

Package ‘fslr’

August 5, 2019

Type Package

Title Wrapper Functions for 'FSL' ('FMRIB' Software Library) from
Functional MRI of the Brain ('FMRIB')

Version 2.24.1

Maintainer John Muschelli <muschelli.j2@gmail.com>

Description Wrapper functions that interface with 'FSL'
<<http://fsl.fmrib.ox.ac.uk/fsl/fslwiki/>>, a powerful and commonly-used 'neuroimaging'
software, using system commands. The goal is to be able to interface with 'FSL'
completely in R, where you pass R objects of class 'nifti', implemented by
package 'oro.nifti', and the function executes an 'FSL' command and returns an R
object of class 'nifti' if desired.

Imports methods, R.utils, graphics, grDevices, stats, utils

Depends oro.nifti (>= 0.5.0), neurobase, R (>= 3.2.0)

License GPL-3

VignetteBuilder knitr

Suggests knitr, rmarkdown, covr

BugReports <https://github.com/muschelli.j2/fslr/issues>

SystemRequirements FSL

RoxygenNote 6.1.1

Encoding UTF-8

NeedsCompilation no

Author John Muschelli [aut, cre] (<<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-6469-1750>>)

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2019-08-05 20:40:07 UTC

R topics documented:

applytopup	6
aux.file-methods	7
bitpix-methods	7

cal.max-methods	7
cal.min-methods	8
checkout	8
check_file	9
datatype-methods	9
data_type-methods	10
descrip-methods	10
dim_-methods	10
download_fsl	11
dtifit	11
eddy	12
eddy_correct	13
enforce_form	14
face_removal_mask	14
fast	15
fast.help	17
flirt	17
flirt.help	18
flirt_apply	18
fnirt	19
fnirt.help	20
fnirt_with_affine	20
fnirt_with_affine_apply	21
fslabs.help	22
fslacos.help	22
fsladd.help	23
fsland	23
fslasin.help	24
fslatan.help	24
fslbet.help	25
fslbin.help	26
fslbinv.help	26
fslchfiletype	27
fslchfiletype.help	27
fslcmd	28
fslcog	29
fslcos.help	30
fslcpgeom	30
fslcpgeom.help	31
fsl_dir	31
fsldiv.help	32
fsledge.help	32
fslentropy	33
fslspi_reg	33
fslerode.help	34
fslxp.help	35
fslfill.help	35
fslfill2	36

fslgetorient	37
fslhd	37
fslhd.help	38
fslhd.parse	38
fslhelp	39
fslindex.help	39
fsllog.help	40
fslmask.help	40
fslmaths.help	41
fslmax	41
fslmean	42
fslmerge.help	43
fslmul.help	43
fslnan.help	44
fslnanm.help	44
fslor	45
fslorient	45
fslorient.help	46
fslorienter	47
fslrand.help	47
fslrandn.help	48
fslrange	48
fslrecip.help	49
fslrem.help	50
fslreorient2std	50
fslreorient2std.help	51
fslrobustfov	52
fslrobustfov.help	52
fslroi	53
fslsd	54
fslsin	54
fslsin.help	55
fslslicetimer	55
fslsmooth.help	56
fslsmooth_in_mask	57
fslsplit	58
fslsplit.help	59
fslsqr.help	59
fslsqr.help	60
fslstats	60
fslstats.help	61
fslsub.help	61
fslsub2.help	62
fslsum	63
fslswapdim.help	63
fsltan.help	64
fslthresh.help	64
fslval	65

fslval.help	65
fslview	66
fslview.help	67
fslvol	67
fslvolume	68
fslxor	68
fsl_abs	69
fsl_acos	70
fsl_add	71
fsl_anat	72
fsl_anat.help	72
fsl_applywarp	73
fsl_applywarp.help	73
fsl_asin	74
fsl_atan	74
fsl_atlas_dir	75
fsl_avscale	76
fsl_bet	76
fsl_biascorrect	77
fsl_bin	78
fsl_binv	79
fsl_bin_tab	80
fsl_cluster	80
fsl_cos	82
fsl_data_dir	82
fsl_dice	83
fsl_dilate	83
fsl_div	84
fsl_edge	85
fsl_erode	86
fsl_exp	87
fsl_fill	88
fsl_index	89
fsl_log	90
fsl_mask	90
fsl_maths	92
fsl_merge	93
fsl_mul	94
fsl_nan	95
fsl_nanm	95
fsl_rand	96
fsl_randn	97
fsl_recip	98
fsl_rem	99
fsl_resample	100
fsl_smooth	101
fsl_smoothest	102
fsl_sqr	103

fsl_sqrt	103
fsl_std_dir	104
fsl_sub	105
fsl_sub2	106
fsl_swapdim	107
fsl_tan	108
fsl_thresh	108
fsl_version	110
get.fsl	110
get.fsloutput	111
get.imgext	111
getForms	112
get_quickshear_mask	112
have.fsl	113
intent_code-methods	114
intent_name-methods	114
intent_p1-methods	115
intent_p2-methods	115
intent_p3-methods	115
invert_xfm	116
magic-methods	117
mcflirt	117
mcflirt.help	118
melodic	118
melodic.help	119
mid_sagittal_align	119
mni_fname	120
mni_img	120
mridefacer	121
parse_avscale	122
pixdim-methods	122
probtrackx	123
qform,character-method	125
qform_code-methods	125
readrpi	126
read_xfm	126
reverse_rpi_orient	127
rpi_orient	127
run_first_all	128
run_first_all.help	129
scl_inter-methods	129
scl_slope-methods	130
sform_code-methods	130
sizeof_hdr-methods	130
slice_code-methods	131
slice_duration-methods	131
slice_end-methods	132
slice_start-methods	132

susan	133
susan.help	134
toffset-methods	134
topup	135
vox_offset-methods	136
xfibres	136

Index	138
--------------	------------

applytopup	<i>applytopup - calling FSL applytopup</i>
------------	--

Description

A tool for applying and correcting estimated susceptibility induced distortions

Usage

```
applytopup(infile, datain, index, topup_files, out = NULL,
  method = c("lsr", "jac"), interp = c("spline", "trilinear"),
  verbose = TRUE)
```

```
apply_topup(...)
```

```
fsl_applytopup(...)
```

Arguments

infile	list of names of input image (to be corrected)
datain	name of text file with PE directions/times
index	list of indices into -datain of the input image (to be corrected)
topup_files	name of field/movements (from topup)
out	basename for output (warped) image
method	Use jacobian modulation (jac) or least-squares resampling (lsr), default=lsr.
interp	Image interpolation model, trilinear or spline. Default spline
verbose	Print diagnostic information while running
...	arguments passed to topup if using fsl_topup

aux.file-methods *Extract Image aux.file attribute*

Description

aux_file method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
aux.file(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

bitpix-methods *Extract Image bitpix attribute*

Description

bitpix method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
bitpix(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

cal.max-methods *Extract Image cal.max attribute*

Description

cal_max method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
cal.max(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

cal.min-methods	<i>Extract Image cal.min attribute</i>
-----------------	--

Description

cal_min method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
cal.min(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

checkout	<i>Determine of Q and S forms are consistent</i>
----------	--

Description

This function determines if the determinants of the sform and qform have the same sign

Usage

```
checkout(hd)
```

Arguments

hd (list) sforms from [getForms](#)

Value

logical indicating if sform and qform consistent

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  mnifile = file.path(fsldir(), "data", "standard",  
    "MNI152_T1_2mm.nii.gz")  
  forms = getForms(mnifile)  
  checkout(forms)  
}
```

check_file	<i>Wrapper for getForms with filename</i>
------------	---

Description

Checking the q/s-forms for a header

Usage

```
check_file(file, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) filename of image to be checked
...	options passed to checking

Value

result of [checkout](#)

Examples

```
library(fslr)
if (have.fsl()){
  mnifile = mni_fname("2")
  check_file(mnifile)
}
```

datatype-methods	<i>Extract Image datatype attribute</i>
------------------	---

Description

datatype method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
datatype(object)
```

Arguments

object	is a filename to pass to fslval
--------	---

data_type-methods *Extract Image data_type attribute*

Description

data_type method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
data_type(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

descrip-methods *Extract Image descrip attribute*

Description

descrip method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
descrip(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

dim_-methods *Extract Image dim_ attribute*

Description

dim_ method for class character

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
dim_(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

download_fsl	<i>Download FSL</i>
--------------	---------------------

Description

Download FSL Tarball

Usage

```
download_fsl(os = c("macosx", "redhat5", "redhat6", "centos5", "centos6",
  "debian", "ubuntu"), outdir = tempdir(), overwrite = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

os	Operating system
outdir	Output directory for tarball
overwrite	If file.path(outdir, tarball_name) exists, should it be overwritten?
...	Arguments to pass to download.file

Value

Filename of destination file

dtifit	<i>DTI Fitting Procedure from FSL</i>
--------	---------------------------------------

Description

Calls dtifit from FSL

Usage

```
dtifit(infile, bvecs, bvals, mask = NULL, outprefix = NULL,
  opts = "", bet.opts = "", verbose = TRUE, sse = FALSE,
  save_tensor = FALSE, grad_image = NULL)
```

Arguments

infile	Input filename
bvecs	b-vectors: matrix of 3 columns or filename of ASCII text file
bvals	b-values: vector of same length as number of rows of b-vectors or filename of ASCII text file
mask	Mask filename
outprefix	Output prefix

opts	Additional options for dtifit
bet.opts	Options for <code>fslbet</code> if mask is not supplied
verbose	print diagnostic messages
sse	Save sum of squared errors
save_tensor	Save tensor file out
grad_image	Gradient Nonlinearity Tensor file

Value

Vector of character filenames of output. See Note

Note

On successful completion of the command, the following files will be output, which are: mask - the mask used in the analysis outprefix_V1 - 1st eigenvector outprefix_V2 - 2nd eigenvector outprefix_V3 - 3rd eigenvector outprefix_L1 - 1st eigenvalue outprefix_L2 - 2nd eigenvalue outprefix_L3 - 3rd eigenvalue outprefix_MD - mean diffusivity outprefix_FA - fractional anisotropy outprefix_MO - mode of the anisotropy (oblate ~ -1; isotropic ~ 0; prolate ~ 1) outprefix_S0 - raw T2 signal with no diffusion weighting optional output If sse = TRUE, then the additional file will be present: outprefix_sse - Sum of squared error If save_tensor = TRUE, then the additional file will be present: outprefix_tensor - tensor as a 4D file in this order: Dxx,Dxy,Dxz,Dyy,Dyz,Dzz

eddy

Eddy Current Correction

Description

This function calls eddy from FSL for DTI Processing

Usage

```
eddy(infile, mask, acq_file, index_file, bvecs, bvals, outfile = NULL,
      retimg = TRUE, opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

infile	input filename of 4D image.
mask	Mask filename (or class nifti)
acq_file	A text-file describing the acquisition parameters for the different images in infile The format of this file is identical to that used by topup (though the parameter is called <code>--datain</code> there).
index_file	A text-file that determines the relationship between on the one hand the images in infile and on the other hand the acquisition parameters in acq_file.

bvecs	A text file with normalised vectors describing the direction of the diffusion weighting.
bvals	A text file with b-values describing the "amount of" diffusion weighting
outfile	Output file basename
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
opts	Additional options to pass to arguments passed to eddy
verbose	print diagnostic messages
...	Not currently used

Value

Result from system command currently

eddy_correct	<i>Eddy Current Correction</i>
--------------	--------------------------------

Description

This function calls eddy_correct from FSL for DTI Processing

Usage

```
eddy_correct(infile, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reference_no = 0,
            ...)
```

Arguments

infile	input filename of 4D image.
outfile	Output filename
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reference_no	Set the volume number for the reference volume that will be used as a target to register all other volumes to. (default=0, i.e. the first volume)
...	Additional arguments passed to fslcmd

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is TRUE or FALSE.

enforce_form	<i>Enforce Either Qform or Sform is set</i>
--------------	---

Description

Enforce Either Qform or Sform is set

Usage

```
enforce_form(file, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image filename or character of class nifti
...	additional arguments to pass to getForms

Value

A character filename

Examples

```
if (have_fsl()) {
  res = enforce_form(mni_fname())
}
```

face_removal_mask	<i>Face Removal Mask</i>
-------------------	--------------------------

Description

Face Removal Mask

Usage

```
face_removal_mask(file, template = mni_fname(mm = "1"),
  face_mask = mni_face_fname(mm = "1"), outfile = NULL,
  cost = "mutualinfo", retimg = FALSE)

deface_image(file, ...)
```

Arguments

file	input image
template	Template image to register input image to. Set to NULL (recommended) if want to use from https://github.com/poldracklab/pydeface . Alternatively, use <code>mni_fname</code> .
face_mask	Mask of image, in same space as template. Set to NULL (recommended) if want to use from https://github.com/poldracklab/pydeface . Alternatively, use <code>mni_face_fname</code> .
outfile	Output
cost	Cost function passed to flirt
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
...	not used

Value

An image or filename depending on `retimg`

Examples

```
if (have_fsl()) {
  file = "~/Downloads/sample_T1_input.nii.gz"
  if (file.exists(file)) {
    mask = face_removal_mask(file = file,
                             template = NULL, face_mask = NULL)
    image = fslmask(file, mask)
  }
}
```

fast

FSL FAST

Description

This function calls `fast` from FSL

Usage

```
fast(file, outfile = NULL, bias_correct = TRUE, retimg = TRUE,
      reorient = FALSE, intern = FALSE, opts = "", out_type = c("seg",
      "mixeltype", "pve_0", "pve_1", "pve_2", "pvseg"), verbose = TRUE,
      all_images = FALSE, ...)
```

```
fast_all(..., all_images = FALSE)
```

```

fast_nobias_all(..., bias_correct = FALSE, all_images = FALSE)
fsl_fast(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
fslfast(...)
fsl_fast_nobias(..., bias_correct = FALSE, outfile = tempfile(fileext =
  ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
fast_nobias(..., bias_correct = FALSE)
fslfast_nobias(..., bias_correct = FALSE)

```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be manipulated
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
bias_correct	(logical) if FALSE, then "--nobias" is passed to FAST. Additional options can be sent using opts, but this is the most commonly one changed.
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fast
out_type	(character) Suffix to grab from outfile. For example, output filename is <code>paste0(outfile, "_", out_type)</code>
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
all_images	If retimg
...	additional arguments passed to readnii .

