# Package 'microsamplingDesign'

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**Title** Finding Optimal Microsampling Designs for Non-Compartmental Pharmacokinetic Analysis

**Version** 1.0.7

**License** GPL-3

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**Description** Find optimal microsampling designs for non-compartmental pharacokinetic analysis using a general simulation methodology: Algorithm III of Barnett, Helen, Helena Geys, Tom Jacobs, and Thomas Jaki. (2017) ``Optimal Designs for Non-Compartmental Analysis of Pharmacokinetic Studies. (currently unpublished)" This methodology consist of (1) specifying a pharmacokinetic model including variability among animals; (2) generating possible sampling times; (3) evaluating performance of each time point choice on simulated data; (4) generating possible schemes given a time point choice and additional constraints and finally (5) evaluating scheme performance on simulated data. The default settings differ from the article of Barnett and others, in the default pharmacokinetic model used and the parameterization of variability among animals. Details can be found in the package vignette. A 'shiny' web application is included, which guides users from model parametrization to optimal microsampling scheme.

**URL** http://www.openanalytics.eu

**Depends** R (>= 3.4.0), Rcpp

**Imports** abind, deSolve, devtools, ggplot2, gridExtra, gtools, knitr, MASS, matrixStats, matrixcalc, methods, parallel, plyr, readr, reshape2, shiny, stats, stringr, utils

**LinkingTo** Rcpp, RcppArmadillo

**ByteCompile** true

**LazyLoad** yes

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**Suggests** bookdown, data.table, plotly, shinyjs, shinyBS, rmarkdown, rhandsontable, shinycssloaders, testthat

**Collate** 'RcppExports.R' 'aaaGenerics.R' 'appFunctions.R'
'constraintFunctions.R' 'fastRankSchemes.R' 'internalHelpers.R'
'objectPkModelParent.R' 'objectSetOfSchemes.R'
'objectPkModel.R' 'objectPkModelRange.R'
'objectSetOfTimePoints.R' 'pkFunctions.R' 'schemeStatistics.R'
'rankScheme.R' 'rankTimePoints.R' 'schemeGenerator.R'
'timePointGeneration.R'

**VignetteBuilder** knitr

**NeedsCompilation** yes

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**Repository** CRAN

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# R topics documented:

addSchemes *add user defined scheme to an existing* SetOfSchemes-class *or extend an existing set of schemes object with additional schemes*

## Description

add user defined scheme to an existing SetOfSchemes-class or extend an existing set of schemes object with additional schemes

## Usage

```
addSchemes(setOfSchemes, extraSchemes)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| setOfSchemes | SetOfSchemes-class object or a matrix of indiviudual schemes |
| extraSchemes | array of schemes to add, see codeSetOfSchemes-class |

check_scheme_exactNumberObsPerTimePoint *check the number of observations per time points is equal specified value*

## Description

check the number of observations per time points is equal specified value

## Usage

```
check_scheme_exactNumberObsPerTimePoint(scheme, value)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| scheme | a microsampling scheme |
| value | numeric constant |

`check_scheme_minObsPerTimePoint` *check the mimimum observations per time points is above a specified value*

## Description

check the mimimum observations per time points is above a specified value

## Usage

```
check_scheme_minObsPerTimePoint(scheme, value)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| `scheme` | a microsampling scheme |
| `value` | numeric constant |

`check_subject_maxConsecSamples` *check the maximum of consecutive samples per subject falls below the specified value*

## Description

check the maximum of consecutive samples per subject falls below the specified value

## Usage

```
check_subject_maxConsecSamples(subjectScheme, value)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| `subjectScheme` | a one subject scheme, one line of a scheme |
| `value` | to compare scheme with |

construct2CompModel *construct a 2 compartmental* PkModel-class *by providing parameters and dosing info*

## Description

construct a 2 compartmental PkModel-class by providing parameters and dosing info

## Usage

```
construct2CompModel(parameters, dosingInfo, correlationMatrix = NULL,
  coeffVariationError = 0)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| parameters | see PkModel-class |
| dosingInfo | see PkModel-class |
| correlationMatrix | see PkModel-class, if NULL idendity matrix is constructed |
| coeffVariationError | see PkModel-class , defaults to 0 |

## Note

model function is get2ComptModelCurve

## Examples

```
 dosingInfo              <-  data.frame( time = 0 , dose = 1)
 dataParametersFile      <-  system.file(  "extData",
"examplePkParameters.csv" ,   package = "microsamplingDesign" )
 exampleParameters       <-  read.csv( dataParametersFile ,
stringsAsFactors = FALSE , na.strings = NULL )
 pkModel                 <-  construct2CompModel( exampleParameters , dosingInfo )
 plotObject( pkModel , times = seq( 0, 5 , 0.1) , nSamplesIntegration = 12 )
```

constructSetOfSchemes *construct user defined* SetOfSchemes-class

## Description

construct user defined SetOfSchemes-class

## Usage

```
constructSetOfSchemes(schemes, timePoints)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| schemes | array representing .Data slot of SetOfSchemes-class |
| timePoints | numeric vector, timePoinst slot of SetOfSchemes-class |

### Examples

```
schemes                     <-  getData( getExampleSetOfSchemes() )
timePoints                  <-  exp(1:4)
constructSetOfSchemes( schemes , timePoints)
```

---

## doAllSchemeChecks *check whether either a 1 subject or multiple subject microsampling scheme meets imposed constraints*

---

### Description

check whether either a 1 subject or multiple subject microsampling scheme meets imposed constraints

### Usage

```
doAllSchemeChecks(object, level, checks)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | a logical vector or matrix, TRUE when a sample is taken for a subject (row) and time point (column) combination |
| level | a character vector indicating either "subject" or "scheme" level |
| checks | a dataframe with check definitions |

### Value

logical value TRUE when all checks are pasted and FALSE if at least one check fails

### Examples

```
exampleChecks    <- getConstraintsExample()
exampleSubject1  <-  c( TRUE  , TRUE  , TRUE , FALSE , FALSE , TRUE )
exampleSubject2  <-  c( FALSE , FALSE , TRUE , FALSE , FALSE , TRUE )
exampleScheme    <-  rbind( exampleSubject1, exampleSubject2 )
doAllSchemeChecks( exampleSubject1 , "subject" , checks = exampleChecks )
doAllSchemeChecks( exampleSubject2 , "subject" , checks = exampleChecks )
doAllSchemeChecks( exampleScheme , "scheme" , checks = exampleChecks )
```

## extractByRank *extract a timepoint or Scheme choice by its rank*

### Description

extract a timepoint or Scheme choice by its rank

### Usage

