatted according to ISO 8601 (e.g. 'YYYY-MM-DD', or 'YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm'). Hours and minutes are excluded if the observer did not report an observation time.

"obsReviewed": TRUE if observation has been reviewed, FALSE otherwise

ebirdhistorical 5

"obsValid": TRUE if observation has been deemed valid by either the automatic filters or a regional viewer, FALSE otherwise

"sciName" species' scientific name

#### Author(s)

Rafael Maia <m72@zips.uakron.edu>, Sebastian Pardo <sebpardo@gmail.com>

#### References

```
http://ebird.org/
```

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
ebirdgeo('amegfi', 42, -76) # American Goldfinch
ebirdgeo(species_code('spinus tristis'), 42, -76) # same as above
ebirdgeo(lat=42, lng=-76, max=10, provisional=TRUE, hotspot=TRUE)
ebirdgeo(species_code('Anas platyrhynchos'), 39, -121, max=5)
library('httr')
ebirdgeo(species_code('Anas platyrhynchos'), 39, -121, max=5, config=verbose())
ebirdgeo(species_code('Anas platyrhynchos'), 39, -121, max=5, config=progress())
# ebirdgeo(species_code('Anas platyrhynchos'), 39, -121, max=5, config=timeout(0.1))
## End(Not run)
```

ebirdhistorical

Historic observations on a date at a region or hotspot

#### **Description**

Returns sighting information reported in a given region or hotspot

#### Usage

```
ebirdhistorical(loc, date, sortKey = "mrec", categories = "all",
  max = 10000, fieldSet = "simple", provisional = FALSE,
  limitToHotspots = FALSE, sleep = 0, key = NULL, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

loc (required) Region code or locID (if a hotspot). Region code can be country

code (e.g. "US"), subnational1 code (states/provinces, e.g. "US-NV"), or sub-

national2 code (counties, e.g. "US-VA-003").

date (required) Date of historic observation date formatted according to ISO 8601

(e.g. 'YYYY-MM-DD', or 'YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm'). Hours and minutes are

excluded.

6 ebirdhistorical

sortKey [mreclcreate] Whether to order results by latest observation date or by latest

creation date. The default is by observation date.

categories [domesticlformlhybridlintergradelissflslashlspecieslspuh] This is useful for lim-

iting results to certain taxonomic categories. The default is all. Multiple cate-

gories may be comma-separated.

max Maximum number of result rows to return in this request. (A number between 1

and 10000. The default is 10000)

fieldSet [simple|full] This is set to restrict results to either all or a subset of sighting

fields. The default is simple.

provisional Should flagged records that have not been reviewed be included?

limitToHotspots

Should results be limited to sightings at birding hotspots? The default is FALSE.

sleep Time (in seconds) before function sends API call. The defaults is zero. Set this

to a higher number if you are using this function in a loop with many API calls.

key eBird API key. You can obtain one from https://ebird.org/api/keygen. We strongly

recommend storing it in your .Renviron file as an environment variable called

EBIRD\_KEY.

... Curl options passed on to GET.

#### Value

A data frame containing the collected information:

"speciesCode": species codes

"comName": species common names

"sciName" species' scientific names

"locID": unique identifier for the locations

"locName": location name

"obsDt": observation date formatted according to ISO 8601 (e.g. 'YYYY-MM-DD', or 'YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm'). Hours and minutes are excluded if the observer did not report an observation time

"obsValid": TRUE if observation has been deemed valid by either the automatic filters or a regional viewer, FALSE otherwise

"obsReviewed": TRUE if observation has been reviewed, FALSE otherwise

"locationPrivate": TRUE if location is not a birding hotspot

"subnational2Code": county code (returned if simple=FALSE)

"subnational2Name": county name (returned if simple=FALSE)

"subnational1Code": state/province ISO code (returned if simple=FALSE)

"subnational1Name": state/province name (returned if simple=FALSE)

"countryCode": country ISO code (returned if simple=FALSE)

"countryName": country name (returned if simple=FALSE)

"userDisplayName": first and last name of the observer (returned if simple=FALSE)

ebirdhotspot 7

```
"subID": submission ID (returned if simple=FALSE)

"obsID": observation ID (returned if simple=FALSE)

"checklistID": checklist ID (returned if simple=FALSE)

"presenceNoted": 'true' if user marked presence but did not count the number of birds. 'false' otherwise (returned if simple=FALSE)

"hasComments": 'true' if comments are included (returned if simple=FALSE)

"hasRichMedia": 'true' if rich media (e.g. photos/sounds) are included (returned if simple=FALSE)

"firstName": observer's first name (returned if simple=FALSE)

"lastName": observer's last name (returned if simple=FALSE)
```

