Package 'ganalytics'

March 2, 2019

Title Interact with 'Google Analytics'

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Description Functions for querying the 'Google Analytics' core reporting, real-time, multi-channel funnel and management APIs, as well as the 'Google Tag Manager' (GTM) API. Write methods are also provided for the management and GTM APIs so that you can change tag, property or view settings, for example. Define reporting queries using natural R expressions instead of being concerned as much about API technical intricacies like query syntax, character code escaping, and API limitations.

URL https://github.com/jdeboer/ganalytics

BugReports https://github.com/jdeboer/ganalytics/issues

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Depends R(>= 3.3.0)

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Suggests devtools, ggplot2, knitr, rmarkdown, testthat, dplyr, purrr, tidyr, spelling, covr

Collate 'Bool-generics.R' 'utils.R' 'Segment-generics.R'

'GaApiRequest.R' 'meta.R' 'globaldata.R' 'Expr-generics.R'

'operand-classes.R' 'comparator-classes.R' 'var-classes.R'

'expr-classes.R' 'segment-classes.R' 'Bool-methods.R'

'Comparator-generics.R' 'comparator-coerce.R'

'Comparator-methods.R' 'TableFilter-generics.R'

'table-filter-classes.R' 'var-list-classes.R' 'query-classes.R'

'Query-generics.R' 'Creds-methods.R' 'Date-generics.R'

'date-coerce.R' 'ga-api-classes.R' 'management-api-classes.R'

'Date-methods.R' 'operand-coerce.R' 'Operand-generics.R'

'Operand-methods.R' 'Var-list-generics.R' 'Var-generics.R'

'var-list-coerce.R' 'var-coerce.R' 'Var-methods.R'

'expr-coerce.R' 'Expr-methods.R' 'GaGetCoreReport.R'
'GaView-generics.R' 'view-coerce.R' 'GaView-methods.R'
'ga-api-coerce.R' 'GetGa-methods.R' 'Query-methods.R'
'segment-coerce.R' 'Sequence-generics.R' 'Segment-methods.R'
'Sequence-methods.R' 'table-filter-coerce.R'
'TableFilter-methods.R' 'Var-list-methods.R' 'deprecated.R'
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Description

Logical AND of two or more expressions.

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Usage

```
And(object, ...)
## S4 method for signature '.compoundExpr'
And(object, ...)
## S4 method for signature '.compoundExpr,.compoundExpr'
e1 & e2
```

Arguments

object An object to include within the ANDed expression.

... Additional objects to include within the ANDed expression.

e1 first expression e2 second expression

Value

An object of class and Expr

Methods (by class)

- .compoundExpr: Logical-AND of two or more expressions.
- e1 = .compoundExpr, e2 = .compoundExpr: Logical-AND of two expressions.

See Also

Other boolean functions: Not, Or, xor

Examples

```
purchased_on_mobile <- Expr(~deviceCategory == "mobile") & Expr(~transactions > 0)
```

Cohort Cohort

Description

Get or define a cohort.

Set a cohort of a query.

```
Cohort(object, value, type)
Cohort(object) <- value</pre>
```

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Arguments

object	The object to get or set the cohorts of.
value	The value to set the object's cohorts to.

type The type of cohort. Only the default of "FIRST_VISIT_DATE" is currently valid.

See Also

Other date range functions: DateRange, EndDate, SplitDateRange, StartDate Other date range functions: DateRange, EndDate, SplitDateRange, StartDate

Comparator

Comparator

Description

Get the comparator used in an expression or create a comparator object.

Set the comparator of an expression.

Usage

```
Comparator(object, ...)
Comparator(object) <- value
## S4 method for signature '.expr'
Comparator(object)
## S4 replacement method for signature '.expr'
Comparator(object) <- value</pre>
```

Arguments

object The object to be coerced to a '.comparator' subclass or the expression object of which to obtain its comparator.

... Used by certain methods.

value The value to set the comparator to.

Value

An object belonging to the superclass .comparator

Methods (by class)

- .expr: Return the comparator used within the supplied conditional expression.
- .expr: Replace the comparator of the supplied conditional expression.

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See Also

Other comparator functions: comparators
Other comparator functions: comparators

comparators

Comparison operators

Description

Binary operators used to define Google Analytics filters and segments.

```
var %starts_with% operand
var %ends_with% operand
var %contains% operand
var %matches% operand
var %between% operand
x %in% table
## S4 method for signature '.var,.dimOperand'
var %matches% operand
## S4 method for signature '.var,.dimOperand'
var %starts_with% operand
## S4 method for signature '.var,.dimOperand'
var %ends_with% operand
## S4 method for signature '.var,.dimOperand'
var %contains% operand
## S4 method for signature '.var,.operand'
var %between% operand
## S4 method for signature '.var,.operand'
x %in% table
## S4 method for signature '.var,.operand'
e1 == e2
```

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```
## S4 method for signature '.var,.operand'
e1 != e2

## S4 method for signature '.var,.metOperand'
e1 > e2

## S4 method for signature '.var,.metOperand'
e1 < e2

## S4 method for signature '.var,.metOperand'
e1 >= e2

## S4 method for signature '.var,.metOperand'
e1 <= e2</pre>
```

Arguments

var The name of a single Google Analytics dimension or metric, as a character string

or a .var object generated with Var.

operand An operand appropriate to the selected var and comparison operator. A vector

usually of length-one, or exactly length-two in the case of %between%, or at least length-two in the case of %in%. Usually either a character string or numeric

value.

x A dimension.

table A vector of possible values within that dimension.

e1 A dimension or metric.

e2 An operand object of length-one.

Value

an expr object.

%starts_with%

A condition where the dimension (LHS) matches values that start with the character string given by the operand (RHS).

% ends_with %

A condition where the dimension (LHS) matches values that end with the character string given by the operand (RHS).

% contains %

A condition where the dimension (LHS) matches values that contain the character string given by the operand (RHS).

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% matches %

A condition where the dimension (LHS) matches a regular expression given by the operand (RHS).

% between %

A condition where the var (LHS) is within the lower and upper bounds specified by first and second vector value (respectively) of the operand (RHS).

%in%

A condition where the dimension (LHS) matches one of the values in the vector specified by the operand (RHS).

Equal-to (==)

Do the values on the left and right match exactly.

Not equal-to (!=)

Do the values on the left and right not match.

Greater-than (>)

Is the value on the left greater than the value on the right.

Less-than (<)

Is the value on the left less than the value on the right.

Greater-than-or-equal-to (>=)

Is the value on the left greater than or equal to the value on the right.

Less-than-or-equal-to (<=)

Is the value on the left less than or equal to the value on the right.

See Also

Other comparator functions: Comparator

Examples

```
Expr(~PagePath %starts_with% "/products")
Expr(~PagePath %ends_with% "/index.html")
Expr(~PagePath %contains% "thank-you")
Expr(~PagePath %matches% "*.thank[\\-_]?you.*")
Expr(~transactionRevenue %between% c(200, 500))
Expr(~browser %in% c("Chrome", "Firefox"))
Expr(~productName == "apple")
Expr(~bounces == 0)
```

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```
Expr(~deviceCategory != "tablet")
Expr(~sessionDuration != 0)
Expr(~pageviews > 100)
Expr(~exits < 100)</pre>
```

DateRange

DateRange

Description

Get the date range. Set the date range.

```
DateRange(object, endDate)
DateRange(object) <- value</pre>
## S4 method for signature 'character'
StartDate(object)
## S4 method for signature 'character'
EndDate(object)
## S4 method for signature 'dateRange'
StartDate(object)
## S4 method for signature 'dateRange'
EndDate(object)
## S4 method for signature 'Interval'
StartDate(object)
## S4 method for signature 'Interval'
EndDate(object)
## S4 method for signature '.standardQuery'
StartDate(object)
## S4 method for signature '.standardQuery'
EndDate(object)
## S4 method for signature 'gaView'
StartDate(object)
## S4 method for signature 'gaView'
```