```
extractByRank(object, rank)

## S4 method for signature 'SetOfSchemes,numeric'
extractByRank(object, rank)

## S4 method for signature 'SetOfTimePoints,numeric'
extractByRank(object, rank)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | an S4 object |
| rank | integer |

### Examples

```
  object        <-  getExampleSetOfSchemes()
  pkData        <-  getPkData( getExamplePkModel() ,
   getTimePoints( object ) , getNSubjects( object ) , nSamples = 10  )
  objectRanked    <- rankObject(  object ,  pkData  ,
    data.frame(criterion = "auc" , weight = 1 , stringsAsFactors = TRUE) )
 extractByRank( object = objectRanked  , rank = 1 )
 extractByRank( objectRanked  , rank = 5 )
  object                              <-  getExampleSetOfTimePoints( 0 :10 )
  pkData                              <-  getPkData(getExamplePkModel() ,
 getTimePoints( object ) , 1 , 5 )
objectRanked                        <-  rankObject( object , pkData , nGrid = 20,
  nSamplesAvCurve = 25 )
  extractByRank( objectRanked , 1)
  extractByRank( object = objectRanked , rank = 5 )
```

## flattenSetOfSchemes *Transform 3 way array to 2 way array*

### Description

Transform 3 way array to 2 way array

### Usage

```
flattenSetOfSchemes(object)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | SetOfSchemes-class |

---

## formatTimePoints *Format time points as a set*

---

### Description

Format time points as a set

### Usage

```
formatTimePoints(timePoints)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| timePoints | numeric vector of timme points |

---

## get2ComptModelCurve *provides solution of two compartmental pharmacodynamic model at specified time points*

---

### Description

provides solution of two compartmental pharmacodynamic model at specified time points

### Usage

```
get2ComptModelCurve(parameters, time, dosingInfo,
  internalODEs = pkOdeModel2Compartments, returnAll = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| parameters | a list with correclty named input parameters |
| time | a numeric vector of times |
| dosingInfo | a data.frame with 2 colunmns<br>• time at which a dose is administered<br>• dose the amount administred to the gut |
| internalODEs | the model function used defaults to pkOdeModel2Compartments |
| returnAll | logical indicator if TRUE the solutions of all response variables is returned as a data.frame if FALSE only the plasma concentration is returned as a vector, defaults to FALSE |

## Value

`data.frame` or numeric vector of solutions, depending on the value of `returnAll`

## Examples

```
pkModel               <-  getExamplePkModel()
parameters            <-  getParameters( pkModel )
testParameters        <-  parameters[ , "value"]
names(testParameters)  <-  parameters[ , "parameter"]
time                  <-  seq( 0 , 3 , 0.1 )
dosingInfo            <-  data.frame( time = c( 0 , 1 , 2) ,
     dose = c( 5 , 2 , 1.5 ) )
get2ComptModelCurve( parameters = testParameters , time , dosingInfo )
get2ComptModelCurve( parameters = testParameters, time ,
  dosingInfo , returnAll = TRUE )
```

---

# getAllTimeOptions *generate all possible time options from eligible time points and number of samples per time interval ( time zone )*

---

## Description

generate all possible time options from eligible time points and number of samples per time interval ( time zone )

## Usage

```
getAllTimeOptions(timeZones, fullTimePoints)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| `timeZones` | a data.frame containing information on the number of points to be chosen in each time zone. Each row is a time zone.<br>• `startTime` the start time of each time zone assumed to be included in that zone<br>• `endTime` the end time of the zone. It is not part of the current zone but the start time of the next zone<br>• `nPointsPerZone` the number of time points to be chosen within each zone. |
| `fullTimePoints` | a numeric vector containing all possible time points to be considered including time point zero and the last time point |

## Details

time point zero is never included in any time option and the last time point is always included. Note that the last time point is not a member of any zone. The number of time points in every time options is therefore the total number of time points specified in `timeZone` plus 1 for the last time point.

## Value

SetOfTimePoints-class

## Examples

```
timeZonesEx             <-  getExampleTimeZones()
fullTimePointsEx        <-  seq( 0 , 21 , 1 )
print(timeZonesEx)
setOfTimePoints         <-  getAllTimeOptions( timeZones = timeZonesEx ,
   fullTimePoints = fullTimePointsEx )
setOfTimePoints         <-  getAllTimeOptions(
  timeZones = data.frame(startTime = 0 , endTime = 21 , nPointsPerZone = 1) ,
  fullTimePoints = fullTimePointsEx
 )
```

---

# getCoeffVariationError

*generic function to extract* coeffVariationError *slot*

---

## Description

generic function to extract coeffVariationError slot

## Usage

```
getCoeffVariationError(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'PkModelParent'
getCoeffVariationError(object)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | a S4 class object |
| ... | additional parameters |

---

# getCombinationsWithMaxNRepetitions

*get all combinations with a maximum number of repetitions*

---

## Description

get all combinations with a maximum number of repetitions

## Usage

```
getCombinationsWithMaxNRepetitions(sourceVector, nDraws,
  maxRepetitions = 1, nCombinationsOnly = FALSE)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| sourceVector | is a vector with options to draw from |
| nDraws | the combination size |
| maxRepetitions | the number of times an element of the sampleVector can occur in a group |
| nCombinationsOnly | if TRUE it returns the number of combinations instead of the combinations itself, defaults to FALSE |

### Value

a matrix with as a combination per row, unless nCombinationsOnly is TRUE

### Examples

```
test1    <-  getCombinationsWithMaxNRepetitions( c("a" , "b" , "c" ) ,
 nDraws = 2, maxRepetitions = 2 )
test2    <-  getCombinationsWithMaxNRepetitions( 1:5 , nDraws = 3, maxRepetitions = 3 )
test3    <-  getCombinationsWithMaxNRepetitions( 1:5 , nDraws = 3, maxRepetitions = 3 ,
 nCombinationsOnly = TRUE  )
```

---

## getConstraintsExample *get a minimal example of a constraint data frame*

---

### Description

get a minimal example of a constraint data frame

### Usage

```
getConstraintsExample()
```

---

## getCorrelationMatrix *generic function to extract the* correlationMatrix*-slot*

---

### Description

generic function to extract the correlationMatrix-slot

### Usage

```
getCorrelationMatrix(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'PkModelParent'
getCorrelationMatrix(object)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | a S4 class object |
| ... | additional parameters |

---

## getData *generic function to extract the* .Data*-slot*

---

### Description

generic function to extract the .Data-slot

### Usage