#### Author(s)

Guy Babineau < guy.babineau@gmail.com>

#### References

```
http://ebird.org/
```

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
ebirdhistorical(loc = 'US-VA-003', date='2019-02-14',max=10)
ebirdhistorical(loc = 'L196159', date='2019-02-14', fieldSet='full')
## End(Not run)
```

ebirdhotspot

Recent observations at hotspots

## Description

Returns the most recent sighting information reported in a given vector of hotspots.

## Usage

```
ebirdhotspot(locID, species = NULL, back = NULL, max = NULL,
  locale = NULL, provisional = FALSE, sleep = 0, key = NULL, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

locID (required) Vector containing code(s) for up to 10 regions of interest; here, re-

gions are the locIDs of hotspots. Values that are not valid or are not hotspots are

ignored.

species Scientific name of the species of interest (not case sensitive). Defaults to NULL,

in which case sightings for all species are returned. See eBird taxonomy for

more information: http://ebird.org/content/ebird/about/ebird-taxonomy

8 ebirdhotspot

Number of days back to look for observations (between 1 and 30, defaults to

14).

max Maximum number of result rows to return in this request (between 1 and 10000,

defaults to all)

locale Language/locale of response (when translations are available). See http://java.sun.com/javase/6/docs/api/j

(defaults to en\_US)

provisional Should flagged records that have not been reviewed be included? (defaults to

FALSE)

sleep Time (in seconds) before function sends API call (defaults to zero. Set to higher

number if you are using this function in a loop with many API calls).

key ebird API key. You can obtain one from https://ebird.org/api/keygen. We strongly

recommend storing it in your . Renviron file as an environment variable called

EBIRD\_KEY.

... Curl options passed on to GET

#### Value

A data frame containing the collected information:

"comName": species common name

"howMany": number of individuals observed, NA if only presence was noted

"lat": latitude of the location

"lng": longitude of the location

"locID": unique identifier for the location

"locName": location name

"locationPrivate": TRUE if location is not a birding hotspot

"obsDt": observation date formatted according to ISO 8601 (e.g. 'YYYY-MM-DD', or 'YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm'). Hours and minutes are excluded if the observer did not report an observation time.

"obsReviewed": TRUE if observation has been reviewed, FALSE otherwise

"obsValid": TRUE if observation has been deemed valid by either the automatic filters or a regional viewer, FALSE otherwise

"sciName" species' scientific name

## Author(s)

Rafael Maia <rm72@zips.uakron.edu>

#### References

http://ebird.org/

ebirdloc 9

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
ebirdhotspot(locID=c('L99381','L99382'), species='larus delawarensis')
ebirdhotspot('L99381', max=10, provisional=TRUE)
## End(Not run)
```

ebirdloc

Recent observations at a locality

## Description

Returns the most recent sighting information reported in a given vector of locations (including non-hotspots).

## Usage

