# Package 'cranly'

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Title Package Directives and Collaboration Networks in CRAN

Version 0.5.4

Description Core visualizations and summaries for the CRAN package database. The package provides comprehensive methods for cleaning up and organizing the information in the CRAN package database, for building package directives networks (depends, imports, suggests, enhances, linking to) and collaboration networks, producing package dependence trees, and for computing useful summaries and producing interactive visualizations from the resulting networks and summaries. The resulting networks can be coerced to 'igraph' <a href="https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=igraph">https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=igraph</a> objects for further analyses and modelling.

URL https://github.com/ikosmidis/cranly

BugReports https://github.com/ikosmidis/cranly/issues

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## Description

Coerce a cranly\_network to an igraph::graph object

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
as.igraph(x, reverse = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

```
x a cranly_network object.

reverse logical. Should the direction of the edges be reversed? See details. Default is TRUE.

... currently not used.
```

#### **Details**

The convention for a cranly\_network object with perspective = "package" is that the direction of an edge is from the package that is imported by, suggested by, enhances or is a dependency of another package, to the latter package. reverse reverses that direction to correctly compute relevant network summaries (see summary.cranly\_network). reverse is only relevant when the attr(x, "perspective") is "package" and is ignored when attr(x, "perspective") is "author", in which case the resulting igraph::graph object represents an undirected network of authors.

#### **Examples**

```
cran_db <- clean_CRAN_db()
# Package directives network
package_network <- build_network(object = cran_db, perspective = "package")
igraph::as.igraph(package_network)

## Author collaboration network
author_network <- build_network(object = cran_db, perspective = "author")
igraph::as.igraph(author_network)</pre>
```

 $\verb|build_dependence_tree| | build_dependence_tree| | method for an object|$ 

## **Description**

build\_dependence\_tree method for an object

#### Usage

```
build_dependence_tree(x, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
x an object to use for building a dependence tree
... other arguments to be passed to the method
```

## See Also

build\_network.cranly\_network compute\_dependence\_tree

```
build\_dependence\_tree.cranly\_network \\ Construct~a~cranly\_dependence\_tree~object
```

#### **Description**

Construct a cranly\_dependence\_tree object

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
build_dependence_tree(x, package = Inf,
   base = FALSE, recommended = TRUE, global = TRUE, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

x a cranly\_network object.

package a vector of character strings with the package names to be matched. Default is

Inf which returns all available packages in x for further subsetting.

base logical. Should we include base packages in the subset? Default is TRUE.

recommended logical. Should we include recommended packages in the subset? Default is

TRUE.

global locical. If TRUE (default) the network summary statistics are computed on object,

otherwise, on the subset of object according to package, author, directive,

base, recommended.

... currently not used.

## See Also

compute\_dependence\_tree plot.cranly\_dependence\_tree summary.cranly\_dependence\_tree

```
cran_db <- clean_CRAN_db()
package_network <- build_network(object = cran_db)
dep_tree <- build_dependence_tree(package_network, package = "PlackettLuce")
plot(dep_tree)</pre>
```

```
build_network.cranly_db
```

Compute edges and nodes of package directives and collaboration networks

#### **Description**

Compute edges and nodes of package directives and collaboration networks

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cranly_db'
build_network(object, trace = FALSE,
    perspective = "package", ...)
```

## **Arguments**

```
object a cranly_db object. If missing (default) a call to clean_CRAN_db is issued.
```

trace logical. Print progress information? Default is FALSE.

perspective character. Should a "package" (default) or an "author" network be built?

... Currently not used.

#### **Details**

The convention for a cranly\_network object with perspective = "package" is that the direction of an edge is from the package that is imported by, suggested by, enhances or is a dependency of another package, to the latter package. The author collaboration network is analyzed and visualized as undirected by all methods in cranly.

#### Value

A list of 2 data. frame objects with the edges and nodes of the network.

#### See Also

```
clean_CRAN_db subset.cranly_network plot.cranly_network extractor-functions
```