```
getData(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'SetOfSchemes'
getData(object)

## S4 method for signature 'PkData'
getData(object)

## S4 method for signature 'SetOfTimePoints'
getData(object)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | a S4 class object |
| ... | additional parameters |

---

## getDosingInfo *generic function to extract* dosingInfo*-slot*

---

### Description

generic function to extract dosingInfo-slot

### Usage

```
getDosingInfo(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'PkModelParent'
getDosingInfo(object)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | a S4 class object |
| ... | additional parameters |

## getExampleData *generate an mimimal example of a Pk data without a model*

### Description

generate an mimimal example of a Pk data without a model

### Usage

```
getExampleData()
```

### Examples

```
getExampleData()
```

## getExampleObjective *example objective function for* rankObject

### Description

example objective function for rankObject

### Usage

```
getExampleObjective()
```

## getExampleParameters *get example parameters to use in* pkOdeModel2Compartments *example*

### Description

get example parameters to use in pkOdeModel2Compartments example

### Usage

```
getExampleParameters()
```

## getExamplePkCurve *example of 1 pk curve to be used to test pkCurveStat_[function]*

### Description

example of 1 pk curve to be used to test pkCurveStat_[function]

### Usage

```
getExamplePkCurve(times)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| times | a numeric vector of timePoints |

### Value

a data.frame with time and concentration as columns

### Examples

```
getExamplePkCurve( times = 0:10  )
```

## getExamplePkModel *get minimal example of* PkModel-class

### Description

get minimal example of PkModel-class

### Usage

```
getExamplePkModel()
```

### Examples

```
getExamplePkModel()
```

## getExamplePkModelRange

*get minimal example of* PkModelRange-class

### Description

get minimal example of PkModelRange-class

### Usage

```
getExamplePkModelRange()
```

### Examples

```
getExamplePkModelRange()
```

## getExampleSetOfSchemes

*get a minimal example of a set of schemes object*

### Description

get a minimal example of a set of schemes object

### Usage

```
getExampleSetOfSchemes()
```

## getExampleSetOfTimePoints

*get a minimal example set of time points to test functions with*

### Description

get a minimal example set of time points to test functions with

### Usage

```
getExampleSetOfTimePoints(fullTimePoints, nTimePointsSelect = 5,
  nChoicesSubset = 7)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| fullTimePoints | numeric vector of time points |
| nTimePointsSelect | number of time points to select from the full time points, defaults to 5 |
| nChoicesSubset | number of all selection to retain for the example to avoid a large object defaults to 7 |

### Examples

```
getExampleSetOfTimePoints( fullTimePoints = 0:10, nTimePointsSelect = 5, nChoicesSubset = 7 )
```

---

## getExampleTimeData *generate example PkData object to be used in example rankTimePoints*

---

### Description

generate example PkData object to be used in example rankTimePoints

### Usage

```
getExampleTimeData()
```

---

## getExampleTimeZones *working example time zone dataframe to use in examples*

---

### Description

working example time zone dataframe to use in examples

### Usage

```
getExampleTimeZones()
```

getIndividualParameters *sample subject specific parameters to input in pharmacodynamic model paramaters are sample from a log-normal distribution*

## Description

sample subject specific parameters to input in pharmacodynamic model paramaters are sample from a log-normal distribution

## Usage

```
getIndividualParameters(meanParam, coeffVariation, nSubjects,
  corrMatrix = NULL)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| meanParam | numeric vector containing mean information of a set of parameters |
| coeffVariation | coefficient of variantion to inform the variance of the subject |
| nSubjects | the number of subjects which should be sampled |
| corrMatrix | optional correlation matrix when not specified parameters are assumed independent |

## Value

a matrix with rows subject and columns parameters

## Examples

```
parameters              <-  c( 1 , 0.1 , 10 , 3 )
names( parameters )     <-  c( "Ka", "Ke" , "volume" , "dose" )
coeffVariation          <-  c( 0.05 , 0.05 , 0.05, 0 )
names(coeffVariation)   <-  names( parameters )
nSubjects               <-  9

# example correlation matrix
corrMatrix              <-  matrix(0.2 , nrow = 4 , ncol = 4) +
   diag( rep( 0.8 , 4 ) ) # correlation on the the log scale

# assuming independence between parameters
getIndividualParameters( parameters , coeffVariation ,  nSubjects = 9 )

# assuming correlations between parameters
getIndividualParameters( parameters , coeffVariation ,  nSubjects = 9 , corrMatrix)
getIndividualParameters( meanParam = parameters , coeffVariation ,  nSubjects = 3 , corrMatrix)
```

getMMCurve *calculate Michealis-Menten relation between x and velocity and rate*

## Description

calculate Michealis-Menten relation between x and velocity and rate

## Usage

```
getMMCurve(x, Vmax, kappaMM, constantValue = NA)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| x | numeric vector, independent variable in Michaelis-Menten function representing a concentration or dose |
| Vmax | is the maximum rate ( x * Vmax / (kappaMM + x ) ) with increasing x |
| kappaMM | scalar representing Michaelis-Menten constant wich is the x at the rate reaches half of Vmax |
| constantValue | mumeric constant if not NULL , the rate equals x*constantValue with Vmax and kappaMM are ignored, defaults to NA |

## Value

data.frame given te relation between concentration and velocity and rate with columns

- x
- velocity wich is rate/concentration
- rate rate ( x * Vmax / (kappaMM + x )
- Vmax input value
- kappaMM input value

## Examples

```
getMMCurve( x = seq( 0 , 1 , 0.01 ) , Vmax = 5 , kappaMM = 0.3 )
getMMCurve( x = seq( 0 , 3 , 0.01 ) , Vmax = 5 , kappaMM = 0.3 )
getMMCurve( x = seq( 0 , 1 , 0.01 ) , Vmax = 5 , kappaMM = 0.3 , constantValue = 3 )
```

## getModelFunction *generic function to extract* modelFunction *slot from S4-class object*

### Description

generic function to extract modelFunction slot from S4-class object

### Usage

```
getModelFunction(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'PkModelParent'
getModelFunction(object)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | a S4 class object |
| ... | additional parameters |

## getNames *generic function extract the names of an S4-object*

### Description

generic function extract the names of an S4-object

### Usage

```
getNames(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'SetOfSchemes'
getNames(object)

## S4 method for signature 'SetOfTimePoints'
getNames(object)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | a S4 class object |
| ... | additional parameters |

## getNSchemes *generic function to extract* nSchemes-*slot*

### Description

generic function to extract nSchemes-slot

### Usage

