Package 'eicm'

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Title Explicit Interaction Community Models

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Description Model fitting and species biotic interaction network topology selection for explicit interaction community models. Explicit interaction community models are an extension of binomial

linear models for joint modelling of species communities, that incorporate both the effects of species biotic interactions and the effects of missing covariates. Species interactions are modelled as direct effects of each species on each of the others, and are estimated alongside the effects of missing covariates, modelled as latent factors. The package includes a penalized maximum likelihood

fitting function, and a genetic algorithm for selecting the most parsimonious species interaction network topology.

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Description

Explicit Interaction Community Models

Details

Model fitting and species biotic interaction network topology selection for explicit interaction community models. Explicit interaction community models are an extension of binomial linear models for joint modelling of species communities, that incorporate both the effects of species biotic interactions and the effects of missing covariates. Species interactions are modelled as direct effects of each species on each of the others, and are estimated alongside the effects of missing covariates, modelled as latent factors. The package includes a penalized maximum likelihood fitting function, and a genetic algorithm for selecting the most parsimonious species interaction network topology.

Main functions

eicm, eicm. fit

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as.eicm Define a parameterized EICM model

Description

Constructs a EICM model object from given coefficients and data. Useful for simulating "true" models, otherwise only used internally.

Usage

```
as.eicm(env.coefs, sp.coefs = NULL, latent = NULL, options = NULL,
  occurrences = NULL, env = NULL, traits = NULL, intercept = TRUE,
  regularization = NULL)
```

Arguments

env.coefs	the environmental coefficient matrix: a species x variable matrix (including intercept).
sp.coefs	the species interaction coefficient matrix: a species x species matrix, with zero diagonal.
latent	the values for the latent variables in each sample: a sample x latent variable matrix.
options	a eicm.options object defining options for fitting. Usually not needed, use forbidden, mask.sp and exclude.prevalence instead.
occurrences	a binary (0/1) sample x species matrix, possibly including NAs.
env	an optional sample x environmental variable matrix, for the known environmental predictors.
traits	an optional species x trait matrix. Currently, it is only used for excluding species interactions <i>a priori</i> .
intercept	logical specifying whether to add a column for the species-level intercepts.
regularization	a two-element numeric vector defining the regularization lambdas used for environmental coefficients and for species interactions respectively. See details.

Details

regularization is only used for storing the regularization lambdas used in model fitting. It is ignored in simulation.

Value

A eicm object that can be used for prediction.

Note

This function is only useful for simulation purposes. If you want to predict values from a fitted model, a eicm object is already provided for the fitted model.

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See Also

```
predict.eicm
```

Examples

```
# Generate some coefficients
nenv <- 2
nsp <- 20
nsamples <- 200

env <- matrix(rnorm(nenv * nsamples), ncol=nenv, nrow=nsamples)
env.coefs <- matrix(runif((nenv + 1) * nsp, -4, 4), nrow=nsp)
sp.coefs <- matrix(0, nrow=nsp, ncol=nsp)
sp.coefs[3, 5] <- 3
sp.coefs[4, 8] <- 2

# Define a true model (including environmental data)
truemodel <- as.eicm(env=env, env.coefs=env.coefs, sp.coefs=sp.coefs)
# We can now realize it
predict(truemodel)</pre>
```

coef.eicm

Extract EICM model coefficients

Description

Extract the EICM model coefficients, organized in three separate matrices.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'eicm'
coef(object, ...)
```

Arguments

```
object a EICM model.... additional argument(s) for methods.
```

Value

A list with three coefficient matrices:

\$env environmental coefficients

\$sp species interaction coefficients. It reads as: species C (column) affects species R (row) with the coefficient \$pp [R, C]

\$samples estimated latent variable values

```
coefficientComparisonPlot
```

Diagnostic monitor plots for EICM

Description

Visually compare the true model with estimation results (final results or during model fitting) and compute accuracy statistics.

Usage