```
cran_db <- clean_CRAN_db()
## Package directives network
package_network <- build_network(object = cran_db, perspective = "package")
head(package_network$edges)
head(package_network$nodes)
attr(package_network, "timestamp")
class(package_network)</pre>
```

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```
## Author collaboration network
author_network <- build_network(object = cran_db, perspective = "author")</pre>
head(author_network$edges)
head(author_network$nodes)
attr(author_network, "timestamp")
class(author_network)
```

clean\_CRAN\_db

Clean and organize package and author names in the output of tools::CRAN\_package\_db()

#### **Description**

Clean and organize package and author names in the output of tools::CRAN\_package\_db()

#### Usage

```
clean_CRAN_db(packages_db = tools::CRAN_package_db(),
  clean_directives = clean_up_directives,
  clean_author = clean_up_author,
  clean_maintainer = standardize_whitespace)
```

#### **Arguments**

packages\_db

a data. frame with the same structure to the output of tools::CRAN\_package\_db

(default) or utils::available.packages.

clean\_directives

a function that transforms the contents of the various directives in the package descriptions to vectors of package names. Default is clean\_up\_directives.

clean\_author

a function that transforms the contents of Author to vectors of package authors.

Default is clean\_up\_author.

clean\_maintainer

a function that transforms the contents of Maintainer to vectors of of maintainer names. Default is standardize\_whitespace.

#### **Details**

clean\_CRAN\_db uses clean\_up\_directives and clean\_up\_author to clean up the author names and package names in the various directives (like Imports, Depends, Suggests, Enhances, LinkingTo) as in the data.frame that results from tools::CRAN\_package\_db return an organized data.frame of class cranly\_db that can be used for further analysis.

The function tries hard to identify and eliminate mistakes in the Author field of the description file, and extract a clean list of only author names. The relevant operations are coded in the clean\_up\_author function. Specifically, some references to copyright holders had to go because they were contaminating the list of authors (most are not necessary anyway, but that is a different story...). The current

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version of clean\_up\_author is far from best practice in using regex but it currently does a fair job in cleaning up messy Author fields. It will be improving in future versions.

Custom clean-up functions can also be supplied via the clean\_directives and clean\_author arguments.

#### Value

A data.frame with the same variables as package\_db (but with lower case names), that also inherits from class\_db, and has a timestamp attribute.

## **Examples**

```
## Before cleaning
cran_db <- tools::CRAN_package_db()
cran_db[cran_db$Package == "weights", "Author"]

## After clean up
package_db <- clean_CRAN_db(cran_db)
package_db[package_db$package == "weights", "author"]</pre>
```

clean\_up\_author

Clean up author names

## **Description**

Clean up author names

## Usage

```
clean_up_author(variable)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
variable a character string.
```

#### Value

A list of one vector of character strings.

clean\_up\_directives Clean up package directives

#### **Description**

Clean up package directives

## Usage

```
clean_up_directives(variable)
```

## **Arguments**

variable a character string.

#### Value

A list of one vector of character strings.

## **Examples**

```
clean_up_directives("R (234)\n stats (>0.01), base\n graphics")
```

compute\_dependence\_tree

Computes the dependence tree of a package

#### **Description**

Computes the dependence tree of a package

## Usage

```
compute_dependence_tree(x, package = NULL, generation = 0)
```

#### **Arguments**

x a cranly\_network object.

package a vector of character strings with the package names to be matched. If Inf all

available packages in x are returned. If NULL (default) nothing is matched.

generation integer. The original generation for the package.

#### **Details**

Implements a recursion that computes the full dependence tree of a package from x. Specifically, the packages that are requirements for package (Depends, Imports or LinkingTo) are found, then the requirements for those packages are found, and so on.