```
getNSchemes(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'SetOfSchemes'
getNSchemes(object)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | a S4 class object |
| ... | additional parameters |

## getNSubjects *generic function to extract* nSubjects-*slot*

### Description

generic function to extract nSubjects-slot

### Usage

```
getNSubjects(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'SetOfSchemes'
getNSubjects(object)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | a S4 class object |
| ... | additional parameters |

## getParameters *generic function to extract* parameter*-slot*

### Description

generic function to extract parameter-slot

### Usage

```
getParameters(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'PkModelParent'
getParameters(object)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | a S4 class object |
| ... | additional parameters |

## getPkData *simulate* PkData-class *from* PkModel-class

### Description

simulate PkData-class from PkModel-class

### Usage

```
getPkData(pkModel, timePoints, nSubjectsPerScheme, nSamples,
  errorCorrelationMatrixIntime = diag(1, length(timePoints)),
  nCores = 1, dirIntermediateOutput = NULL)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| pkModel | an object of PkModel-class |
| timePoints | numeric vector of time points |
| nSubjectsPerScheme | numeric constant, number of subjects per dataset on which a sampling scheme can be applied |
| nSamples | number of datasets to sample |
| errorCorrelationMatrixIntime | the correlation between additive error terms within a subject, by default no correlation |

nCores — number of cores used for parallel computing, defaults to 1 (remark no random numbers are generated in parallel)

dirIntermediateOutput — directory to write intermediate output to for debugging, defaults to NULL, when no intermediate output is written down

## Value

PkData-class object

## Examples

```
getPkData( getExamplePkModel() , 0:5 , nSubjectsPerScheme = 3 , nSamples = 4  )
getPkData( getExamplePkModel() , 0:5 , nSubjectsPerScheme = 7 , nSamples = 1  )
```

---

# getPkModel *generic function extract a PkModel-class*

---

## Description

generic function extract a PkModel-class

## Usage

```
getPkModel(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'PkData'
getPkModel(object)
```

## Arguments

object — an S4 object

... — additional parameters

## Examples

```
getPkModel( getExampleData() )
```

## getPkModelArticle *reproduce the example of the article of Helen Barnet et al.*

### Description

reproduce the example of the article of Helen Barnet et al.

### Usage

```
getPkModelArticle()
```

### Note

this models serves only to reproduce results of the article, and allows only 1 dose administered at time 0.

### Examples

```
model       <-  getPkModelArticle()
summary( model )
testData    <-    getPkData( model , 1:12 , nSubjectsPerScheme = 3 , nSamples = 7 )
plotObject( model , times = 0:12  )
 plotAverageRat( model , doseZero = 100 , timePoints = seq(0,12,0.5) )
```

## getPkModels *Generate all possible* PkModel-class *from* PkModelRange-class *combination of ranges*

### Description

Generate all possible PkModel-class from PkModelRange-class combination of ranges

### Usage

```
getPkModels(object, outputDirectory = NULL)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | PkModelRange-class |
| outputDirectory | directory to save models as .Rds objects, defaults to NULL when a temporary directory is made to save models |

### Value

PkModelRange-class objects saved as a subsdirectory of the outputdirectory

### Note

the outputDirectory is should be empty

---

getRanking *generic function to extract the* ranking*-slot*

---

### Description

generic function to extract the ranking-slot

### Usage

```
getRanking(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'SetOfSchemes'
getRanking(object)

## S4 method for signature 'SetOfTimePoints'
getRanking(object)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | a S4 class object |
| ... | additional parameters |

---

getSetOfSchemes *Generate a* SetOfSchemes-class *object of speficified dimensions ( subjects, observations per t) for a given set of time points which meets user specified constraints*

---

### Description

Generate a SetOfSchemes-class object of speficified dimensions ( subjects, observations per t) for a given set of time points which meets user specified constraints

### Usage

```
getSetOfSchemes(minNSubjects, maxNSubjects, minObsPerSubject,
  maxObsPerSubject, timePoints, constraints = NULL,
  maxRepetitionIndSchemes = 1, maxNumberOfSchemesBeforeChecks = 10^5,
  returnNSchemesBeforeConstraints = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

`minNSubjects` numeric, the mimimum number of subjects per scheme

`maxNSubjects` numeric, the maximum number of subjects per scheme

`minObsPerSubject`
numeric, the mimimum number of sampling occasions per subject

`maxObsPerSubject`
numeric, the maximum number of sampling occasions per subject

`timePoints` numeric vector of time points larger then zero, at which subject can be sampled

`constraints` data.frame specifying constraints the scheme should meet. with columns:

- check: identifier of the function to perform the check
- level: the level at wich the check is applied: either at the subject level or scheme level
- value: input value used by the check function

(a user can add constraint functions following naming convention `check_[level]_[check]` see examples: ( `check_scheme_minObsPerTimePoint` and `check_subject_maxConsecSamples`) ) remark: number of subjects per scheme or number of observations per scheme should not be specified in `constraints`

`maxRepetitionIndSchemes`
the maximum number of times an individual subject scheme can be repeated, defaults to 1

`maxNumberOfSchemesBeforeChecks`
the maximum number of schemes to consider before applying scheme constraints, to avoid to long processing and using up memory. defaults to 10^5

`returnNSchemesBeforeConstraints`
if `TRUE` return only number of schemes before checking constraints instead of the schemes themselves, defaults to `FALSE`

## Note

keep number of subjects , range of number of subjects and observations per subject and number of timep points restricted to avoid a large number of potential schemes slowing down computation and increasing memory usage

only schemes with minimal one observation per subject are contained even if not specified in constraints

## Examples

```
timePoints          <-  c( 1.2 , 1.3 ,  2, 5  )
constraints         <-  getConstraintsExample()
ex1   <-  getSetOfSchemes( minNSubjects = 4 , maxNSubjects = 4 ,
  minObsPerSubject = 3 , maxObsPerSubject = 3 , timePoints , constraints )
ex2   <-  getSetOfSchemes( minNSubjects = 4 , maxNSubjects = 4 ,
  minObsPerSubject = 3 , maxObsPerSubject = 3 , timePoints ,
  constraints ,  maxRepetitionIndSchemes = 1 )
ex3   <-  getSetOfSchemes( minNSubjects = 4 , maxNSubjects = 4 ,
  minObsPerSubject = 2 , maxObsPerSubject = 3 , timePoints ,
```

```
  constraints , maxRepetitionIndSchemes = 1 )
ex4   <-  getSetOfSchemes( minNSubjects = 2 , maxNSubjects = 5 ,
  minObsPerSubject = 2 , maxObsPerSubject = 3 , timePoints ,
  constraints , maxRepetitionIndSchemes = 1 )
ex5   <-  getSetOfSchemes( minNSubjects = 2 , maxNSubjects = 5 ,
  minObsPerSubject = 2 , maxObsPerSubject = 3 , timePoints ,
  maxRepetitionIndSchemes = 2 )
## Not run:
  # this should trow an error (to many combinations required )
  ex6   <-  getSetOfSchemes( minNSubjects = 2 , maxNSubjects = 5 ,
     minObsPerSubject = 2 ,  maxObsPerSubject = 3 , timePoints ,
     maxRepetitionIndSchemes = 2 ,  maxNumberOfSchemesBeforeChecks = 1000 )

## End(Not run)
```