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```
EndDate(object)
## S4 replacement method for signature 'dateRange'
StartDate(object) <- value</pre>
## S4 replacement method for signature 'dateRange'
EndDate(object) <- value</pre>
## S4 replacement method for signature '.standardQuery'
StartDate(object) <- value</pre>
## S4 replacement method for signature '.standardQuery'
EndDate(object) <- value</pre>
## S4 method for signature 'ANY, ANY'
DateRange(object, endDate)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY, missing'
DateRange(object)
## S4 method for signature '.standardQuery,missing'
DateRange(object)
## S4 replacement method for signature '.standardQuery'
DateRange(object) <- value</pre>
## S4 method for signature 'gaView, ANY'
DateRange(object)
## S4 replacement method for signature 'ANY'
DateRange(object) <- value</pre>
```

Arguments

object The start date of the date range or a object to coerce to a date range. Alterna-

tively, a . query object to replace the date range of.

endDate The end date of the date range. Alternatively, if object is a .query object, then

endDate is the replacement date range.

value The replacement date range.

Methods (by class)

• character: Coerce a character vector into a Google Analytics date object.

• character: Coerce a character vector into a Google Analytics date object.

• dateRange: Return the start dates of a date range vector.

• dateRange: Return the end dates of a date range vector.

• Interval: Return the start dates of a date range vector.

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- Interval: Return the end dates of a date range vector.
- .standardQuery: Return the start dates of a query's date range vector.
- .standardQuery: Return the end dates of a query's date range vector.
- gaView: Get the date when a view first started receiving hits.
- gaView: Get the last day a view received hits.
- dateRange: Set a new start date for a date range.
- dateRange: Set a new end date for a date range.
- .standardQuery: Set a new start date for a query.
- .standardQuery: Set a new end date for a query.
- object = ANY, endDate = ANY: generates a date range object using the supplied vectors of start date and end dates.
- object = ANY, endDate = missing: Returns the date range of the given query or coerces the supplied object into a dateRange.
- object = .standardQuery,endDate = missing: Returns the date range of the given query.
- .standardQuery: Modify the date range of the given query.
- object = gaView, endDate = ANY: Returns the maximum date range of when a view has been receiving hits.
- ANY: Change the date range of the date range object using the dates supplied in a vector of length 2, where the first element is the start date and second being the end date.

See Also

Other date range functions: Cohort, EndDate, SplitDateRange, StartDate Other date range functions: Cohort, EndDate, SplitDateRange, StartDate

Dimensions

Dimensions

Description

Get the dimensions of the object.

Set the dimensions for the object.

```
Dimensions(object, ...)
Dimensions(object) <- value
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
Dimensions(object, ...)</pre>
```

DynSegment DynSegment

```
## S4 method for signature '.query'
Dimensions(object)
## S4 replacement method for signature '.query'
Dimensions(object) <- value</pre>
```

Arguments

object An object to be coerced to a list of dimensions.

Other dimensions to add to the returned list, or if object is a query object, the replacement dimensions.

The replacement dimensions for the supplied object.

Methods (by class)

- ANY: Coerces the supplied character vector or list into a vector of Google Analytics dimensions.
- . query: Returns the dimensions used within the supplied query.
- . query: Replace the dimensions of the query.

See Also

Other query object functions: MaxResults, Metrics, SamplingLevel, SortBy, TableFilter Other query object functions: MaxResults, Metrics, SamplingLevel, SortBy, TableFilter

DynSegment	DynSegment	

Description

Combine one or more segment condition filters and/or sequence filters into a gaDynSegment that is scoped to either 'user' or 'session' level.

```
DynSegment(object, ..., name = character(0))
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
DynSegment(object, ..., name = character(0))
## S4 method for signature 'gaDynSegment'
DynSegment(object)
```

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Arguments

object The first filter to include in the segment definition.

... Additional filters to include in the segment definition, if needed.

name An optional name given to the dynamic segment.

Details

Segment filter are either sequential or non-sequential conditions. Sequential and non-sequential conditions can be combined using this function.

Value

A gaDynSegment object.

Methods (by class)

- ANY: Defines a list of filters from one or more expressions applied using the specified scope.
- gaDynSegment: Returns itself.

See Also

Other dynamic segment functions: Exclude, Include, IsNegated, PerHit, PerProduct, PerSession, PerUser, ScopeLevel, SegmentConditionFilter, Segments, Segment

Examples

```
return_shoppers <- SegmentConditionFilter(
   Expr(~transactions > 1, metricScope = "perUser"),
   scope = "users"
)
watched_video_then_purchased <- Sequence(
   Expr(~eventCategory == "video") & Expr(~eventAction == "play"),
   Later(Expr(~transactions > 0))
)
```

EndDate EndDate

Description

Get the end date of the date range.

Set the endDate of the date range.

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Usage

```
EndDate(object, value)
EndDate(object) <- value</pre>
```

Arguments

object Object to get end date of.

value Value to set end date of object to.

See Also

Other date range functions: Cohort, DateRange, SplitDateRange, StartDate Other date range functions: Cohort, DateRange, SplitDateRange, StartDate

Exclude

Exclude

Description

Set the negation flag of a segment filter to TRUE.

Usage

```
Exclude(object, ..., scope)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
Exclude(object, ..., scope)
```

Arguments

object A segment condition or sequence filter to include.

... Additional segment conditions to include.

scope Optional scope, "users" or "sessions" (default).

Value

A .gaSegmentFilter object with its negate slot set to TRUE.

Methods (by class)

• ANY: Define an exclude segment filter using the supplied expressions.

See Also

Other dynamic segment functions: DynSegment, Include, IsNegated, PerHit, PerProduct, PerSession, PerUser, ScopeLevel, SegmentConditionFilter, Segments, Segment

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Examples

```
exclude_one_time_shoppers <- Exclude(
   Expr(~transactions == 1, metricScope = "perUser"),
   scope = "users"
)</pre>
```

Expr

Expr

Description

Define a Google Analytics expression.

Usage

```
Expr(object, comparator, operand, metricScope = "")
## S4 method for signature '.expr,ANY'
Expr(object)
## S4 method for signature 'formula,ANY'
Expr(object, metricScope)
## S4 method for signature 'character,character'
Expr(object, comparator, operand,
    metricScope = "")
```

Arguments

object A dimension or metric variable, or another object to be coerced to an .expr

object.

comparator The comparator to use for the expression.

operand The operand to use for the expression.

metricScope Optional scope to use in the case of metric variables for segmentation. Possible

values include "perUser" or "perSession".

Methods (by class)

- object = .expr,comparator = ANY: Returns itself.
- object = formula,comparator = ANY: Use non-standard formula evaluation to define an expression. Accepts a formula in the form of: ~ <variable> <comparator> <operand> where only the <operand> is evaluated.
- object = character, comparator = character: Return an expression composed of the supplied variable, comparator and operand arguments.

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See Also

Other expression generators: GaExpr, McfExpr, RtExpr

Examples

```
source_google <- Expr(~source == "google")
source_google <- Expr("source", "==", "google")
bounces <- Expr("bounces", ">", 0)
```

First

First

Description

If used at the beginning of a sequence, indicates that this step must match the first interaction of included sessions and users within the select date range. First expressly means 'first interaction' within the date range.

Usage

```
First(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object An expression that should be at the start of a sequence expression.

Any other expressions that should immediately follow the first expression.

Value

A gaSegmentSequenceStep object, with the immediate flag set.

See Also

Sequence

Other sequence segment functions: Later, Sequence, Then

Examples

```
session_starts_from_home <- First(Expr(~pagepath == "/"))</pre>
```

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GaAccount

GA Account

Description

Get a GA account.