```
ebirdloc(locID, species = NULL, back = NULL, max = NULL,
  locale = NULL, provisional = FALSE, simple = TRUE, sleep = 0,
  key = NULL, ...)
```

## Arguments

locID	(required) Vector containing code(s) for up to 10 regions of interest; here, values that are not hotspots are returned. Values that are not valid are ignored.
species	Scientific name of the species of interest (not case sensitive). Defaults to NULL, in which case sightings for all species are returned. See eBird taxonomy for more information: http://ebird.org/content/ebird/about/ebird-taxonomy
back	Number of days back to look for observations (between 1 and 30, defaults to 14).
max	Maximum number of result rows to return in this request (between 1 and 10000, defaults to all)
locale	Language/locale of response (when translations are available). See http://java.sun.com/javase/6/docs/api/j (defaults to en_US)
provisional	Should flagged records that have not been reviewed be included? (defaults to FALSE)
simple	Logical. Whether to return a simple (TRUE, default) or detailed (FALSE) set of results fields.
sleep	Time (in seconds) before function sends API call (defaults to zero. Set to higher number if you are using this function in a loop with many API calls).
key	ebird API key. You can obtain one from https://ebird.org/api/keygen. We strongly recommend storing it in your .Renviron file as an environment variable called EBIRD_KEY.
	Curl options passed on to GET

10 ebirdloc

#### Value

A data.frame containing the collected information:

"comName": species common name

"howMany": number of individuals observed, NA if only presence was noted

"lat": latitude of the location

"lng": longitude of the location

"locID": unique identifier for the location

"locName": location name

"locationPrivate": TRUE if location is not a birding hotspot

"obsDt": observation date formatted according to ISO 8601 (e.g. 'YYYY-MM-DD', or 'YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm'). Hours and minutes are excluded if the observer did not report an observation time.

"obsReviewed": TRUE if observation has been reviewed, FALSE otherwise

"obsValid": TRUE if observation has been deemed valid by either the automatic filters or a regional viewer, FALSE otherwise

"sciName" species' scientific name

"subnational2Code": county code (returned if simple=FALSE)

"subnational2Name": county name (returned if simple=FALSE)

"subnational1Code": state/province ISO code (returned if simple=FALSE)

"subnational1Name": state/province name (returned if simple=FALSE)

"countryCode": country ISO code (returned if simple=FALSE)

"countryName": country name (returned if simple=FALSE)

"userDisplayName": first and last name of the observer (returned if simple=FALSE)

"firstName": observer's first name (returned if simple=FALSE)

"lastName": observer's last name (returned if simple=FALSE)

"subID": submission ID (returned if simple=FALSE)

"obsID": observation ID (returned if simple=FALSE)

"checklistID": checklist ID (returned if simple=FALSE)

"presenceNoted": 'true' if user marked presence but did not count the number of birds. 'false' otherwise (returned if simple=FALSE)

## Author(s)

Rafael Maia <rm72@zips.uakron.edu>

#### References

http://ebird.org/

ebirdnotable 11

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
ebirdloc(locID = c('L99381','L99382'))
ebirdloc('L99381', 'Branta canadensis', provisional=TRUE)
## End(Not run)
```

ebirdnotable

Recent nearby notable observations

## Description

Returns the most recent notable observations by either latitude/longitude, hotspot or location ID, or particular region.

## Usage

```
ebirdnotable(lat = NULL, lng = NULL, dist = NULL, locID = NULL,
region = NULL, back = NULL, max = NULL, provisional = FALSE,
hotspot = FALSE, simple = TRUE, sleep = 0, key = NULL, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

12 ebirdnotable

key ebird API key. You can obtain one from https://ebird.org/api/keygen. We strongly

recommend storing it in your . Renviron file as an environment variable called  $% \left( 1\right) =\left[ 1\right] =\left[$ 

EBIRD\_KEY.

... Curl options passed on to GET

#### Value

A data frame containing the collected information:

"speciesCode": species code

"comName": species common name

"sciName" species' scientific name

"locID": unique identifier for the location

"locName": location name

"obsDt": observation date formatted according to ISO 8601 (e.g. 'YYYY-MM-DD', or 'YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm'). Hours and minutes are excluded if the observer did not report an observation time.

"howMany": number of individuals observed, NA if only presence was noted

"lat": latitude of the location

"lng": longitude of the location

"obsValid": TRUE if observation has been deemed valid by either the

"obsReviewed": TRUE if observation has been reviewed, FALSE otherwise

"locationPrivate": TRUE if location is not a birding hotspot automatic filters or a regional viewer, FALSE otherwise

"subnational2Code": county code (returned if simple=FALSE)

"subnational2Name": county name (returned if simple=FALSE)

"subnational1Code": state/province ISO code (returned if simple=FALSE)

"subnational1Name": state/province name (returned if simple=FALSE)

"countryCode": country ISO code (returned if simple=FALSE)

"countryName": country name (returned if simple=FALSE)

"userDisplayName": observer's eBird username (returned if simple=FALSE)

"subID": submission ID (returned if simple=FALSE)

"obsID": observation ID (returned if simple=FALSE)

"checklistID": checklist ID (returned if simple=FALSE)

"presenceNoted": 'true' if user marked presence but did not count the number of birds. 'false' otherwise (returned if simple=FALSE)

"firstName": observer's first name (returned if simple=FALSE)

"lastName": observer's last name (returned if simple=FALSE)

ebirdregion 13

#### Note

ebirdnotable requires that either latitude/longitude, location ID, or region be passed to the function. Multiple entries will result in the most specific being used. If none is supplied, defaults to lat/lng based on your IP.

## Author(s)

#### References

```
http://ebird.org/
```

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
ebirdnotable(lat=42, lng=-70)
ebirdnotable(region='US', max=10)
ebirdnotable(region='US-OH')
ebirdnotable(region='CA-NS-HL')
ebirdnotable(locID = c('L275836','L124345'))
## End(Not run)
```

ebirdregion

Recent observations at a region or hotspot

## Description

Returns the most recent sighting information reported in a given region or hotspot.