#### See Also

build\_dependence\_tree.cranly\_network

```
compute_term_frequency
```

Compute term frequencies from a vector of text

#### Description

Compute term frequencies from a vector of text

## Usage

```
compute_term_frequency(txt, ignore_words = c("www.jstor.org",
   "www.arxiv.org", "arxiv.org", "provides", "https"), stem = FALSE,
   remove_punctuation = TRUE, remove_stopwords = TRUE,
   remove_numbers = TRUE, to_lower = TRUE, frequency = "term")
```

#### **Arguments**

txt a vector of character strings.

ignore\_words a vector of words to be ignored when forming the corpus.

stem should words be stemmed using Porter's stemming algorithm? Default is FALSE.

See tm::stemDocument.

remove\_punctuation

should punctuation be removed when forming the corpus? Default is TRUE. See

tm::removePunctuation.

remove\_stopwords

should english stopwords be removed when forming the corpus? Default is

TRUE. See tm::removeWords and tm::stopwords.

remove\_numbers should numbers be removed when forming the corpus? Default is TRUE. See

tm::removeNumbers.

to\_lower should all terms be coerced to lower-case when forming the corpus? Default is

TRUE.

frequency the type of term frequencies to return. Options are "term" (default; a named

vector of term frequencies), "document-term" (a document-term frequency matrix; see tm::TermDocumentMatrix), "term-document" (a term-document

frequency matrix; see tm::DocumentTermMatrix).

The operations are taking place as follows: remove special characters, covert to lower-case (depending on the values of to\_lower), remove numbers (depending on the value of remove\_numbers), remove stop words (depending on the value of remove\_stopwords), remove custom words (depending on the value of ignore\_words), remove punctuation (depending on the value of remove\_punctuation),

clean up any leading or trailing whitespace, and, finally stem words (depending

on the value of stem).

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#### **Details**

If txt is a named vector then the names are used as document id's when forming the corpus.

#### Value

Either a named numeric vector (frequency = "term"), or an object of class tm::DocumentTermMatrix (frequency = "document-term"), or or an object of class tm::TermDocumentMatrix (frequency = "term-document").

#### See Also

word\_cloud

cranly

cranly: CRAN package database analytics and visualizations

## Description

cranly: CRAN package database analytics and visualizations

#### **Details**

**cranly** provides core visualizations and summaries for the CRAN package database. The package provides comprehensive methods for cleaning up and organizing the information in the CRAN package database, for building package directives networks (depends, imports, suggests, enhances, linking to) and collaboration networks, and for computing summaries and producing interactive visualizations from the resulting networks. Network visualization is through the **visNetwork** (https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=visNetwork) package. The package also provides functions to coerce the networks to **igraph** https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=igraph objects for further analyses and modelling.

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extractor-functions

Find packages, authors, maintainers, license, versions etc by authors, packages or names matching a specific string

## Description

Find packages, authors, maintainers, license, versions etc by authors, packages or names matching a specific string

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
package_by(x, author = NULL, exact = FALSE,
  flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
package_with(x, name = NULL, exact = FALSE,
  flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
author_of(x, package = NULL, exact = FALSE,
  flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
author_with(x, name = NULL, exact = FALSE,
  flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
suggested_by(x, package = NULL, exact = FALSE,
  flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
suggesting(x, package = NULL, exact = FALSE,
  flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
imported_by(x, package = NULL, exact = FALSE,
  flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
importing(x, package = NULL, exact = FALSE,
  flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
dependency_of(x, package = NULL,
  exact = FALSE, flat = TRUE)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
depending_on(x, package = NULL, exact = FALSE,
  flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
linked_by(x, package = NULL, exact = FALSE,
  flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
linking_to(x, package = NULL, exact = FALSE,
  flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
enhanced_by(x, package = NULL, exact = FALSE,
  flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
enhancing(x, package = NULL, exact = FALSE,
  flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
maintainer_of(x, package = NULL,
  exact = FALSE, flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
maintained_by(x, author = NULL, exact = FALSE,
  flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
email_of(x, author = NULL, exact = FALSE,
  flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
email_with(x, name = NULL, exact = FALSE,
  flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
description_of(x, package = NULL,
  exact = FALSE, flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
title_of(x, package = NULL, exact = FALSE,
  flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
license_of(x, package = NULL, exact = FALSE,
  flat = TRUE)
```