Usage

```
GaAccount(id = NULL, creds = get_creds())
```

Arguments

id ID of the GA account to get

creds The Google APIs credentials to use.

GaAccounts

GTM Accounts

Description

Get the collection of GA accounts accessible to the user with the credentials supplied by creds..

Usage

```
GaAccounts(creds = get_creds())
```

Arguments

creds

The Google APIs credentials to use.

GaAccountSummaries

GTM Account Summaries

Description

Get a collection of Google Analytics account summaries.

Usage

```
GaAccountSummaries(creds = get_creds())
```

Arguments

creds

The Google APIs credentials to use.

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GaAccountSummary

GA Account Summary

Description

Get a Google Analytics account summary resource.

Usage

```
GaAccountSummary(id = NULL, creds = get_creds())
```

Arguments

id ID of the GA account to get a summary of.

creds The Google APIs credentials to use.

GaCreds

Authentication credentials for Google Analytics API queries.

Description

Get or set the authentication credentials for a Google Analytics query object.

```
GaCreds(object = "GANALYTICS", value = NULL, ...)

GaCreds(object) <- value

## S4 method for signature '.query,list'
GaCreds(object, value)

## S4 method for signature '.query,ANY'
GaCreds(object)

## S4 method for signature 'character,ANY'
GaCreds(object = "GANALYTICS", value = NULL, ...)

## S4 method for signature 'missing,ANY'
GaCreds(object = "GANALYTICS", value = NULL, ...)

## S4 replacement method for signature '.query,list'
GaCreds(object) <- value</pre>
```

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Arguments

object The object to get the credentials from.

value The replacement credentials for the supplied query object.

other arguments pass to GoogleApiCreds.

Methods (by class)

- object = .query, value = list: Return the query with the supplied authentication credentials supplied.
- object = .query, value = ANY: Return the credentials used within the supplied query.
- object = character, value = ANY: Create a set of authentication credentials using the supplied application name.
- object = missing, value = ANY: Return default authentication credentials.
- object = .query, value = list: Replace the authentication credentials of a query.

GaExpr GaExpr

Description

Create a Core Reporting API expression.

Usage

```
GaExpr(object, comparator, operand, metricScope = "")
## S4 method for signature 'character, character'
GaExpr(object, comparator, operand,
    metricScope = "")
```

Arguments

object A dimension or metric variable, or another object to be coerced to an .expr

object.

comparator The comparator to use for the expression.

operand The operand to use for the expression.

metricScope Optional scope to use in the case of metric variables for segmentation. Possible

values include "perUser" or "perSession".

Methods (by class)

• object = character, comparator = character: Return a Google Analytics expression using the supplied variable, operator and operand. bounces <- GaExpr("bounces", ">", 0)

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See Also

Other expression generators: Expr, McfExpr, RtExpr

Examples

```
myQuery <- GaQuery(view = 123456789)
source_matches_google <- GaExpr("source", "~", "google")
TableFilter(myQuery) <- source_matches_google</pre>
```

GaMetaUpdate

GaMetaUpdate Update the metadata file Update the package system file containing metadata about valid dimensions and metrics, etc. This function should be used prior to package build.

Description

GaMetaUpdate Update the metadata file Update the package system file containing metadata about valid dimensions and metrics, etc. This function should be used prior to package build.

Usage

```
GaMetaUpdate(creds = get_creds())
```

Arguments

creds

Google Analytics OAuth 2.0 credentials object.

Value

a data.frame

GaQuery

GaQuery.

Description

Create a ganalytics query object

```
GaQuery(view = NA, creds = get_creds(), startDate = Sys.Date() - 8,
  endDate = Sys.Date() - 2, metrics = "ga:sessions",
  dimensions = "ga:date", sortBy = NULL, filters = NULL,
  segments = NULL, cohorts = NULL, samplingLevel = "DEFAULT",
  maxResults = kGaMaxResults)
```

GaUserSegment 21

Arguments

view view id to use

creds authentication credentials object created using GoogleApiCreds()

startDate start date endDate end date

metrics character vector of metrics

dimensions character vector of dimensions

sortBy a sort by object filters a filters object

segments a segment object or list of segments
cohorts a cohort object or a list of cohorts

samplingLevel either "DEFAULT", "HIGHER_PRECISION" or "FASTER"

maxResults the maximum number of results to return, up to 1,000,000

GaUserSegment User Segments

Description

Get a user or system defined segment.

Usage

```
GaUserSegment(id = NULL, definition = NA, creds = get_creds())
```

Arguments

id ID of the user or system segment to get

definition The definition to use if an ID is not provided.

creds The Google APIs credentials to use.

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GaUserSegments

Get a collection of user and system defined segments.

Description

Returns a collection object of user and system defined segments available under the supplied user credentials.

Usage

```
GaUserSegments(creds = get_creds())
```

Arguments

creds

The Google APIs credentials to use.

ga_view_selector

ga_view_selector

Description

A menu user-interface for selecting a Google Analytics view.

Get the view ID of the query.

Set the view ID for the query.

```
ga_view_selector(creds = GoogleApiCreds(), with_gui = FALSE)

GaView(object, value)

GaView(object) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'gaProperty,missing'
GaView(object)

## S4 method for signature 'gaAccount,missing'
GaView(object)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY,missing'
GaView(object)

## S4 method for signature '.query,missing'
GaView(object)</pre>
```

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```
## S4 method for signature '.query,ANY'
GaView(object, value)

## S4 replacement method for signature '.query'
GaView(object) <- value</pre>
```

Arguments

creds Optional. An OAuth2.0 credentials object to use for the request.

with_gui Optional. Boolean value indicating whether to use a GUI for the menu. Default

is FALSE.

object An object to coerce to a gaView object or to get the gaView of, such as a query,

default view of a web property, or the default view of the first web property in a

Google Analytics account.

value The optional replacement view if the object supplied is a query, in which case

GaView will return the modified query.

Value

A gaView object.

Methods (by class)

- object = gaProperty, value = missing: Select the default view of the property.
- object = gaAccount, value = missing: Select the default view of the first listed property of the account.
- object = ANY, value = missing: Returns the ID of the supplied view, or the default view within the supplied property or the default view within the first property of the supplied account, or coerces a numeric or character into a viewId.
- object = .query, value = missing: gets the view ID of the supplied query.
- object = .query, value = ANY: Set the view of a query, returning the query with the updated view applied.
- .query: Replaces the view being used by a query.

Examples

```
## Not run:
    my_ga_account <- GaAccounts()[['60253332']]
    my_website_property <- my_ga_account$properties[['UA-60253332-2']]
    my_default_view <- GaView(my_website_property)

## End(Not run)
## Not run:
    my_ga_account <- GaAccounts()[['60253332']]
    my_default_view <- GaView(my_ga_account)

## End(Not run)</pre>
```

GetGaData	GetGaData	
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Description

Fetch the data for the Google Analytics API query.

Usage

```
GetGaData(query, creds = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

query The query execute and returned the processed response for.

creds The OAuth2.0 credentials to use for the request.

Other arguments to pass on to lower-level API functions.

GetGaData, .query-method

GetGaData Execute a ganalytics query.

Description

GetGaData Execute a ganalytics query.