```
coefficientComparisonPlot(model, true.model, nenv.to.plot = 0,
  nlatent.to.plot = 0, plot.interactions = any(model$sp != 0),
  plot.intercept = FALSE, excluded.interactions = NULL,
  layout = TRUE, noplot = FALSE, env.stats = TRUE, legend = TRUE)
```

Arguments

mode1 the EICM model of interest. the true model to compare with (usually, the one used for simulating the data). true.model nenv.to.plot the number of environmental variables to plot. nlatent.to.plot the number of latent variables to plot. plot.interactions logical. Plot interaction coefficient scatterplot? plot.intercept logical. plot the species-level intercepts? excluded.interactions a binary species x species matrix telling which interactions were excluded a priori. layout logical. Do multi-panel layout?

noplot logical. Do plots? If TRUE, it will return the accuracy statistics only.

env.stats logical. Compute accuracy for environmental predictors?

legend logical. Plot legend?

Value

A vector with accuracy statistics.

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confint.eicm

Confidence intervals for EICM parameters

Description

Computes the profile (penalized) likelihood confidence intervals for all estimated parameters in a EICM model. If the likelihood profiles are not computed yet, they will be computed first.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'eicm'
confint(object, parm, level = 0.99, step = 0.3,
    ncores = parallel::detectCores(), ...)
```

Arguments

object the fitted EICM model.
parm currently unused.

level the confidence level required.

step the step increments/decrements at which to compute the likelihood profile points.

ncores the number of CPU cores to use when computing profiles for all parameters.

. . . additional argument(s) for methods

Value

The same model object with a new confint component.

Examples

```
# load the included parameterized model
data(truemodel)

# realize the model
occurrences <- predict(truemodel, nrepetitions=1)

# fit the model without species interactions
fitted <- eicm(occurrences, n.latent=2, mask.sp=0, do.selection=FALSE)$fitted.model

# compute confidence intervals for all parameters
# this updates the fitted model with the confints
fitted <- confint(fitted, ncores=2)

# plot the confidence intervals
plot(fitted, type="confint")</pre>
```

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eicm

Fit and select an Explicit Interaction Community Model (EICM)

Description

Given species occurrence data and (optionally) measured environmental predictors, fits and selects an EICM that models species occurrence probability as a function of measured predictors, unmeasured predictors (latent variables) and direct species interactions.

Usage

```
eicm(occurrences, env = NULL, traits = NULL, intercept = TRUE,
  n.latent = 0, forbidden = NULL, mask.sp = NULL,
  exclude.prevalence = 0, regularization = c(ifelse(n.latent > 0, 6,
  0.5), ifelse(do.selection, 0.5, 0.1)), regularization.type = "ridge",
  penalty = 4, theta.threshold = 0.5, latent.lambda = 1,
  fit.all.with.latents = TRUE, popsize.sel = 2,
  n.cores = parallel::detectCores(), true.model = NULL,
 do.selection = TRUE, do.plots = TRUE)
```

Arguments

occurrences	a binary (0/1) sample x species matrix, possibly including NAs.	
env	an optional sample x environmental variable matrix, for the known environmental predictors.	
traits	an optional species x trait matrix. Currently, it is only used for excluding species interactions <i>a priori</i> .	
intercept	logical specifying whether to add a column for the species-level intercepts.	
n.latent	the number of latent variables to estimate.	
forbidden	a formula defining which species interactions are not to be estimated. See details. This constraint is cumulative with other constraints (mask.sp and exclude.prevalence).	
mask.sp	a scalar or a binary square species x species matrix defining which species interactions to exclude (0) or include (1) <i>a priori</i> . If a scalar (0 or 1), 0 excludes all interactions, 1 allows all interactions. If a matrix, species in the columns affect species in the rows, so, setting mask.sp[3,8] <-0 means that species #8 is assumed <i>a priori</i> to not affect species #3. This constraint is cumulative with other constraints (forbidden and exclude.prevalence).	
exclude.prevalence		

exclude species interactions which are caused by species with prevalence equal or lower than this value. This constraint is cumulative with other constraints (forbidden and mask.sp)

regularization a two-element numeric vector defining the regularization lambdas used for environmental coefficients and for species interactions respectively. See details.

regularization.type

one of "lasso" or "ridge", defining the type of penalty to apply.

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penalty the penalty applied to the number of species interactions to include, during variable selection.

theta.threshold

exclude species interactions (from network selection) whose preliminary coefficient (in absolute value) is lower than this value. This exclusion criterion is cumulative with the other user-defined exclusions.

latent.lambda the regularization applied to latent variables and respective coefficients when estimating their values in samples.

fit.all.with.latents

logical. Whether to use the previously estimated latent variables when estimating the preliminary species interactions.

popsize.sel the population size for the genetic algorithm, expressed as the factor to multiply

by the recommended minimum. Ignored if do.selection=FALSE.

n.cores the number of CPU cores to use in the variable selection stage. Ignored if

do.selection=FALSE.

true.model for validation purposes only: the true model that has generated the data, to which

the estimated coefficients will be compared in each selection algorithm iteration.

do.selection logical. Conduct the variable selection stage, over species interaction network

topology?

do.plots logical. Plot diagnostic and trace plots?

