Package 'countyfloods'

October 26, 2017

Type Package

Title Quantify United States County-Level Flood Measurements

Version 0.1.0

Description Quantifies United States flood impacts at the county level using United States Geological Service (USGS) River Discharge data for the USGS API. This package builds on R packages from the USGS, with the goal of creating county-level time series of flood status that can be more easily joined with county-level impact measurements, including health outcomes. This work was supported in part by grants from the National Institute of Environmental Health Sciences (R00ES022631), the Colorado Water Center, and the National Science Foundation, Integrative Graduate Education and Research Traineeship (IGERT) Grant No. DGE-0966346 ``I-WATER: Integrated Water, Atmosphere, Ecosystems Education and Research Program" at Colorado State University.

License GPL (>= 2)

LazyData TRUE

Depends R (>= 2.10)

Imports dataRetrieval (>= 2.5.10), dplyr (>= 0.5.0), ggplot2 (>= 2.1.0), grid (>= 3.2.5), lubridate (>= 1.6.0), maps (>= 3.1.1), plyr (>= 1.8.4), R.utils (>= 2.5.0), tidyr (>= 0.6.0)

Suggests testthat, knitr, rmarkdown, hurricaneexposure, scales

VignetteBuilder knitr

RoxygenNote 6.0.1

NeedsCompilation no

Author Rod Lammers [aut, cre], Brooke Anderson [aut]

Maintainer Rod Lammers <rodlammers@gmail.com>

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2017-10-26 03:22:55 UTC

R topics documented:

| construct_prob_plot | . 2 |
|----------------------|------|
| county_aggregates | . 3 |
| county aggregates2 | . 4 |
| find nws | . 5 |
| find a2 | 6 |
| flood analysis | 7 |
| gage extract | 8 |
| gat county cd | 0 |
| get_county_cd | |
| | . 9 |
| get_gages | . 10 |
| long_term_flood | . 11 |
| map_county | . 13 |
| map_flood | . 14 |
| map_gage | . 15 |
| run_flood | . 15 |
| time_series_analysis | . 17 |
| time series flood | . 19 |
| time series map | 21 |
| time series plot | 22 |
| | |
| | 24 |
| | |

Index

Construct probability plot using the Weibull plotting method construct_prob_plot

Description

Construct probability plot using the Weibull plotting method

Usage

```
construct_prob_plot(vals)
```

Arguments

vals

A numeric vector of annual peak discharge values obtained from the readNWISpeak function of the dataRetrieval package.

Details

The Weibull plotting method is commonly used in flood-frequency analysis. The basic procedure involves ranking the values from highest to lowest and calculating an exceedence probability (p =rank/(n + 1)) where n is the total number of observations. The median annual flood (Q2) is the flow with a probability of 0.5.

References

Rao, A.R. and Hamed, K.H. 2000. Flood Frequency Analysis. CRC Press: Boca Raton.

county_aggregates Get county level output

Description

Function aggregates gage-level output into county-level output

Usage

```
county_aggregates(flood_stats, county_cd)
```

Arguments

| flood_stats | Data frame of gage-level output from flood_analysis function. |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| county_cd | Character vector with the county FIPS code(s) |

Value

A data frame with the following columns:

| Name | Туре | Description |
|----------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| county | character | County name |
| state | character | State name |
| num_gage | numeric | Number of analyzed gages in county |
| avg_peak | numeric | Average flood ratio among county gages |
| max_peak | numeric | Maximum observed flood ratio |
| minor | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "minor" flood class (flood ratio > 1) |
| moderate | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "moderate" flood class (flood ratio > 1.5) |
| major | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "major" flood class (flood ratio > 2) |
| extreme | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "extreme" flood class (flood ratio > 5) |
| max_dur | numeric | Maximum flood duration in county |
| avg_dur | numeric | Average flood duration in county |
| | | |

If threshold = "NWS", the columns "minor", "moderate", "major", and "extreme" are replaced with two columns: "no_flood" and "yes_flood" which show the percentage of gages in the county with or without flooding.

Examples

county_aggregates2 Get county level output from long_range_flood analysis

Description

Function aggregates gage-level output into county-level output. This is the same as the county_aggregates function but it summarizes by county and date range instead of just county.