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

`fast.help`*FAST help*

Description

This function calls fast's help

Usage

```
fast.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  fast.help()
}
```

`flirt`*Register using FLIRT*

Description

This function calls flirt to register infile to reffile and either saves the image or returns an object of class nifti, along with the transformation matrix omat

Usage

```
flirt(infile, reffile, omat = NULL, dof = 6, outfile = NULL,
      retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE, intern = FALSE, opts = "",
      verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>infile</code>	(character) input filename
<code>reffile</code>	(character) reference image to be registered to
<code>omat</code>	(character) Output matrix name
<code>dof</code>	(numeric) degrees of freedom (default 6 - rigid body)
<code>outfile</code>	(character) output filename
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class nifti
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .

intern (logical) pass to `system`
 opts (character) additional options to FLIRT
 verbose (logical) print out command before running
 ... additional arguments passed to `readnii`.

Value

character or logical depending on intern

flirt.help	<i>FLIRT help</i>
------------	-------------------

Description

This function calls `flirt`'s help

Usage

```
flirt.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  flirt.help()
}
```

flirt_apply	<i>Apply Warp from FLIRT</i>
-------------	------------------------------

Description

This function applies a matrix from `flirt` to other images

Usage

```
flirt_apply(infile, reffile, initmat, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE, intern = FALSE, opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

infile	(character) input filename
reffile	(character) reference image to be registered to
initmat	(character) Matrix of transformation
outfile	(character) output filename
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) pass to system
opts	(character) additional options to FLIRT
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments passed to readnii .

Value

character or logical depending on intern

fnirt	<i>Register using FNIRT</i>
-------	-----------------------------

Description

This function calls `fnirt` to register `infile` to `reffile` and either saves the image or returns an object of class `nifti`

Usage

```
fnirt(infile, reffile, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE,
      reorient = FALSE, intern = FALSE, opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

infile	(character) input filename
reffile	(character) reference image to be registered to
outfile	(character) output filename
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) pass to system
opts	(character) additional options to FLIRT
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments passed to readnii .

Value

character or logical depending on intern

fnirt.help	<i>FNIRT help</i>
------------	-------------------

Description

This function calls fnirt's help

Usage

```
fnirt.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

fnirt_with_affine	<i>Register using FNIRT, but doing Affine Registration as well</i>
-------------------	--

Description

This function calls fnirt to register infile to reffile and either saves the image or returns an object of class nifti, but does the affine registration first

Usage

```
fnirt_with_affine(infile, reffile, flirt.omat = NULL,
  flirt.outfile = NULL, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE, intern = FALSE, flirt.opts = "", opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

infile	(character) input filename
reffile	(character) reference image to be registered to
flirt.omat	(character) Filename of output affine matrix
flirt.outfile	(character) Filename of output affine-registered image
outfile	(character) output filename
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) pass to system
flirt.opts	(character) additional options to FLIRT
opts	(character) additional options to FNIRT
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments passed to readnii .

Value

character or logical depending on intern

fnirt_with_affine_apply

Applies FLIRT then FNIRT transformations

Description

Applies an affine transformation with FLIRT then the warp image with FNIRT

Usage

```
fnirt_with_affine_apply(infile, reffile, flirt.omat = NULL,
  flirt.outfile = NULL, fnirt.warpfile = NULL, outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE, intern = FALSE, flirt.opts = "",
  opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

infile	(character) input filename
reffile	(character) reference image to be registered to
flirt.omat	(character) Filename of output affine matrix
flirt.outfile	(character) Filename of output affine-registered image
fnirt.warpfile	(character) Filename of warp image from fnirt
outfile	(character) output filename
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) pass to system
flirt.opts	(character) additional options to FLIRT
opts	(character) additional options to FNIRT
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments passed to readnii .

Value

character or logical depending on intern

See Also

[fnirt_with_affine](#)

fslabs.help

fslabs Help

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslabs` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslabs.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslabs.help()  
}
```

fslacos.help

fslacos Help

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslacos` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslacos.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslacos.help()  
}
```

`fsladd.help`*fsladd Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fsladd` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsladd.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to `fslmaths.help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fsladd.help()  
}
```

`fsland`*Logical AND with Images using FSL*

Description

This function multiplies two images using `fslmul`) after binarizing the images (using `fslbin`

Usage

```
fsland(file, file2, ...)
```

```
fsl_and(file, file2, ...)
```

Arguments

`file` (character) input image

`file2` (character) image to be multiplied

... additional arguments passed to `fslmul`.

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, result from system command, depends if `intern` is `TRUE` or `FALSE`.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fslasin.help	<i>fslasin Help</i>
--------------	---------------------

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s `help`, as `fslasin` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslasin.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  fslasin.help()
}
```

fslatan.help	<i>fslatan Help</i>
--------------	---------------------

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s `help`, as `fslatan` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslatan.help(...)
```


Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslatan.help()  
}
```

`fslbet.help`

Help for FSL BET

Description

This function calls bet's help

Usage

```
fslbet.help(betcmd = c("bet2", "bet"))
```

Arguments

betcmd (character) Get help for bet or bet2 function

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslbet.help()  
  fslbet.help("bet")  
}
```

fslbin.help

fslbin Help

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslbin is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslbin.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslbin.help()  
}
```

fslbinv.help

fslbinv Help

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslbinv is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslbinv.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslbinv.help()  
}
```

fslchfiletype	<i>FSL Change file type</i>
---------------	-----------------------------

Description

This function calls `fslchfiletype`

Usage

```
fslchfiletype(file, filetype = "NIFTI_GZ", outfile = NULL,
  retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE, intern = FALSE, verbose = TRUE,
  ...)
```

Arguments

<code>file</code>	(character) image to be manipulated
<code>filetype</code>	filetype to change image to
<code>outfile</code>	Output filename. If NULL, will overwrite input file
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to system
<code>verbose</code>	(logical) print out command before running
<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to readnii .

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from `system` command, depends if `intern` is TRUE or FALSE.

<code>fslchfiletype.help</code>	<i>fslchfiletype help</i>
---------------------------------	---------------------------

Description

This function calls `fslchfiletype`'s help

Usage

```
fslchfiletype.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  fslchfiletype.help()
}
```

fslcmd

FSL Command Wrapper

Description

This function calls fsl command passed to func

Usage

```
fslcmd(func, file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE, opts = "", verbose = TRUE, samefile = FALSE,
  opts_after_outfile = FALSE, frontopts = "", no.outfile = FALSE,
  trim_front = FALSE, run = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

func	(character) FSL function
file	(character) image to be manipulated
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to func
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
samefile	(logical) is the output the same file?
opts_after_outfile	(logical) should opts come after the outfile in the FSL command?
frontopts	(character) options/character to put in before filename
no.outfile	(logical) is there an output file in the arguments of the FSL function?
trim_front	trim the whitespace from the front of the command.
run	(logical) Should the command just be printed (if FALSE)?
...	additional arguments passed to readnii .

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

fslcog	<i>Image Center of Gravity (FSL)</i>
--------	--------------------------------------

Description

Find Center of Gravity of Image from FSL

Usage

```
fslcog(img, mm = TRUE, verbose = TRUE, ts = FALSE)
```

Arguments

img	Object of class nifti, or path of file
mm	Logical if the center of gravity (COG) would be in mm (default TRUE) or voxels (FALSE)
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
ts	(logical) is the series a timeseries (4D), invoking -t option

Value

Vector of length 3 unless ts option invoked

Note

FSL uses a 0-based indexing system, which will give you a different answer compared to cog, but `fslcog(img, mm = FALSE) + 1` should be relatively close to `cog(img)`

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  x = array(rnorm(1e6), dim = c(100, 100, 100))  
  img = nifti(x, dim= c(100, 100, 100),  
  datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),  
  cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))  
  fslcog(img)  
}
```

 fslcos.help

fslcos Help

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslcos` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslcos.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  fslcos.help()
}
```

 fslcpgeom

FSL Copy Geometry

Description

This function calls `fslcpgeom`

Usage

```
fslcpgeom(file, file_with_header, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE, opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

`file` (character) image to be manipulated
`file_with_header` image with header to be copied over
`retimg` (logical) return image of class `nifti`
`reorient` (logical) If `retimg`, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to [readnii](#).
`intern` (logical) to be passed to [system](#)

opts (character) operations to be passed to fslmaths
 verbose (logical) print out command before running
 ... additional arguments passed to `readnii`.

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is TRUE or FALSE.

fslcpgeom.help	<i>fslcpgeom help</i>
----------------	-----------------------

Description

This function calls `fslcpgeom`'s help

Usage

```
fslcpgeom.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  fslcpgeom.help()
}
```

fsldir	<i>Get FSL's Directory</i>
--------	----------------------------

Description

Finds the `FSLDIR` from system environment or `getOption("fsl.path")` for location of FSL functions and returns it

Usage

```
fsldir()
```

```
fsl_dir()
```

Value

Character path

`fsldiv.help`*fsldiv Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s `help`, as `fsldiv` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsldiv.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  fsldiv.help()
}
```

`fsledge.help`*fsledge Help*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s `help`, as `fsledge` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsledge.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  fsledge.help()
}
```

fslentropy	<i>Image Mean Entropy</i>
------------	---------------------------

Description

Estimates Mean Entropy of Image from FSL

Usage

```
fslentropy(img, nonzero = FALSE, verbose = TRUE, ts = FALSE)
```

Arguments

img	Object of class nifti, or path of file
nonzero	(logical) Should the statistic be taken over non-zero voxels
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
ts	(logical) is the series a timeseries (4D), invoking -t option

Value

Vector of unless ts option invoked, then matrix

Note

This uses option -e or -E in [fslstats](#)

fslepi_reg	<i>Register EPI images to Structural image</i>
------------	--

Description

This function calls `epi_reg`, designed to register EPI images (typically functional or diffusion) to structural (e.g. T1-weighted) image.

Usage

```
fslepi_reg(epi, t1, t1_brain, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE, intern = FALSE, fmap = NULL, fmap_mag = NULL,
  fmap_mag_brain = NULL, echo_spacing = NA, phase_enc_dir = c("x",
  "y", "z", "-x", "-y", "-z"), weight = NULL, verbose = TRUE,
  opts = "", ...)

fsl_epi_reg(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"),
  retimg = FALSE)

epi_reg(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

Arguments

epi	EPI image, character or nifti object
t1	whole head T1 image , character or nifti object
t1_brain	brain extracted T1 image
outfile	output registered image filename
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
fmap	fieldmap image (in rad/s)
fmap_mag	fieldmap magnitude image - whole head extracted
fmap_mag_brain	fieldmap magnitude image - brain extracted
echo_spacing	Effective EPI echo spacing (sometimes called dwell time) - in seconds
phase_enc_dir	phase encoding direction, dir = x/y/z/-x/-y/-z
weight	weighting image (in T1 space)
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fslmaths
...	additional arguments passed to readnii .

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fslerde.help

fslerde Help

Description

This function calls [fslmaths](#)'s help, as fslerde is a wrapper for [fslmaths](#)

Usage

```
fslerde.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslerode.help()  
}
```

fslexp.help

fslexp Help

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslexp is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslexp.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslexp.help()  
}
```

fslfill.help

fslfill Help

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslfill is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslfill.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  fslfill.help()
}
```

fslfill2

Fill image holes with dilation then erosion

Description

This function calls `fslmaths` to dilate an image, then calls it again to erode it.