Details

An Explicit Interaction Community Model (EICM) is a simultaneous equation linear model in which each species model integrates all the other species as predictors, along with measured and latent variables.

This is the main function for fitting EICM models, and is preferred over using eicm. fit directly.

This function conducts the fitting and network topology selection workflow, which includes three stages: 1) estimate latent variable values; 2) make preliminary estimates for species interactions; 3) conduct network topology selection over a reduced model (based on the preliminary estimates).

The selection stage is optional. If not conducted, the species interactions are estimated (all or a subset according to the user-provided constraints), but not selected. See vignette("eicm") for commented examples on a priori excluding interactions.

Missing data in the response matrix is allowed.

Value

A eicm. list with the following components:

true.model: a copy of the true.model argument.

latents.only: the model with only the latent variables estimated.

fitted.model the model with only the species interactions estimated.

selected.model: the final model with all coefficients estimated, after network topology selection. This is the "best" model given the selection criterion (which depends on regularization and penalty.

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When accessing the results, remember to pick the model you want (usually, selected.model). plot automatically picks selected.model or, if NULL, fitted.model.

See Also

```
eicm-package, eicm.fit, plot.eicm
```

Examples

```
# refer to the vignette for a more detailed explanation
# This can take some time to run
# Load the included parameterized model
data(truemodel)
# make one realization of the model
occurrences <- predict(truemodel, nrepetitions=1)
# Fit and select a model with 2 latent variables to be estimated and all
# interactions possible
m <- eicm(occurrences, n.latent=2, penalty=4, theta.threshold=0.5, n.cores=2)
plot(m)</pre>
```

eicm.data

Define a data object for a EICM model

Description

Constructs a EICM data object for prediction. The data object contains all data matrices that may be needed for prediction. Usually, you don't need to invoke this function directly, use as.eicm instead.

Usage

```
eicm.data(occurrences = NULL, env = NULL, traits = NULL,
  intercept = TRUE)
```

Arguments

occurrences a binary (0/1) sample x species matrix, possibly including NAs.

env an optional sample x environmental variable matrix, for the known environmen-

tal predictors.

traits an optional species x trait matrix. Currently, it is only used for excluding species

interactions a priori.

intercept logical specifying whether to add a column for the species-level intercepts.

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Value

A eicm. data object that can be used for defining a model.

eicm.fit

Estimate a EICM model

Description

Estimates the parameter values of a EICM model from the provided observation data. This is the low-level estimation function. Users should use eicm instead, particularly if estimating latent variables and species interactions.

Usage

```
eicm.fit(occurrences, env = NULL, traits = NULL, intercept = TRUE,
    n.latent = 0, forbidden = NULL, mask.sp = NULL,
    exclude.prevalence = 0, options = NULL, initial.values = NULL,
    regularization = c(ifelse(n.latent > 0, 0.5, 0), 0.5),
    regularization.type = "ridge", fast = FALSE,
    optim.method = ifelse(fast, "ucminf", "L-BFGS-B"), optim.control = if
    (fast) list(trace = 1, maxeval = 10000, gradstep = c(0.001, 0.001), grtol
    = 0.1) else list(trace = 1, maxit = 10000, ndeps = 1e-04))
```

Arguments

occurrences	a binary (0/1) sample x species matrix, possibly including NAs.
env	an optional sample x environmental variable matrix, for the known environmental predictors.
traits	an optional species x trait matrix. Currently, it is only used for excluding species interactions <i>a priori</i> .
intercept	logical specifying whether to add a column for the species-level intercepts.
n.latent	the number of latent variables to estimate.
forbidden	a formula defining which species interactions are not to be estimated. See details. This constraint is cumulative with other constraints (mask.sp and exclude.prevalence).
mask.sp	a scalar or a binary square species x species matrix defining which species interactions to exclude (0) or include (1) <i>a priori</i> . If a scalar (0 or 1), 0 excludes all interactions, 1 allows all interactions. If a matrix, species in the columns affect species in the rows, so, setting mask.sp[3,8] <-0 means that species #8 is assumed <i>a priori</i> to not affect species #3. This constraint is cumulative with other constraints (forbidden and exclude.prevalence).