## Usage

```
ebirdregion(loc, species = NULL, back = NULL, max = NULL,
  locale = NULL, provisional = FALSE, hotspot = FALSE,
  simple = TRUE, sleep = 0, key = NULL, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

loc

(required) Region code or locID (for hotspots). Region code can be country code (e.g. "US"), subnational1 (states/provinces, e.g. "US-NV"), or subnational2 code (counties, e.g. "CA-BC-GV").

species

eBird species code. See ebirdtaxonomy for a full list of scientific names, common names, and species codes. Alternatively, you can wrap the scientific name in the species\_code function which will return the eBird species code. Defaults to NULL, in which case sightings for all species are returned. See eBird taxonomy for more information: http://ebird.org/content/ebird/about/ebird-taxonomy

14 ebirdregion

back Number of days back to look for observations (between 1 and 30, defaults to

14).

max Maximum number of result rows to return in this request (between 1 and 10000,

defaults to all)

locale Language/locale of response (when translations are available). See http://

java.sun.com/javase/6/docs/api/java/util/Locale.html and https://

help.ebird.org/customer/portal/articles/1596582-common-name-translations-in-ebird

(defaults to en US).

provisional Should flagged records that have not been reviewed be included? (defaults to

FALSE)

hotspot Should results be limited to sightings at birding hotspots? (defaults to FALSE).

simple Logical. Whether to return a simple (TRUE, default) or detailed (FALSE) set of

results fields. Detailed results are only available if loc is a locID.

sleep Time (in seconds) before function sends API call (defaults to zero. Set to higher

number if you are using this function in a loop with many API calls).

key ebird API key. You can obtain one from https://ebird.org/api/keygen. We strongly

recommend storing it in your .Renviron file as an environment variable called EBIRD\_KEY to avoid having to constantly supply the key, and to avoid acciden-

tally sharing it publicly.

... Curl options passed on to GET

#### Value

A data frame containing the collected information:

"comName": species common name

"howMany": number of individuals observed, NA if only presence was noted

"lat": latitude of the location

"lng": longitude of the location

"locID": unique identifier for the location

"locName": location name

"locationPrivate": TRUE if location is not a birding hotspot

"obsDt": observation date formatted according to ISO 8601 (e.g. 'YYYY-MM-DD', or 'YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm'). Hours and minutes are excluded if the observer did not report an observation time.

"obsReviewed": TRUE if observation has been reviewed, FALSE otherwise

"obsValid": TRUE if observation has been deemed valid by either the automatic filters or a regional viewer, FALSE otherwise

"sciName" species' scientific name

## Author(s)

Rafael Maia <rm72@zips.uakron.edu>

ebirdregioncheck 15

#### References

```
http://ebird.org/
```

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
ebirdregion(loc = 'US', species = 'btbwar')
ebirdregion(loc = 'US', species = species_code('Setophaga caerulescens')) # same as above
ebirdregion(loc = 'L196159', species = 'bkcchi', back = 30)
ebirdregion('US-OH', max = 10, provisional = TRUE, hotspot = TRUE)
## End(Not run)
```

ebirdregioncheck

Check if a region type is valid

## Description

Check if a region type is valid

## Usage

```
ebirdregioncheck(loc, key = NULL, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

loc The location code to be checked.

key ebird API key. You can obtain one from https://ebird.org/api/keygen. We strongly

recommend storing it in your .Renviron file as an environment variable called

EBIRD\_KEY.

... Curl options passed on to GET

## Value

Logical.

#### Author(s)

Sebastian Pardo <sebpardo@gmail.com>, Andy Teucher <andy.teucher@gmail.com>

#### References