Usage

```
fslfill2(file, outfile = NULL, kopts = "", remove.ends = TRUE,
  refill = TRUE, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE, intern = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) filename of image to be filled
outfile	(character) name of resultant filled file
kopts	(character) Options passed for kernel before erosion/dilation
remove.ends	(logical) Remove top and bottom dilation.
refill	(logical) Run fslfill after dilation/erosion.
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) pass to system
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments passed to readnii .

Value

character or logical depending on intern

Note

This function binarizes the image before running.

fslgetorient	<i>FSL Orientation Wrappers</i>
--------------	---------------------------------

Description

This function calls `fslorient -get*` and is a simple wrapper of [fslorient](#)

Usage

```
fslgetorient(file, verbose = TRUE)
fslgetsform(file, verbose = TRUE)
fslgetqform(file, verbose = TRUE)
fslgetsformcode(file, verbose = TRUE)
fslgetqformcode(file, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be manipulated
verbose	(logical) print out command before running

Value

Result from system command, output from FSL

fslhd	<i>Get NIFTI header using FSL</i>
-------	-----------------------------------

Description

This function calls `fslhd` to obtain a nifti header

Usage

```
fslhd(file, opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image filename or character of class nifti
opts	(character) additional options to be passed to <code>fslhd</code>
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	options passed to checking

Value

Character of information from fslhd

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  mnifile = file.path(fsldir(), "data", "standard",  
    "MNI152_T1_2mm.nii.gz")  
  fslhd(mnifile)  
}
```

fslhd.help

FSLhd help

Description

This function calls fslhd's help

Usage

```
fslhd.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslhd.help()  
}
```

fslhd.parse

Parse FSL Header

Description

This function takes in a FSL header and parses the components

Usage

```
fslhd.parse(hd)
```

Arguments

hd (character) header from [fslhd](#)

Value

data.frame of information from FSL header

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  mnifile = mni_fname("2")
  hd = fslhd(mnifile)
  fslhd.parse(hd)
}
```

fslhelp	<i>Wrapper for getting fsl help</i>
---------	-------------------------------------

Description

This function takes in the function and returns the help from FSL for that function

Usage

```
fslhelp(func_name, help.arg = "--help", extra.args = "")
```

Arguments

func_name	FSL function name
help.arg	Argument to print help, usually "--help"
extra.args	Extra arguments to be passed other than --help

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

fslindex.help	<i>fslindex Help</i>
---------------	----------------------

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslindex is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslindex.help(...)
```

Arguments

...	passed to fslmaths.help
-----	---

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslindex.help()  
}
```

fsllog.help

fsllog Help

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fsllog is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fsllog.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fsllog.help()  
}
```

fslmask.help

fslmask Help

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslmask is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslmask.help(...)
```


Arguments

... passed to `fslmaths.help`

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  fslmask.help()
}
```

fslmaths.help	<i>FSL Maths Help</i>
---------------	-----------------------

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help

Usage

```
fslmaths.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  fslmaths.help()
}
```

fslmax	<i>Get min/max of an image</i>
--------	--------------------------------

Description

This function calls the range or robust range functions from FSL and then extracts the min/max

Usage

```
fslmax(file, ...)
```

```
fslmin(file, ...)
```

Arguments

file (character) filename of image to be checked
 ... options passed to [fslrange](#)

Value

Numeric vector of mins/maxs or just one depending if `ts = TRUE`

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  mnifile = file.path(fsldir(), "data", "standard",
    "MNI152_T1_2mm.nii.gz")
  fslmax(mnifile)
}
```

 fslmean

Image Mean

Description

Estimates Mean of Image from FSL

Usage

```
fslmean(img, nonzero = FALSE, verbose = TRUE, ts = FALSE)
```

Arguments

img Object of class nifti, or path of file
 nonzero (logical) Should the statistic be taken over non-zero voxels
 verbose (logical) print out command before running
 ts (logical) is the series a timeseries (4D), invoking `-t` option

Value

Vector of unless `ts` option invoked, then matrix

Note

This uses option `-m` or `-M` in [fslstats](#)

fslmerge.help	<i>FSLMerge help</i>
---------------	----------------------

Description

This function calls fslmerge's help

Usage

```
fslmerge.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslmerge.help()  
}
```

fslmul.help	<i>fslmul Help</i>
-------------	--------------------

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslmul is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslmul.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslmul.help()  
}
```

fslnan.help

fslnan Help

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslnan is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslnan.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslnan.help()  
}
```

fslnanm.help

fslnanm Help

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslnanm is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslnanm.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslnanm.help()  
}
```

fslor	<i>Perform OR/Union operation on Images using FSL</i>
-------	---

Description

This function calls `fslmaths file -add file2 -bin` after binarizing `file` and `file2` using [fslbin](#).

Usage

```
fslor(file, file2, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
      intern = FALSE, ...)

fsl_or(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>file</code>	(character) input image
<code>file2</code>	(character) image to be unioned
<code>outfile</code>	(character) resultant image name (optional)
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should <code>file</code> be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to system
<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to readnii .

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from `system` command, depends if `intern` is `TRUE` or `FALSE`.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fslorient	<i>FSL Orient</i>
-----------	-------------------

Description

This function calls `fslorient`

Usage

```
fslorient(file, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE, intern = FALSE,
          opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be manipulated
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fslorient
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments passed to readnii .

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

fslorient.help

fslorient help

Description

This function calls fslorient's help

Usage

```
fslorient.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslorient.help()  
}
```

fslorienter	<i>Wrapper for FSL Get Orientation</i>
-------------	--

Description

This function calls `fslorient -getorient` and is a simple wrapper of [fslorient](#)

Usage

```
fslorienter(file, opts = "", verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be manipulated
opts	option to send to <code>fslorient</code>
verbose	(logical) print out command before running

Value

Result from system command, output from FSL

fslrand.help	<i>fslrand Help</i>
--------------	---------------------

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s `help`, as `fslrand` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslrand.help(...)
```

Arguments

...	passed to fslmaths.help
-----	---

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslrand.help()  
}
```

fslrandn.help *fslrandn Help*

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslrandn is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslrandn.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  fslrandn.help()
}
```

fslrange *Get range of an image*

Description

This function calls fslstats -R to get the range of an image or fslstats -r to get the robust range

Usage

```
fslrange(file, robust = FALSE, verbose = TRUE, ts = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

file (character) filename of image to be checked
robust (logical) Should the range be robust (-r)
verbose (logical) print out command before running
ts (logical) is the series a timeseries (4D), invoking -t option
... options passed to [checking](#)

Value

numeric vector of length 2

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  mnifile = file.path(fsldir(), "data", "standard",  
    "MNI152_T1_2mm.nii.gz")  
  fslrange(mnifile)  
}
```

fslrecip.help

fslrecip Help

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslrecip` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslrecip.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslrecip.help()  
}
```

fslrem.help

fslrem Help

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslrem` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslrem.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslrem.help()  
}
```

fslreorient2std*FSL Orient to MNI*

Description

This function calls `fslreorient2std`

Usage

```
fslreorient2std(file, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,  
  intern = FALSE, verbose = TRUE, opts = "", ...)
```

```
fslreorient2std_mat(file, matfile = tempfile(fileext = ".mat"),  
  verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be manipulated
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
opts	additional options to pass to fslreorient2std
...	additional arguments passed to readnii .
matfile	Output file for the matrix for reorientation

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

fslreorient2std.help *fslreorient2std help*

Description

This function calls fslreorient2std's help

Usage

```
fslreorient2std.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslreorient2std.help()  
}
```

 fslrobustfov

FSL Robust Field of View

Description

This function calls `robustfov` to automatically crop the image

Usage

```
fslrobustfov(file, brain_size = NULL, mat_name = NULL,
             roi_name = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE, intern = FALSE,
             verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

```
fsl_robustfov(retimg = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>file</code>	(character) image to be manipulated
<code>brain_size</code>	size of brain in z-dimension (default 150mm)
<code>mat_name</code>	matrix output name
<code>roi_name</code>	ROI volume output name
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to system
<code>verbose</code>	(logical) print out command before running
<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to readnii .

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is `TRUE` or `FALSE`.

 fslrobustfov.help

FSL Robust Field of View Help

Description

This function calls `robustfov help`

Usage

```
fslrobustfov.help()
```

fslroi	<i>FSL ROI</i>
--------	----------------

Description

This function calls `fslroi`

Usage

```
fslroi(file, xmin = 0, xsize = -1, ymin = 0, ysize = -1,
       zmin = 0, zsize = -1, tmin = NULL, tsize = NULL,
       outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE, intern = FALSE,
       verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

```
fslroi_time(file, tmin = NULL, tsize = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>file</code>	(character) image to be manipulated
<code>xmin</code>	Minimum index for x-dimension
<code>xsize</code>	Size of ROI in x-dimension
<code>ymin</code>	Minimum index for y-dimension
<code>ysize</code>	Size of ROI in y-dimension
<code>zmin</code>	Minimum index for z-dimension
<code>zsize</code>	Size of ROI in z-dimension
<code>tmin</code>	Minimum index for t-dimension
<code>tsize</code>	Size of ROI in t-dimension
<code>outfile</code>	(character) resultant image name (optional)
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to <code>readnii</code> .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to <code>system</code>
<code>verbose</code>	(logical) print out command before running
<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to <code>readnii</code> .

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from `system` command, depends if `intern` is `TRUE` or `FALSE`.

Note

Indexing (in both time and space) starts with 0 not 1! Inputting -1 for a size will set it to the full image extent for that dimension.

fslsd *Image Standard Deviation*

Description

Estimates Standard Deviation of Image from FSL

Usage

```
fslsd(img, nonzero = FALSE, verbose = TRUE, ts = FALSE)
```

Arguments

img	Object of class nifti, or path of file
nonzero	(logical) Should the statistic be taken over non-zero voxels
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
ts	(logical) is the series a timeseries (4D), invoking -t option

Value

Vector of unless ts option invoked, then matrix

Note

This uses option -s or -S in [fslstats](#)

fslsin *Sine Transform Image using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -sin`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslsin(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
       intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) input image to sine transform
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>
...	additional arguments passed to readnii .

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is `TRUE` or `FALSE`.

fslsin.help

fslsin Help

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s `help`, as `fslsin` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslsin.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  fslsin.help()
}
```

fslslicetimer

FSL Slice Timing Correction

Description

This function calls `slicetimer` and performs slice timing correction for fMRI data

Usage

```
fslslicetimer(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE, tr = 3, direction = "z", indexing = c("up",
  "down"), acq_order = c("contiguous", "interleaved"), verbose = TRUE,
  ...)
```

```
fsl_slicetimer(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"),
  retimg = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be manipulated
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
tr	(numeric) Repeat time in seconds
direction	(character) Direction of acquisition
indexing	(character) Whether indexing was bottom up (default) or down using --down option
acq_order	(character) Order of acquisition, either contiguous or interleaved
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments passed to readnii .

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fslsmooth.help *fslsmooth Help*

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslsmooth is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslsmooth.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslsmooth.help()  
}
```

fslsmooth_in_mask *Smooth Image Within a Mask Only*

Description

This function smooth an image within a mask and replaces the values of the original image with the smoothed values.

Usage

```
fslsmooth_in_mask(file, sigma = 10, mask = NULL, ...)  
  
fsl_smooth_in_mask(...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be smoothed
sigma	(numeric) sigma (in mm) of Gaussian kernel for smoothing
mask	(character) optional mask given for image
...	additional arguments passed to fslsmooth .

Value

Object of class `nifti`

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  system.time({  
    dims = c(50, 50, 20)  
    x = array(rnorm(prod(dims)), dim = dims)  
    img = nifti(x, dim= dims,  
    datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),  
    cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))  
    mask = abs(img ) > 1  
    s.img = fslsmooth_in_mask(img, mask = mask)  
  })  
}
```

`fslsplit`*Split images using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslsplit` to merge files on some dimension and either saves the image or returns an object of class `nifti`

Usage

```
fslsplit(infile, direction = c("t", "x", "y", "z"),
         output_basename = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
         verbose = TRUE)
```

```
fsl_split(..., retimg = FALSE)
```

Arguments

<code>infile</code>	(character) input filename
<code>direction</code>	(character) direction to split over: t (time), x, y, z
<code>output_basename</code>	(character) prefix to have for output
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
<code>verbose</code>	(logical) print out command before running
<code>...</code>	not used

Value

List of output files

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fslsplit.help	<i>FSL Split help</i>
---------------	-----------------------

Description

This function calls fslsplit's help

Usage

```
fslsplit.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslsplit.help()  
}
```

fslsqr.help	<i>fslsqr Help</i>
-------------	--------------------

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslsqr is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslsqr.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslsqr.help()  
}
```

fslsqr.help	<i>fslsqr Help</i>
-------------	--------------------

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`'s help, as `fslsqr` is a wrapper for `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fslsqr.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  fslsqr.help()
}
```

fslstats	<i>FSL Stats</i>
----------	------------------

Description

This function calls `fslstats`

Usage

```
fslstats(file, opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ts = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) filename of image to be checked
opts	(character) operation passed to <code>fslstats</code>
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
ts	(logical) is the series a timeseries (4D), invoking <code>-t</code> option
...	options passed to checking

Value

Result of fslstats command

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  system.time({
    x = array(rnorm(1e6), dim = c(100, 100, 100))
    img = nifti(x, dim= c(100, 100, 100),
    datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),
    cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))
    entropy = fslstats(img, opts='-E')
  })
}
```

fslstats.help

FSL Stats Help

Description

This function calls fslstats's help

Usage

```
fslstats.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  fslstats.help()
}
```

fslsub.help

fslsub Help

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslsub is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslsub.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslsub.help()  
}
```

fslsub2.help

fslsub2 Help

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslsub2 is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslsub2.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslsub2.help()  
}
```

fslsum	<i>FSL Sum</i>
--------	----------------

Description

This function calls `fslstats -M -V` to get product, aka the approximate sum.