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature '.query'
GetGaData(query, creds = NULL, .progress = "time",
   addViewId = FALSE, addSegmentId = FALSE)
```

Arguments

query the query to execute.

creds the Google APIs Project OAuth 2.0 credentials to use.
.progress progress bar to display. use .progress = "none" to turn off.

addViewId logical value indicating whether to add a viewID column for when more than

one view has been provided.

addSegmentId logical value indicating whether to add the name of the segment for when more

than one segment has been queried.

Value

a tibble

GoogleApiCreds 25

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Google APIs OAuth 2.0 Credentials.

Description

Create a Google APIs OAuth2.0 credentials object

Usage

```
GoogleApiCreds(userName = Sys.getenv(paste0(appname, "_USER")),
  appCreds = NULL, cache = character(0), use_oob = FALSE,
  appname = "GOOGLE_APIS")
```

Arguments

userName	Google username email	address hint
----------	-----------------------	--------------

appCreds Filename or named vector for client_id and client_secret.

cache httr OAuth2.0 cache

use_oob as per httr

appname prefix of environment variables that hold the client ID and client secret.

GtmAccount

GTM Account

Description

Get a GTM account.

Usage

```
GtmAccount(id = NULL, creds = get_creds())
```

Arguments

id ID of the GTM account to get

creds The Google APIs credentials to use.

26 Include

GtmAccounts

GTM Accounts

Description

Get a collection of GTM accounts.

Usage

```
GtmAccounts(creds = get_creds())
```

Arguments

creds

The Google APIs credentials to use.

Include

Include

Description

Set the negation flag of a segment filter to FALSE.

Usage

```
Include(object, ..., scope)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
Include(object, ..., scope)
```

Arguments

object A segment condition or sequence filter to include.

... Additional segment conditions to include.

scope Optional scope, "users" or "sessions" (default).

Value

A .gaSegmentFilter object with its negate slot set to FALSE.

Methods (by class)

• ANY: Define an include segment filter using the supplied expression.

See Also

Other dynamic segment functions: DynSegment, Exclude, IsNegated, PerHit, PerProduct, PerSession, PerUser, ScopeLevel, SegmentConditionFilter, Segments, Segment

IsNegated 27

Examples

```
return_shoppers <- Include(
   Expr(~transactions > 1, metricScope = "perUser"),
   scope = "users"
)
```

IsNegated

IsNegated

Description

Tests whether a segment filter is negated.

Sets the negation flag of a segment filter.

Usage

```
IsNegated(object)
IsNegated(object) <- value
## S4 method for signature '.gaSegmentFilter'
IsNegated(object)
## S4 replacement method for signature '.gaSegmentFilter,logical'
IsNegated(object) <- value</pre>
```

Arguments

object An object belonging to the superclass .gaSegmentFilter.

value The value of the negation slot, either TRUE or FALSE.

Methods (by class)

- .gaSegmentFilter: Tests whether a segment filter is negated, i.e. used to define an exclude filter for the segment.
- object = .gaSegmentFilter, value = logical: Sets whether a segment filter should be negated, i.e. used as an exclude filter in a segment definition.

See Also

Other dynamic segment functions: DynSegment, Exclude, Include, PerHit, PerProduct, PerSession, PerUser, ScopeLevel, SegmentConditionFilter, Segments, Segment

Other dynamic segment functions: DynSegment, Exclude, Include, PerHit, PerProduct, PerSession, PerUser, ScopeLevel, SegmentConditionFilter, Segments, Segment

28 IsRegEx

Examples

```
exclude_one_time_shoppers <- Exclude(
   Expr(~transactions == 1, metricScope = "perUser"),
   scope = "users"
)
IsNegated(exclude_one_time_shoppers) # TRUE</pre>
```

 ${\tt IsRegEx}$

IsRegEx

Description

Checks for a regular expression.

Usage

```
IsRegEx(object)
## S4 method for signature '.dimComparator'
IsRegEx(object)
## S4 method for signature '.expr'
IsRegEx(object)
```

Arguments

object

An object to check if whether a regular expression.

Value

TRUE or FALSE

Methods (by class)

- .dimComparator: Test whether the supplied comparator is for a regular expression.
- .expr: Test whether a conditional expression is using regular expression match.

Later 29

Later Later

Description

Treat a step within a sequence as happening at any point after any preceding steps in the sequence, i.e. 'later'. 'Later' means 'followed by', but not necessarily immediately.

Usage

```
Later(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object The expression that should precede others in the sequence.

... Any other expressions that should follow the first one but before any others in the sequence.

Value

A gaSegmentSequenceStep object, with the immediate flag not set.

See Also

Other sequence segment functions: First, Sequence, Then

Examples

```
purchased_sometime_later <- Later(Expr(~transactions > 0))
```

MaxResults MaxResults

Description

Get the value set for MaxResults.

Set the maximum rows returned by a ganalytics query.

30 McfExpr

Usage

```
MaxResults(object, value)

MaxResults(object) <- value

## S4 method for signature '.query,missing'
MaxResults(object)

## S4 method for signature '.query,ANY'
MaxResults(object, value)

## S4 replacement method for signature '.query'
MaxResults(object) <- value</pre>
```

Arguments

object A query object.

value Replacement value for the max-results parameter of the query.

Methods (by class)

- object = .query,value = missing: Return the maximum number of rows a query is allowed to return.
- object = .query,value = ANY: Set the maximum number of rows a query is allowed to return.
- . query: Set the maximum number of rows a query is allowed to return.

See Also

Other query object functions: Dimensions, Metrics, SamplingLevel, SortBy, TableFilter Other query object functions: Dimensions, Metrics, SamplingLevel, SortBy, TableFilter

McfExpr McfExpr

Description

Create a Multi-Channel Funnel Reporting API expression.

```
McfExpr(object, comparator, operand)
## S4 method for signature 'character, character'
McfExpr(object, comparator, operand)
```

McfQuery 31

Arguments

object A dimension or metric variable, or another object to be coerced to an .expr

object.

comparator The comparator to use for the expression.

operand The operand to use for the expression.

Methods (by class)

• object = character, comparator = character: Return a Multi-channel Funnel condition composed of the supplied arguments describing the variable, comparator and operator.

See Also

```
Other expression generators: Expr, GaExpr, RtExpr
```

Examples

```
myQuery <- McfQuery(view = 123456789)
source_matches_google <- McfExpr("mcf:source", "~", "google")
TableFilter(myQuery) <- source_matches_google</pre>
```

McfQuery McfQuery.

Description

Create a Multi-Channel Funnel Reporting API query object

Usage

```
McfQuery(view = NA, creds = get_creds(), startDate = Sys.Date() - 8,
endDate = Sys.Date() - 2, metrics = "mcf:totalConversions",
dimensions = "mcf:nthDay", sortBy = NULL, filters = NULL,
samplingLevel = "DEFAULT", maxResults = kGaMaxResults)
```

Arguments

view view id to use

creds authentication credentials object created using GoogleApiCreds()

startDate start date endDate end date

metrics character vector of metrics
dimensions character vector of dimensions

sortBy a sort by object

32 Metrics

```
filters a filters object
```

samplingLevel either "DEFAULT", "HIGHER_PRECISION" or "FASTER" maxResults the maximum number of results to return, up to 1,000,000

Metrics Metrics

Description

Get the metrics of the object. Set the metrics of the object.

Usage

```
Metrics(object, ...)
Metrics(object) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
Metrics(object, ...)

## S4 method for signature '.query'
Metrics(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature '.query'
Metrics(object) <- value</pre>
```

Arguments

An object to coerce to a list of metrics, or a query object to replace the metrics of.
Further metrics to add to the resulting list or the replacement value for the metrics of the query object (if supplied).
The replacement dimensions for the supplied object.

Methods (by class)

- ANY: Coerce one or more supplied objects to .metrics.
- . query: Get the list of metrics for a '.query'.
- .query: Set the metrics for a '.query' object.

See Also

Other query object functions: Dimensions, MaxResults, SamplingLevel, SortBy, TableFilter Other query object functions: Dimensions, MaxResults, SamplingLevel, SortBy, TableFilter

Not 33

Not Not

Description

Not inverts an expression, i.e. logical NOT.