---

`getTimeChoicePerformance` *estimate the distance between population average an average over sample datasets with given time points (zero point included)*

---

## Description

estimate the distance between population average an average over sample datasets with given time points (zero point included)

## Usage

```
getTimeChoicePerformance(timePointInd, pkData, popAvCurve, timeGrid,
  printMCError = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| `timePointInd` | a vector indicating time points indicator selection of time points from fullTimePoints |
| `pkData` | PkData-class |
| `popAvCurve` | an interpolated population average curve |
| `timeGrid` | the grid point at which to interpolate the curve |
| `printMCError` | logical indicater when true the MC error is printed to the terminal, defaults to FALSE |

## Value

numeric value of the timePoint choice performance

## Examples

```
# get example inputs
fullPkData                <-  getExampleTimeData() # PkData object
fullTimePoints            <-  getTimePoints(fullPkData)
examplePopAvCurve         <-  fullTimePoints^2
timePointIndicators       <-  c( 1 , 5, 21 ) # zero point included
nGridPoints               <-  25
timeGrid                  <-  seq( min( fullTimePoints ),
   max( fullTimePoints ) , length.out = nGridPoints )
popCurveInterpolated      <-  microsamplingDesign:::interpolateVec( fullTimePoints ,
  examplePopAvCurve,  timeGrid )

getTimeChoicePerformance( timePointInd = timePointIndicators, pkData = fullPkData ,
  popAvCurve = popCurveInterpolated, timeGrid )

getTimeChoicePerformance( timePointInd = timePointIndicators, pkData = fullPkData ,
  popAvCurve = popCurveInterpolated, timeGrid, printMCError = TRUE )
```

---

`getTimePoints` *generic function to extract* `timePoints`*-slot*

---

## Description

generic function to extract `timePoints`-slot

## Usage

```
getTimePoints(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'SetOfSchemes'
getTimePoints(object)

## S4 method for signature 'PkData'
getTimePoints(object)

## S4 method for signature 'SetOfTimePoints'
getTimePoints(object)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| `object` | a S4 class object |
| `...` | additional parameters |

`getTopNRanking` *extract the top n rankings as numeric vector*

## Description

extract the top n rankings as numeric vector

## Usage

```
getTopNRanking(ranking, nSelect, top = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| `ranking` | ranking slot of a `SetOfTimePoints-class` or `SetOfSchemes-class` |
| `nSelect` | the number of items to select |
| `top` | logical value if `TRUE` the top of the ranking is selected, if `FALSE` the bottom of the ranking is selected, defaults to `TRUE` |

## Value

numeric vector of items (number of timePointOption or scheme ) from highest to lowest rank

`oneCompartmentOralModel`
*solution of one compartmental oral administration model only use one set of parameters, times can input can be an numeric array*

## Description

solution of one compartmental oral administration model only use one set of parameters, times can input can be an numeric array

## Usage

```
oneCompartmentOralModel(parameters, time, dosingInfo)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| `parameters` | a numeric verctor of parameters as input to the model with names<br>• Ka: constant absorption rate<br>• Ke: constant elimination rate<br>• dose: initial dose<br>• volume: volume to which the dose is administered |
| `time` | a numeric vector containing timePoints at which the concentration should be predicted timepoint zero is defined as the moment the dose is administered |
| `dosingInfo` | see `link{PkModel-class}` but opnly one dose at time zero allowed |

### Value

vector of concentrations corresponding to the input timePoints

---

`pkCurveStat` *calculate summary statistics from a pkCurve*

---

### Description

implemented statistics:

- auc area under the curve , between first and last time points
- cMax maximum concentration
- tMax time at maximum concentration

### Usage

```
pkCurveStat_auc(concentration, timePoints)

pkCurveStat_cMax(concentration, timePoints)

pkCurveStat_tMax(concentration, timePoints)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| `concentration` | numeric vector of concentrations corresponding to `timePoints` |
| `timePoints` | `time` and `concentration` |

### Value

a numeric value

### Examples

```
## toy example
timeToy               <-  1:2
concToy               <-  1:2

pkCurveStat_auc( concToy ,  timeToy )
pkCurveStat_cMax( concToy ,  timeToy  )
pkCurveStat_tMax( concToy ,  timeToy  )