Usage

```
fslsum(file, opts = "", ts = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) filename of image to be checked
opts	Additional options to pass to fslstats
ts	(logical) is the series a timeseries (4D), invoking <code>-t</code> option
...	options passed to fslstats

Value

Numeric value

Note

This may be approximate due to rounding

fslswapdim.help	<i>fslswapdim help</i>
-----------------	------------------------

Description

This function calls `fslswapdim`'s help

Usage

```
fslswapdim.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  fslswapdim.help()
}
```

fsltan.help

fsltan Help

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fsltan is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fsltan.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fsltan.help()  
}
```

fslthresh.help

fslthresh Help

Description

This function calls fslmaths's help, as fslthresh is a wrapper for fslmaths

Usage

```
fslthresh.help(...)
```

Arguments

... passed to [fslmaths.help](#)

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslthresh.help()  
}
```

fslval	<i>Get value from FSL header</i>
--------	----------------------------------

Description

This function calls `fslval` to obtain a nifti header

Usage

```
fslval(file, keyword = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image filename or character of class nifti
keyword	(character) keyword to be taken from fslhd
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	options passed to checking

Value

Character of information from fslhd field specified in keyword

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  mnifile = file.path(fsldir(), "data", "standard",  
    "MNI152_T1_2mm.nii.gz")  
  fslval(mnifile, keyword = "dim1")  
}
```

fslval.help	<i>fslval help</i>
-------------	--------------------

Description

This function calls `fslval`'s help

Usage

```
fslval.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){  
  fslval.help()  
}
```

fslview

Open image in FSLView

Description

This function calls `fslview` to view an image in the FSL viewer

Usage

```
fslview(file, intern = TRUE, opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

```
fsleyes(file, intern = TRUE, opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>file</code>	(character) filename of image to be thresholded
<code>intern</code>	(logical) pass to <code>system</code>
<code>opts</code>	(character) options for FSLView
<code>verbose</code>	(logical) print out command before running
<code>...</code>	options passed to <code>checking</code>

Value

character or logical depending on `intern`

Note

As of FSL version 5.0.10, this is deprecated: <https://fsl.fmrib.ox.ac.uk/fsl/fslwiki/WhatsNew>

fslview.help	<i>FSLView help</i>
--------------	---------------------

Description

This function calls fslview's help

Usage

```
fslview.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
library(fslr)
if (have.fsl()){
  print(fsl_version())
  in_ci <- function() {
    nzchar(Sys.getenv("CI"))
  }
  if (!in_ci()) {
    fslview.help()
  }
}
```

fslvol	<i>FSL Volume in mL (or cubic centimeters)</i>
--------	--

Description

This function wraps [fslsum](#) and [voxdim](#)

Usage

```
fslvol(file, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) filename of image to be checked
...	options passed to fslsum

Value

Numeric value of volume in mL

Note

This may be approximate due to rounding

fslvolume

Image Volume

Description

Estimates Volume of Image from FSL

Usage

```
fslvolume(img, nonzero = FALSE, verbose = TRUE, ts = FALSE)
```

Arguments

img	Object of class nifti, or path of file
nonzero	(logical) Should the statistic be taken over non-zero voxels
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
ts	(logical) is the series a timeseries (4D), invoking -t option

Value

Vector of unless ts option invoked, then matrix

Note

This uses option -v or -V in [fslstats](#)

fslxor

Perform XOR/Exclusive Or operation on Images using FSL

Description

This function calls `fslmaths file -add file2 -bin` after binarizing `file` and `file2` using [fslbin](#) and then uses [fsl_thresh](#) to threshold any values greater than 1 back to zero.

Usage

```
fslxor(file, file2, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
       intern = FALSE, ...)
```

```
fsl_xor(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file	(character) input image
file2	(character) image to be XOR'd
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
...	additional arguments passed to readnii .

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_abs	<i>Absolute Value Image using FSL</i>
---------	---------------------------------------

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -abs`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_abs(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

```
fslabs(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii .
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) input image to absolute value
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_acos	<i>Arc Cosine Transform Image using FSL</i>
----------	---

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -acos`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_acos(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

```
fslacos(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to <code>readnii</code> .
<code>outfile</code>	(character) resultant image name (optional)
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>file</code>	(character) input image to arc cosine transform
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to <code>readnii</code> .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to <code>system</code>
<code>opts</code>	(character) operations to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_add	<i>Add Images using FSL</i>
---------	-----------------------------

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -add`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_add(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fsladd(file, file2, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
        intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to readnii .
<code>outfile</code>	(character) resultant image name (optional)
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>file</code>	(character) input image
<code>file2</code>	(character) image to be added
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to system
<code>opts</code>	(character) operations to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is `TRUE` or `FALSE`.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_anat	<i>FSL Anatomical Processing Script</i>
----------	---

Description

This function calls fsl_anat from FSL

Usage

```
fsl_anat(file, modality = c("T1", "T2", "PD"), outdir = NULL,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be manipulated, should be full path
modality	(character) Modality of Image to be run
outdir	(character) output directory, if none specified, will default to dirname(file)
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fsl_anat
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	options passed to checking

Value

Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

fsl_anat.help	<i>fsl_anat help</i>
---------------	----------------------

Description

This function calls fsl_anat's help

Usage

```
fsl_anat.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  fsl_anat.help()
}
```

fsl_applywarp	<i>Apply Warp from FNIRT</i>
---------------	------------------------------

Description

This function applies a coefficient map from [fnirt](#) to other images

Usage

```
fsl_applywarp(infile, reffile, warpfile, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE,
              reorient = FALSE, intern = FALSE, opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

infile	(character) input filename
reffile	(character) reference image to be registered to
warpfile	(character) reference image to be registered to
outfile	(character) output filename
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) pass to system
opts	(character) additional options to FLIRT
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments passed to readnii .

Value

character or logical depending on intern

fsl_applywarp.help	<i>FSL applywarp help</i>
--------------------	---------------------------

Description

This function calls `applywarp`'s help

Usage

```
fsl_applywarp.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

fsl_asin

Arc Sine Transform Image using FSL

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -asin`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_asin(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslasin(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to readnii .
<code>outfile</code>	(character) resultant image name (optional)
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>file</code>	(character) input image to arc sine transform
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to system
<code>opts</code>	(character) operations to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is `TRUE` or `FALSE`.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_atan

Arc Tangent Transform Image using FSL

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -atan`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_atan(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

```
fslatan(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii .
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) input image to arc tangent transform
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fslmaths

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_atlas_dir

Get FSL's Standard Data Directory

Description

Finds the FSLDIR from system environment or `getOption("fsl.path")` and pastes on "data/standard"

Usage

```
fsl_atlas_dir()
```

Value

Character path

fsl_avscale	<i>Scale Affine Matrix using avscale</i>
-------------	--

Description

This function calls avscale to get individual matrices for FSL

Usage

```
fsl_avscale(file, volume = NULL, parsed = TRUE, verbose = TRUE)
avscale(...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) matrix filename
volume	(character) non-reference volume filename or nifti image
parsed	(logical) should parse_avscale be run after?
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	not used, but used for duplicating avscale as alias

Value

Character of information from avscale

fsl_bet	<i>Use FSL's Brain Extraction Tool (BET)</i>
---------	--

Description

This function calls bet to extract a brain from an image, usually for skull stripping.

Usage

```
fsl_bet(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
fslbet(infile, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", betcmd = c("bet2", "bet"),
verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii .
outfile	(character) output filename
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
infile	(character) input filename
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) pass to system
opts	(character) additional options to bet
betcmd	(character) Use bet or bet2 function
verbose	(logical) print out command before running

Value

character or logical depending on intern

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_biascorrect	<i>FSL Bias Correct</i>
-----------------	-------------------------

Description

This function wraps a call to fast that performs bias correction

Usage

```
fsl_biascorrect(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE,
  reorient = FALSE, intern = FALSE, opts = "", verbose = TRUE,
  remove.seg = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be manipulated
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fast
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
remove.seg	(logical) Should segmentation from FAST be removed?
...	additional arguments passed to readnii .

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is `TRUE` or `FALSE`.

 fsl_bin

Binarize Image using FSL

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -bin`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_bin(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

```
fslbin(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to <code>readnii</code> .
<code>outfile</code>	(character) resultant image name (optional)
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>file</code>	(character) image to be binarized
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to <code>readnii</code> .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to <code>system</code>
<code>opts</code>	(character) operations to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is `TRUE` or `FALSE`.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

Examples

```

set.seed(5)
dims = rep(10, 3)
arr = array(rnorm(prod(dims)), dim = dims)
nim = oro.nifti::nifti(arr)
if (have.fsl()){
  fslbin(nim)
  fsl_bin(nim)
}

```

fsl_binv

*Binarized Inverse Image using FSL***Description**

This function calls `fslmaths -binv`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_binv(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

```
fslbinv(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to readnii .
<code>outfile</code>	(character) resultant image name (optional)
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>file</code>	(character) input image to take the binarized inverse
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to system
<code>opts</code>	(character) operations to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is `TRUE` or `FALSE`.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_bin_tab	<i>Quick Tabulation for logical images</i>
-------------	--

Description

Creates a 2 by 2 table for

Usage

```
fsl_bin_tab(x, y, dnames = c("x", "y"), verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

x	filename of logical or 0/1 image
y	filename of logical or 0/1 image
dnames	names for table
verbose	Should fsl commands be printed?

Value

table of x vs y

Note

fsl_bin will be run to make these images binary before running

fsl_cluster	<i>Form clusters, report information about clusters and/or perform cluster-based inference. Wrapper for cluster</i>
-------------	---

Description

Form clusters, report information about clusters and/or perform cluster-based inference. Wrapper for cluster

Usage

```
fsl_cluster(file, threshold, retimg = FALSE, reorient = FALSE,
  opts = "", cope_image = NULL, pthresh = NULL, peakdist = 0,
  volume = FALSE, smooth_est = NULL, voxel_resel = NULL,
  fractional = FALSE, connectivity = 26, mm = FALSE,
  find_minima = FALSE, standard_image = NULL, verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

```
fslcluster(..., retimg = TRUE)
```

```
read_cluster_table(file)
```


Arguments

file	filename of input volume
threshold	threshold for input volume
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
opts	(character) operations to be passed to <code>cluster</code>
cope_image	filename of input cope volume
pthresh	p-threshold
peakdist	minimum distance between local maxima/minima, in mm (default 0)
volume	number of voxels in the mask
smooth_est	smoothness estimate = $\sqrt{\det(\text{Lambda})}$
voxel_resel	Size of one resel in voxel units
fractional	interprets the threshold as a fraction of the robust range
connectivity	the connectivity of voxels (default 26)
mm	use mm, not voxel, coordinates
find_minima	find minima instead of maxima
standard_image	filename for standard-space volume
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments to pass to fslcmd

Value

A list of filenames of outputs and tables:

- `opvalsfilename` for image output of log pvals
- `oindexfilename` for output of cluster index (in size order)
- `othreshfilename` for output of thresholded image
- `olmaxfilename` for output of local maxima text file
- `olmaximfilename` for output of local maxima volume
- `osizefilename` for output of size image
- `omaxfilename` for output of max image
- `omeanfilename` for output of mean image

Examples

```
if (have_fsl()) {
file = mni_fname(brain = TRUE, mask = FALSE)
threshold = 6000
clus = fsl_cluster(file, threshold)
}
```

 fsl_cos

Cosine Transform Image using FSL

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -cos`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_cos(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

```
fslcos(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to readnii .
<code>outfile</code>	(character) resultant image name (optional)
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>file</code>	(character) input image to cosine transform
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to system
<code>opts</code>	(character) operations to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

 fsl_data_dir

Get FSL's Data Directory

Description

Finds the FSLDIR from system environment or `getOption("fsl.path")` and pastes on "data"

Usage

```
fsl_data_dir()
```

Value

Character path

fsl_dice	<i>Calculate Dice Coefficient of 2 Binary images</i>
----------	--

Description

Creates a 2 by 2 table for

Usage