Usage

county_aggregates2(flood_stats, county_cd)

Arguments

| flood_stats | Data frame of gage-level output from flood_analysis function. |
|-------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|
| county_cd | Character vector with the county FIPS code(s) |

Value

A data frame with the following columns:

| Name | Туре | Description |
|------------|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| county_cd | character | FIPS code of gage county location |
| start_date | date | Input start date |
| end_date | date | Input end date |
| county | character | County name |
| state | character | State name |
| num_gage | numeric | Number of analyzed gages in county |
| max_peak | numeric | Maximum observed flood ratio |
| avg_peak | numeric | Average flood ratio among county gages |
| minor | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "minor" flood class (flood ratio > 1) |
| moderate | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "moderate" flood class (flood ratio > 1.5) |
| major | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "major" flood class (flood ratio > 2) |
| extreme | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "extreme" flood class (flood ratio > 5) |
| max_dur | numeric | Maximum flood duration in county |
| avg_dur | numeric | Average flood duration in county |

If threshold = "NWS", the columns "minor", "moderate", "major", and "extreme" are replaced with two columns: "no_flood" and "yes_flood" which show the percentage of gages in the county with

find_nws

or without flooding.

Internal function used within long_term_flood function.

| find_nws | Get National Weather Service (NWS) flood stage/discharge leve | els for |
|----------|---------------------------------------------------------------|---------|
| | gages. | |

Description

Use National Weather Service designated flood stages/discharges as flood thresholds. These come in four levels: "action", "flood", "moderate", and "major".

Usage

find_nws(site_no, type = "flood")

Arguments

| site_no | Character vector with USGS gage IDs of stream gage sites to pull. |
|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| type | Character string with the type of flood stage to be used. Can be one of four |
| | options: "action", "flood", "moderate", and "major". Defaults to "flood". |

Value

Data frame of gage IDs and the corresponding NWS flood value, if available.

Note

Since most USGS gages do not have these values specified (or may not have all levels), using this definition of the flood threshold can severely limit the sample size of the data output.

Examples

find_q2

Description

This function will get annual maximum flow series for each USGS gage and compute median flood (Q2) to serve as flood threshold. Peak flow data is obtained using the readNWISpeak function from the dataRetrieval package.

Usage

```
find_q2(site_no)
```

Arguments

site_no Character vector with USGS gage IDs of stream gage sites to pull.

Value

A data frame with median flood values (Q2) and the number of years of data used to compute this value.

See Also

readNWISpeak

Examples

Description

Takes flow data and computes flood statistics based on selected flood threshold.

Usage

Arguments

| A data frame with discharge data for each USGS gage found for the specified data range. Output from get_flow_data function. |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A data frame of USGS gage IDs and flood values obtained from either the find_Q2 or find_NWS function. |
| A data frame of all USGS gages and metadata obtained from the get_gages function. This input is used to add lat/long and county codes to the summarized output. |
| Character vector with the county FIPS code(s) |
| A data frame with values of the median annual flood to be used to compare relative sizes of streams at gage locations |
| Character string of the flood threshold to be used in the analysis (either "Q2" or "NWS"). Used to determine which type of summary statistics to compute. |
| Character string of variable to be used to scale by river size for weighted aver- ages and scaling point sizes on maps. Options are median annual flood ("Q2") or drainage area ("DA"). Defaults to "Q2". |
| |

Value

A data frame with the following columns:

| Name | Туре | Description |
|-------------|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| site_no | character | USGS gage ID |
| county_cd | character | FIPS code of gage county location |
| lat | numeric | Gage latitude |
| long | numeric | Gage longitude |
| avg_peak | numeric | Mean flood ratio for date range (discharge/flood threshold) |
| flood_dur | numeric | Number of days in date range discharge above flood threshold |
| max_peak | numeric | Maximum value of flood ratio for date range (discharge/flood threshold) |
| num_missing | numeric | Number of days with missing discharge data from input date range |
| Q2 | numeric | Median annual discharge (cubic feet per second) |
| DA | numeric | Drainage area of the gage (square miles) |
| | | |

gage_extract

| size | numeric | Relative river size, logarithm of either Q2 or DA depending on user specified weight |
|--------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| state | character | State name |
| county | character | County name |
| flood | character | Flood magnitude category based on peak |

Examples

End(Not run)

gage_extract

Get gage meta-data for a county

Description

This function uses the whatNWISsites function from the dataRetrieval package to pull information on all stream gages within a county and then adds the county FIPS code as an additional column to the dataframe.