## real example
times                 <-  c(0 , 1.5 , 2:10)
concentration         <-  getExamplePkCurve( times )
pkCurveStat_auc( concentration , times  )
pkCurveStat_cMax( concentration , times   )
pkCurveStat_tMax( concentration , times   )
```

PkData-class *An S4 object containing samples from a Pk model*

## Description

An S4 object containing samples from a Pk model

## Slots

`modelFunction` a function of parameters and hyperparameters

`parameters` a data.frame of parameters of mean parameters as input to the modelFunction with columns:

- parameter: parameter name for
- explanation: optional explantion
- value: fixed parameter value for `PkModel-class`, for `PkModel-class` split up between `minValue` and `maxValue`
- coeffVariation: the coefficient of variation ( standard deviation / mean ) specifying between-subject variation, for `PkModelRange-class` split up into `minValue` and `maxValue`

`correlationMatrix` correlation matrix of parameters at the log-scale

`coeffVariationError` the coefficient of variation for residual normally distributed error, for `PkModelRange-class` split up into `minCoeffVariationError` and `maxCoeffVariationError` @slot dosingInfo data frame containing:

- time numeric, times when a dose is administered
- dose numeric, with an amount of dose

`timePoints` vector of time points

`.Data` a numerical array of 3 dimensions ( nSubjects x nTimePoints x nSamples )

## Note

other slots are inherited from {`PkModel-class`}

## Author(s)

Adriaan Blommaert

`PkModel-class` *S4 class PkModel representing a pharmacokinetic model and its parameters*

## Description

S4 class PkModel representing a pharmacokinetic model and its parameters

## Slots

`modelFunction` a function of parameters and hyperparameters

`parameters` a data.frame of parameters of mean parameters as input to the modelFunction with columns:

- parameter: parameter name for
- explanation: optional explantion
- value: fixed parameter value for `PkModel-class`, for `PkModel-class` split up between `minValue` and `maxValue`
- coeffVariation: the coefficient of variation ( standard deviation / mean ) specifying between-subject variation, for `PkModelRange-class` split up into `minValue` and `maxValue`

`correlationMatrix` correlation matrix of parameters at the log-scale

`coeffVariationError` the coefficient of variation for residual normally distributed error, for `PkModelRange-class` split up into `minCoeffVariationError` and `maxCoeffVariationError` @slot dosingInfo data frame containing:

- time numeric, times when a dose is administered
- dose numeric, with an amount of dose

## Author(s)

Adriaan Blommaert

`PkModelRange-class` *S4 class PkModel representing a pharmacokinetic model and its parameters and uncertainty of parameter choices by ranges*

## Description

S4 class PkModel representing a pharmacokinetic model and its parameters and uncertainty of parameter choices by ranges

### Slots

`modelFunction` a function of parameters and hyperparameters

`parameters` a data.frame of parameters of mean parameters as input to the modelFunction with columns:

- parameter: parameter name for
- explanation: optional explantion
- value: fixed parameter value for `PkModel-class`, for `PkModel-class` split up between `minValue` and `maxValue`
- coeffVariation: the coefficient of variation ( standard deviation / mean ) specifying between-subject variation, for `PkModelRange-class` split up into `minValue` and `maxValue`

`correlationMatrix` correlation matrix of parameters at the log-scale

`coeffVariationError` the coefficient of variation for residual normally distributed error, for `PkModelRange-class` split up into `minCoeffVariationError` and `maxCoeffVariationError` @slot dosingInfo data frame containing:

- time numeric, times when a dose is administered
- dose numeric, with an amount of dose

---

## plotAverageRat *plot plasma concentration for average individual (i.e average parameter values) in function of dose at time zero*

---

### Description

plot plasma concentration for average individual (i.e average parameter values) in function of dose at time zero

### Usage

```
plotAverageRat(pkModel, doseZero, timePoints)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| `pkModel` | `PkModel-class` |
| `doseZero` | numeric value, dose given at time zero |
| `timePoints` | a numeric vector of time points to plot the plasma concentration at |

### Value

ggplot object

### Note

dose inside de `pkModel` is not used

### Examples

```
plotAverageRat( getExamplePkModel() , 2 , seq( 0 , 20, 0.1 ) )
```

## plotMMCurve *plot Michealis-Menten curve for either capacity dependent absorption or clearance*

### Description

plot Michealis-Menten curve for either capacity dependent absorption or clearance

### Usage

```
plotMMCurve(dataInput, parameter)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| dataInput | output of function getMMCurve |
| parameter | character value indicating either absorption or clearance |

### Value

ggplot2-object

### Examples

```
plotMMCurve( dataInput = getMMCurve( seq(0, 5 , 0.01 ) ,
    Vmax = 5 , kappaMM = 0.3 ) , parameter = "absorption" )
plotMMCurve( dataInput = getMMCurve( seq(0, 5 , 0.01 ) ,
    Vmax = 5 , kappaMM = 0.3 , constantValue = 4 ) , parameter = "absorption" )
plotMMCurve( dataInput = getMMCurve( seq(0, 1 , 0.01 ) ,
    Vmax = 2 , kappaMM = 0.3 ) , parameter = "clearance" )
plotMMCurve( dataInput = getMMCurve( seq(0, 1 , 0.01 ) ,
     Vmax = 2 , kappaMM = 0.3 , constantValue = 1.5 ) , parameter = "clearance" )
```

## plotMMKinetics *plot MM kinetics of both absorption and clearance*

### Description

plot MM kinetics of both absorption and clearance

### Usage

```
plotMMKinetics(pkModel, doseRange, concentrationRange,
  absorptionYRange = NULL, clearanceYRange = NULL)
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| pkModel | an object of PkModel-class |
| doseRange | numeric vector representing the range of doses for absorption plot |
| concentrationRange | numeric vector representing the range of concentrations for the clearance plot |
| absorptionYRange | numeric vector of size 2 specifying y-limits for the absorption plot, defaults to NULL |
| clearanceYRange | numeric vector of size 2 specifying y-limits for the clearance plot, defaults to NULL |

### Value

ggplot2 object

### Examples

```
plotMMKinetics( pkModel = getExamplePkModel() ,
   doseRange = seq( 0 , 5 , 0.1 ) ,
   concentrationRange = seq( 0 , 2.5 , 0.1  ) )
plotMMKinetics( pkModel = getExamplePkModel() ,
    doseRange = seq( 0 , 5 , 0.1 ) ,
    concentrationRange = seq( 0 , 2.5 , 0.1  ) ,
    clearanceYRange = c( 0 , 50 ) , absorptionYRange = c( 0 , 10 )  )
```

---

## plotObject *generic function to plot an object*

---

### Description

generic function to plot an object

### Usage

```
plotObject(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'PkModel'
plotObject(object, times, nCurves = 12,
  nSamplesIntegration = 1000, seed = 134, sampleCurvesOnly = FALSE,
  indSamplingPoints = FALSE)

## S4 method for signature 'PkData'
plotObject(object, nCurves = NULL,
  nSamplesIntegration = 1000, sampleCurvesOnly = TRUE, seed = NULL,
  indSamplingPoints = TRUE, addZeroIsZero = FALSE)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | a S4 class object |
| ... | additional parameters |
| times | numeric vector at of times at which the model should be simulated for PkModel-class |
| nCurves | the number of sample curves defaults to 12 for PkModel-class , if PkData-class defaults to NULL meaning all data are plotted |
| nSamplesIntegration | number of simulated curves to calculate averaged curve, defaults to 1000 |
| seed | specify the random seed to draw samples to get the same plot each time |
| sampleCurvesOnly | logical value if TRUE only sample curves are displayed and the averaged curve omitted , defaults to FALSE for PkModel-class and TRUE for PkData-class |
| indSamplingPoints | logical indicator if TRUE sample times are indicated on the plot, defaults to FALSE for PkModel-class and TRUE for PkData-class |
| addZeroIsZero | logical value, when TRUE the zero point is added to the plot with value zero ( only for PkData-class , defaults to FALSE ) |

## Examples