Usage

```
Not(object)
## S4 method for signature '.comparator'
Not(object)
## S4 method for signature '.comparator'
## S4 method for signature '.expr'
Not(object)
## S4 method for signature '.expr'
! x
## S4 method for signature 'orExpr'
Not(object)
## S4 method for signature 'orExpr'
! x
## S4 method for signature '.gaSegmentFilter'
Not(object)
## S4 method for signature '.gaSegmentFilter'
! x
```

Arguments

object An object to get the logical inverse of.

x the object to return the logical inverse of.

Methods (by class)

- $\bullet\,$. comparator: Return the inverse of the supplied comparison operator.
- .comparator: Return the inverse of the supplied comparator.
- .expr: Invert the comparator of a condition expression.
- .expr: Invert the comparator of the condition expression.

Operand Operand

- orExpr: Invert an OR expression using De Morgan's Theorem.
- orExpr: Invert an OR expression using De Morgan's Theorem.
- .gaSegmentFilter: Invert the negation of a segment filter condition, i.e. include <-> exclude
- .gaSegmentFilter: Invert the negation of a segment filter condition, i.e. include <-> exclude

See Also

Other boolean functions: And, Or, xor

Examples

```
source_matches_google <- Expr(~source %matches% "google")
source_not_matching_google <- Not(source_matches_google)
identical(source_not_matching_google, !source_matches_google)</pre>
```

Operand

Operand

Description

Get the operand of an expression.

Set the operand of an expression.

Usage

```
Operand(object, value)
Operand(object) <- value
## S4 method for signature '.expr'
Operand(object)
## S4 replacement method for signature '.expr'
Operand(object) <- value</pre>
```

Arguments

object The object for which to set the operand of.

value Character or numeric. The value to set the operand to.

Methods (by class)

- .expr: Return the operand used within the condition, or coerce the supplied value into an operand.
- .expr: Replace the operand of a condition.

Or 35

Or Or

Description

Logical OR of two or more expressions.

Usage

```
Or(object, ...)
## S4 method for signature '.compoundExpr'
Or(object, ...)
## S4 method for signature '.compoundExpr,.compoundExpr'
e1 | e2
```

Arguments

object An object to include within the ORed expression.

Additional objects to include within the ORed expression.

e1 first expression

e2 second expression

Value

An object of class or Expr.

Methods (by class)

- .compoundExpr: Logical-OR of two or more expressions.
- e1 = .compoundExpr, e2 = .compoundExpr: Logical-OR of two expressions.

Note

Google Analytics does not support ORing of ANDed expressions – Only ANDing of ORed expresisons are supported. Consider De Morgan's laws for possible ways to work around this limitation.

See Also

Other boolean functions: And, Not, xor

Examples

```
mobile_or_tablet <- Expr(~deviceCategory == "mobile") | Expr(~deviceCategory == "tablet")
converted <- Expr(~goalCompletionsAll > 0) | Expr(~transactions > 0)
```

36 PerHit

Description

Set the scope of a gaMetExpr object to hit-level, or transforms a condition filter to a sequence filter of length one (i.e. a combination of conditions for matching a single hit).

Usage

```
PerHit(object, ..., negation)
## S4 method for signature '.compoundExpr'
PerHit(object, ..., negation)
## S4 method for signature 'gaMetExpr'
PerHit(object, ..., negation)
## S4 method for signature 'formula'
PerHit(object, ..., negation)
```

Arguments

object	A gaMetExpr object to coerce to hit-level or if multiple expressions are provided, then the first expression to combine into a single step sequence filter.
• • •	Further expressions to be included in the filter definition if defining a sequence filter of length one.
negation	Boolean value indicating whether to negate the condition.

Value

 $A \ {\tt gaMetExpr} \ or \ {\tt gaSegmentSequenceFilter}.$

Methods (by class)

- .compoundExpr: Create a single step sequence filter from the supplied expression.
- gaMetExpr: Set the scope of the supplied metric condition to hit-level.
- formula: Set the scope of the supplied non-standard-evaluation metric condition to hit-level.

See Also

Other dynamic segment functions: DynSegment, Exclude, Include, IsNegated, PerProduct, PerSession, PerUser, ScopeLevel, SegmentConditionFilter, Segments, Segment

PerProduct 37

Examples

```
spent_more_than_100_in_a_transaction <- PerHit(Expr(~transactionRevenue > 100))
played_intro_video <- PerHit(
    Expr(~eventCategory == "Video") &
    Expr(~eventAction == "Play") &
    Expr(~eventLabel == "Intro")
)</pre>
```

PerProduct

PerProduct

Description

Set the scope of a gaMetExpr object to product-level.

Usage

```
PerProduct(object, negation)
## S4 method for signature 'gaMetExpr'
PerProduct(object)
## S4 method for signature 'formula'
PerProduct(object)
```

Arguments

object A gaMetExpr object to coerce to hit-level

negation Boolean value indicating whether to negate the condition.

Value

A gaMetExpr object.

Methods (by class)

- gaMetExpr: Set the scope of the supplied metric condition to product-level.
- formula: Set the scope of the supplied non-standard-evaluation metric condition to product-level.

See Also

Other dynamic segment functions: DynSegment, Exclude, Include, IsNegated, PerHit, PerSession, PerUser, ScopeLevel, SegmentConditionFilter, Segments, Segment

38 PerSession

Examples

```
with_products_added_more_than_once <- PerProduct(Expr(~productAddsToCart > 1))
```

PerSession PerSession

Description

Set the scope of a .gaSegmentFilter or gaMetExpr object to session-level.

Usage

```
PerSession(object, ..., negation)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
PerSession(object, ..., negation)

## S4 method for signature 'gaSegmentSequenceStep'
PerSession(object, ..., negation)

## S4 method for signature 'gaSegmentSequenceFilter'
PerSession(object, ..., negation)

## S4 method for signature 'gaMetExpr'
PerSession(object, ..., negation)

## S4 method for signature 'formula'
PerSession(object, ..., negation)
```

Arguments

object A .gaSegmentFilter or gaMetExpr object to coerce to session-level. Alternatively, an dimension expression or segment filter to coerce into a session scoped gaDynSegment.

Other filters to include in the gaDynSegment.

Boolean value indicating whether to negate the condition.

Value

A gaMetExpr, .gaSegmentFilter or gaDynSegment.

PerUser 39

Methods (by class)

• ANY: Create a session level segment filter list from the supplied expressions, interpreted as condition filters.

- gaSegmentSequenceStep: Create a session-level segment sequence filter from the supplied sequence expression.
- gaSegmentSequenceFilter: Create a session-level segment sequence filter from the supplied sequence expression.
- gaMetExpr: Set the scope of the supplied metric condition to session-level.
- formula: Set the scope of the supplied non-standard-evaluation metric condition to sessionlevel.

Note

To define a gaDynSegment comprised of a single metric expression, wrap the metric expression in an Include or Exclude call.

See Also

Other dynamic segment functions: DynSegment, Exclude, Include, IsNegated, PerHit, PerProduct, PerUser, ScopeLevel, SegmentConditionFilter, Segments, Segment

Examples

```
spent_more_than_100_in_a_session <- PerSession(Expr(~transactionRevenue > 100))
```

PerUser

PerUser

Description

Set the scope of a .gaSegmentFilter or gaMetExpr object to user-level.

```
PerUser(object, ..., negation)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
PerUser(object, ..., negation)
## S4 method for signature 'gaSegmentSequenceStep'
PerUser(object, ..., negation)
## S4 method for signature 'gaSegmentSequenceFilter'
PerUser(object, ..., negation)
```

40 PerUser

```
## S4 method for signature 'gaMetExpr'
PerUser(object, ..., negation)
## S4 method for signature 'formula'
PerUser(object, ..., negation)
```

Arguments

a .gaSegmentFilter or gaMetExpr object to coerce to user-level. Alternatively, an dimension expression or segment filter to coerce into a user scoped gaDynSegment.

