Package 'gastempt'

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Type Package

Title Analyzing Gastric Emptying from MRI or Scintigraphy

Description Fits gastric emptying time series from MRI or scintigraphic measurements using nonlinear mixed-model population fits with 'nlme' and Bayesian methods with Stan; computes derived parameters such as t50 and AUC.

License GPL (>= 3)

LazyData TRUE

NeedsCompilation yes

URL http://github.com/dmenne/gastempt

BugReports http://github.com/dmenne/gastempt/issues

Depends R (>= 4.0.0)

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Suggests rmarkdown, knitr, covr, testthat, vdiffr

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Biarch true

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coef.nlme_gastempt Extract coefficients from nlme_gastempt result

Description

Extract coefficients from nlme_gastempt result

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'nlme_gastempt'
coef(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	Result of a call to nlme_gastempt
	other arguments

Value

a data frame with coefficients. See nlme_gastempt for an example.

coef.stan_gastempt Extract coefficients from stan_gastempt result

Description

Extract coefficients from stan_gastempt result

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'stan_gastempt'
coef(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object	Result of a call to stan_gastempt
	other arguments

Value

a data frame with coefficients. See nlme_gastempt for an example.

gastemptfunc Functions for gastric emptying analysis

Description

The linexp and the power exponential (powexp) functions can be used to fit gastric emptying curves.

Usage

```
linexp(t, v0 = 1, tempt = NULL, kappa = NULL, pars = NULL)
linexp_slope(t, v0 = 1, tempt = NULL, kappa = NULL, pars = NULL)
linexp_auc(v0 = 1, tempt = NULL, kappa = NULL, pars = NULL)
powexp(t, v0 = 1, tempt = NULL, beta = NULL, pars = NULL)
powexp_slope(t, v0 = 1, tempt = NULL, beta = NULL, pars = NULL)
linexp_log(t, v0 = 1, logtempt = NULL, logkappa = NULL, pars = NULL)
powexp_log(t, v0 = 1, logtempt = NULL, logbeta = NULL, pars = NULL)
```

Arguments

t	Time after meal or start of scan, in minutes; can be a vector.
vØ	Initial volume at t=0.
tempt	Emptying time constant in minutes (scalar).
kappa	Overshoot term for linexp function (scalar).
pars	Default NULL. If not NULL, the other parameters with exception of t are not used and are retrieved as named parameters from the numeric vector pars instead.
beta	Power term for power exponential function (scalar).
logtempt	Logarithm of emptying time constant in minutes (scalar).
logkappa	Logarithm of overshoot term for linexp function (scalar).
logbeta	Logarithm of power term for power exponential function (scalar).

Details

The linexp function can have an initial overshoot to model secretion.

vol(t) = v0 * (1 + kappa * t / tempt) * exp(-t / tempt)

The powexp function introduced by Elashof et al. is montonously decreasing but has more freedom to model details in the function tail.

vol(t) = v0 * exp(-(t / tempt) * beta)

The _slope functions return the first derivatives of linexp and powexp. Use the _log functions to enforce positive parameters tempt and beta. Rarely required for gastric emptying curves.

Value

Vector of length(t) for computed volume.

Examples

```
t = seq(0, 100, by=5)
kappa = 1.3
tempt = 60
v0 = 400
beta = 3
pars = c(v0 = v0, tempt = tempt, kappa = kappa)
par(mfrow=c(1,3))
plot(t, linexp(t, v0, tempt, kappa), type = "1", ylab = "volume",
  main = "linexp\nkappa = 1.3 and 1.0")
lines(t, linexp(t, v0, tempt, 1), type = "l", col = "green")
# This should give the same plot as above
plot(t, linexp(t, pars = pars), type = "1", ylab = "volume",
   main = "linexp\nkappa = 1.3 and 1.0\nwith vectored parameters")
lines(t, linexp(t, v0, tempt, 1), type = "l", col = "green")
plot(t, powexp(t, v0, tempt, beta), type = "1", ylab = "volume",
  main = "powexp\nbeta = 2 and 1")
lines(t, powexp(t, v0, tempt, 1), type = "1", col = "green")
```

nlme_gastempt

Description

Compute coefficients v0, tempt and kappa of a mixed model fit to a linexp function with one grouping variable

Usage

nlme_gastempt(d, pnlsTol = 0.001, model = linexp, variant = 1)