```
## Not run:
# examples with limited number of samples, increase samples in practice
plotObject( object =  getExamplePkModel() ,
   times = seq( 0 , 10 , 1 )  , nSamplesIntegration = 25 )
plotObject( object =  getExamplePkModel() ,
   times = seq( 0 , 10 , 1 ) , nCurves = 3 , nSamplesIntegration = 5  )
plotObject( object =  getExamplePkModel() ,
    times = seq( 0 , 10 , 1 ) , nCurves = 3 , sampleCurvesOnly = TRUE  )

## End(Not run)
## Not run:
pkData    <-   getPkData( getExamplePkModel() , 1:10 ,  5 , 10 )
plotObject( object =  pkData  )
plotObject( object =  pkData , nCurves = 2 )
plotObject( object =  pkData , nCurves = 2 , addZeroIsZero = TRUE )
plotObject( object = pkData , nCurves = 3 ,
   sampleCurvesOnly = FALSE , nSamplesIntegration = 25   )

## End(Not run)
```

---

# rankObject *generic function to calulate a* ranking*-slot*

---

## Description

generic function to calulate a ranking-slot

## Usage

```
rankObject(object, ...)

fastRankSchemes(object, pkData, objective, nCores = 1)

## S4 method for signature 'SetOfSchemes'
rankObject(object, pkData, objective,
  varianceMeasure = "var", scaleWith = "max", skipTests = FALSE,
  nCores = 1)

## S4 method for signature 'SetOfTimePoints'
rankObject(object, pkData, nGrid = 100,
  nSamplesAvCurve = 1000, useAverageRat = FALSE, avCurve = NULL,
  nCores = 1)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | a S4 class object |
| ... | additional parameters |
| pkData | PkData-class |
| objective | a data.frame with columns:<br>• criterion summary function of an estimeted pkCurve (data frame with columns time and concentration): area under the curve (auc) ; maximum concentration (cMax) and time when the maximum concentration is reached (tMax); user defined functions are alowed but prefix pkCurveStat_ should be added in function definition, see examples pkCurveStat<br>• weight relative importance of the different criteria |
| nCores | number of cores used in parellel processing, defaults to 1 |
| varianceMeasure | variance criteria applied to the objective, defaults to summarise objective over sample data, defaults to var |
| scaleWith | function to scale different criteria in objective before combining results by taking a weighted sum |
| skipTests | if TRUE object validity and compatibility is not tested, defaults to FALSE , doing these tests is slow |
| nGrid | number of equally spaced point to calculate the distance between sample and population averaged kinetic curve, defaults to 100 |
| nSamplesAvCurve | the number of samples to calculate the averaged curve ( only to rank SetOfTimePoints-class), defaults to 1000 |
| useAverageRat | logical value if TRUE, the average rat (with random effects equal to zero and no additional error) is used instead of the integrated out population averaged curve, defaults to FALSE; this is faster but biased |
| avCurve | a user specified averaged curve, when specified, the average curve is no longer calculated from the pkModel, defaults to NULL |

## Details

fastRankSchemes is a faster version to rankSetOfSchemes-class objects , with fixed settings ( objective AUC and cMax , summary measure is variance and scale measure is maximum ). It is meant to be used inside the shiny application

## Value

SetOfSchemes-class object

## Note

when ranking SetOfSchemes-class using if multiple criteria, the combined criterion is rescaled such that the best result is 1

if SetOfTimePoints-class timePoints are ranked according to mimimal distance between population average curve and the estimate of the population average curve based on a selection of time points.

## Examples

```
## Not run:
  setOfSchemes             <-  getExampleSetOfSchemes()
  dataForSchemes            <-  getExampleData()
  ex1       <-  rankObject( object = setOfSchemes, dataForSchemes ,
    objective = data.frame( criterion = "auc" , weight = 1 ) )
  getRanking(ex1) # to get the dataframe and not the whole object
  ex2       <-  rankObject( object = setOfSchemes, dataForSchemes ,
    objective = data.frame( criterion = "auc" , weight = 1 )  ,
    varianceMeasure = "sd" , scaleWith = "min" )
  getRanking(ex2)
  ex3       <-  rankObject( object = setOfSchemes, dataForSchemes ,
    objective = data.frame( criterion = c( "auc" , "cMax" , "tMax" )  ,
     weight = c( 9 , 1, 1 ) ) )
  getRanking(ex3)

  # example with own defined varianceMeasure
  rangeWidth     <-  function( x ){
     range <-  range(x) ;
     rangeWith  <-  range[2] - range[1]; rangeWith
   }
  ex4       <-  rankObject( object = setOfSchemes, dataForSchemes ,
      objective = data.frame( criterion = c( "auc" , "cMax" , "tMax" )  ,
      weight = c( 9 , 1, 1 ) ) ,
      varianceMeasure = "rangeWidth" ,
      scaleWith = "mean" )

## End(Not run)
## Not run:
 fullTimePoints    <-  0:10
 setOfTimePoints   <-  getExampleSetOfTimePoints( fullTimePoints)
 pkDataExample    <-  getPkData( getExamplePkModel() , getTimePoints( setOfTimePoints ) ,
   nSubjectsPerScheme = 5 , nSamples = 17   )
```

```
ex1              <-  rankObject( object = setOfTimePoints , pkData = pkDataExample ,
    nGrid = 75 , nSamplesAvCurve = 13)
ex2              <-  rankObject( object = setOfTimePoints ,   pkData = pkDataExample ,
    nGrid = 75 , nSamplesAvCurve = 13 , useAverageRat = TRUE )
ex3              <-  rankObject( object = setOfTimePoints ,   pkData = pkDataExample ,
    nGrid = 75 , avCurve = rep(0 , length(fullTimePoints) ) )

## End(Not run)
```

---

`rankObjectWithRange` *Rank a* `SetOfSchemes-class` *or a* `SetOfTimePoints` *object using data generated per scneario defined by* `PkModelRange-class`

---

## Description

Rank a `SetOfSchemes-class` or a `SetOfTimePoints` object using data generated per scneario defined by `PkModelRange-class`

## Usage

```
rankObjectWithRange(object, pkModelRange, nSim,
  summaryFunctionOverScenarios = "max", directory = NULL, nCores = 1,
  seed = 123, ...)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| `object` | to be ranked |
| `pkModelRange` | see `PkModelRange-class` |
| `nSim` | number of samples dataset to generate per scenario (= combination of uncertain parameters) |
| `summaryFunctionOverScenarios` | function to summarize performance over different scenarios, defaults to `max` which corresponds to the min-max criterion |
| `directory` | directory to save models as `.Rds` objects, defaults to `NULL` when a temporary directory is made to save models and additional info on simulation settings, ranks, ... |
| `nCores` | number of cores used internally for ranking |
| `seed` | random seed reset when ranking on each directory ( for reproducibility ) , defaults to `123` |
| `...` | additional parameters to pass to `rankObject` |

## Note

parallel computing at level of individual ranking and data generation

see `rankObject` for additional arguments, whem ranking a `link{SetOfTimePoints-class}` , `nSubjectsPerScheme` should be included

The same random seed is used when using parallel computations

## Examples