```
fsl_dice(x, y, ...)
```

Arguments

x	filename of logical or 0/1 image
y	filename of logical or 0/1 image
...	arguments passed to fsl_bin_tab

Value

Single number of the dice coefficient

fsl_dilate	<i>Dilate image using FSL</i>
------------	-------------------------------

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -ero` after inverting the image to dilate an image with either the default FSL kernel or the kernel specified in `kopts`. The function either saves the image or returns an object of class `nifti`.

Usage

```
fsl_dilate(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"),
  retimg = FALSE)

fsl_dilate(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE, kopts = "", opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to <code>readnii</code> .
outfile	(character) resultant dilated image name
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) image to be dilated
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to <code>readnii</code> .
intern	(logical) to be passed to <code>system</code>
kopts	(character) options for kernel
opts	(character) additional options to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>
verbose	(logical) print out command before running

Value

Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE. If retimg is TRUE, then the image will be returned.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  system.time({
    dims = c(50, 50, 20)
    x = array(rnorm(prod(dims)), dim = dims)
    img = nifti(x, dim= dims,
              datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),
              cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))
    mask = img > .5
    dilated = fsldilate(mask, kopts = "-kernel boxv 5", retimg=TRUE)
  })
}
```

fsl_div

Divide Images using FSL

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -div`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_div(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fsldiv(file, file2, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii .
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) input image
file2	(character) image to be divided
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fslmaths

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_edge

Edge Strength Image using FSL

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -edge`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_edge(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fsledge(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii .
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) input image to estimate edge strength
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fslmaths

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_erode

Erode image using FSL

Description

This function calls [fslmaths -ero](#) to erode an image with either the default FSL kernel or the kernel specified in `kopts`. The function either saves the image or returns an object of class nifti.

Usage

```
fsl_erode(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fsl_erode(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE, kopts = "", opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii .
outfile	(character) resultant eroded image name
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) image to be eroded
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
kopts	(character) options for kernel
opts	(character) additional options to be passed to fslmaths
verbose	(logical) print out command before running

Value

Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE. If retimg is TRUE, then the image will be returned.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  system.time({
    dims = c(50, 50, 20)
    x = array(rnorm(prod(dims)), dim = dims)
    img = nifti(x, dim= dims,
    datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),
    cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))
    mask = img > .5
    eroded = fslerode(mask, kopts = "-kernel boxv 5", retimg=TRUE)
  })
}
```

fsl_exp

*Exponentiate Image using FSL***Description**

This function calls `fslmaths -exp`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_exp(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fsl_exp(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
  intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to readnii .
<code>outfile</code>	(character) resultant image name (optional)
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class nifti
<code>file</code>	(character) input image to exponentiated
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to system
<code>opts</code>	(character) operations to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is `TRUE` or `FALSE`.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

<code>fsl_fill</code>	<i>Fill image holes</i>
-----------------------	-------------------------

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -fillh` to fill in image holes and either saves the image or returns an object of class `nifti`

Usage

```
fsl_fill(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

```
fslfill(file, outfile = NULL, bin = TRUE, retimg = TRUE,
        reorient = FALSE, intern = FALSE, verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to readnii .
<code>outfile</code>	(character) name of resultant filled file
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>file</code>	(character) filename of image to be filled
<code>bin</code>	(logical) binarize the image before filling
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) pass to system
<code>verbose</code>	(logical) print out command before running

Value

character or logical depending on `intern`

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

Examples

```

if (have.fsl()){
system.time({
dims = c(50, 50, 20)
x = array(rnorm(prod(dims)), dim = dims)
img = nifti(x, dim= dims,
datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),
cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))
mask = img > .5
eroded = fslerode(mask, kopts = "-kernel boxv 5", retimg=TRUE)
filled = fslfill(eroded, retimg= TRUE)
})
}

```

fsl_index

*Index Image using FSL***Description**

This function calls `fslmaths -index`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_index(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

```
fslindex(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to readnii .
<code>outfile</code>	(character) resultant image name (optional)
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>file</code>	(character) input image to have non-zero entries replaced with <code>index</code>
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to system
<code>opts</code>	(character) operations to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is `TRUE` or `FALSE`.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

 fsl_log

Log Transform Image using FSL

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -log`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_log(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

```
fsllog(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to readnii .
<code>outfile</code>	(character) resultant image name (optional)
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>file</code>	(character) input image to log transform
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to system
<code>opts</code>	(character) operations to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is `TRUE` or `FALSE`.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

 fsl_mask

Mask image using FSL

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -mas` to mask an image from an image mask and either saves the image or returns an object of class `nifti`

Usage

```
fsl_mask(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslmask(file, mask, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
        intern = FALSE, opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii .
outfile	(character) resultant masked image name
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) image to be masked
mask	(character) mask given for image
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) additional options to be passed to fslmask
verbose	(logical) print out command before running

Value

Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  system.time({
    x = array(rnorm(1e5), dim = c(100, 100, 10))
    img = nifti(x, dim= c(100, 100, 10),
               datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),
               cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))
    mask = img > .5
    masked = fslmask(img, mask = mask, retimg=TRUE)
  })
}
```

 fsl_maths

FSL Maths

Description

This function calls `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_maths(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

```
fslmaths(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to readnii .
<code>outfile</code>	(character) resultant image name (optional)
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>file</code>	(character) image to be manipulated
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to system
<code>opts</code>	(character) operations to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>
<code>verbose</code>	(logical) print out command before running

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_merge	<i>Merge images using FSL</i>
-----------	-------------------------------

Description

This function calls `fslmerge` to merge files on some dimension and either saves the image or returns an object of class `nifti`

Usage

```
fsl_merge(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslmerge(infiles, direction = c("x", "y", "z", "t", "a"),
  outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE, intern = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to readnii .
<code>outfile</code>	(character) output filename
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>infiles</code>	(character) input filenames
<code>direction</code>	(character) direction to merge over, x, y, z, t (time), a (auto)
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) pass to system
<code>verbose</code>	(logical) print out command before running

Value

character or logical depending on `intern`

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

`fsl_mul`*Multiply Images using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -mul`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_mul(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslmul(file, file2, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
        intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to readnii .
<code>outfile</code>	(character) resultant image name (optional)
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>file</code>	(character) input image
<code>file2</code>	(character) image to be multiplied
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to system
<code>opts</code>	(character) operations to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_nan	<i>Replace NaNs in Image using FSL</i>
---------	--

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -nan`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_nan(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslnan(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
        intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii .
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) input image to replace NaNs (improper numbers) with 0
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_nanm	<i>Mask NaNs in Image using FSL</i>
----------	-------------------------------------

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -nanm`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_nanm(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslnanm(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii .
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) input image to set to 1 for NaN voxels, 0 otherwise
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fslmaths

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_rand

Add Random Uniform Noise Image using FSL

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -rand`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_rand(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslrand(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```


Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii .
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) input image to add random uniform noise to
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fslmaths

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_randn

Add Random Standard Gaussian Noise Image using FSL

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -randn`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_randn(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

```
fslrandn(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii .
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) input image to add random standard to Gaussian noise
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fslmaths

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_recip	<i>Reciprocal Image using FSL</i>
-----------	-----------------------------------

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -recip`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_recip(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

```
fslrecip(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to <code>readnii</code> .
<code>outfile</code>	(character) resultant image name (optional)
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>file</code>	(character) input image to take the reciprocal (1/image)
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to <code>readnii</code> .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to <code>system</code>
<code>opts</code>	(character) operations to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

`fsl_rem`*Modulus Remainder of 2 Images using FSL*

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -rem`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_rem(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslrem(file, file2, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to readnii .
<code>outfile</code>	(character) resultant image name (optional)
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>file</code>	(character) input image
<code>file2</code>	(character) image to divide the current image by and take remainder
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to system
<code>opts</code>	(character) operations to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_resample	<i>Title</i>
--------------	--------------

Description

Title

Usage

```
fsl_resample(file, voxel_size, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE,  
            reorient = FALSE, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

file	Input file to resample
voxel_size	Voxel size (in mm). This should be a scalar number.
outfile	(character) output filename
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
verbose	(logical) print out command before running

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, the output file.

Examples

```
if (have_fsl()) {  
  file = mni_fname(mm = 1, brain = TRUE)  
  est2 = fsl_resample(file = file, voxel_size = 1, retimg = FALSE)  
  pixdim(est2)  
  est = fsl_resample(file = file, voxel_size = 1)  
  pixdim(est)  
}
```

fsl_smooth

Gaussian smooth image using FSL

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -s` to smooth an image and either saves the image or returns an object of class `nifti`

Usage

```
fsl_smooth(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"),
           retimg = FALSE)
```

```
fslsmooth(file, sigma = 10, mask = NULL, smooth_mask = TRUE,
          smoothed_mask = NULL, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE,
          reorient = FALSE, intern = FALSE, verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to <code>readnii</code> .
<code>outfile</code>	(character) resultant smoothed image name (optional) if not give, will be the stub of the filename then <code>_sigma</code>
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>file</code>	(character or <code>nifti</code>) image to be smoothed
<code>sigma</code>	(numeric) sigma (in mm) of Gaussian kernel for smoothing
<code>mask</code>	(character) optional mask given for image
<code>smooth_mask</code>	(logical) Smooth mask? If TRUE, the masked image will be divided by the smoothed mask.
<code>smoothed_mask</code>	(character or <code>nifti</code>) If specified and <code>smooth_mask = TRUE</code> , then will use this as the smoothed mask for division.
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to <code>readnii</code> .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to <code>system</code>
<code>verbose</code>	(logical) print out command before running

Value

Result from system command, depends if `intern` is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

Examples

```

if (have.fsl()){
system.time({
dims = c(50, 50, 20)
x = array(rnorm(prod(dims)), dim = dims)
img = nifti(x, dim= dims,
datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),
cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))
s.img = fslsmooth(img, retimg=TRUE)
})
}

```

fsl_smoothest

*Smoothness Estimation using smoothest***Description**

Smoothness Estimation using smoothest

Usage

```

fsl_smoothest(file, residual_image, z_image, dof = NULL, opts = "",
verbose = TRUE, ...)

```

Arguments

file	filename of input brain mask
residual_image	4d residual image. If specified, then dof must be specified.
z_image	z-statistic image. Cannot be specified if residual_image is specified
dof	number of degrees of freedom
opts	(character) operations to be passed to smoothest
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments to pass to fslcmd

Value

An output of smoothness estimate

Examples

```

if (have_fsl()) {
file = mni_fname(mm = 2, brain = TRUE, mask = TRUE)
img = mni_img(mm = 2, brain = TRUE, mask = FALSE)
mask = mni_img(mm = 2, brain = TRUE, mask = TRUE)
img = zscore_img(img = img, mask = mask)
est = fsl_smoothest(file = file, z_image = img)
}

```

fsl_sqr	<i>Square Image using FSL</i>
---------	-------------------------------

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -sqr`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_sqr(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslsqr(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii .
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
file	(character) input image to square
reorient	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_sqrt	<i>Square Root Image using FSL</i>
----------	------------------------------------

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -sqrt`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_sqrt(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

```
fslsqrt(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii .
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) input image to square root
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to fslmaths

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_std_dir

Get FSL's Standard Data Directory

Description

Finds the FSLDIR from system environment or `getOption("fsl.path")` and pastes on "data/standard"

Usage

```
fsl_std_dir()
```

Value

Character path

fsl_sub	<i>Subtract Images using FSL</i>
---------	----------------------------------

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -sub`. The R functions wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_sub(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslsub(file, file2, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to readnii .
<code>outfile</code>	(character) resultant image name (optional)
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>file</code>	(character) input image
<code>file2</code>	(character) image to be subtracted
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to system
<code>opts</code>	(character) operations to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is `TRUE` or `FALSE`.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_sub2

*Subsample image by factor of 2***Description**

This function calls `fslmaths -subsamp2` to subsample an image and either saves the image or returns an object of class `nifti`

Usage

```
fsl_sub2(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)

fslsub2(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
        intern = FALSE, verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to <code>readnii</code> .
<code>outfile</code>	(character) name of resultant subsampled file
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>file</code>	(character) filename of image to be subsampled
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to <code>readnii</code> .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) pass to <code>system</code>
<code>verbose</code>	(logical) print out command before running

Value

character or logical depending on `intern`

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  system.time({
    x = array(rnorm(1e6), dim = c(100, 100, 100))
    img = nifti(x, dim= c(100, 100, 100),
              datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),
              cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))
    subsamp = fslsub2(img, retimg=TRUE)
    print(voxdim(subsamp))
  })
}
```

`fsl_swapdim`*FSL Swap Dimensions*

Description

This function calls `fslswapdim`

Usage

```
fsl_swapdim(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"),
             retimg = FALSE)
```

```
fslswapdim(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
            intern = FALSE, a = "x", b = "y", c = "z", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

<code>...</code>	additional arguments passed to readnii .
<code>outfile</code>	(character) resultant image name (optional)
<code>retimg</code>	(logical) return image of class <code>nifti</code>
<code>file</code>	(character) image to be manipulated
<code>reorient</code>	(logical) If <code>retimg</code> , should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
<code>intern</code>	(logical) to be passed to system
<code>a</code>	(character) Option for x domain in <code>fslswapdim</code>
<code>b</code>	(character) Option for y domain in <code>fslswapdim</code>
<code>c</code>	(character) Option for z domain in <code>fslswapdim</code>
<code>verbose</code>	(logical) print out command before running

Value

If `retimg` then object of class `nifti`. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_tan	<i>Tangent Transform Image using FSL</i>
---------	--

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -tan`. The R function wraps `fslmaths`

Usage

```
fsl_tan(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"), retimg = FALSE)
```

```
fsltan(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", ...)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii .
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) input image to tangent transform
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to <code>fslmaths</code>

Value

If `retimg` then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if `intern` is TRUE or FALSE.