exclude.prevalence

exclude species interactions which are caused by species with prevalence equal or lower than this value. This constraint is cumulative with other constraints (forbidden and mask.sp)

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a eicm. options object defining options for fitting. Usually not needed, use options forbidden, mask.sp and exclude.prevalence instead. initial.values the starting values for all parameters. Used only for speeding up fitting when there are previous estimates available. regularization a two-element numeric vector defining the regularization lambdas used for environmental coefficients and for species interactions respectively. See details. regularization.type one of "lasso" or "ridge", defining the type of penalty to apply. a logical defining whether to do a fast - but less accurate - estimation, or a normal fast estimation. optim.method the optimization function to use. Should be set to the default. the optimization parameters to use. Should be set to the defaults. optim.control

Details

By default, all species interactions are estimated. Uers can control which species interactions are to be estimated with the arguments forbidden, mask.sp and exclude.prevalence, which place cumulative restrictions on which interactions to estimate. See vignette("eicm") for commented examples.

Value

A fitted eicm object.

Note

If estimating latent variables and species interactions, use eicm instead.

See Also

```
eicm, confint.eicm, plot.eicm
```

Examples

```
# Simulate some random occurrence data
nenv <- 2
nsp <- 10
nsamples <- 200

env <- matrix(rnorm(nenv * nsamples), ncol=nenv, nrow=nsamples)
env.coefs <- matrix(runif((nenv + 1) * nsp, -4, 4), nrow=nsp)
sp.coefs <- matrix(0, nrow=nsp, ncol=nsp)
sp.coefs[3, 5] <- 3
sp.coefs[4, 8] <- 2

# Define a true model
truemodel <- as.eicm(env=env, env.coefs=env.coefs, sp.coefs=sp.coefs)
# realize the model</pre>
```

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```
simulated.data <- predict(truemodel, nrepetitions=1)

# fit the model without species interactions
fittedNoInt <- eicm.fit(simulated.data, env, mask.sp=0)

# fit the model with all species interactions
fittedInt <- eicm.fit(simulated.data, env, mask.sp=1)

# compute confidence intervals for all parameters
fittedInt <- confint(fittedInt, ncores=2)

# plot estimated parameters and confidence intervals
plot(fittedInt, type="confint", truemodel=truemodel)</pre>
```

eicm.matrix

Define a model object for a EICM model

Description

Constructs a EICM model object for prediction. The model object contains all coefficient matrices that may be needed for prediction. Usually, you don't need to invoke this function directly, use as.eicm instead.

Usage

```
eicm.matrix(env.coefs, sp.coefs = NULL, latent = NULL,
  options = NULL)
```

Arguments

env.coefs	the environmental coefficient matrix: a species x variable matrix (including intercept).
sp.coefs	the species interaction coefficient matrix: a species x species matrix, with zero diagonal.
latent	the values for the latent variables in each sample: a sample \boldsymbol{x} latent variable matrix.
options	options for the model fitting.

Details

The EICM model is a list composed of three matrices plus the fitting options:

- 1. env
- 2. sp
- 3. samples

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Value

A eicm.matrix object that can be used for defining a model.

eicm.options

Set EICM fitting options

Description

Construct a EICM options object to inform the fitting engine. There is usually no need to use this function directly.

Usage

```
eicm.options(...)
```

Arguments

... a named list of options. See details.

Details

Possible options are currently: mask and offset. Both are lists having the same structure of an eicm.matrix object:

\$mask Binary matrices defining which coefficients are to be estimated in model fitting OR a scalar, constant for all coefficients. 0 or FALSE exclude the given term from estimation, i.e., fixes it at 0.

\$mask\$env environmental coefficient mask

\$mask\$sp species interaction mask

\$offset Numeric matrices defining constant terms, to be fixed and not estimated

\$offset\$env environmental coefficient offset

\$offset\$sp species interaction offset

When an offset for a term is nonzero, the respective mask element will be automatically zeroed (so it is not estimated).

Value

A eicm. options object with options for model fitting, currently a model mask and model offsets.

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generateEICM	Generate EICM model following a Beta frequency distribution

Description

Generates a randomly parameterized EICM model (predictors, environmental coefficients and species interactions), ensuring that communities simulated with this model have a frequency distribution that matches the given Beta distribution of frequencies as much as possible.

Usage