```
http://ebird.org/
```

16 ebirdregioninfo

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
ebirdregioncheck("US")
ebirdregioncheck("CA-BC")
ebirdregioncheck("CA-BC-GV")
## End(Not run)
```

ebirdregioninfo

Region and hotspot info

## **Description**

Region and hotspot info

#### Usage

```
ebirdregioninfo(loc, format = "full", key = NULL, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

loc The location or hotspot code to be checked. A single location only.

format Different options for displaying hierarchy of the region's name: [nameonlylnamequalldetailedldetailednoq

defaults to full. Not used for hotspots.

key eBird API key. You can obtain one from https://ebird.org/api/keygen. We strongly

recommend storing it in your .Renviron file as an environment variable called

EBIRD\_KEY.

... Curl options passed on to GET

## Value

When region is a hotspot, a data frame (with some redundant information) containing:

```
"locId", "locID": hotspot ID
```

When region is a subnational1, subnational2, or country code, a data frame containing:

<sup>&</sup>quot;name", "locName": hotspot name

<sup>&</sup>quot;latitude", "longitude", "lat", "long": hotspot latitude and longitude (point location)

<sup>&</sup>quot;countryCode", "countryName": code and name of the country where hotspot is located

<sup>&</sup>quot;subnational1Code", "subnational1Name": code and name of the subnational1 area (e.g. state or province) where hotspot is located

<sup>&</sup>quot;subnational2Code", "subnational2Name": code and name of the subnational2 area (e.g. county) where hotspot is located

<sup>&</sup>quot;isHotspot": logical, whether region is a hotspot (should always be TRUE)

<sup>&</sup>quot;hierarchicalName": full hotspot name including subnational1, subnational2, and country info

<sup>&</sup>quot;region": name of the region, varies depending on value of "format" provided

<sup>&</sup>quot;minX", "maxX", "minY", "maxY": lat/long bounds of the region

ebirdtaxonomy 17

#### Author(s)

Sebastian Pardo <sebpardo@gmail.com>, Andy Teucher <andy.teucher@gmail.com>, Guy Babineau <guy.babineau@gmail.com>

#### References

```
http://ebird.org/
```

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
ebirdregioninfo("US")
ebirdregioninfo("CA-BC-GV")
ebirdregioninfo("CA-BC-GV", format = "revdetailed") # reverse order of region name
ebirdregioninfo("L196159")
## End(Not run)
```

ebirdtaxonomy

eBird Taxonomy

## **Description**

Returns a data.frame of all species in the eBird taxonomy for the given combination of categories. The default category is "species". Any taxon with the category of 'species' may be used as a parameter in service calls that take a scientific name. Any taxon not in this category will be rejected by these services at this time.

#### Usage

```
ebirdtaxonomy(cat = NULL, locale = NULL, key = NULL, ...)
```

# **Arguments** cat

	tic", "form", "hybrid", "intergrade", "issf", "slash", "species", "spuh". For more info about the meaning of species categories, see https://help.ebird.org/customer/en/portal/articles/1006825-the-ebird-taxonomy.
locale	Language/locale of response (when translations are available). See http://java.sun.com/javase/6/docs/api/java/util/Locale.html and https://help.ebird.org/customer/portal/articles/1596582-common-name-translations-in-ebird (defaults to en_US).
key	ebird API key. You can obtain one from https://ebird.org/api/keygen. We strongly recommend storing it in your .Renviron file as an environment variable called EBIRD_KEY to avoid having to constantly supply the key, and to avoid acciden-

Species category. String or character vector with one of more of: "domes-

tally sharing it publicly.

... Curl options passed on to GET

18 getlatlng

## Value

```
A data.frame containing the collected information:
```

```
"comName": species' common name
```

```
"sciName": species' scientific name
```

"taxonID": Taxonomic Concept identifier, note this is currently in test

## Author(s)

```
Andy Teucher <andy.teucher@gmail.com>
```

## References

```
http://ebird.org/
```

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
ebirdtaxonomy()
ebirdtaxonomy(cat=c("spuh", "slash"))
## End(Not run)
```

getlatlng

get latitude and longitude from ip address

## Description

Returns the most recent and nearest reported sighting information with observations of a species.

## Usage

```
getlatlng()
```

## Value

a vector of length 2 with lat, lng in that order

## Author(s)

```
Andy Teucher <andy.teucher@gmail.com>
```

#### References

```
http://ipinfo.io
```

nearestobs 19

#### **Examples**

```
## Not run:
getlatlng()
## End(Not run)
```

nearestobs

Recent nearby observations of a species

## Description

Returns the most recent and nearest reported sighting information with observations of a species.

## Usage