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

fsl_thresh	<i>Threshold an image</i>
------------	---------------------------

Description

This function calls `fslmaths -thr -uthr` to threshold an image and either saves the image or returns an object of class nifti

Usage

```
fsl_thresh(..., outfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz"),
           retimg = FALSE)

fslthresh(file, outfile = NULL, thresh = 0, uthresh = NULL,
           retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE, intern = FALSE, opts = "",
           verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

...	additional arguments passed to readnii .
outfile	(character) name of resultant thresholded file
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
file	(character) filename of image to be thresholded
thresh	(numeric) threshold (anything below set to 0)
uthresh	(numeric) upper threshold (anything above set to 0)
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) pass to system
opts	(character) additional options to be passed to fslmaths
verbose	(logical) print out command before running

Value

character or logical depending on intern

Note

Functions with underscores have different defaults and will return an output filename, so to be used for piping

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  system.time({
    x = array(rnorm(1e6), dim = c(100, 100, 100))
    img = nifti(x, dim= c(100, 100, 100),
               datatype = convert.datatype()$FLOAT32, cal.min = min(x),
               cal.max = max(x), pixdim = rep(1, 4))
    thresh = fslthresh(img, thresh=0, uthresh = 2, retimg=TRUE)
  })
}
```

fsl_version	<i>Find FSL Version</i>
-------------	-------------------------

Description

Finds the FSL version from FSLDIR/etc/fslversion

Usage

```
fsl_version()
fslversion()
fsl_version_gt5()
```

Value

If the version file does not exist, it will throw a warning, but it will return an empty string. Otherwise it will be a string of the version.

Note

This will use fsldir() to get the directory

Examples

```
if (have_fsl()) {
  fslversion()
  fsl_version()
}
```

get.fsl	<i>Create command declaring FSLDIR</i>
---------	--

Description

Finds the FSLDIR from system environment or getopt("fsl.path") for location of FSL functions

Usage

```
get.fsl(add_bin = TRUE)
get_fsl(add_bin = TRUE)
```

Arguments

add_bin Should bin be added to the fsl path? All executables are assumed to be in FSLDIR/bin/. If not, and add_bin = FALSE, they will be assumed to be in FSLDIR/.

Value

NULL if FSL in path, or bash code for setting up FSL DIR

Note

This will use Sys.getenv("FSLDIR") before getOption("fsl.path"). If the directory is not found for FSL in Sys.getenv("FSLDIR") and getOption("fsl.path"), it will try the default directory /usr/local/fsl.

get.fsloutput *Determine FSL output type*

Description

Finds the FSLOUTPUTTYPE from system environment or getOption("fsl.outputtype") for output type (nii.gz, nii, ANALYZE,etc)

Usage

get.fsloutput()

Value

FSLOUTPUTTYPE, such as NIFTI_GZ. If none found, uses NIFTI_GZ as default

get.imgext *Determine extension of image based on FSLOUTPUTTYPE*

Description

Runs get.fsloutput() to extract FSLOUTPUTTYPE and then gets corresponding extension (such as .nii.gz)

Usage

get.imgext()

Value

Extension for output type

 getForms

Get Q and S Forms of orientation matrix

Description

This function obtains the s and q forms of an image transformation matrix

Usage

```
getForms(file, verbose = FALSE, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) filename of image to pass to header
verbose	(logical) passed to fslhd
...	options passed to checking

Value

list with elements of sform and qform and their respective codes

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  mnifile = mni_fname("2")
  getForms(mnifile)
}
```

 get_quickshear_mask

*Face Removal Mask using "Quickshear Defacing for Neuroimages"
(Schimke et al. 2011)*

Description

Face Removal Mask using "Quickshear Defacing for Neuroimages" (Schimke et al. 2011)

Usage

```
get_quickshear_mask(brain_mask, buffer = 10, verbose = TRUE)
```

```
quickshear_deface_image(file, brain_mask = NULL, buffer = 10,
  verbose = TRUE, ...)
```


Arguments

brain_mask	Brain mask image. If NULL, then <code>fslbet</code> will be run
buffer	buffer to add to intercept for face mask equation
verbose	print diagnostic messages
file	input image - same orientation as brain mask
...	additional arguments passed to <code>fslmask</code>

Value

A binary image of the non-face areas

Note

adapted from <https://github.com/nipy/quickshear/blob/master/quickshear.py>

Examples

```
if (have_fsl()) {
  file = "~/Downloads/sample_T1_input.nii.gz"
  if (file.exists(file)) {
    res = quickshear_deface_image(file)
    brain_mask = fslbet(file) > 0
    mask = get_quickshear_mask(brain_mask)
    image = fslmask(file, mask)
  }
}
```

have.fsl	<i>Logical check if FSL is accessible</i>
----------	---

Description

Uses `get.fsl` to check if FSLDIR is accessible or the option `fsl.path` is set and returns logical

Usage

```
have.fsl(...)
```

```
have_fsl(...)
```

Arguments

... options to pass to `get.fsl`

Value

Logical TRUE is FSL is accessible, FALSE if not

Examples

```
have.fsl()
```

intent_code-methods *Extract Image intent_code attribute*

Description

intent_code method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
intent_code(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

intent_name-methods *Extract Image intent_name attribute*

Description

intent_name method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
intent_name(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

intent_p1-methods *Extract Image intent_p1 attribute*

Description

intent_p1 method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
intent_p1(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

intent_p2-methods *Extract Image intent_p2 attribute*

Description

intent_p2 method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
intent_p2(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

intent_p3-methods *Extract Image intent_p3 attribute*

Description

intent_p3 method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
intent_p3(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

`invert_xfm`*Convert a Transformation*

Description

Convert a Transformation

Usage

```
invert_xfm(inmat, omat = tempfile(fileext = ".mat"), verbose = TRUE)
```

```
concat_xfm(inmat, inmat2, omat = tempfile(fileext = ".mat"),  
  verbose = TRUE)
```

```
fixscaleskew_xfm(inmat, inmat2, omat = tempfile(fileext = ".mat"),  
  verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

<code>inmat</code>	input matrix transformation
<code>omat</code>	output matrix transformation
<code>verbose</code>	print diagnostic messages
<code>inmat2</code>	second matrix filename to be concatenated or fixscaleskew to first

Value

A filename of the output matrix file

Examples

```
if (have_fsl()) {  
  img = mni_fname()  
  mat = fslreorient2std_mat(img)  
  inverted = invert_xfm(mat)  
  readLines(inverted)  
  catted = concat_xfm(mat, mat)  
  readLines(catted)  
  fixed = fixscaleskew_xfm(mat, mat)  
  readLines(fixed)  
}
```

magic-methods	<i>Extract Image magic attribute</i>
---------------	--------------------------------------

Description

magic method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
magic(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

mcflirt	<i>FSL Motion Correction</i>
---------	------------------------------

Description

This function calls mcflirt

Usage

```
mcflirt(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
intern = FALSE, opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be manipulated
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
opts	(character) operations to be passed to mcflirt. Cannot use -o or -verbose, as output file should be specified in outfile.
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments passed to readnii .

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

mcflirt.help *MCFLIRT help*

Description

This function calls mcflirt's help

Usage

```
mcflirt.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
library(fslr)
if (have.fsl()){
  mcflirt.help()
}
```

melodic *Run MELODIC ICA*

Description

This function calls melodic

Usage

```
melodic(file, outdir = dirname(file), intern = FALSE, opts = "",
         verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be run
outdir	(character) output directory. (Default dirname(file))
intern	(logical) pass to system
opts	(character) options for melodic
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	arguments passed to checking

Value

character or logical depending on intern

melodic.help	<i>MELODIC help</i>
--------------	---------------------

Description

This function calls melodic's help

Usage

```
melodic.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  melodic.help()
}
```

mid_sagittal_align	<i>Mid-Sagittal Plane Alignment</i>
--------------------	-------------------------------------

Description

This function takes in an image, flips the image over the left/right plane, registers that flipped image to the original image, then applies the half transformation

Usage

```
mid_sagittal_align(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, opts = "",
  verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

file	(character) input filename or class nifti
outfile	(character) output filename
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
opts	(character) options passed to flirt
verbose	(logical) print diagnostic messages

Value

Filename of output or nifti depending on retimg

mni_fname	<i>Construct MNI Filename</i>
-----------	-------------------------------

Description

Finds the standard data directory for FSL and pastes together the string for an MNI template image

Usage

```
mni_fname(mm = c("1", "0.5", "2"), brain = FALSE, linear = FALSE,
          mask = FALSE)
```

```
mni_face_fname(mm = c("1", "0.5", "2"))
```

Arguments

mm	Resolution (in mm) of the brain image (isotropic)
brain	Should the brain be returned (default) or the T1 with the skull
linear	Should the linearized MNI template be used
mask	should the mask be given? Generally, only MNI152_T1_1mm_brain_mask exists.

Value

Character path of filename, warning if that file does not exist

mni_img	<i>Read MNI Filename</i>
---------	--------------------------

Description

Simple wrapper for reading in the MNI image constructed from [mni_fname](#)

Usage

```
mni_img(...)
```

Arguments

...	Arguments passed to mni_fname
-----	---

Value

Object of class [nifti](#)

mridefacer *MRI Defacer*

Description

MRI Defacer

Usage

```
mridefacer(file, ..., verbose = TRUE)
```

```
get_mridefacer_mask(file, brain_mask = NULL, bet_opts = "-f 0.5",
  search_radius = 90, opts = NULL, template_brain = NULL,
  template_brain_weight = NULL, template_biometric_mask = NULL,
  verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

file	input file image to remove face/ears
...	not used
verbose	print diagnostic messages. If > 1, more verbose
brain_mask	brain mask of file. If NULL, <code>fslbet</code> will be applied
bet_opts	options to pass to <code>fslbet</code> if applied
search_radius	search radius option to pass to <code>flirt</code>
opts	additional options to pass to <code>flirt</code>
template_brain	template brain image, may be NULL
template_brain_weight	template brain weight image, used for registration may be NULL
template_biometric_mask	template biometric mask. Everything that is wanted should be 1, may be NULL

Value

A character filename of the output image

Note

Adapted from <https://github.com/mih/mridefacer>

Examples

```
if (have_fsl()) {
  file = "~/Downloads/sample_T1_input.nii.gz"
  if (file.exists(file)) {
    res = mridefacer(file)
  }
}
```

parse_avscale	<i>Parse output from avscale</i>
---------------	----------------------------------

Description

This function parses the output from [fsl_avscale](#) into something more manageable

Usage

```
parse_avscale(av_out)
```

Arguments

av_out output from [fsl_avscale](#), character vector

Value

List of output values

pixdim-methods	<i>Extract Image pixdim attribute</i>
----------------	---------------------------------------

Description

Gets pixdim from a character

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
pixdim(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

 probtrackx

Probabilistic diffusion tractography with multiple fibre orientations

Description

This function wraps probtrackx2 from FSL

Usage