```
generateEICM(nspecies, nsamples, nenv, ninteractions, shape1, shape2,
  nbins = 10, nrepetitions = 5, shrinkage = 2, bounds = 10,
  swarm.size = floor((ninteractions + nspecies * (nenv + 1)) * 0.5),
  maxit.stagnate = 150)
```

Arguments

nspecies the number of species to generate.

nsamples the number of samples to generate.

nenv the number of environmental predictors to generate.

ninteractions the number of species interactions to generate.

shape1 the shape1 parameter of the Beta distribution.

shape2 the shape2 parameter of the Beta distribution.

nbins the number of histogram bins for comparing distributions.

nrepetitions the number of times to realize a model candidate to average their distributions.

shrinkage the shrinkage factor for generated coefficients, when computing fitness criterion.

Ensures that the generated coefficients remain at plausible values.

bounds the allowed range for the coefficients c(-bounds, +bounds).

swarm.size the swarm size of the particle swarm optimization.

maxit.stagnate the number of iterations without improvement until the optimization stops.

Details

This function is useful for generating a realistic random model for simulation, i.e. a model that, when simulated, will yield species communities with a distribution of frequencies akin of real communities: with most species being rare. The generated coefficients are not assumed to follow any distribution, but are optionally shrinked so that their values will remain "decent". The values of the environmental predictors are drawn from a gaussian distribution.

Value

A EICM model of class eicm

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Examples

logLik.eicm

EICM (penalized) log-likelihood

Description

Compute the (penalized) log-likelihood of the data matrix included in the EICM model, or the log-likelihood of a new occurrence data matrix given the model.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'eicm'
logLik(object, occurrences = NULL, allow.na = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

object a EICM model

occurrences the occurrence data matrix. If omitted, the data matrix used to fit the model is

used.

allow.na logical. Allow NAs in the occurrence matrix? If no NAs exist, it's faster to set

to FALSE.

... additional argument(s) for methods.

Value

A logLik object.

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plot.confint.eicm

Plot EICM estimates and confidence intervals

Description

Plot EICM estimates and confidence intervals, in a dot-and-whisker plot.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'confint.eicm'
plot(x, truemodel = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

x a eicm.confint object

truemodel for validation purposes only. The true model used to simulate data.

... other arguments passed to other functions.

Value

NULL.

plot.eicm

Quick plot EICM results

Description

Multiple types of plots for EICM models: coefficients, network topology, confidence intervals and likelihood profiles. Allows to plot a single model or the comparison between an estimated and a true model.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'eicm'
plot(x, type = ifelse(is.null(true.model), "network",
   "coefficients"), true.model = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

x a EICM model.

type character. The type of plot, one of confint, profile, network or coefficients.

See details.

true.model the true model to compare with (usually, the one used for simulating the data).

... further arguments to pass to coefficientComparisonPlot or other plotting

functions.

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Details

If no true.model is provided, type must be one of confint, profile, network.

If true.model is provided, type must be one of network or coefficients. In the latter case, see coefficientComparisonPlot for possible options.

If x is of type eicm.list (as returned by eicm), this function first tries to plot the model after network selection, then, if it was not computed, the fitted model with the full network.

Value

NULL.

See Also

coefficientComparisonPlot, confint.eicm

plot.eicm.list

Quick plot EICM results

Description

Multiple types of plots for EICM models: coefficients, network topology, confidence intervals and likelihood profiles. Allows to plot a single model or the comparison between an estimated and a true model.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'eicm.list'
plot(x, type = ifelse(is.null(true.model), "network",
    "coefficients"), true.model = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

x a EICM model.

type character. The type of plot, one of confint, profile, network or coefficients.

See details.

true.model the true model to compare with (usually, the one used for simulating the data).

.. further arguments to pass to coefficientComparisonPlot or other plotting

functions.

Details

If no true.model is provided, type must be one of confint, profile, network.

If true.model is provided, type must be one of network or coefficients. In the latter case, see coefficientComparisonPlot for possible options.

If x is of type eicm.list (as returned by eicm), this function first tries to plot the model after network selection, then, if it was not computed, the fitted model with the full network.

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Value

NULL.

See Also

```
coefficientComparisonPlot, confint.eicm
```

plot.profile.eicm

Plot EICM likelihood profile

Description

Plot one likelihood profile with the line representing a confidence level threshold.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'profile.eicm'
plot(x, level = 0.99, ...)
```

Arguments

x a profile.eicm object, created with profile.eicm.
level the significance level desired.

