

# Package ‘libstableR’

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**Title** Fast and Accurate Evaluation, Random Number Generation and Parameter Estimation of Skew Stable Distributions

**Description** Tools for fast and accurate evaluation of skew stable distributions (CDF, PDF and quantile functions), random number generation and parameter estimation.

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**License** GPL-3

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**libstableR**

*LibstableR: Fast and accurate evaluation, random number generation and parameter estimation of skew stable distributions.*

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**Description**

LibstableR provides functions to work with skew stable distributions in a fast and accurate way [1]. It performs:

**Details**

- Fast and accurate evaluation of the probability density function (PDF) and cumulative density function (CDF).
- Fast and accurate evaluation of the quantile function ( $CDF^{-1}$ ).
- Random numbers generation [2].
- Skew stable parameter estimation with:
  - McCulloch's method of quantiles [3].
  - Koutrouvelis' method based on the characteristic function [4].
  - Maximum likelihood estimation.
  - Modified maximum likelihood estimation as described in [1]. \*The evaluation of the PDF and CDF is based on the formulas provided by John P Nolan in [5].

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**References**

- 1 Royuela-del-Val J, Simmross-Wattenberg F, Alberola López C (2017). libstable: Fast, Parallel and High-Precision Computation of alpha-stable Distributions in R, C/C++ and MATLAB. *Journal of Statistical Software*, 78(1), 1-25. doi:10.18637/jss.v078.i01
- 2 Chambers JM, Mallows CL, Stuck BW (1976). A Method for Simulating Stable Random Variables. *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, 71(354), 340-344. doi:10.1080/01621459.1976.10480344
- 3 McCulloch JH (1986). Simple Consistent Estimators of Stable Distribution Parameters. *Communications in Statistics - Simulation and Computation*, 15(4), 1109-1136. doi:10.1080/03610918608812563
- 4 Koutrouvelis IA (1981). An Iterative Procedure for the Estimation of the Parameters of Stable Laws. *Communications in Statistics - Simulation and Computation*, 10(1), 17-28. doi:10.1080/03610918108812189
- 5 Nolan JP (1997). Numerical Calculation of Stable Densities and Distribution Functions. *Stochastic Models*, 13(4), 759-774. doi:10.1080/15326349708807450

## Examples

```
# Set alpha, beta, sigma and mu stable parameters in a vector
pars <- c(1.5, 0.9, 1, 0)

# Generate an abscissas axis and probabilities vector
x <- seq(-5, 10, 0.05)
p <- seq(0.01, 0.99, 0.01)

# Calculate pdf, cdf and quantiles
pdf <- stable_pdf(x, pars)
cdf <- stable_cdf(x, pars)
xq <- stable_q(p, pars)

# Generate 300 random values
rnd <- stable_rnd(300, pars)

# Estimate the parameters of the skew stable distribution given
# the generated sample:

# Using the McCulloch's estimator:
pars_est_M <- stable_fit_init(rnd)

# Using the Koutrouvelis' estimator:
pars_est_K <- stable_fit_koutrouvelis(rnd, pars_est_M)

# Using maximum likelihood estimator, with McCulloch estimation
# as a starting point:
# pars_est_ML <- stable_fit_mle(rnd, pars_est_M)

# Using modified maximum likelihood estimator (See [1]):
# pars_est_ML2 <- stable_fit_mle2d(rnd, pars_est_M)
```

stable\_fit

*Methods for parameter estimation of skew stable distributions.*

## Description

A set of functions are provided that perform the parameter estimation of skew stable distributions with different methods.

## Usage

```
stable_fit_init(rnd, parametrization = 0L)

stable_fit_koutrouvelis(rnd, pars_init = as.numeric(c()),
parametrization = 0L)
```

## Arguments

<code>rnd</code>	Random sample
<code>parametrization</code>	Parametrization used for the skew stable distribution, as defined by JP Nolan (1997). By default, parametrization = 0.
<code>pars_init</code>	Vector with an initial estimation of the parameters. <code>pars_init = c(alpha, beta, sigma, mu)</code> , where <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>alpha</code>: shape / stability parameter, with <math>0 &lt; \alpha \leq 2</math>.</li> <li>• <code>beta</code>: skewness parameter, with <math>-1 \leq \beta \leq 1</math>.</li> <li>• <code>sigma</code>: scale parameter, with <math>0 &lt; \sigma</math>.</li> <li>• <code>mu</code>: location parameter, with <math>\mu</math> real.</li> </ul>

## Details

- `stable_fit_init()` uses McCulloch's method of quantiles [3]. This is usually a good initialization for the rest of the methods.
- `stable_fit_koutrouvelis()` implements Koutrouvelis' method based on the characteristic function [4].
- `stable_fit_mle()` implements a Maximum likelihood estimation.
- `stable_fit_mle2()` implements a modified maximum likelihood estimation as described in [1].

## Value

A numeric vector.