Arguments

d	A data frame with columns
	 record Record descriptor as grouping variable, e.g. patient ID minute Time after meal or start of recording. vol Volume of meal or stomach
pnlsTol	The value of pnlsTol at the initial iteration. See nlmeControl When the model does not converge, pnlsTol is multiplied by 5 and the iteration repeated until convergence or pnlsTol >= 0.5. The effective value of pnlsTol is returned in a separate list item. When it is known that a data set converges badly, it is recommended to set the initial pnlsTol to a higher value, but below 0.5, for faster convergence.
model	linexp (default) or powexp
variant	For both models, there are 3 variants
•	 variant = 1 The most generic version with independent estimates of all three parameters per record (random = v0 + tempt + kappa ~ 1 record). The most likely to fail for degenerate cases. If this variant converges, use it.
	 variant = 2 Diagonal random effects (random = pdDiag(v0 + tempt + kappa) ~ 1; groups = ~record). Better convergence in critical cases. Note: I never found out why I have to use the groups parameter instead of the ; see also p. 380 of Pinheiro/Bates.
	 variant = 3 Since parameters kappa and beta respectively are the most difficult to estimate, these are fixed in this variant (random = v0 + tempt ~ 1). This variant converges in all reasonable cases, but the estimates of kappa and beta cannot be use for secondary between-group analysis. If you are only interested in t50, you can use this safe version.

Value

A list of class nlme_gastempt with elements coef, summary, plot, pnlsTol, message

• coef is a data frame with columns:

- record Record descriptor, e.g. patient ID
- v0 Initial volume at t=0
- tempt Emptying time constant
- kappa Parameter kappa for model = linexp
- beta Parameter beta for model = powexp
- t50 Half-time of emptying
- slope_t50 Slope in t50; typically in units of ml/minute

On error, coef is NULL

- nlme_result Result of the nlme fit; can be used for addition processing, e.g. to plot residuals or via summary to extract AIC. On error, nlme_result is NULL.
- plot A ggplot graph of data and prediction. Plot of raw data is returned even when convergence was not achieved.
- pnlsTol Effective value of pnlsTo after convergence or failure.
- message String "Ok" on success, and the error message of nlme on failure.

Examples

plot.nlme_gastempt *Plot data points and fit curve of an nlme_gastempt fit*

Description

Plot data points and fit curve of an nlme_gastempt fit

Usage

S3 method for class 'nlme_gastempt'
plot(x, ...)

Arguments

х	Result of a call to nlme_gastempt
	other arguments

Value

a ggplot object. Use print() if used non-interactively to show the curve

plot.stan_gastempt Plot data points and fit curve of an stan_gastempt fit

Description

Plot data points and fit curve of an stan_gastempt fit

Usage

S3 method for class 'stan_gastempt'
plot(x, ...)

Arguments

х	Result of a call to stan_gastempt
	other arguments

Value

a ggplot object. Use print() if used non-interactively to show the curve

```
run_shiny
```

Run shiny app demonstrating fit strategies with simulated data

Description

Run shiny app demonstrating fit strategies with simulated data

Usage

run_shiny()

Value

Not used, starts shiny app

simulate_gastempt

Description

Simulate gastric emptying data following a linexp or powexp function

Usage

```
simulate_gastempt(
 n_{records} = 10,
 v0_mean = 400,
 v0_{std} = 50,
  tempt_mean = ifelse(identical(model, linexp), 60, 120),
  tempt_std = tempt_mean/3,
  kappa_mean = 0.7,
  kappa_std = kappa_mean/3,
  beta_mean = 0.7,
  beta_std = beta_mean/3,
 noise = 20,
  student_t_df = NULL,
 missing = 0,
 model = linexp,
 seed = NULL,
 max_minute = NULL
)
```

Arguments

n_records	Number of records	
v0_mean,v0_std		
	Mean and between record standard deviation of initial volume, typically in ml.	
tempt_mean, tem	pt_std	
	Mean and between record standard deviation of parameter \$t_empt\$, typically in minutes.	
kappa_mean, kap	pa_std	
	For linexp only: Mean and between-record standard deviation of overshoot parameter kappa. For values of kappa above 1, curve has an overshoot that can be used to follow volume time series with secretion.	
beta_mean, beta_std		
	For powexp only: Mean and between-record standard deviation of the so called lag parameter.	
noise	Standard deviation of normal noise when student_t_df = NULL; scaling of noise when student_t_df >= 2.	