... other arguments passed to other functions.

Value

NULL.

predict.eicm

Predict method for EICM fits

Description

Obtains probability predictions (conditional or unconditional) or a model realization from a parameterized EICM model.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'eicm'
predict(object, nrepetitions = 10000, newdata = NULL,
...)
```

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Arguments

object the fitted EICM model.

nrepetitions the number of realizations to conduct for computing probabilities. Set to 1 if

you only need simulated community data.

newdata optionally, a matrix in which to look for variables with which to predict. If

omitted, the original data (used to fit the model) is used.

... not used.

Details

The interaction network of the model must be an **acyclic graph**. Predictions are obtained by realizing the model multiple times and averaging realizations, because there is not a closed-form expression for their calculation.

To obtain conditional predictions, include presence/absence columns with species names in newdata. Named columns for all the environmental predictors must always be included.

Value

A species x sample matrix with predictions. If nrepetitions=1, predictions correspond to one realization, otherwise they are probabilities.

Note

If the eicm was fit without regularization, unconditional predictions are numerically equal to those of simple binomial GLMs.

Examples

```
# Load the included parameterized model
data(truemodel)
# for reference, plot the species interaction network
plot(truemodel, type="network")
# Unconditional predictions
# let's fix environmental predictors at 0, for simplicity.
predict(truemodel, newdata=cbind(env01=0, env02=0))
# Conditional predictions
# predict probabilities for all species conditional on the
# known presence of sp011 (compare sp014 and sp004 with the above)
predict(truemodel, newdata=cbind(env01=0, env02=0, sp011=1))
# Propagation of indirect species effects
# predict probabilities for all species conditional on the known
# absence (first line) and known presence (second line) of sp005 and sp023
predict(truemodel, newdata=cbind(env01=0, env02=0, sp012=c(0, 1), sp018=c(0, 1)), nrep=100000)
# Notice the effects on sp026 and the effect propagation to those
```

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```
# species which depend on it (sp013, sp008)
# Also compare with unconditional predictions
```

print.eicm.matrix

Print EICM model matrix

Description

Prints an excerpt of the EICM model coefficients.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'eicm.matrix'
print(x, ...)
```

Arguments

x a EICM model matrix.

... additional argument(s) for methods.

Value

NULL.

profile.eicm

Likelihood profiles for EICMs

Description

Computes the profile (penalized) likelihood for all (or only one) estimated parameters in a EICM model.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'eicm'
profile(fitted, all.pars = TRUE, parmatrix, species,
   parameter, step = 0.3, ncores = parallel::detectCores(),
   alpha = 0.01, ...)
```

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Arguments

fitted	the fitted EICM model.
all.pars	logical. Compute for all model parameters?
parmatrix	if all.pars=FALSE, in which matrix is the parameter of interest, "env" or "sp"?
species	if all.pars=FALSE, in which row of parmatrix is the parameter of interest?
parameter	$if all.pars = FALSE, in which column of \verb parmatrix is the parameter of interest?\\$
step	the step increments/decrements at which to compute the likelihood profile points.
ncores	the number of CPU cores to use when computing profiles for all parameters.
alpha	highest significance level that will be guaranteed for this profile.
• • •	additional argument(s) for methods

Details

Likelihod profiles will use the same regularization settings that were used in model fitting.

Value

The same model object updated with a new profile component.

Note

Confidence intervals should **not** be computed on a model whose terms have been selected.

This function is optimized for computing profiles of multiple parameters simultaneously (in parallel).

Examples

```
# load the included parameterized model
data(truemodel)

# realize the model
occurrences <- predict(truemodel, nrepetitions=1)

# fit the model without species interactions
fitted <- eicm(occurrences, n.latent=2, mask.sp=0, do.selection=FALSE)$fitted.model

# compute likelihood profiles for all parameters
fitted <- profile(fitted, ncores=2)

# plot the first 9 profiles
par(mfrow=c(3, 3))
dummy <- lapply(fitted$profile[1:9], plot)</pre>
```

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truemodel

A parameterized EICM model for simulation

Description

A parameterized EICM model ready for simulating communities with a frequency distribution following a Beta distribution with shape1=1.5 and shape2=3.

Usage

truemodel

Format

A 'eicm' object with 2 environmental predictors in 400 samples, 32 species and 30 species interactions.

Details

The model was generated with the command:

truemodel <-generateEICM(32,400,2,30,shape1=1.5,shape2=3)</pre>

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