```
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
version_of(x, package = NULL, exact = FALSE,
 flat = TRUE)
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
release_date_of(x, package = NULL,
 exact = FALSE, flat = TRUE)
packages_by(x, author, exact, flat)
packages_with(x, name = NULL, exact = FALSE, flat = TRUE)
authors_with(x, name = NULL, exact = FALSE, flat = TRUE)
authors_of(x, package = NULL, exact = FALSE, flat = TRUE)
emails_of(x, author = NULL, exact = FALSE, flat = TRUE)
emails_with(x, name = NULL, exact = FALSE, flat = TRUE)
descriptions_of(x, package = NULL, exact = FALSE, flat = TRUE)
titles_of(x, package = NULL, exact = FALSE, flat = TRUE)
licenses_of(x, package = NULL, exact = FALSE, flat = TRUE)
release_dates_of(x, package = NULL, exact = FALSE, flat = TRUE)
versions_of(x, package = NULL, exact = FALSE, flat = TRUE)
```

#### **Arguments**

| Х       | a cranly_network object.   |
|---------|--|
| author  | a vector of character strings with the author names to be matched. If Inf all available authors in x are returned. If NULL (default) nothing is matched.   |
| exact   | logical. Should we use exact matching? Default is TRUE.  |
| flat    | if TRUE (default) then the result is an unnamed character vector. See Value for more details of what is returned.  |
| name    | a vector of character strings with the names to be matched. If Inf all available names in x are returned. If NULL (default) nothing is matched.            |
| package | a vector of character strings with the package names to be matched. If Inf all available packages in x are returned. If NULL (default) nothing is matched. |

#### **Details**

The extractor functions all try to figure out what y is in the statement y is (the) extractor-function a package/author.

For example, for

- "y is the package by "Kurt Hornik"" we do package\_by(x, "Kurt Hornik")
- "y is the author of a package with a name matching "MASS"" we do author\_of(x, "MASS")
- "y is the package enhanced by the "prediction" package we do enhanced\_by(x, "prediction", exact = TRUE)
- "y is the package linking to "Rcpp" we do linking\_to(x, "Rcpp", exact = TRUE)

#### Value

If flat = TRUE then the result of the extraction function is a data.frame, which is the subset of x\$nodes matching author, name or package (according to the value of exact). If flat = FALSE then the results is a vector.

When flat = TRUE any NAs are removed before the result is returned.

#### See Also

build\_network.cranly\_db subset.cranly\_network plot.cranly\_network

```
# Using a package directives network
cran_db <- clean_CRAN_db()</pre>
pkg_net <- build_network(cran_db, perspective = "package")</pre>
## Find all packages containing glm in their name
package_with(pkg_net, name = "glm")
## Find all authors of packages containing brglm in their name
author_of(pkg_net, package = "rglm", exact = FALSE)
## Find all packages with brglm in their name
package_with(pkg_net, name = "rglm", exact = FALSE)
## Find all authors of the package brglm2
author_of(pkg_net, package = "brglm2", exact = TRUE)
## Find all authors with Ioannis in their name
author_with(pkg_net, name = "Ioannis", exact = FALSE)
## Find all packages suggested by Rcpp
suggested_by(pkg_net, package = "Rcpp", exact = TRUE)
## Find all packages imported by Rcpp
imported_by(pkg_net, package = "Rcpp", exact = TRUE)
## Find all packages enhacing brglm
enhancing(pkg_net, package = "brglm", exact = TRUE)
## Find all packages linking to RcppArmadillo
linking_to(pkg_net, package = "RcppArmadillo", exact = TRUE)
## Find the release date of RcppArmadillo
release_date_of(pkg_net, package = "RcppArmadillo", exact = TRUE)
## Find the release data of all packages with "brglm" in their name
release_date_of(pkg_net, package = "brglm", exact = FALSE)
## More information about packages with "brglm" in their name
release_date_of(pkg_net, package = "brglm", exact = FALSE, flat = FALSE)[c("package", "version")]
## Using an author collaboration network
```