student_t_df	When NULL (default), Gaussian noise is added; when ≥ 2 , Student_t distributed noise is added, which generates more realistic outliers. Values from 2 to 5 are useful, when higher values are used the result comes close to that of Gaussian noise. Values below 2 are rounded to 2.
missing	When 0 (default), all curves have the same number of data points. When > 0 , this is the fraction of points that were removed randomly to simulate missing points. Maximum value is 0.5.
model	linexp(default) or powexp
seed	optional seed; not set if seed = NULL (default)
<pre>max_minute</pre>	Maximal time in minutes; if NULL, a sensible default rounded to hours is used

Value

A list with 3 elements:

- **record** Data frame with columns record(chr), v0, tempt, kappa/beta giving the effective linexp or powexp parameters for the individual record. v0 is rounded to nearest integer.
- **data** Data frame with columns record(chr),minute(dbl),vol(dbl) giving the time series and grouping parameters. vol is rounded to nearest integer.
- stan_data A list for use as data in Stan-based fits with elements prior_v0, n, n_record, record, minute, volume.

A comment is attached to the return value that can be used as a title

Examples

```
suppressWarnings(RNGversion("3.5.0"))
set.seed(4711)
library(ggplot2)
vol_linexp = simulate_gastempt(n_records = 4, noise = 20)
ggplot(vol_linexp$data, aes(x = minute, y = vol)) + geom_point() +
facet_wrap(~record) + ggtitle("linexp, noise = 0, no missing")
vol_powexp = simulate_gastempt(n_records = 4, missing = 0.2, student_t_df = 2)
ggplot(vol_powexp$data, aes(x = minute, y = vol)) + geom_point() +
facet_wrap(~record) + ggtitle("powexp, noise = 10 (default), 20% missing,
Student-t (df = 2) noise")
```

stan_gastempt

Fit gastric emptying curves with Stan

Description

Fit gastric emptying curves with Stan

Usage

```
stan_gastempt(
   d,
   model_name = "linexp_gastro_2b",
   lkj = 2,
   student_df = 5L,
   init_r = 0.2,
   chains = 4,
   ...
)
```

Arguments

d	A data frame with columns
	 rec Record descriptor as grouping variable, e.g. patient ID minute Time after meal or start of recording. vol Volume of meal or stomach
model_name	Name of predefined model in gastempt/exec. Use stan_model_names() to get a list of available models.
lkj	LKJ prior for kappa/tempt correlation, only required for model linexp_gastro_2b. Values from 1.5 (strong correlation) to 50 (almost independent) are useful. See http://www.psychstatistics.com/2014/12/27/d-lkj-priors/ for examples.
student_df	Student-t degrees of freedom for residual error; default 5. Use 3 for strong outliers; values above 10 are close to gaussian residual distribution.
init_r	for stan, default = 0.2; Stan's own default is 2, which often results in stuck chains.
chains	for stan; default = 4. For debugging, use 1.
	Additional parameter passed to sampling

Value

A list of class stan_gastempt with elements coef,fit,plot

- coef is a data frame with columns:
 - rec Record descriptor, e.g. patient ID
 - v0 Initial volume at t=0
 - tempt Emptying time constant
 - kappa Parameter kappa for model = linexp
 - beta Parameter beta for model = powexp
 - t50 Half-time of emptying
 - slope_t50 Slope in t50; typically in units of ml/minute On error, coef is NULL
- fit Result of class 'stanfit'
- plot A ggplot graph of data and prediction. Plot of raw data is returned even when convergence was not achieved.

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stan_model_names

Examples

```
## Not run:
    dd = simulate_gastempt(n_records = 6, seed = 471)
    d = dd$data
    ret = stan_gastempt(d)
    print(ret$coef)
## End(Not run)
```

stan_model_names Names and descriptions of precompiled Stan models

Description

By default, line 2 and 3 of comments starting with # or // in Stan file are returned

Usage

stan_model_names(n_lines = 2, skip = 1, sep = "\n")

Arguments

n_lines	Number of comment lines to retrieve
skip	Number of lines to skip from beginning of Stan Model file
sep	separator for multiline strings

Value

A data frame with model_name and the first n_lines comment lines in model as description

t50

Compute half-emptying time from nlme parameters

Description

No closed solution known for linexp, we use a Newton approximation.

Usage

t50(x)

Arguments

х

Result of a nlme fit, with named components 'tempt, beta, logbeta, kappa, logkappa' depending on model. Function used 'logbeta' when it is present, in 'x', otherwise beta, and similar for logkappa/kappa.

Value

Half-emptying time. Name of evaluated function is returned as attribute fun. Negative of slope is returned as attribute slope.

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