Usage

gage_extract(county_cd, start_date, end_date)

Arguments

| county_cd | Character vector with the county FIPS code |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| start_date | Character string with the starting date, using "YYYY-MM-DD" notation. |
| end_date | Character string with the end date, using "YYYY-MM-DD" notation. |

Value

A dataframe with information about stream gages within a county for a specified time frame. This information typically includes each gage's site number, station name, agency code, site type code, latitude, longitude, and county code. See the whatNWISsites function from the dataRetrieval package for details.

See Also

whatNWISsites

get_county_cd

Examples

```
gage_extract("12086", start_date = "2000-01-01", end_date = "2009-12-31")
```

get_county_cd Get all FIPS county codes within a state

Description

This function will return all county FIPS codes for all counties within a state or states.

Usage

```
get_county_cd(state)
```

Arguments

state Character vector giving the name of state or states (not case sensitive) for which you would like to get county FIPS codes.

Details

This function uses the county.fips dataset from the maps package to pull county FIPS for a state.

Value

A character vector with the 5-digit FIPS codes for all counties within the specified state or states.

Examples

```
get_county_cd("Virginia")
get_county_cd(c("North Carolina", "South Carolina"))
```

get_flow_data Retrieve discharge data at specified gages

Description

Pulls all discharge data for the specified gage numbers and date range.

Usage

get_flow_data(gages_df, start_date, end_date)

Arguments

| gages_df | A dataframe that includes the column site_no, a character vector with USGS gage IDs of stream gage sites to pull. |
|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| start_date | Character string with the starting date, using "YYYY-MM-DD" notation. |
| end_date | Character string with the end date, using "YYYY-MM-DD" notation. |

Value

A dataframe with discharge data for each of the specified monitors. This is a dataframe that includes columns for the gage site number, date of each observation, and observed mean daily discharge (cubic feet per second).

See Also

readNWISdv

Examples

End(Not run)

get_gages

Get all gage site numbers for a county

Description

Pulls gage numbers of all gages with discharge data within a county and within the specified date range.

Usage

```
get_gages(county_cd, start_date, end_date)
```

Arguments

| county_cd | Character vector with the county FIPS code |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| start_date | Character string with the starting date, using "YYYY-MM-DD" notation. |
| end_date | Character string with the end date, using "YYYY-MM-DD" notation. |

Value

A dataframe that gives the following variables for stream gages within the county and time range:

| Name | Туре | Description |
|-------------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------|
| agency_cd | character | Agency running the gage (typically will be the USGS) |
| site_no | character | USGS gage ID |
| station_nm | character | Name of the gage site |
| site_tp_cd | character | Type of gage (should always be "ST" for stream) |
| dec_lat_va | numeric | Latitude of the gage site, in decimal degrees |
| dec_long_va | numeric | Longitude of the gage site, in decimal degrees |
| county_cd | character | Five-digit FIPS code of gage county location |
| DA | numeric | Drainage area of the gage, in square miles |

Note that the returned object is the same as that returned by the whatNWISsites function in the dataRetrieval package, but with county FIPS added for each gage.

Examples

long_term_flood Return flood metrics by county codes for a data frame input

Description

Access USGS databases to retrieve gages and flow data for the specified county FIPS codes and the specified date ranges. Flooding at these gage locations are assessed by one of two metrics. Data can be returned at the gage level or the county level. This is the same as the run_flood function but accepts a data frame as input with multiple county codes and date ranges for each.

Usage

```
long_term_flood(input_df, threshold = "Q2", flood_type = "flood",
weight = "Q2")
```

Arguments

| input_df | Data frame with three columns: county_cd, start_date, and end_date |
|------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| threshold | Character string of the flood threshold to be used in the analysis (either "Q2" or "NWS"). Defaults to "Q2". |
| flood_type | Character string of the defined flood type based on NWS classifications (one of "action", "flood", "moderate", or "major") |
| weight | Character string of variable to be used to scale by river size for weighted averages and scaling point sizes on maps. Options are median annual flood ("Q2") or drainage area ("DA"). Defaults to "Q2" |

Value

A list with two data frames summarizing data by gage and by county.