```
## Not run:  # takes to much time for CRAN
 ## rank SetOfSchemes
setOfSchemesExample    <-  getExampleSetOfSchemes()
pkModelRange           <-  getExamplePkModelRange()
nSim                   <-  13
testDirectory1         <-  file.path( tempdir() , "test1" )
dir.create( testDirectory1 )
rankObjectWithRange( object = setOfSchemesExample , pkModelRange ,  nSim = 13  ,
  summaryFunctionOverScenarios = "max" ,
 directory  = testDirectory1 , varianceMeasure = "sd" , objective = getExampleObjective()
  , nCores = 1 )


## rank set of timePoints
timePoints          <-  getExampleSetOfTimePoints( 0:10 )
testDirectory2      <-  file.path( tempdir() , "test2" )
dir.create( testDirectory2 )
rankObjectWithRange( object = timePoints , pkModelRange ,  nSim = 13  ,
  summaryFunctionOverScenarios = "max" ,  directory  = testDirectory2 , nGrid = 20 ,
  nSamplesAvCurve = 25 , nSubjectsPerScheme = 3
  , nCores = 1 )

# remark : use larger number of simulation in realistic context

## clean up directories
 unlink( testDirectory1 , recursive = TRUE )
 unlink( testDirectory2 , recursive = TRUE )

## End(Not run)
```

---

# setCoeffVariationError<-

*replace* coeffVariationError-*slot*

---

## Description

replace coeffVariationError-slot

## Usage

```
setCoeffVariationError( object ) <-  value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'PkModelParent'
setCoeffVariationError(object) <- value
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | a S4 class object |
| value | a value containing the coefficient of variation of the error term |

---

## setCorrelationMatrix<- *replace* correlationMatrix-*slot*

---

### Description

replace correlationMatrix-slot

### Usage

```
setCorrelationMatrix( object ) <-  value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'PkModelParent'
setCorrelationMatrix(object) <- value
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | a S4 class object |
| value | a matrix containing correlations between parameters |

---

## setDosingInfo<- *replace* dosingInfo-*slot*

---

### Description

replace dosingInfo-slot

### Usage

```
setDosingInfo(object) <-  value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'PkModelParent'
setDosingInfo(object) <- value
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | a S4 class object |
| value | a data.frame containing dosing information |

`setModelToAverageRat` *get a model with all variances to zero*

## Description

get a model with all variances to zero

## Usage

```
setModelToAverageRat(pkModel)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| `pkModel` | `PkModel-class` |

`SetOfSchemes-class` *S4 class SetOfSchemes representing a set of designs with given time points*

## Description

S4 class SetOfSchemes representing a set of designs with given time points

## Slots

`.Data` a logical array of 3 dimensions ( nSubjects x nTimePoints x nSchemes )

`timePoints` numeric vector of time Points

`nSchemes` integer value number of schemes

`nSubjects` numeric maximum number of subjects per scheme

`designConstraints` a data.frame of constraints on possible sampling schemes as background information

`ranking` is a data.frame which is the rank of the schemes according to a specific criterion

## Author(s)

Adriaan Blommaert

## SetOfTimePoints-class *S4 class SetOfTimePoints representing a set of designs with given time points*

### Description

S4 class SetOfTimePoints representing a set of designs with given time points

### Slots

`.Data` a numerics array of 2 dimensions ( nTimePointChoices x nTimePointsSelect) contains per time point choice the selected time points in hours

`fullTimePoints` numeric vector of all time points one is willing to consider

`nFullTimePoints` number of all time points one is willing to consider

`nTimePointsSelect` number of time points selected from the fullTimePoints

`nTimePointOptions` number of possible timePoint choices

`ranking` is a data.frame which is the rank of the timePointChoices according to a specific criterion.

### Author(s)

Adriaan Blommaert

## setParameters<- *replace* parameters-*slot*

### Description

replace parameters-slot

### Usage

```
setParameters( object ) <-  value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'PkModelParent'
setParameters(object) <- value
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| `object` | a S4 class object |
| `value` | a data.frame containing parameters |

## setRanking<- *replace* ranking-*slot*

### Description

replace ranking-slot

### Usage

```
setRanking(object) <-  value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'SetOfSchemes'
setRanking(object) <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'SetOfTimePoints'
setRanking(object) <- value
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | a S4 class object |
| value | a data.frame containing a ranking |

## setTimePoints<- *generic function to replace* timePoints-*slot*

### Description

generic function to replace timePoints-slot

### Usage

```
setTimePoints(object) <- value

## S4 replacement method for signature 'SetOfSchemes'
setTimePoints(object) <- value
```

### Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | a S4 class object |
| value | a vector of time points |

`subsetOnTimePoints` *generic function to subset the* `timePoints`*-slot and generate an object of the same class*

## Description

generic function to subset the `timePoints`-slot and generate an object of the same class

## Usage

```
subsetOnTimePoints(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'PkModel'
subsetOnTimePoints(object, timePointsSelect)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| `object` | a S4 class object |
| `...` | additional parameters |
| `timePointsSelect` | a subset of time points to select data for |

## Examples

```
subsetOnTimePoints( pkData, c( 1 , 2 ) )
subsetOnTimePoints( object = pkData, timePointsSelect =  c( 1 , 2 ) )
```

`summary,PkModelParent-method` *function to summarize an object*

## Description

function to summarize an object

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'PkModelParent'
summary(object)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| `object` | `PkModel-class` |

summary,SetOfSchemes-method
*summarize object*

## Description

summarize object

## Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'SetOfSchemes'
summary(object, printToConsole = TRUE)
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| object | SetOfSchemes-class |
| printToConsole | logical value if TRUE prints to console , if FALSE outputs text element , defaults to TRUE |

%ARC%
*All Row Combinations (ARC) function take all combination of rows of 2 matrices and bind them together*

## Description

All Row Combinations (ARC) function take all combination of rows of 2 matrices and bind them together

## Usage

```
matrix1 %ARC% matrix2
```

## Arguments

| | |
|---|---|
| matrix1 | numeric matrix |
| matrix2 | numeric matrix |

## Value

numeric matrix

# Index