```
aut_net <- build_network(cran_db, perspective = "author")
## Find all packages containing glm in their name
package_with(aut_net, name = "glm")
## Find all authors of packages containing brglm in their name
author_of(aut_net, package = "rglm", exact = FALSE)
## Find all packages with brglm in their name
package_with(aut_net, name = "rglm", exact = FALSE)
## Find all authors of the package brglm2
author_of(aut_net, package = "brglm2", exact = TRUE)
## Find all authors with Ioannis in their name
author_with(aut_net, name = "Ioannis", exact = FALSE)</pre>
```

```
plot.cranly_dependence_tree
```

Interactive visualization of package(s) dependence tree from a cranly\_network

#### **Description**

Interactive visualization of package(s) dependence tree from a cranly\_network

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cranly_dependence_tree'
plot(x, physics_threshold = 200,
  height = NULL, width = NULL, dragNodes = TRUE, dragView = TRUE,
  zoomView = TRUE, legend = TRUE, title = TRUE, plot = TRUE, ...)
```

#### **Arguments**

```
x a cranly_dependence_tree object.
```

physics\_threshold

integer. How many nodes before switching off physics simulations for edges?

Default is 200. See, also visNetwork::visEdges.

height : Height (optional, defaults to automatic sizing) width : Width (optional, defaults to automatic sizing)

dragNodes logical. Should the user be able to drag the nodes that are not fixed? Default is

TRUE.

dragView logical. Should the user be able to drag the view around? Default is TRUE.

zoomView logical. Should the user be able to zoom in? Default is TRUE.

legend logical. Should a legend be added on the resulting visualization? Default is

TRUE.

title logical. Should a title be added on the resulting visualization? Default is TRUE.

plot logical. Should the visualization be returned? Default is TRUE.

... currently not used.

plot.cranly\_network

#### See Also

compute\_dependence\_tree build\_dependence\_tree.cranly\_network

## Description

Interactive visualization of a package or author cranly\_network()

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
plot(x, package = Inf, author = Inf,
    directive = c("imports", "suggests", "enhances", "depends",
    "linking_to"), base = TRUE, recommended = TRUE, exact = TRUE,
    global = TRUE, physics_threshold = 200, height = NULL,
    width = NULL, dragNodes = TRUE, dragView = TRUE, zoomView = TRUE,
    legend = TRUE, title = TRUE, plot = TRUE, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

|                   | x           | a cranly_network object.   |
|-------------------|-------------|--|
|                   | package     | a vector of character strings with the package names to be matched. Default is ${\sf Inf}$ which returns all available packages in x for further subsetting.                     |
|                   | author      | a vector of character strings with the author names to be matched. Default is Inf which returns all available author in $\mathbf{x}$ for further subsetting.                     |
|                   | directive   | a vector of at least one of "Imports", "Suggests", "Enhances", "Depends".  |
|                   | base        | logical. Should we include base packages in the subset? Default is TRUE.   |
|                   | recommended | logical. Should we include recommended packages in the subset? Default is $\ensuremath{TRUE}.$   |
|                   | exact       | logical. Should we use exact matching? Default is TRUE.  |
|                   | global      | locical. If TRUE (default) the network summary statistics are computed on object, otherwise, on the subset of object according to package, author, directive, base, recommended. |
| physics_threshold |             | ld   |
|                   |             | integer. How many nodes before switching off physics simulations for edges? Default is 200. See, also visNetwork::visEdges.  |
|                   | height      | : Height (optional, defaults to automatic sizing)  |
|                   | width       | : Width (optional, defaults to automatic sizing)   |
|                   | dragNodes   | logical. Should the user be able to drag the nodes that are not fixed? Default is TRUE.  |
|                   | dragView    | logical. Should the user be able to drag the view around? Default is TRUE.   |
|                   |             |  |

| zoomView | logical. Should the user be able to zoom in? Default is TRUE.                                      |
|----------|--|
| legend   | logical. Should a legend be added on the resulting visualization? Default is $\ensuremath{TRUE}$ . |
| title    | logical. Should a title be added on the resulting visualization? Default is TRUE.                  |
| plot     | logical. Should the visualization be returned? Default is TRUE.                                    |
|          | currently not used.  |