```
probtrackx(samples = "merged", mask, seed, verbose = TRUE,
  out = NULL, dir = NULL, forcedir = FALSE, simple = NULL,
  network = FALSE, opd = NULL, pd = FALSE, fopd = NULL,
  os2t = FALSE, s2tastext = NULL, targetmasks = NULL,
  waypoints = NULL, waycond = c("AND", "OR"), wayorder = NULL,
  onewaycondition = FALSE, avoid = NULL, stop = NULL,
  omatrix1 = NULL, distthresh1 = NULL, omatrix2 = NULL,
  target2 = NULL, omatrix3 = NULL, target3 = NULL,
  lrtarget3 = NULL, distthresh3 = 0, xfm = NULL, invxfm = NULL,
  seedref = NULL, meshspace = c("caret", "freesurfer", "first", "vox"),
  nsamples = 5000, nsteps = 2000, steplength = 0.5, distthresh = 0,
  cthr = 0.2, fibthresh = 0.01, loopcheck = FALSE, usef = FALSE,
  modeuler = FALSE, sampvox = 0, randfib = 0, fibst = 1,
  rseed = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

samples	Basename for samples files - e.g. 'merged'
mask	Bet binary mask file in diffusion space
seed	Seed volume or list (ascii text file) of volumes and/or surfaces
verbose	Verbose level, [0-2]
out	Output file (default='fdt_paths')
dir	Directory to put the final volumes in - code makes this directory - default='logdir'
forcedir	Use the actual directory name given - i.e. don't add + to make a new directory
simple	Track from a list of voxels (seed must be a ASCII list of coordinates)
network	Activate network mode - only keep paths going through at least one of the other seed masks
opd	Output path distribution
pd	Correct path distribution for the length of the pathways
fopd	Other mask for binning tract distribution
os2t	Output seeds to targets
s2tastext	Output seed-to-target counts as a text file (default in simple mode)
targetmasks	File containing a list of target masks - for seeds_to_targets classification

waypoints	Waypoint mask or ascii list of waypoint masks - only keep paths going through ALL the masks
waycond	Waypoint condition. Either 'AND' (default) or 'OR'
wayorder	Reject streamlines that do not hit waypoints in given order. Only valid if way-cond=AND
onewaycondition	Apply waypoint conditions to each half tract separately
avoid	Reject pathways passing through locations given by this mask
stop	Stop tracking at locations given by this mask file
omatrix1	Output matrix1 - SeedToSeed Connectivity
distthresh1	Discards samples (in matrix1) shorter than this threshold (in mm - default=0)
omatrix2	Output matrix2 - SeedToLowResMask
target2	Low resolution binary brain mask for storing connectivity distribution in matrix2 mode
omatrix3	Output matrix3 (NxN connectivity matrix)
target3	Mask used for NxN connectivity matrix (or NxN if lrtarget3 is set)
lrtarget3	Column-space mask used for NxN connectivity matrix
distthresh3	Discards samples (in matrix3) shorter than this threshold (in mm - default=0)
xfm	Transform taking seed space to DTI space (either FLIRT matrix or FNIRT warp-field) - default is identity
invxfm	Transform taking DTI space to seed space (compulsory when using a warpfield for seeds_to_dti)
seedref	Reference vol to define seed space in simple mode - diffusion space assumed if absent
meshspace	Mesh reference space - either 'caret' (default) or 'freesurfer' or 'first' or 'vox'
nsamples	Number of samples - default=5000
nsteps	Number of steps per sample - default=2000
steplength	Steplength in mm - default=0.5
distthresh	Discards samples shorter than this threshold (in mm - default=0)
cthr	Curvature threshold - default=0.2
fibthresh	Volume fraction before subsidiary fibre orientations are considered - default=0.01
loopcheck	Perform loopchecks on paths - slower, but allows lower curvature threshold
usef	Use anisotropy to constrain tracking
modeuler	Use modified euler streamlining
sampvox	Sample random points within x mm sphere seed voxels (e.g. -sampvox=5). Default=0
randfib	Default 0. Set to 1 to randomly sample initial fibres (with f > fibthresh). Set to 2 to sample in proportion fibres (with f>fibthresh) to f. Set to 3 to sample ALL populations at random (even if f<fibthresh)
fibst	Force a starting fibre for tracking - default=1, i.e. first fibre orientation. Only works if randfib==0
rseed	Random seed
...	Additional arguments

qform,character-method

Extract NIfTI 3D Image Orientation

Description

Gets q/s-forms from a character

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
qform(object)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
sform(object)
```

Arguments

object is a nifti object

qform_code-methods

Extract Image qform_code attribute

Description

qform_code method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
qform_code(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

readrpi	<i>Read NIfTI file reoriented to RPI</i>
---------	--

Description

This function calls the `readnii` function after calling `rpi_orient_file` to force RPI orientation.

Usage

```
readrpi(file, ..., verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

file	file name of the NIfTI file.
...	Arguments to pass to <code>readnii</code>
verbose	print diagnostics, passed to <code>rpi_orient_file</code>

Examples

```
if (have.fsl()){
  print(fsl_version())
  in_ci <- function() {
    nzchar(Sys.getenv("CI"))
  }
  if (in_ci()) {
    destfile = tempfile(fileext = ".nii.gz")
    dl = download.file(paste0("https://github.com/muschellij2/",
      "Neurohacking/files/3454385/113-01-MPRAGE2.nii.gz"),
      destfile = destfile)
    res = readrpi(destfile)
  }
}
```

read_xfm	<i>Read FSL Transformation</i>
----------	--------------------------------

Description

Read FSL Transformation

Usage

```
read_xfm(file)
```

Arguments

file	transformation file from <code>flirt</code> , usually ending in <code>‘.mat’</code>
------	---

Value

A numeric matrix of numeric class

reverse_rpi_orient *Reverse Reorientation an Image to RPI orientation*

Description

This function uses `fslswapdim` to reorient an image

Usage

```
reverse_rpi_orient(file, convention = c("NEUROLOGICAL", "RADIOLOGICAL"),
  orientation, verbose = TRUE)
```

```
reverse_rpi_orient_file(file, convention = c("NEUROLOGICAL",
  "RADIOLOGICAL"), orientation, verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

file	Object of class <code>nifti</code> or character path
convention	Convention of original image (usually from <code>rpi_orient</code>)
orientation	Vector of length 3 from original image (usually from <code>rpi_orient</code>)
verbose	print diagnostic messages

Value

Object of class `nifti`

rpi_orient *Reorient an Image to RPI orientation*

Description

This function uses `fslswapdim` to reorient an image

Usage

```
rpi_orient(file, verbose = TRUE)
```

```
rpi_orient_file(file, verbose = TRUE)
```

```
is_rpi(file, verbose = FALSE)
```

```
is.rpi(file, verbose = FALSE)
```

Arguments

file	Object of class <code>nifti</code> or character path
verbose	print diagnostic messages

Value

List of 3 elements

- `img`: Reoriented image of class `nifti`
- `convention`: Convention (Neurological/Radiological) of original image
- `orientation`: Original image orientations

run_first_all	<i>Run FIRST All</i>
---------------	----------------------

Description

Wrapper for `run_first_all` from FSL for FIRST analysis segmentation of subcortical structures

Usage

```
run_first_all(img, oprefix = tempfile(), brain_extracted = FALSE,
  structures = NULL, affine = NULL, opts = "", verbose = TRUE)
```

Arguments

<code>img</code>	pecifies the input image (T1-weighted)
<code>oprefix</code>	specifies the output image basename (extensions will be added to this)
<code>brain_extracted</code>	specifies that the input image has been brain extracted
<code>structures</code>	a restricted set of structures to be segmented
<code>affine</code>	specifies the affine registration matrix to standard space (optional)
<code>opts</code>	(character) operations to be passed to <code>run_first_all</code>
<code>verbose</code>	(logical) print out command before running

Value

List of results, including result of `system` and some output files

run_first_all.help *Run FIRST All Help*

Description

This function calls run_first_all's help

Usage

```
run_first_all.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
library(fslr)

if (have.fsl()){
  run_first_all.help()
}
```

scl_inter-methods *Extract Image scl_inter attribute*

Description

scl_inter method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
scl_inter(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

scl_slope-methods *Extract Image scl_slope attribute*

Description

scl_slope method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
scl_slope(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

sform_code-methods *Extract Image sform_code attribute*

Description

sform_code method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
sform_code(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

sizeof_hdr-methods *Extract Image sizeof_hdr attribute*

Description

sizeof_hdr method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
sizeof_hdr(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

slice_code-methods *Extract Image slice_code attribute*

Description

slice_code method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
slice_code(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

slice_duration-methods
 Extract Image slice_duration attribute

Description

slice_duration method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
slice_duration(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

slice_end-methods *Extract Image slice_end attribute*

Description

slice_end method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
slice_end(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

slice_start-methods *Extract Image slice_start attribute*

Description

slice_start method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'  
slice_start(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

susan

*FSL SUSAN noise reduction***Description**

Implements Smallest Univalued Segment Assimilating Nucleus (SUSAN) noise reduction technique from FSL

Usage

```
susan(file, outfile = NULL, retimg = TRUE, reorient = FALSE,
      intern = FALSE, bthresh = 0.1, sigma = 3, dimg = c(3, 2),
      use_median = FALSE, n_usans = c(0, 1, 2), extra.scans = list(),
      opts = "", verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

file	(character) image to be manipulated
outfile	(character) resultant image name (optional)
retimg	(logical) return image of class nifti
reorient	(logical) If retimg, should file be reoriented when read in? Passed to readnii .
intern	(logical) to be passed to system
bthresh	brightness threshold and should be greater than noise level and less than contrast of edges to be preserved.
sigma	spatial size (sigma i.e. half-width) of smoothing in mm.
dimg	dimensionality (2 or 3) depending on whether smoothing is to be within-plane (2) or fully 3D (3).
use_median	determines whether to use a local median filter in the cases where single-point noise is detected (0 or 1).
n_usans	determines whether the smoothing area (USAN) is to be found from secondary images (0 1 or 2).
extra.scans	List of extra scans for USAN. List of n_usans elements, where each element has 2 named objects bthresh and filename
opts	(character) operations to be passed to susan, not currently used.
verbose	(logical) print out command before running
...	additional arguments passed to fslcmd .

Value

If retimg then object of class nifti. Otherwise, Result from system command, depends if intern is TRUE or FALSE.

References

S.M. Smith and J.M. Brady. SUSAN -a new approach to low level image processing. International Journal of Computer Vision, 23(1):45-78, May 1997.

`susan.help`*FSL SUSAN Help*

Description

This function calls susan's help

Usage

```
susan.help()
```

Value

Prints help output and returns output as character vector

Examples

```
library(fslr)
if (have.fsl()){
  susan.help()
}
```

`toffset-methods`*Extract Image toffset attribute*

Description

Gets toffset from a character

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
toffset(object)
```

Arguments

`object` is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

topup

topup - calling FSL topup

Description

A tool for estimating and correcting susceptibility induced distortions

Usage

```
topup(infile, datain, out = NULL, fout = NULL, iout = NULL,
      logout = NULL, warpres = 10, subsamp = 1, fwhm = 8,
      config = NULL, miter = 5, lambda = NULL, ssqlambda = 1,
      regmod = c("bending_energy", "membrane_energy"), estmov = 1,
      minmet = c(0, 1), splineorder = c(3, 2), numprec = c("double",
      "float"), interp = c("spline", "linear"), scale = c(0, 1),
      regrid = c(0, 1), verbose = TRUE)
```

```
fsl_topup(...)
```

Arguments

infile	name of 4D file with images
datain	name of text file with PE directions/times
out	base-name of output files (spline coefficients (Hz) and movement parameters)
fout	name of image file with field (Hz)
iout	name of 4D image file with unwarped images
logout	Name of log-file
warpres	(approximate) resolution (in mm) of warp basis for the different sub-sampling levels, default 10
subsamp	sub-sampling scheme, default 1
fwhm	FWHM (in mm) of gaussian smoothing kernel, default 8
config	Name of config file specifying command line arguments
miter	Max # of non-linear iterations, default 5
lambda	Weight of regularisation, default depending on ssqlambda and regmod switches. See user documentation.
ssqlambda	If set (=1), lambda is weighted by current ssq, default 1
regmod	Model for regularisation of warp-field [membrane_energy bending_energy], default bending_energy
estmov	Estimate movements if set, default 1 (true)
minmet	Minimisation method 0=Levenberg-Marquardt, 1=Scaled Conjugate Gradient, default 0 (LM)
splineorder	Order of spline, 2->Quadratic spline, 3->Cubic spline. Default=3

numprec	Precision for representing Hessian, double or float. Default double
interp	Image interpolation model, linear or spline. Default spline
scale	If set (=1), the images are individually scaled to a common mean, default 0 (false)
regrid	If set (=1), the calculations are done in a different grid, default 1 (true)
verbose	Print diagnostic information while running
...	arguments passed to topup if using fsl_topup

vox_offset-methods *Extract Image vox_offset attribute*

Description

vox_offset method for character types

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'character'
vox_offset(object)
```

Arguments

object is a filename to pass to [fslval](#)

xfibres *Bayesian Estimation of Diffusion Parameters Obtained using Sampling Techniques with Crossing Fibers*

Description

Calls xfibres from FSL to fit, also known as bedpostx

Usage

```
xfibres(infile, bvecs, bvals, mask = NULL, nfibres = 1,
bet.opts = "", verbose = TRUE, njumps = NULL, burnin = NULL,
burnin_noard = NULL, sampleevery = NULL,
updateproposalevery = NULL, seed = NULL, noard = FALSE,
allard = FALSE, nospat = FALSE, nonlinear = FALSE,
cnonlinear = FALSE, rician = FALSE, f0 = FALSE, ardf0 = FALSE,
opts = "")
```


Arguments

infile	Input filename
bvecs	b-vectors: matrix of 3 columns or filename of ASCII text file
bvals	b-values: vector of same length as number of rows of b-vectors or filename of ASCII text file
mask	Mask filename
nfibres	Maximum number of fibres to fit in each voxel (default 1)
bet.opts	Options for fslbet if mask is not supplied
verbose	print diagnostic messages
njumps	num of jumps to be made by MCMC (default is 5000)
burnin	Total num of jumps at start of MCMC to be discarded (default is 0)
burnin_noard	num of burnin jumps before the ard is imposed (default is 0)
sampleevery	num of jumps for each sample (MCMC) (default is 1)
updateproposalevery	num of jumps for each update to the proposal density std (MCMC) (default is 40)
seed	for pseudo random number generator
noard	Turn ARD off on all fibres
allard	Turn ARD on on all fibres
nospat	Initialise with tensor, not spatially
nonlinear	Initialise with nonlinear fitting
cnonlinear	Initialise with constrained nonlinear fitting
rician	Use Rician noise modelling
f0	Add to the model an unattenuated signal compartment
ardf0	Use ard on f0
opts	Additional options for xfibres . There should not be any left out in the current arguments, but opts may be a way some prefer to input options.