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## References

- 1 Royuela-del-Val J, Simmross-Wattenberg F, Alberola López C (2017). libstable: Fast, Parallel and High-Precision Computation of alpha-stable Distributions in R, C/C++ and MATLAB. *Journal of Statistical Software*, 78(1), 1-25. doi:10.18637/jss.v078.i01
- 2 Chambers JM, Mallows CL, Stuck BW (1976). A Method for Simulating Stable Random Variables. *Journal of the American Statistical Association*, 71(354), 340-344. doi:10.1080/01621459.1976.10480344.
- 3 McCulloch JH (1986). Simple Consistent Estimators of Stable Distribution Parameters. *Communications in Statistics - Simulation and Computation*, 15(4), 1109-1136. doi:10.1080/03610918608812563.
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## Examples

```
# Set alpha, beta, sigma and mu stable parameters in a vector
pars <- c(1.5, 0.9, 1, 0)

# Generate 300 random values
rnd <- stable_rnd(300, pars)

# Estimate the parameters of the skew stable distribution given
# the generated sample:

# Using the McCulloch's estimator:
pars_init <- stable_fit_init(rnd)

# Using the Koutrouvelis' estimator, with McCulloch estimation
# as a starting point:
pars_est_K <- stable_fit_koutrouvelis(rnd, pars_init)

# Using maximum likelihood estimator:
# pars_est_ML <- stable_fit_mle(rnd, pars_est_K)

# Using modified maximum likelihood estimator (see [1]):
# pars_est_ML2 <- stable_fit_mle2d(rnd, pars_est_K)
```

stable\_pdf\_and\_cdf      *PDF and CDF of a skew stable distribution.*

## Description

Evaluate the PDF or the CDF of the skew stable distribution with parameters `pars = c(alpha, beta, sigma, mu)` at the points given in `x`.

`parametrization` argument specifies the parametrization used for the distribution as described by JP Nolan (1997). The default value is `parametrization = 0`.

`tol` sets the relative error tolerance (precision) to `tol`. The default value is `tol = 1e-12`.

## Usage

```
stable_pdf(x, pars, parametrization = 0L, tol = 1e-12)
```

## Arguments

- |                   |  |
|-------------------|--|
| <code>x</code>    | Vector of points where the pdf will be evaluated.  |
| <code>pars</code> | Vector with an initial estimation of the parameters. <code>pars_init = c(alpha, beta, sigma, mu)</code> , where <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <code>alpha</code>: shape / stability parameter, with <math>0 &lt; \alpha \leq 2</math>.</li> <li>• <code>beta</code>: skewness parameter, with <math>-1 \leq \beta \leq 1</math>.</li> </ul> |

- sigma: scale parameter, with  $0 < \sigma$ .
- mu: location parameter, with  $\mu$  real.

**parametrization**

Parametrization used for the skew stable distribution, as defined by JP Nolan (1997). By default, parametrization = 0.

**tol**

Relative error tolerance (precision) of the calculated values. By default, tol = 1e-12.

**Value**

A numeric vector.

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**References**

Nolan JP (1997). Numerical Calculation of Stable Densities and Distribution Functions. Stochastic Models, 13(4) 759-774.

**Examples**

```
pars <- c(1.5, 0.9, 1, 0)
x <- seq(-5, 10, 0.001)

pdf <- stable_pdf(x, pars)
cdf <- stable_cdf(x, pars)

plot(x, pdf, type = "l")
```

**stable\_q**

*Quantile function of skew stable distributions*

**Description**

Evaluate the quantile function ( $CDF^{-1}$ ) of the skew stable distribution with parameters pars = c(alpha, beta, sigma, mu) at the points given in p.

*parametrization* argument specifies the parametrization used for the distribution as described by JP Nolan (1997). The default value is *parametrization* = 0.

*tol* sets the relative error tolerance (precision) to *tol*. The default value is tol = 1e-12.

**Usage**

```
stable_q(p, pars, parametrization = 0L, tol = 1e-12)
```

**Arguments**

<b>p</b>	Vector of points where the quantile function will be evaluated, with $0 < p[i] < 1.0$
<b>pars</b>	Vector with an initial estimation of the parameters. <code>pars_init = c(alpha, beta, sigma, mu)</code> , where <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• alpha: shape / stability parameter, with <math>0 &lt; \alpha \leq 2</math>.</li> <li>• beta: skewness parameter, with <math>-1 \leq \beta \leq 1</math>.</li> <li>• sigma: scale parameter, with <math>0 &lt; \sigma</math>.</li> <li>• mu: location parameter, with <math>\mu</math> real.</li> </ul>
<b>parametrization</b>	Parametrization used for the skew stable distribution, as defined by JP Nolan (1997). By default, parametrization = 0.
<b>tol</b>	Relative error tolerance (precision) of the calculated values. By default, tol = 1e-12.

**Value**

A numeric vector.

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**stable\_rnd**

*Skew stable distribution random sample generation.*

**Description**

`stable_rnd(N, pars)` generates N random samples of a skew stable distribution with parameters `pars = c(alpha, beta, sigma, mu)` using the Chambers, Mallows, and Stuck (1976) method.

**Usage**

```
stable_rnd(N, pars, parametrization = 0L)
```

## Arguments

N	Number of values to generate.
pars	Vector with an initial estimation of the parameters. pars_init = c(alpha, beta, sigma, mu), where <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• alpha: shape / stability parameter, with <math>0 &lt; \alpha \leq 2</math>.</li> <li>• beta: skewness parameter, with <math>-1 \leq \beta \leq 1</math>.</li> <li>• sigma: scale parameter, with <math>\sigma &gt; 0</math>.</li> <li>• mu: location parameter, with <math>\mu \in \mathbb{R}</math>.</li> </ul>
parametrization	Parametrization used for the skew stable distribution, as defined by JP Nolan (1997). By default, parametrization = 0.

## Value

A numeric vector.

## Author(s)

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## References

Chambers JM, Mallows CL, Stuck BW (1976). A Method for Simulating Stable Random Variables. Journal of the American Statistical Association, 71(354), 340-344. doi:10.1080/01621459.1976.10480344.

## Examples

```
N <- 1000
pars <- c(1.25, 0.95, 1.0, 0.0)
rnd <- stable_rnd(N, pars)

hist(rnd)
```

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