```
nearestobs(speciesCode, lat = NULL, lng = NULL, dist = NULL,
  back = NULL, max = NULL, locale = NULL, provisional = FALSE,
  hotspot = FALSE, sleep = 0, key = NULL, ...)
```

Curl options passed on to GET

## Arguments

speciesCode

	http://ebird.org/content/ebird/about/ebird-taxonomy
lat	Decimal latitude. value between -90.00 and 90.00, up to two decimal places of precision. Defaults to latitude based on IP.
lng	Decimal longitude. value between -180.00 and 180.00, up to two decimal places of precision. Defaults to longitude based on IP.
dist	Distance defining radius of interest from given lat/lng in kilometers (between 0 and 50, defaults to 25)
back	Number of days back to look for observations (between 1 and 30, defaults to 14).
max	Maximum number of result rows to return in this request (between 1 and 10000, defaults to all).
locale	Language/locale of response (when translations are available). See http://java.sun.com/javase/6/docs/api/j (defaults to en_US).
provisional	Should flagged records that have not been reviewed be included? (defaults to FALSE).
hotspot	Should results be limited to sightings at birding hotspots? (defaults to FALSE).
sleep	Time (in seconds) before function sends API call (defaults to zero. Set to higher number if you are using this function in a loop with many API calls).
key	ebird API key. You can obtain one from https://ebird.org/api/keygen. We strongly recommend storing it in your .Renviron file as an environment variable called EBIRD_KEY.

(required) Species code of the species of interest. Scientific names can be speci-

fied if wrapped around the species\_code function. Defaults to NULL, so sightings for all species are returned. See eBird taxonomy for more information:

20 rebird-deprecated

#### Value

```
A data.frame containing the collected information:
```

"comName": species common name

"howMany": number of individuals observed, NA if only presence was noted

"lat": latitude of the location.

"lng": longitude of the location.

"locID": unique identifier for the location

"locName": location name

"locationPrivate": TRUE if location is not a birding hotspot

"obsDt": observation date formatted according to ISO 8601 (e.g. 'YYYY-MM-DD', or 'YYYY-MM-DD hh:mm'). Hours and minutes are excluded if the observer did not report an observation time.

"obsReviewed": TRUE if observation has been reviewed, FALSE otherwise

"obsValid": TRUE if observation has been deemed valid by either the automatic filters or a regional viewer, FALSE otherwise

"sciName" species' scientific name

#### Author(s)

Rafael Maia <rm72@zips.uakron.edu>, Sebastian Pardo <sebpardo@gmail.com>

## References

```
http://ebird.org/
```

## **Examples**

```
## Not run:
nearestobs('cangoo', 42, -76) # Canada Goose
nearestobs(species_code('branta canadensis'), 42, -76) # Same as above
nearestobs(species_code('branta canadensis'), 42, -76, max=10, provisional=TRUE, hotspot=TRUE)
## End(Not run)
```

rebird-deprecated

Deprecated functions in rebird

## Description

These functions still work but will be removed (defunct) in the next version.

species\_code 21

## **Details**

• ebirdregioncheck: Deprecated: 'ebirdregioncheck' will be removed in the next version of rebird. Use 'ebirdregioninfo' instead.

- ebirdloc: Deprecated: 'ebirdloc' will be removed in the next version of rebird as it might not be supported in the new eBird API. Use 'ebirdregion' instead.
- ebirdhotspot: Deprecated: 'ebirdhotspot' will be removed in the next version of rebird as it might not be supported in the new eBird API. Use 'ebirdregion' instead.

species\_code

Return species code

## **Description**

Returns the species code for a given scientific name. Uses an internally-stored version of the taxonomy. Also provides a message with the common name, scientific name, and species code of the species.

## Usage

```
species_code(sciname = NULL)
```

#### **Arguments**

sciname

(required) Character string of length 1 with the scientific name to look for. Case insensitive.

## Value

A character string with the eBird species code.

## Author(s)

Sebastian Pardo <sebpardo@gmail.com>

#### References

```
http://ebird.org/
```

## **Examples**

```
species_code("Anhinga anhinga")
```

# **Index**

```
ebirdfreq, 2
ebirdgeo, 3
ebirdhistorical, 5
ebirdhotspot, 7, 21
ebirdloc, 9, 21
ebirdregion, 13
ebirdregioncheck, 15, 21
ebirdregioninfo, 16
ebirdtaxonomy, 13, 17

GET, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 12, 14–17, 19
getlatlng, 18
nearestobs, 19
rebird-deprecated, 20
species_code, 4, 13, 19, 21
```