... Other filters to include in the gaDynSegment.

negation Boolean value indicating whether to negate the condition.

Value

A gaMetExpr, .gaSegmentFilter or gaDynSegment.

Methods (by class)

- ANY: Create a user-level segment filter list from the supplied expressions, each interpreted as an include segment filter.
- gaSegmentSequenceStep: Create a user-level segment sequence filter from the supplied sequence expression.
- gaSegmentSequenceFilter: Create a user-level segment sequence filter from the supplied sequence expression.
- gaMetExpr: Set the scope of the supplied metric condition to user-level.
- formula: Set the scope of the supplied non-standard-evaluation metric condition to user-level.

Note

To define a gaDynSegment comprised of a single metric expression, wrap the metric expression in an Include or Exclude call.

See Also

Other dynamic segment functions: DynSegment, Exclude, Include, IsNegated, PerHit, PerProduct, PerSession, ScopeLevel, SegmentConditionFilter, Segments, Segment

Examples

```
spent_more_than_100_per_user <- PerUser(Expr(~transactionRevenue > 100))
```

RtExpr 41

|--|--|

Description

Create a Real-Time Reporting API expression.

Usage

```
RtExpr(object, comparator, operand)
## S4 method for signature 'character, character'
RtExpr(object, comparator, operand)
```

Arguments

object A dimension or metric variable, or another object to be coerced to an .expr

object.

comparator The comparator to use for the expression.

operand The operand to use for the expression.

Methods (by class)

• object = character, comparator = character: Define a Real-Time Reporting condition using the arguments describing the variable, comparator and operand.

See Also

```
Other expression generators: Expr, GaExpr, McfExpr
```

Examples

```
myQuery <- RtQuery(view = 123456789)
source_matches_google <- RtExpr("rt:source", "~", "google")
TableFilter(myQuery) <- source_matches_google</pre>
```

42 SamplingLevel

|--|--|

Description

Create a Real-Time reporting API query object

Usage

```
RtQuery(view = NA, creds = get_creds(), metrics = "rt:pageviews",
  dimensions = "rt:minutesAgo", sortBy = NULL, filters = NULL,
  maxResults = kGaMaxResults)
```

Arguments

view view id to use

creds authentication credentials object created using GoogleApiCreds()

metrics character vector of metrics
dimensions character vector of dimensions

sortBy a . sortBy object

filters a .tableFilter object

maxResults the maximum number of results to return, up to 1,000,000

SamplingLevel SamplingLevel

Description

Get the sampling level.

Set the sampling level for a ganalytics query.

```
SamplingLevel(object, value)
SamplingLevel(object) <- value

## S4 method for signature '.standardQuery,missing'
SamplingLevel(object)

## S4 method for signature '.standardQuery,ANY'
SamplingLevel(object, value)</pre>
```

ScopeLevel 43

```
## S4 replacement method for signature '.standardQuery'
SamplingLevel(object) <- value
## S4 method for signature 'data.frame,ANY'
SamplingLevel(object)</pre>
```

Arguments

object The query or response to check the sampling level of.

value Optional. If object is a query, then value can be provided to set the sampling

level to of that query, in which case an updated query object will be returned.

Methods (by class)

• object = .standardQuery, value = missing: Return what level the sampling level of the query has been set to.

- object = .standardQuery, value = ANY: Set the sampling level of the query.
- .standardQuery: Set the sampling level of the query.
- object = data.frame, value = ANY: Return details about any sampling that was applied in the response of the query.

See Also

Other query object functions: Dimensions, MaxResults, Metrics, SortBy, TableFilter Other query object functions: Dimensions, MaxResults, Metrics, SortBy, TableFilter

ScopeLevel

ScopeLevel

Description

```
Get or set the scope level of a .gaSegmentFilter or gaMetExpr.
Set the scope level of a .gaSegmentFilter or a gaMetExpr.
```

```
ScopeLevel(object, value)
ScopeLevel(object) <- value
## S4 method for signature 'gaSegMetExpr,missing'
ScopeLevel(object)
## S4 method for signature 'gaSegMetExpr,character'
ScopeLevel(object, value)</pre>
```

44 ScopeLevel

```
## $4 replacement method for signature 'gaMetExpr,character'
$copeLevel(object) <- value

## $4 method for signature '.gaSegmentFilter,missing'
$copeLevel(object)

## $4 method for signature '.gaSegmentFilter,character'
$copeLevel(object, value)

## $4 replacement method for signature '.gaSegmentFilter,character'
$copeLevel(object) <- value

## $4 replacement method for signature 'gaDynSegment,character'
$copeLevel(object) <- value</pre>
```

Arguments

object A .gaSegmentFilter or gaMetExpr object.

value Optional new scope level to return an updated copy of the object with the new

scope applied. For .gaSegmentFilters this can be either 'users' or 'sessions'.

For metric expressions use either 'perUser', 'perSession', 'perHit' or 'perProduct'.

Value

The scope level as a character string, or returns a .gaSegmentFilter or gaMetExpr object with the newly set scope.

Methods (by class)

- object = gaSegMetExpr, value = missing: Return the scope of the supplied metric used within a segment definition.
- object = gaSegMetExpr, value = character: Set the scope, as described by a character value, to be applied to the supplied metric condition for use within a segment expression.
- object = gaMetExpr, value = character: Set the scope, as described by a character value, to be applied to the supplied metric condition for use within a segment expression.
- object = .gaSegmentFilter, value = missing: Returns the scope of the supplied .gaSegmentFilter.
- object = .gaSegmentFilter, value = character: Set the scope level of a .gaSegment-Filter to either "user" or "session" level.
- object = .gaSegmentFilter, value = character: Set the scope level of a .gaSegment-Filter to either "user" or "session" level.
- object = gaDynSegment, value = character: Set the scope level of a gaDynSegment to either "user" or "session" level.

Segment 45

See Also

Other dynamic segment functions: DynSegment, Exclude, Include, IsNegated, PerHit, PerProduct, PerSession, PerUser, SegmentConditionFilter, Segments, Segment

Other dynamic segment functions: DynSegment, Exclude, Include, IsNegated, PerHit, PerProduct, PerSession, PerUser, SegmentConditionFilter, Segments, Segment

Examples

```
sessions_with_value <- Expr(~eventValue > 0, metricScope = "perSession")
ScopeLevel(sessions_with_value)
users_with_value_sessions <- Include(sessions_with_value)
ScopeLevel(users_with_value_sessions) <- "users"
sessions_with_value_segment <- ScopeLevel(users_with_value_sessions, "sessions")</pre>
```

Segment

Segment

Description

Define a segment for use in a query's segment list.

Usage

```
Segment(object, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'numeric'
Segment(object)
## S4 method for signature 'character'
Segment(object)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
Segment(object, ...)
## S4 method for signature 'NULL''
Segment(object)
## S4 method for signature 'gaUserSegment'
Segment(object)
```

Arguments

object A segment or other object that can be coerced into a segment, including dynamic segments, built-in and/or custom segments by their ID.

. . Other segment conditions, filters or filter lists to include in the segment's definition (ANDed)

Value

An object belonging to the .gaSegment superclass.

Methods (by class)

- numeric: Interpret the supplied numeric value as a segment ID.
- character: Interpret the supplied character value as a segment ID.
- ANY: Create a non-sequential segment using the supplied expressions.
- NULL: returns NULL
- gaUserSegment: Return the segment ID of the supplied GA Management API user segment.

See Also

Other dynamic segment functions: DynSegment, Exclude, Include, IsNegated, PerHit, PerProduct, PerSession, PerUser, ScopeLevel, SegmentConditionFilter, Segments

SegmentConditionFilter

Segment Condition Filter

Description

Create a new gaSegmentConditionFilter object

Usage

```
SegmentConditionFilter(object, ..., negation, scope)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
SegmentConditionFilter(object, ..., negation, scope)
```

Arguments

object An expression to be used as a non-sequential segment condition.