Gage:

| Name | Туре | Description |
|-------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| start_date | date | Input start date |
| end_date | date | Input end date |
| site_no | character | USGS gage ID |
| county_cd | character | FIPS code of gage county location |
| lat | numeric | Gage latitude |
| long | numeric | Gage longitude |
| avg_peak | numeric | Mean flood ratio for date range (discharge/flood threshold) |
| flood_dur | numeric | Number of days in date range discharge above flood threshold |
| max_peak | numeric | Maximum value of flood ratio for date range (discharge/flood threshold) |
| num_missing | numeric | Number of days in given date range with no discharge data at that gage |
| Q2 | numeric | Median annual discharge (cubic feet per second) |
| DA | numeric | Drainage area of the gage (square miles) |
| size | numeric | Relative river size, logarithm of either Q2 or DA depending on user specified weight |
| state | character | State name |
| county | character | County name |
| flood | character | Flood magnitude category based on peak |
| | | |

County:

| Name | Туре | Description |
|------------|-----------|------------------------------------|
| county_cd | character | FIPS code of gage county location |
| start_date | date | Input start date |
| end_date | date | Input end date |
| county | character | County name |
| state | character | State name |
| num_gage | numeric | Number of analyzed gages in county |

map_county

| max_peak | numeric | Maximum observed flood ratio |
|----------|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| avg_peak | numeric | Average flood ratio among county gages |
| minor | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "minor" flood class (flood ratio > 1) |
| moderate | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "moderate" flood class (flood ratio > 1.5) |
| major | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "major" flood class (flood ratio > 2) |
| extreme | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "extreme" flood class (flood ratio > 5) |
| max_dur | numeric | Maximum flood duration in county |
| avg_dur | numeric | Average flood duration in county |

If threshold = "NWS", the columns "minor", "moderate", "major", and "extreme" are replaced with two columns: "no_flood" and "yes_flood" which show the percentage of gages in the county with or without flooding.

Examples

#With default values
VA_floods <- long_term_flood(input_df)</pre>

```
#Using NWS values
VA_floods <- long_term_flood(input_df, threshold = "NWS")</pre>
```

```
## End(Not run)
```

map_county

Maps flood data by county

Description

Creates a state level map of flood analysis output by county. Counties are color coded based on the percentage of gages in that county at or exceeding a given flood magnitude.

Usage

```
map_county(county_stats, category = "minor", date = "")
```

Arguments

| county_stats | Data frame of flood analyasis results, summarized by county. |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| category | Character string of the flood magnitude category to be used for mapping (one of |
| | "minor", "moderate", "major", or "extreme"). This parameter only works when |
| | mapping county-level, rather than gage-level, values. |

| date | Date of data mapped to be printed at the top of the image. This argument is used |
|------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | by the 'time_series_map' function. |

Value

A map of counties color coded by percentage of gages experiencing flooding.

map_flood

Function maps data, either by gage or by county

Description

Displays a state or multi-state map summarizing flood analysis results either by gage or county.

Usage

map_flood(flood_stats, category = "minor")

Arguments

| flood_stats | Either a data frame of flood analysis results, by gage or by county, or a list of both data frames. |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| category | Character string of the flood magnitude category to be used for mapping (one of "minor", "moderate", "major", or "extreme"). This parameter only works when mapping county-level, rather than gage-level, values. |

Value

A map of the state(s) analyzed showing counties and gages color coded based on flood magnitude, depending on the type of data in flood_stats. Gage flood thresholds are "None" (flood_ratio < 1), "Minor" (flood_ratio < 1.5), "Moderate" (flood_ratio < 2), "Major" (flood_ratio < 5), and "Extreme" (flood_ratio > 5). For county aggregate maps, flood exposure is assessed based on the percentage of gages in the county at or above a specified flood threshold. Exposure categories include "Low" (0 (40)

Examples

map_gage

```
output = "county")
#Map results by county
map_flood(va_floods)
## End(Not run)
```

map_gage

Maps flood data by gage

Description

Creates a state level map of flood analysis output by USGS gage. Gages are color coded based on maximum flood magnitude (for flood threshold = "Q2"). If the flood threshold is "NWS", points are binary coded based on flood occurrence (e.g. yes/no).

Usage

```
map_gage(flood_stats, date = "")
```

Arguments

| flood_stats | Data frame of flood analysis results, by gage. |
|-------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| date | Date of data mapped to be printed at the top of the image. This argument is used |
| | by the 'time_series_map' function. |

Value

A map of USGS gages color coded by maximum flood magnitude.

run_flood

Return flood metrics by county codes or state names

Description

Access USGS databases to retrieve gages and flow data for the specified counties/states or county FIPS codes and the specified date ranges. Flooding at these gage locations are assessed by one of two metrics. Data can be returned at the gage level or the county level.

