Package 'cbird'

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Type Package				
	lustering of Multivariate Binary Data with Dimension Reduction a L1-Regularized Likelihood Maximization			
Version 1.0 Date 2017-02-06 Author Michio Yamamoto				
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		Description The clustering of binary data with reducing the dimensionality (CLUSBIRD) proposed by Yamamoto and Hayashi (2015) <doi:10.1016 j.patcog.2015.05.026="">. License GPL (>= 2) URL http://michioyamamoto.com Repository CRAN NeedsCompilation yes</doi:10.1016>		
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cbiro	Clustering of multivariate binary data with dimension reduction via L1-regularized likelihood maximization.			

This function conducts the clustering of binary data with reducing the dimensionality (CLUSBIRD)

Description

proposed by Yamamoto and Hayashi (2015).

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Usage

Arguments

Y Binary data matrix (N * D), where N denotes sample size and D denotes the

number of binary variables (0 or 1).

N. comp The number of component to be extracted.

N. clust The number of mixture components, which corresponds to the number of clus-

ters.

lambda A tuning parameter of an L1 penalty for loadings. A non-negative real value

should be used as the value of lambda.

N. ite The number of maximum of iterations for the EM algorithm.

N. random The number of random sets of parameters for initial random starts.

show.random.ite

If "TRUE", the number of each iteration is shown on the R console.

eps The criterion for the convergence of the alternating least-squares algorithm,

which should be specified as a positive real value. If the difference between the values of penalized log likelihood functions of successive iteration is smaller than eps, then cbird makes a decision about the convergence of the algorithm.

mc.cores If "parallel" package has been installed, "cbird" adopts a multithread pro-

cess for multiple initial random starts. If "mc.cores"=1, "parallel" package

is not needed, and a single core process is conducted.

Value

F An estimated component score matrix for cluster centroids.

A An estimated loading matrix.

mu Estimated mean values in the subspace.

U The cluster assignment matrix (N * N.clust).

g The estimated mixture probability.

n.ite The number of iteration needed for convergence.loss The value of log likelihood with L1 penalty.

bic The value of BIC.

LL The value of log likelihood.

cluster Estimated clusters where subjects were assigned to

ptime Time for calculation

Author(s)

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References

Yamamoto, M. and Hayashi, K. (2015). Clustering of multivariate binary data with dimension reduction via L1-regularized maximization. Pattern Recognition, 48, 3959-3968.

Examples

```
##Random Binary Data (unmeaningful example)
##100 subjects and 20 variables
##Consider three mixture components in the data
set.seed(1)
Y <- matrix(rbinom(100 * 20, 1, 0.5), 100, 20)
out <- cbird(Y, 2, 3)
est <- EstScore(Y, out$A, out$mu)
```

EstScore

Estimate component scores for each subject using the result of cbird.

Description

This function estimates components scores for each subject using the result of CLUSBIRD.

Usage

```
EstScore(X, A, mu, N.ite=10000, N.random=1, show.random.ite=FALSE,
oblique=FALSE, mc.cores=1)
```

Arguments

Binary data matrix (N * D). Χ

Loading matrix (D * L) estimated by cbird. Α A D-length mean vector estimated by cbird. mu

N.ite The number of maximum of iterations for the EM algorithm.

The number of random sets of parameters for initial random starts. N.random

show.random.ite

If "TRUE", the number of each iteration is shown on the R console.

oblique If "TRUE", the oblique component scores F are estimated. The default is "FALSE". mc.cores

If "parallel" package has been installed, "EstScore" adopts a multithread

process for multiple initial random starts. If "mc.cores"=1, "parallel" pack-

age is not needed, and a single core process is conducted.

Value

An estimated component score matrix (N * D) containing scores for subjects.

n.ite The number of iteration needed for convergence. The value of loss function used in ALS algorithm loss

EstScore EstScore

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References

Yamamoto, M. and Hayashi, K. (2015). Clustering of multivariate binary data with dimension reduction via L1-regularized maximization. Pattern Recognition, 48, 3959-3968.

Examples

##See the example of the function "cbird".

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