## **Examples**

```
cran_db <- clean_CRAN_db()
package_network <- build_network(cran_db)
## The package directives network of all users with Ioannis in
## their name from the CRAN database subset cran_db
plot(package_network, author = "Ioannis")
## The package directives network of "Achim Zeileis"
plot(package_network, author = "Achim Zeileis")
author_network <- build_network(cran_db, perspective = "author")
plot(author_network, author = "Ioannis", title = TRUE)</pre>
```

```
plot.summary_cranly_network
```

Top-n package or author barplots according to a range of network statistics

## Description

Top-n package or author barplots according to a range of network statistics

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'summary_cranly_network'
plot(x, top = 20, according_to = NULL,
    scale = FALSE, ...)
```

## Arguments

| X            | a summary_cranly_network object.   |
|--------------|--|
| top          | integer. How may top packages or authors should be plotted? Default is 20.   |
| according_to | the statistic according to which the top-top list is produced. See $summary.cranly\_network$ for available statistics. |
| scale        | logical. Should the statistics be scaled to lie between 0 and 1 before plotting? Default is FALSE.                     |
|              | currently not used   |

### **Examples**

```
cran_db <- clean_CRAN_db()
## package network
package_network <- build_network(cran_db)
package_summaries <- summary(package_network)
plot(package_summaries, according_to = "n_imported_by", top = 30)
plot(package_summaries, according_to = "n_depended_by", top = 30)
plot(package_summaries, according_to = "page_rank", top = 30)

## author network
author_network <- build_network(cran_db, perspective = "author")
author_summaries <- summary(author_network)
plot(author_summaries, according_to = "n_collaborators", top = 30)
plot(author_summaries, according_to = "n_packages", top = 30)
plot(author_summaries, according_to = "page_rank", top = 30)</pre>
```

standardize\_whitespace

Standardize whitespace in strings

### **Description**

Standardize whitespace in strings

#### Usage

```
standardize_whitespace(variable)
```

## **Arguments**

variable a character string.

#### Value

A list of one vector of character strings.

```
standardize_whitespace(" My spacebar key is broken. ")
```

subset.cranly\_network 19

```
{\it subset.cranly\_network} \begin{tabular}{l} {\it Subset a cranly\_network} \begin{tabular}{l} {\it according to author, package and/or directive} \end{tabular}
```

## Description

Subset a cranly\_network according to author, package and/or directive

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
subset(x, package = Inf, author = Inf,
   maintainer = Inf, directive = c("imports", "suggests", "enhances",
   "depends", "linking_to"), base = TRUE, recommended = TRUE,
   exact = TRUE, only = FALSE, ...)
```

### **Arguments**

| x           | a cranly_network object.  |
|-------------|---|
| package     | a vector of character strings with the package names to be matched. Default is Inf which returns all available packages in x for further subsetting.  |
| author      | a vector of character strings with the author names to be matched. Default is Inf which returns all available author in x for further subsetting.   |
| maintainer  | a vector of character strings with the maintainer names to be matched. Default is Inf which returns all available maintainers in x for further subsetting.  |
| directive   | a vector of at least one of "Imports", "Suggests", "Enhances", "Depends".   |
| base        | logical. Should we include base packages in the subset? Default is TRUE.  |
| recommended | logical. Should we include recommended packages in the subset? Default is TRUE.   |
| exact       | logical. Should we use exact matching? Default is TRUE.   |
| only        | logical. If TRUE the subset includes only the edges between packages named in package and/or authors named in author. If FALSE (default) edges to and from all other packages and/or authors that are linked to package and/or author are included in the subset. |
|             | currently not used.   |