Usage

```
run_flood(county_cd = NULL, state = NULL, start_date, end_date,
threshold = "Q2", flood_type = "flood", output = "both",
weight = "Q2")
```

Arguments

| county_cd | Character vector with the county FIPS code(s) |
|------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| state | Character vector of state names. Used to obtain county FIPS codes if county_cd is NULL |
| start_date | Character string with the starting date, using "YYYY-MM-DD" notation. |
| end_date | Character string with the end date, using "YYYY-MM-DD" notation. |
| threshold | Character string of the flood threshold to be used in the analysis (either "Q2" or "NWS"). Defaults to "Q2". |
| flood_type | Character string of the defined flood type based on NWS classifications (one of "action", "flood", "moderate", or "major") |
| output | Character string of output summary type (either "gage", "county", or "both"). Defaults to "both". |
| weight | Character string of variable to be used to scale by river size for weighted aver- ages and scaling point sizes on maps. Options are median annual flood ("Q2") or drainage area ("DA"). Defaults to "Q2". |

Value

A data frame with output at either the gage or county level, depending on the value of "output". If output = "gage" a data frame with the following columns is returned:

| Name | Туре | Description |
|-------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| site_no | character | USGS gage ID |
| county_cd | character | FIPS code of gage county location |
| lat | numeric | Gage latitude |
| long | numeric | Gage longitude |
| avg_peak | numeric | Mean flood ratio for date range (discharge/flood threshold) |
| flood_dur | numeric | Number of days in date range discharge above flood threshold |
| max_peak | numeric | Maximum value of flood ratio for date range (discharge/flood threshold) |
| num_missing | numeric | Number of days in given date range with no discharge data at that gage |
| Q2 | numeric | Median annual discharge (cubic feet per second) |
| DA | numeric | Drainage area of the gage (square miles) |
| size | numeric | Relative river size, logarithm of either Q2 or DA depending on user specified weight |
| state | character | State name |
| county | character | County name |
| flood | character | Flood magnitude category based on peak |
| | | |

If output = "county" a data frame with the following columns is returned:

| Name | Туре | Description |
|----------|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|
| county | character | County name |
| state | character | State name |
| num_gage | numeric | Number of analyzed gages in county |
| avg_peak | numeric | Average flood ratio among county gages |
| max_peak | numeric | Maximum observed flood ratio |
| minor | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "minor" flood class (flood ratio > 1) |

| moderate | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "moderate" flood class (flood ratio > 1.5) |
|----------|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| major | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "major" flood class (flood ratio > 2) |
| extreme | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "extreme" flood class (flood ratio > 5) |
| max_dur | numeric | Maximum flood duration in county |
| avg_dur | numeric | Average flood duration in county |

If threshold = "NWS", the columns "minor", "moderate", "major", and "extreme" are replaced with two columns: "no_flood" and "yes_flood" which show the percentage of gages in the county with or without flooding.

If output = "both" a list containing both data frames is returned. In both cases, if data in counties were requested but not available, these counties are included as additional rows with data values of NA.

Examples

End(Not run)

time_series_analysis Get time series output

Description

Function takes flow data and summarizes flood occurrence through time at both the gage and county level.

Usage

```
time_series_analysis(flow_data, peaks, gages, county_cd, q2_val, threshold,
  weight = "Q2", Q2_magnitude = "Moderate", filter_data = TRUE)
```

Arguments

| flow_data | A data frame with discharge data for each USGS gage found for the specified |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | data range. Output from get_flow_data function. |
| peaks | A data frame of USGS gage IDs and flood values obtained from either the |
| | find_02 or find_NWS function. |

| gages | A data frame of all USGS gages and metadata obtained from the get_gages function. This input is used to add lat/long and county codes to the summarized output. |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| county_cd | Character vector with the county FIPS code(s) |
| q2_val | A data frame with values of the median annual flood to be used to compare relative sizes of streams at gage locations (from the find_Q2 function). |
| threshold | Character string of the flood threshold to be used in the analysis (either "Q2" or "NWS"). Defaults to "Q2". |
| weight | Character string of variable to be used to scale by river size for weighted aver- ages and scaling point sizes on maps. Options are median annual flood ("Q2") or drainage area ("DA"). Defaults to "Q2". |
| Q2_magnitude | Character string of ratio of daily streamflow to Q2 used as a binary flood threshold. One of "Minor" (1 < Flow / Q2 < 1.5), "Moderate" (< 2), "Major" (< 5), and "Extreme" (> 5). Defaults to "Moderate". |
| filter_data | Logical. If TRUE only dates with a flood occurring are returned for both gage and county-level data. If FALSE, all dates are returned. |
| | |