Other expressions to be Anded to the first expression provided.

Optional logical TRUE or FALSE to match segments where this condition has not been met. Default is FALSE, i.e. inclusive filter.

Scope Optional scope, "users" or "sessions" (default).

Value

A gaSegmentConditionFilter object.

Segments 47

Methods (by class)

• ANY: Create a non-sequential segment condition filter from one or more expressions. All conditions within the filter must hold true within a single session if applied to a gaDynSegment scoped at session-level, or to a single hit if scoped at user-level.

See Also

Other dynamic segment functions: DynSegment, Exclude, Include, IsNegated, PerHit, PerProduct, PerSession, PerUser, ScopeLevel, Segments, Segment

Examples

```
bounced_sessions <- SegmentConditionFilter(Expr(~bounces > 0))
return_shoppers <- SegmentConditionFilter(
   Expr(~transactions > 1, metricScope = "perUser"),
   scope = "users"
)
```

Segments

Segments

Description

Get the list of segments from the object or coerce the supplied objects into a a named list of segments.

Set the segments of the query object.

```
Segments(object, ...)
Segments(object) <- value
## S4 method for signature 'gaSegmentList'
Segments(object)
## S4 method for signature 'gaQuery'
Segments(object)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
Segments(object)
## S4 replacement method for signature 'gaQuery'
Segments(object) <- value</pre>
```

48 Segments

Arguments

object A query object to get the segment list from or to set the segment list of.

Alternatively, provide one or more named arguments (segments or objects that can be coerced into segments) including dynamic segments, built-in and/or custom segments by their ID.

Value A named list of segments or a single segment.

Value

A gaSegmentList

Methods (by class)

- gaSegmentList: Returns itself
- gaQuery: Return the definition of the segment applied to the view.
- ANY: Coerce an object into a segmentList of length 1.
- gaQuery: Set the segments to be used within a query.

See Also

Other dynamic segment functions: DynSegment, Exclude, Include, IsNegated, PerHit, PerProduct, PerSession, PerUser, ScopeLevel, SegmentConditionFilter, Segment

Other dynamic segment functions: DynSegment, Exclude, Include, IsNegated, PerHit, PerProduct, PerSession, PerUser, ScopeLevel, SegmentConditionFilter, Segment

Examples

```
my_segments <- Segments(list(
   bounces = PerSession(Expr(~bounces != 0)),
   conversions = PerUser(Expr(~goalCompletionsAll > 0) | Expr(~transactions > 0)),
   mobile_or_tablet = Expr(~deviceCategory %in% c("mobile", "tablet")),
   multi_session_users = Include(PerUser(Expr(~sessions > 1)), scope = "users"),
   new_desktop_users = Expr(~deviceCategory == "desktop") & Expr(~userType == "new")
))

my_query <- GaQuery(view = "987654321")
my_segments_list <- list(
   bounces = PerSession(Expr(~bounces != 0)),
   conversions = PerUser(Expr(~goalCompletionsAll > 0) | Expr(~transactions > 0)),
   mobile_or_tablet = Expr(~deviceCategory %in% c("mobile", "tablet")),
   multi_session_users = Include(PerUser(Expr(~sessions > 1)), scope = "users"),
   new_desktop_users = Expr(~deviceCategory == "desktop") & Expr(~userType == "new")
)
Segments(my_query) <- my_segments_list</pre>
```

Sequence 49

Description

Create a new gaSequence object

Usage

```
Sequence(object, ..., negation, scope)
## S4 method for signature '.compoundExpr'
Later(object)
## S4 method for signature '.compoundExpr'
Then(object)
## S4 method for signature '.compoundExpr'
First(object)
## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
Sequence(object, ..., negation, scope)
```

Arguments

object	A sequence step or another expression that should be coerced to a sequence condition.
	Other steps within the sequence condition, in the order in which they should be applied.
negation	Logical TRUE or FALSE to match segments where this sequence has not occurred.
scope	Optional scope, "users" or "sessions".

Methods (by class)

- .compoundExpr: Defines a sequence step using the supplied expression that does not need to be immediately at the start nor immediately following any preceding step.
- .compoundExpr: Defines a sequential step using the supplied expression that should immediately follow any preceding step or be the very first required interaction in any sequences being matched to this sequential segment definition.
- .compoundExpr: Alias to Then.
- ANY: Return a sequence of one or more steps using the supplied expression(s) that define the steps, where those step can occur anywhere within the sequences of interactions being matched, but in the order specified.

50 sequential_segment

See Also

Other sequence segment functions: First, Later, Then

Examples

```
expr1 <- Expr(~pagepath == "/")</pre>
expr2 <- Expr(~eventCategory == "video")</pre>
expr3 <- Expr(~timeOnPage > 10)
expr4 <- Expr(~transactionRevenue > 10)
expr5 <- expr1 & expr2
expr6 <- Expr(~eventAction == "click")</pre>
expr7 <- Expr(~eventCategory == "video") & Expr(~eventAction == "play")</pre>
expr8 <- Expr(~source == "google")</pre>
Segment(
  PerUser(
    expr1,
                  # treat an expression as 'condition type segment filter' by default
    PerHit(expr3)
  ),
  Sequence(
    expr2,
    Then(expr4), # 'then' means 'immediately followed by'.
    Later(expr5) # 'later' means 'followed by', but not necessarily immediately.
  ),
  Sequence(
    First(expr6), # First expressly means 'first interaction' within the date range.
    Then(expr7), # By default, treat an expression within a sequence as happening
                  # at any point after any preceding steps in the sequence, i.e. 'later'.
    expr8
)
```

sequential_segment sed

sequential_segment.

Description

Create a sequence using non-standard evaluation syntax.

Usage

```
sequential_segment(steps)
```

Arguments

steps

a list of expressions (of one or more conditions), each repeating a step in the sequence.

SortBy 51

Details

Steps must be separated by commas (,). ... denotes zero or more interactions may precede the step that follows, otherwise without ... then the there must not be any interactions between the adjacent steps in order for the results to match the sequence.

Examples

```
a <- Expr(~pagePath == "/home")
b <- Expr(~eventCategory == "Video") &
    Expr(~eventAction == "Play")
c <- Expr(~medium == "email")
s <- sequential_segment(list( ..., a, ..., b, c ))</pre>
```

SortBy

SortBy

Description

Get the sortBy order of the query.

Set the order of rows returned by Google Analytics.

```
SortBy(object, ..., desc = logical(0), type = c("VALUE", "DELTA",
    "SMART", "HISTOGRAM_BUCKET", "DIMENSION_AS_INTEGER")[0L])

SortBy(object) <- value

## S4 method for signature '.varList'
SortBy(object, desc, type)

## S4 method for signature '`NULL`'
SortBy(object)

## S4 method for signature 'character'
SortBy(object, ..., desc = logical(0),
    type = c("VALUE", "DELTA", "SMART", "HISTOGRAM_BUCKET",
    "DIMENSION_AS_INTEGER")[0L])

## S4 method for signature '.query'
SortBy(object, value)

## S4 replacement method for signature '.query'
SortBy(object) <- value</pre>
```

52 SplitDateRange

Arguments

object A character vector or list of dimensions or metrics to sort by. If character, then prefixing the dimension name with a "+" means ascending order or "-" for descending order. By default metrics are sorted in descending order, while dimensions are by default in ascending order. Alternatively, supply a query object and replacement dimensions and metrics or sort by. Further dimensions or metrics to sort by, or if object is a query then the replacement list of dimensions or metrics to sort by. desc A logical vector, same length as the resulting list of dimension or metric variables, indicating which columns of the resulting query response should be sorted in descending order. A character vector, same length as the vector of variables to sort by, indicattype ing the method of sorting to be applied to each variable. Available sort types are "VALUE", "DELTA", "SMART", "HISTOGRAM_BUCKET" or "DIMEN-SION_AS_INTEGER". value The replacement dimensions and metrics for the supplied object.