#### Value

A cranly\_network object that is the subject of x.

summary.cranly\_dependence\_tree

summary method for cranly\_dependence\_tree objects

## **Description**

Hard dependence summaries for R packages from a cranly\_dependence\_tree object

## Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cranly_dependence_tree'
summary(object, ...)
```

## **Arguments**

object a cranly\_dependence\_tree object.
... currently not used.

#### **Details**

The summary method for a cranly\_dependence\_tree object returns the number of generations the R package(s) in the object inherit from (n\_generations), the immediate parents of the R package(s) (parents), and a dependence index dependence\_index defined as

$$-\frac{\sum_{i \in C_p; i \neq p} \frac{1}{N_i} g_i}{\sum_{i \in C_p; i \neq p} \frac{1}{N_i}}$$

where  $C_p$  is the dependence tree for the package(s) p,  $N_i$  is the total number of packages that depend, link or import package i, and  $g_i$  is the generation that package i appears in the dependence tree of package(s) p. The generation takes values on the non-positive integers, with the package(s) p being placed at generation 0, the packages that p links to, depends or imports at generation –1 and so on.

A dependence index of zero means that the p only has immediate parents. The dependence index weights the dependencies based on how popular these are, in the sense that the index is not penalized if the package depends on popular packages. The greatest the dependence index is the more baggage the package carries, and the maintainers may want to remove any dependencies that are not necessary.

#### Value

A list with components n\_generations, parents, and dependence\_index.

#### See Also

build\_dependence\_tree.cranly\_network compute\_dependence\_tree

### **Examples**

```
cran_db <- clean_CRAN_db()
package_network <- build_network(object = cran_db)

## Two light packages
dep_tree <- build_dependence_tree(package_network, package = "brglm")
summary(dep_tree)

dep_tree <- build_dependence_tree(package_network, package = "gnm")
summary(dep_tree)

## A somewhat heavier package (sorry)...
dep_tree <- build_dependence_tree(package_network, package = "cranly")
summary(dep_tree)</pre>
```

summary.cranly\_network

Compute a range of package directives and collaboration network statistics

## **Description**

Compute a range of package directives and collaboration network statistics

#### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
summary(object, advanced = TRUE, ...)
```

## Arguments

object a cranly\_network object.

advanced logical. If FALSE (default) only basic network statistics are computed; if TRUE

advanced statistics are also included in the computation (see Details).

... currently not used'

#### **Details**

If attr(object, "perspective") is "package" then the resulting data. frame will have the following variables:

- package. package name
- n\_authors (basic). number of authors for the package

- n\_imports (basic). number of packages the package imports
- n\_imported\_by (basic). number of times the package is imported by other packages
- n\_suggests (basic). number of packages the package suggests
- n\_suggested\_by (basic). number of times the package is suggested by other packages
- n\_depends (basic). number of packages the package depends on
- n\_depended\_by (basic). number of packages that have the package as a dependency
- n\_enhances (basic). number of packages the package enhances
- n\_enhanced\_by (basic). number of packages the package is enhanced by
- n\_linking\_to (basic). number of packages the package links to
- n\_linked\_by (basic). number of packages the package is linked by
- betweenness (advanced). the package betweenness in the package network; as computed by igraph::betweenness()
- closeness (advanced). the closeness centrality of the package in the package network; as computed by igraph::closeness()
- page\_rank (advanced). the Google PageRank of the package in the package network; as computed by igraph::page\_rank()
- degree (advanced). the degree of the package in the package network; as computed by igraph::degree()
- eigen\_centrality (advanced). the eigenvector centrality score of the package in the package network; as computed by igraph::eigen\_centrality()

If attr(object, "perspective") is "author" then the resulting data. frame will have the following variables:

- · author. author name
- n\_packages (basic). number of packages the author appears in the package authors
- n\_collaborators (basic). total number of co-authors the author has in CRAN
- betweenness (advanced). the author betweenness in the author network; as computed by igraph::betweenness()
- closeness (advanced). the closeness centrality of the author in the author network; as computed by igraph::closeness()
- page\_rank (advanced). the Google PageRank of the author in the author network; as computed by igraph::page\_rank()
- degree (advanced). the degree of the author in the author network; as computed by igraph::degree(); same as n\_collaborators
- eigen\_centrality (advanced). the eigenvector centrality score of the author in the author network; as computed by igraph::eigen\_centrality()

#### Value

A data.frame of various statistics for the author collaboration network or the package directives network, depending on whether attr(object,"perspective") is "author" or "package", respectively. See Details for the current list of statistics returned.

```
word_cloud.cranly_network
```

wordcloud of author names, package descriptions, and package titles

## **Description**

wordcloud of author names, package descriptions, and package titles

### Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'cranly_network'
word_cloud(x, package = Inf, author = Inf,
    maintainer = Inf, base = TRUE, recommended = TRUE, exact = TRUE,
    perspective = "description", random_order = FALSE,
    ignore_words = c("www.jstor.org", "www.arxiv.org", "arxiv.org",
    "provides", "https"), stem = FALSE,
    colors = rev(colorspace::heat_hcl(10)), ...)

## S3 method for class 'numeric'
word_cloud(x, random_order = FALSE,
    colors = rev(colorspace::heat_hcl(10)), ...)
```

## **Arguments**

| X            | either a cranly_network object or a named vector of term frequencies (typically the output of compute_term_frequency with frequency = "term".                                       |
|--------------|---|
| package      | a vector of character strings with the package names to be matched. Default is Inf which returns all available packages in x for further subsetting.                                |
| author       | a vector of character strings with the author names to be matched. Default is Inf which returns all available author in x for further subsetting.                                   |
| maintainer   | a vector of character strings with the maintainer names to be matched. Default is Inf which returns all available maintainers in x for further subsetting.                          |
| base         | logical. Should we include base packages in the subset? Default is TRUE.  |
| recommended  | logical. Should we include recommended packages in the subset? Default is TRUE.   |
| exact        | logical. Should we use exact matching? Default is TRUE.   |
| perspective  | should the wordcloud be that of package descriptions (perspective = "description"; default), of package titles (perspective = "title") or of author names (perspective = "author"). |
| random_order | should words be plotted in random order? If FALSE (default) words are plotted in decreasing frequency.  |
| ignore_words | a vector of words to be ignored when forming the corpus.  |
| stem         | should words be stemmed using Porter's stemming algorithm? Default is FALSE. See tm::stemDocument.  |

colors color words from least to most frequent
... other arguments to be passed to wordcloud::wordcloud (except random.order which is already defined through random\_order).

#### **Details**

When applied to cranly\_network objects, word\_cloud subsets either according to author (using the intersection of the result of author\_of and author\_with) or according to package (using the intersection of the results of package\_with and package\_by).

For handling more complex queries, one can manually extract the #' term frequencies froom a supplied vector of character strings (see compute\_term\_frequency), and use word\_cloud on them. See the examples.

#### Value

A word cloud.

#### See Also

```
compute_term_frequency
```

```
cran_db <- clean_CRAN_db()
## Package directives network
package_network <- build_network(object = cran_db, perspective = "package")
## Descriptions of all packages in tidyverse
tidyverse <- imported_by(package_network, "tidyverse", exact = TRUE)
set.seed(123)
word_cloud(package_network, package = tidyverse, exact = TRUE, min.freq = 2)
## or by manually creating the term frequencies from descriptions
descriptions <- descriptions_of(package_network, tidyverse, exact = TRUE)
term_freq <- compute_term_frequency(descriptions)
set.seed(123)
word_cloud(term_freq, min.freq = 2)</pre>
```

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