Value

A list with two data frames, summarizing the results by gage and by county:

Gage:

| Name | Туре | Description |
|-------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| site_no | character | USGS gage ID |
| date | date | Date of observation |
| lat | numeric | Gage latitude |
| long | numeric | Gage longitude |
| county_cd | character | FIPS code of gage county location |
| Q2 | numeric | Median annual discharge (cubic feet per second) |
| DA | numeric | Drainage area of the gage (square miles) |
| size | numeric | Relative river size, logarithm of either Q2 or DA depending on user specified weight |
| discharge | numeric | Observed mean daily discharge (cubic feet per second) |
| flood_val | numeric | Selected threshold flood value. Either Q2 or an NWS flood threshold. |
| flood_ratio | numeric | Ratio of the observed discharge divided by the defined flood threshold |
| state | character | State name |
| county | character | County name |
| flood | character | Flood magnitude category based on peak |
| | | |

County:

| Name | Туре | Description |
|----------|-----------|------------------------------------|
| date | date | Date of observation |
| county | character | County name |
| state | character | State name |
| num_gage | numeric | Number of analyzed gages in county |
| max_peak | numeric | Maximum observed flood ratio |

| avg_peak | numeric | Average flood ratio among county gages |
|--------------|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| minor | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "minor" flood class (flood ratio > 1) |
| moderate | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "moderate" flood class (flood ratio > 1.5) |
| major | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "major" flood class (flood ratio > 2) |
| extreme | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "extreme" flood class (flood ratio > 5) |
| flood_metric | numeric | Fraction of gages in county experiencing a flood, weighted by river size (size from gage-level out |

If threshold = "NWS", the columns "minor", "moderate", "major", and "extreme" are replaced with two columns: "no_flood" and "yes_flood" which show the percentage of gages in the county with or without flooding.

Examples

time_series_flood Return a time series of flood metrics by county codes or state names

Description

Access USGS databases to retrieve gages and flow data for the specified counties/states or county FIPS codes and the specified date ranges. Flooding at these gage locations are assessed by one of two metrics. Data on timing and magnitude of flooding will be returned at the gage level or the county level.

Usage

```
time_series_flood(county_cd = NULL, state = NULL, start_date, end_date,
    threshold = "Q2", flood_type = "flood", weight = "Q2",
    Q2_magnitude = "Moderate", filter_data = TRUE)
```

Arguments

| county_cd | Character vector with the county FIPS code(s) |
|-----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| state | Character vector of state names. Used to obtain county FIPS codes if county_cd is NULL |

| start_date | Character string with the starting date, using "YYYY-MM-DD" notation. |
|--------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| end_date | Character string with the end date, using "YYYY-MM-DD" notation. |
| threshold | Character string of the flood threshold to be used in the analysis (either "Q2" or "NWS"). Defaults to "Q2". |
| flood_type | Character string of the defined flood type based on NWS classifications (one of "action", "flood", "moderate", or "major") |
| weight | Character string of variable to be used to scale by river size for weighted aver- ages and scaling point sizes on maps. Options are median annual flood ("Q2") or drainage area ("DA"). Defaults to "Q2". |
| Q2_magnitude | Character string of ratio of daily streamflow to Q2 used as a binary flood threshold. One of "Minor" (1 < Flow / Q2 < 1.5), "Moderate" (< 2), "Major" (< 5), and "Extreme" (> 5). Defaults to "Moderate". |
| filter_data | Logical. If TRUE only dates with a flood occurring are returned for both gage and county-level data. If FALSE, all dates are returned. |

Value

A list with two data frames, summarizing the results by gage and by county:

Gage:

| Name | Туре | Description |
|-------------|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| site_no | character | USGS gage ID |
| date | date | Date of observation |
| lat | numeric | Gage latitude |
| long | numeric | Gage longitude |
| county_cd | character | FIPS code of gage county location |
| Q2 | numeric | Median annual discharge (cubic feet per second) |
| DA | numeric | Drainage area of the gage (square miles) |
| size | numeric | Relative river size, logarithm of either Q2 or DA depending on user specified weight |
| discharge | numeric | Observed mean daily discharge (cubic feet per second) |
| flood_val | numeric | Selected threshold flood value. Either Q2 or an NWS flood threshold. |
| flood_ratio | numeric | Ratio of the observed discharge divided by the defined flood threshold |
| state | character | State name |
| county | character | County name |
| flood | character | Flood magnitude category based on peak |
| County: | | |
| Name | Туре | Description |
| date | date | Date of observation |
| county | character | County name |
| state | character | State name |
| num_gage | numeric | Number of analyzed gages in county |
| max_peak | numeric | Maximum observed flood ratio |
| avg_peak | numeric | Average flood ratio among county gages |

time_series_map

| moderate | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "moderate" flood class (flood ratio > 1.5) |
|--------------|---------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| major | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "major" flood class (flood ratio > 2) |
| extreme | numeric | Percentage of gages at or above "extreme" flood class (flood ratio > 5) |
| flood_metric | numeric | Fraction of gages in county experiencing a flood, weighted by river size (size from gage-level out |

If threshold = "NWS", the columns "minor", "moderate", "major", and "extreme" are replaced with two columns: "no_flood" and "yes_flood" which show the percentage of gages in the county with or without flooding.

Examples

End(Not run)

| | | | a 11. | • .1 1 | 1 . |
|-----------------------|---------------|-------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|
| t_{1} mo corios mon | Eunction mane | timo corioc | flood data | athor by aga | or hy county |
| | I unchon maps | | $noou$ uu_{iu} . | | |
| | | | | | |

Description

Displays a state or multi-state map summarizing flood analysis results either by gage or county for each individual date with data.

Usage

```
time_series_map(flood_stats, category = "minor", filename = "")
```

Arguments

| flood_stats | Either a data frame of flood analysis results, by gage or by county, or a list of both data frames. |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| category | Character string of the flood magnitude category to be used for mapping (one of "minor", "moderate", "major", or "extreme"). This parameter only works when mapping county-level, rather than gage-level, values. |
| filename | Character string of the file path and beginning of name of where to save the in- dividual images generated. For example, "C:/Desktop/TX" would produce im- age files saved as "TX_Gage_Map_Date.png" or "TX_County_Map_Date.png" where "Date" is replaced by the actual date. If no filename is provided, the images aren't saved but are displayed in the plot viewer. |

Value

For each date with data, a map of the state(s) analyzed showing counties and gages color coded based on flood magnitude, depending on the type of data in flood_stats. Gage flood thresholds are "None" (flood_ratio < 1), "Minor" (flood_ratio < 1.5), "Moderate" (flood_ratio < 2), "Major" (flood_ratio < 5), and "Extreme" (flood_ratio > 5). For county aggregate maps, flood exposure is assessed based on the percentage of gages in the county at or above a specified flood threshold. Exposure categories include "Low" (0 (20 (80)

Examples

End(Not run)

time_series_plot Function plots time series data by county

Description

Displays four time series bar charts per county displaying the number of gages with flooding, maximum flood ratio, average flood ratio, and the percent of gages above a specified flood threshold.

Usage

```
time_series_plot(county_series, category = "moderate", start_date = NULL,
end_date = NULL)
```

Arguments

| county_series | Data frame of flood time series results by county, output of time_series_flood function. |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| category | Character string of the flood magnitude category to be used for mapping (one of "minor", "moderate", "major", or "extreme"). |
| start_date | Character string of start date for x-axis of plots. If not specified, defaults to the earliest observed flood in the data. |
| end_date | Character string of end date for x-axis of plots. If not specified, defaults to the latest observed flood in the data. |

Value

Four time series bar charts per county displaying the number of gages with flooding, maximum flood ratio, average flood ratio, and the percent of gages above a specified flood threshold.

22

time_series_plot

Examples

```
time_series_plot(va_time_series[[2]])
```

End(Not run)

Index

construct_prob_plot, 2 county_aggregates, 3 county_aggregates2, 4 find_nws, 5 find_q2,6 flood_analysis,7 gage_extract, 8 get_county_cd, 9 get_flow_data, 9 get_gages, 10 $\texttt{long_term_flood, 11}$ $\texttt{map_county}, 13$ map_flood, 14 map_gage, 15 readNWISdv, 10 readNWISpeak, 6 run_flood, 15 time_series_analysis, 17 time_series_flood, 19 time_series_map, 21 $\texttt{time_series_plot}, \texttt{22}$

whatNWISsites, 8