Value

Output from [system](#)

Index

apply_topup (applytopup), 6
applytopup, 6
aux.file, character-method
 (aux.file-methods), 7
aux.file-methods, 7
avscale (fsl_avscale), 76

bedpostx (xfibres), 136
bitpix, character-method
 (bitpix-methods), 7
bitpix-methods, 7

cal.max, character-method
 (cal.max-methods), 7
cal.max-methods, 7
cal.min, character-method
 (cal.min-methods), 8
cal.min-methods, 8
check_file, 9
checking, 9, 37, 48, 60, 65, 66, 72, 112, 118
checkout, 8, 9
concat_xfm (invert_xfm), 116

data_type, character-method
 (data_type-methods), 10
data_type-methods, 10
datatype, character-method
 (datatype-methods), 9
datatype-methods, 9
deface_image (face_removal_mask), 14
descrip, character-method
 (descrip-methods), 10
descrip-methods, 10
dim_, character-method (dim_-methods), 10
dim_-methods, 10
download.file, 11
download_fsl, 11
dtifit, 11

eddy, 12, 13

eddy_correct, 13
enforce_form, 14
epi_reg (fslepi_reg), 33

face_removal_mask, 14
fast, 15
fast.help, 17
fast_all (fast), 15
fast_nobias (fast), 15
fast_nobias_all (fast), 15
fixscaleskew_xfm (invert_xfm), 116
flirt, 17, 18, 119, 121, 126
flirt.help, 18
flirt_apply, 18
flirt_apply.help (flirt.help), 18
fnirt, 19, 21, 73
fnirt.help, 20
fnirt_with_affine, 20
fnirt_with_affine_apply, 21
fsl_abs, 69
fsl_acos, 70
fsl_add, 71
fsl_anat, 72
fsl_anat.help, 72
fsl_and (fsland), 23
fsl_applytopup (applytopup), 6
fsl_applywarp, 73
fsl_applywarp.help, 73
fsl_asin, 74
fsl_atan, 74
fsl_atlas_dir, 75
fsl_avscale, 76, 122
fsl_bet, 76
fsl_biascorrect, 77
fsl_bin, 78
fsl_bin_tab, 80, 83
fsl_binv, 79
fsl_cluster, 80
fsl_cos, 82
fsl_data_dir, 82

- fsl_dice, 83
- fsl_dilate, 83
- fsl_dir (fsldir), 31
- fsl_div, 84
- fsl_edge, 85
- fsl_epi_reg (fslepi_reg), 33
- fsl_erode, 86
- fsl_exp, 87
- fsl_fast (fast), 15
- fsl_fast_nobias (fast), 15
- fsl_fill, 88
- fsl_index, 89
- fsl_log, 90
- fsl_mask, 90
- fsl_maths, 92
- fsl_merge, 93
- fsl_mul, 94
- fsl_nan, 95
- fsl_nanm, 95
- fsl_or (fslor), 45
- fsl_rand, 96
- fsl_randn, 97
- fsl_recip, 98
- fsl_rem, 99
- fsl_resample, 100
- fsl_robustfov (fslrobustfov), 52
- fsl_slicetimer (fslslicetimer), 55
- fsl_smooth, 101
- fsl_smooth_in_mask (fslsmooth_in_mask), 57
- fsl_smoothest, 102
- fsl_split (fslsplit), 58
- fsl_sqr, 103
- fsl_sqrt, 103
- fsl_std_dir, 104
- fsl_sub, 105
- fsl_sub2, 106
- fsl_swapdim, 107
- fsl_tan, 108
- fsl_thresh, 68, 108
- fsl_topup (topup), 135
- fsl_version, 110
- fsl_version_gt5 (fsl_version), 110
- fsl_xor (fslxor), 68
- fslabs (fsl_abs), 69
- fslabs.help, 22
- fslacos (fsl_acos), 70
- fslacos.help, 22
- fsladd (fsl_add), 71
- fsladd.help, 23
- fsland, 23
- fslasin (fsl_asin), 74
- fslasin.help, 24
- fslatan (fsl_atan), 74
- fslatan.help, 24
- fslbet, 12, 113, 121, 137
- fslbet (fsl_bet), 76
- fslbet.help, 25
- fslbin, 23, 45, 68
- fslbin (fsl_bin), 78
- fslbin.help, 26
- fslbinv (fsl_binv), 79
- fslbinv.help, 26
- fslchfiletype, 27
- fslchfiletype.help, 27
- fslcluster (fsl_cluster), 80
- fslcmd, 13, 28, 81, 102, 133
- fslcog, 29
- fslcos (fsl_cos), 82
- fslcos.help, 30
- fslcpgeom, 30
- fslcpgeom.help, 31
- fslldilate (fsl_dilate), 83
- fsldir, 31
- fsldiv (fsl_div), 84
- fsldiv.help, 32
- fsledge (fsl_edge), 85
- fsledge.help, 32
- fslentropy, 33
- fslentropy.help (fslstats.help), 61
- fslepi_reg, 33
- fsleroode (fsl_erode), 86
- fsleroode.help, 34
- fslexp (fsl_exp), 87
- fslexp.help, 35
- fsleyes (fslview), 66
- fslfast (fast), 15
- fslfast_nobias (fast), 15
- fslfill, 36
- fslfill (fsl_fill), 88
- fslfill.help, 35
- fslfill2, 36
- fslgetorient, 37
- fslgetqform (fslgetorient), 37
- fslgetqformcode (fslgetorient), 37
- fslgetsform (fslgetorient), 37

- fslgetsformcode (fslgetorient), 37
- fslhd, 37, 38, 112
- fslhd.help, 38
- fslhd.parse, 38
- fslhelp, 39
- fslindex (fsl_index), 89
- fslindex.help, 39
- fsllog (fsl_log), 90
- fsllog.help, 40
- fslmask, 113
- fslmask (fsl_mask), 90
- fslmask.help, 40
- fslmaths (fsl_maths), 92
- fslmaths.help, 22–26, 30, 32, 34–36, 39–41, 41, 43, 44, 47–50, 55, 56, 59, 60, 62, 64
- fslmax, 41
- fslmean, 42
- fslmean.help (fslstats.help), 61
- fslmerge (fsl_merge), 93
- fslmerge.help, 43
- fslmin (fslmax), 41
- fslmul, 23
- fslmul (fsl_mul), 94
- fslmul.help, 43
- fslnan (fsl_nan), 95
- fslnan.help, 44
- fslnanm (fsl_nanm), 95
- fslnanm.help, 44
- fslor, 45
- fslorient, 37, 45, 47
- fslorient.help, 46
- fslorienter, 47
- fslrand (fsl_rand), 96
- fslrand.help, 47
- fslrandn (fsl_randn), 97
- fslrandn.help, 48
- fslrange, 42, 48
- fslrange.help (fslstats.help), 61
- fslrecip (fsl_recip), 98
- fslrecip.help, 49
- fslrem (fsl_rem), 99
- fslrem.help, 50
- fslreorient2std, 50, 51
- fslreorient2std.help, 51
- fslreorient2std_mat (fslreorient2std), 50
- fslrobustfov, 52
- fslrobustfov.help, 52
- fslroi, 53
- fslroi_time (fslroi), 53
- fslsd, 54
- fslsd.help (fslstats.help), 61
- fslsin, 54
- fslsin.help, 55
- fslslicetimer, 55
- fslsmooth, 57
- fslsmooth (fsl_smooth), 101
- fslsmooth.help, 56
- fslsmooth_in_mask, 57
- fslsplit, 58
- fslsplit.help, 59
- fslsqr (fsl_sqr), 103
- fslsqr.help, 59
- fslsqrt (fsl_sqrt), 103
- fslsqrt.help, 60
- fslstats, 33, 42, 54, 60, 63, 68
- fslstats.help, 61
- fslsub (fsl_sub), 105
- fslsub.help, 61
- fslsub2 (fsl_sub2), 106
- fslsub2.help, 62
- fslsum, 63, 67
- fslswapdim (fsl_swapdim), 107
- fslswapdim.help, 63
- fsltan (fsl_tan), 108
- fsltan.help, 64
- fslthresh (fsl_thresh), 108
- fslthresh.help, 64
- fslval, 7–10, 65, 114, 115, 117, 122, 125, 129–132, 134, 136
- fslval.help, 65
- fslversion (fsl_version), 110
- fslview, 66
- fslview.help, 67
- fslvol, 67
- fslvolume, 68
- fslxor, 68
- get.fsl, 110, 113
- get.fsloutput, 111
- get.imgext, 111
- get_fsl (get.fsl), 110
- get_mridefacer_mask (mridefacer), 121
- get_quickshear_mask, 112
- getForms, 8, 14, 112

- have.fsl, 113
- have_fsl (have.fsl), 113
- intent_code, character-method
 - (intent_code-methods), 114
- intent_code-methods, 114
- intent_name, character-method
 - (intent_name-methods), 114
- intent_name-methods, 114
- intent_p1, character-method
 - (intent_p1-methods), 115
- intent_p1-methods, 115
- intent_p2, character-method
 - (intent_p2-methods), 115
- intent_p2-methods, 115
- intent_p3, character-method
 - (intent_p3-methods), 115
- intent_p3-methods, 115
- invert_xfm, 116
- is.rpi (rpi_orient), 127
- is_rpi (rpi_orient), 127
- magic, character-method (magic-methods), 117
- magic-methods, 117
- mcflirt, 117
- mcflirt.help, 118
- melodic, 118
- melodic.help, 119
- mid_sagittal_align, 119
- mni_face_fname, 15
- mni_face_fname (mni_fname), 120
- mni_fname, 15, 120, 120
- mni_img, 120
- mrdefacer, 121
- nifti, 120
- parse_avscale, 76, 122
- pixdim, character-method
 - (pixdim-methods), 122
- pixdim-methods, 122
- probtrackx, 123
- qform, character
 - (qform, character-method), 125
- qform, character-method, 125
- qform_code, character-method
 - (qform_code-methods), 125
- qform_code-methods, 125
- quickshear_deface_image
 - (get_quickshear_mask), 112
- read_cluster_table (fsl_cluster), 80
- read_xfm, 126
- readnii, 16–21, 27, 28, 30, 31, 34, 36, 45, 46, 51–54, 56, 58, 69–71, 73–75, 77–79, 81, 82, 84–101, 103–109, 117, 126, 133
- readrpi, 126
- reverse_rpi_orient, 127
- reverse_rpi_orient_file
 - (reverse_rpi_orient), 127
- rpi_orient, 127, 127
- rpi_orient_file, 126
- rpi_orient_file (rpi_orient), 127
- run_first_all, 128
- run_first_all.help, 129
- scl_inter, character-method
 - (scl_inter-methods), 129
- scl_inter-methods, 129
- scl_slope, character-method
 - (scl_slope-methods), 130
- scl_slope-methods, 130
- sform, character
 - (qform, character-method), 125
- sform, character-method
 - (qform, character-method), 125
- sform_code, character-method
 - (sform_code-methods), 130
- sform_code-methods, 130
- sizeof_hdr, character-method
 - (sizeof_hdr-methods), 130
- sizeof_hdr-methods, 130
- slice_code, character-method
 - (slice_code-methods), 131
- slice_code-methods, 131
- slice_duration, character-method
 - (slice_duration-methods), 131
- slice_duration-methods, 131
- slice_end, character-method
 - (slice_end-methods), 132
- slice_end-methods, 132
- slice_start, character-method
 - (slice_start-methods), 132
- slice_start-methods, 132
- susan, 133

susan.help, [134](#)
system, [16](#), [18–21](#), [27](#), [28](#), [30](#), [34](#), [36](#), [45](#), [46](#),
[51–54](#), [56](#), [66](#), [69–75](#), [77–79](#), [82](#),
[84–99](#), [101](#), [103–109](#), [117](#), [118](#), [128](#),
[133](#), [137](#)

toffset, character-method
(toffset-methods), [134](#)
toffset-methods, [134](#)
topup, [135](#)

vox_offset, character-method
(vox_offset-methods), [136](#)
vox_offset-methods, [136](#)
voxdim, [67](#)

xfibres, [136](#)