Package 'copent'

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Title Estimating Copula Entropy

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Depends R (>= 2.7.0)

Imports stats

Suggests mnormt

Description

The nonparametric method for estimating copula entropy is implemented. The method composes of two simple steps: estimating empirical copula by rank statistic and estimating copula entropy with k-Nearest-Neighbour method. Copula Entropy is a mathematical concept for multivariate statistical independence measuring and testing, and proved to be equivalent to mutual information. Estimating copula entropy can be applied to many cases, including but not limited to variable selection and causal discovery (by estimating transfer entropy). Please refer to Ma and Sun (2011) <doi: 10.1016/S1007-0214(11)70008-6> for more information.

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URL https://github.com/majianthu/copent

NeedsCompilation no

Repository CRAN

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construct_empirical_copula

Construct empirical copula by rank statistic

Description

Construct empirical copula by rank statistic.

Usage

construct_empirical_copula(x)

Arguments

х

the data with each row as a sample.

Details

This program involves estimating empirical copula from data by rank statistic nonparametrically. It was proposed in Ma and Sun (2008, 2011). The algorithm is the first step of estimating copula entropy copent.

The argument \mathbf{x} is for the data with each row as a sample from random variables.

Value

The function returns the estimated empirical copula of data x.

References

Ma, J., & Sun, Z. (2011). Mutual information is copula entropy. *Tsinghua Science & Technology*, **16**(1): 51-54. See also *ArXiv preprint*, arXiv: 0808.0845, 2008.

Examples

```
library(mnormt)
rho <- 0.5
sigma <- matrix(c(1,rho,rho,1),2,2)
x <- rmnorm(500,c(0,0),sigma)
xc1 <- construct_empirical_copula(x)</pre>
```

copent

Description

Estimating copula entropy nonparametrically.

Usage

copent(x,k=3,dt=2)

Arguments

х	the data with each row as a sample.
k	kth nearest neighbour, default = 3 .
dt	the type of distance between samples, 1 for Eclidean distance; 2 for Maximum distance.

Details

This program involves estimating copula entropy from data nonparametrically. It was proposed in Ma and Sun (2008, 2011).

The algorithm composes of two simple steps: estimating empirical copula by rank statistic using construct_empirical_copula and then estimating copula entropy with kNN method using entknn proposed in Kraskov et al (2004).

The argument **x** is for the data with each row as a sample from random variables. The argument **k** and **dt** is used in the kNN method for estimating entropy. **k** is for the kth nearest neighbour (default = 3) and **dt** is for the type of distance between samples which has currently two value options (1 for Eclidean distance, and 2(default) for Maximum distance).

Copula Entropy is proved to be equivalent to negative mutual information so this program can also be used to estimate multivariate mutual information.

Value

The function returns *negative* value of copula entropy of data x.

References

Ma, J., & Sun, Z. (2011). Mutual information is copula entropy. *Tsinghua Science & Technology*, **16**(1): 51-54. See also *ArXiv preprint*, arXiv: 0808.0845, 2008.

Kraskov, A., St\"ogbauer, H., & Grassberger, P. (2004). Estimating Mutual Information. *Physical Review E*, **69**(6), 66138.

entknn

Examples

```
library(mnormt)
rho <- 0.5
sigma <- matrix(c(1,rho,rho,1),2,2)
x <- rmnorm(500,c(0,0),sigma)
ce1 <- copent(x,3,2)</pre>
```

entknn

Estimating entropy from data with kNN method

Description

Estimating entropy from data with kNN method.

Usage

entknn(x,k=3,dt=2)

Arguments

х	the data with each row as a sample.
k	kth nearest neighbour, default = 3 .
dt	the type of distance between samples, = 1 for Eclidean distance; other for Max- imum distance.

Details

This program involves estimating entropy from data by kNN method. It was proposed in Kraskov et al (2004). The algorithm is the second step of estimating copula entropy copent.

The argument **x** is for the data with each row as a sample from random variables. The argument **k** and **dt** is used in the kNN method for estimating entropy. **k** is for the kth nearest neighbour (default = 3) and **dt** is for the type of distance between samples which has currently two value options (1 for Eclidean distance, and 2(default) for Maximum distance).

Value

The function returns the estimated entropy value of data **x**.

References

Kraskov, A., St\"ogbauer, H., & Grassberger, P. (2004). Estimating Mutual Information. *Physical Review E*, **69**(6), 66138.

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entknn

Examples

```
library(mnormt)
rho <- 0.5
sigma <- matrix(c(1,rho,rho,1),2,2)
x <- rmnorm(500,c(0,0),sigma)
xent1 <- entknn(x)</pre>
```

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