Methods (by class)

- .varList: Coerce a .varList object to a .sortBy child-class.
- NULL: Returns NULL
- character: Return a sortBy object given by the variables named within a character vector, optionally denoted with or + to indicate descending or ascending sorting for each variable respectively in order of precedence.
- . query: Replace the sort by argument of a query.
- . query: Replace the sort by argument of a query.

See Also

Other query object functions: Dimensions, MaxResults, Metrics, SamplingLevel, TableFilter Other query object functions: Dimensions, MaxResults, Metrics, SamplingLevel, TableFilter

|--|

Description

Splits a gaDateRange object into N pieces. Useful for splitting a query into smaller chunks in order to overcome sampling.

Usage

SplitDateRange(dateRange, N = 0L)

StartDate 53

Arguments

dateRange the gaDateRange object to be split

N the number of the separate date ranges to be split into; use 0 for single days.

See Also

Other date range functions: Cohort, DateRange, EndDate, StartDate

StartDate

StartDate

Description

Get the start date.

Set the start date.

Usage

```
StartDate(object, value)
StartDate(object) <- value</pre>
```

Arguments

object Object to get start date of.

value Value to set start date of object to.

See Also

Other date range functions: Cohort, DateRange, EndDate, SplitDateRange Other date range functions: Cohort, DateRange, EndDate, SplitDateRange

TableFilter

Table Filter

Description

Get the filter.

Set the filter.

54 Then

Usage

```
TableFilter(object, value)

TableFilter(object) <- value

## S4 method for signature 'ANY,missing'
TableFilter(object)

## S4 method for signature '.query,missing'
TableFilter(object)

## S4 method for signature '.query,ANY'
TableFilter(object, value)

## S4 replacement method for signature '.query'
TableFilter(object) <- value</pre>
```

Arguments

object The object to be coerced to a TableFilter or the query object to apply a table

filter to.

value The replacement table filter where object is a query.

Methods (by class)

- object = ANY, value = missing: Coerce the given object into a table filter.
- object = .query, value = missing: Return the TableFilter that has been applied to the given query.
- object = .query, value = ANY: Method to replace the table filter of a query
- . query: Method to replace the table filter of a query

See Also

Other query object functions: Dimensions, MaxResults, Metrics, SamplingLevel, SortBy Other query object functions: Dimensions, MaxResults, Metrics, SamplingLevel, SortBy

|--|

Description

Treat a step within a sequence as happening immediately after any preceding steps in the sequence, i.e. 'immediately following'.

ValidGaOperand 55

Usage

```
Then(object, ...)
```

Arguments

object The expression that should **immediately** precede others in the sequence.

... Any other expressions that should **immediately** follow the first one but before

any others in the sequence.

Value

A gaSegmentSequenceStep object, with the immediate flag set.

See Also

Sequence

Other sequence segment functions: First, Later, Sequence

Examples

```
purchased_immediately_after <- Then(Expr(~transactions > 0))
```

ValidGaOperand

ValidGaOperand.

Description

Checks whether an operand value is valid for a selected dimension.

Usage

```
ValidGaOperand(var, operand)
```

Arguments

var selected dimension to check operand against

operand the operand value to check

56 Var

Var Var

Description

Google Analytics dimension and metric variables.

Var<- sets the value of an object belonging to the superclass .var or sets the var slot of an expression object belonging to superclass .expr

```
Var(object, ...)
Var(object) <- value</pre>
GaVar(object, ...)
GaVar(object) <- value</pre>
McfVar(object, ...)
McfVar(object) <- value</pre>
RtVar(object, ...)
RtVar(object) <- value
## S4 method for signature 'character'
Var(object)
## S4 replacement method for signature '.var,character'
Var(object) <- value</pre>
## S4 method for signature '.expr'
Var(object)
## S4 replacement method for signature '.expr,character'
Var(object) <- value</pre>
## S4 method for signature '.gaVarList'
Var(object)
## S4 method for signature 'character'
GaVar(object)
## S4 replacement method for signature '.gaVar,character'
GaVar(object) <- value</pre>
```

Var 57

```
## S4 method for signature '.expr'
GaVar(object)

## S4 replacement method for signature '.expr,character'
GaVar(object) <- value

## S4 method for signature '.gaVarList'
GaVar(object)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
McfVar(object)

## S4 method for signature 'ANY'
RtVar(object)</pre>
```

Arguments

object An object that inherits from or extends the class .var, including gaDimVar, gaMetVar, mcfDimVar, mcfMetVar, rtDimVar, rtMetVar, gaExpr, mcfExpr, rtExpr, gaDimensions, gaMetrics, mcfDimensions, mcfMetrics, rtDimensions and rtMetrics.

A replacement value for object coerced to class .var.

value any object that can be coerced to a valid object class.

Details

Var returns a .var object which is valid Google Analytics dimension or metric for use with the core reporting, multi-channel-funnel reporting or real-time reporting API.

Use Var to lookup a dimension or metric from the Google Analytics core reporting, multi-channel-funnel reporting, or real-time reporting APIs, for use in defining expressions (of superclass .expr) or (to be implemented) variable lists (of superclass .varList) such as query dimensions, metrics or sortBy parameters.

Var accepts either a character, .var, or .expr object. A character object will be coerced to a .var object by looking for a matching dimension or metric from the Core Reporting, Multi-Channel Funnel Reporting, and Real-Time Reporting APIs. Providing an .expr object will return the dimension or metric used within that Google Analytics expression.

Value

An object inheriting from the superclass .var

Methods (by class)

- character: Coerce a character to '.var'.
- object = .var,value = character: Set a '.var' object to a new value coerced from character.
- .expr: Get the variable of an expression object.

58 xor

• object = .expr, value = character: Set the variable of an expression object using a character value to be coerced to '.var'.

- .gaVarList: Get the variables within a variable list object, such as sortBy, dimensions or metrics.
- character: GaVar takes a GA variable name and determines whether to return a Dimension or Metric object
- object = .gaVar, value = character: Set the Var of a gaExpr object.
- .expr: Get the variable from expression object coerced to '.garVar'.
- object = .expr,value = character: Set the variable of an expression to a .gaVar as named by a character value.
- .gaVarList: Get the variables of a .gaVarList.
- ANY: McfVar takes a MCF variable and determines whether to return a Dimension or Metric object
- ANY: McfVar takes a RT variable and determines whether to return a Dimension or Metric object

See Also

- Core Reporting API dimensions and metrics
- Multi-Channel-Funnel Reporting API dimensions and metrics
- Real-Time Reporting API dimensions and metrics

Examples

```
Var("source")
dim <- Var("ga:medium")
Var(dim)
paid_traffic <- Expr(dim, "==", "cpc")
Var(paid_traffic)
expr1 <- Expr("pageviews", '>', 10)
Var(expr1) <- "uniquePageviews"</pre>
```

xor

xor

Description

xor produces a compound expression that gives the EXCLUSIVE-OR of two expressions.

```
xor(x, y)
## S4 method for signature '.compoundExpr,.compoundExpr'
xor(x, y)
```

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Arguments

x, y Conditions for an EXCLUSIVE-OR expression.

Methods (by class)

• x = .compoundExpr, y = .compoundExpr: Exclusive-OR of two expressions.

See Also

Other boolean functions: And, Not, Or

Examples

```
either_enquired_or_downloaded <- xor(
   Expr(~eventCategory == "enquiry"),
   Expr(~eventCategory == "download")
)</pre>
```

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