# Package 'bookdown'

June 23, 2020

```
Type Package
Title Authoring Books and Technical Documents with R Markdown
Version 0.20
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Description
      Output formats and utilities for authoring books and technical documents with R Markdown.
License GPL-3
Imports htmltools (>= 0.3.6), knitr (>= 1.22), rmarkdown (>= 2.3),
      x \text{fun} (>= 0.6), \text{ tinytex } (>= 0.12)
Suggests htmlwidgets, rstudioapi, miniUI, rsconnect (>= 0.4.3), servr
      (>= 0.13), shiny, testit (>= 0.9), tufte, webshot
URL https://github.com/rstudio/bookdown
BugReports https://github.com/rstudio/bookdown/issues
SystemRequirements Pandoc (>= 1.17.2)
LazyData TRUE
RoxygenNote 7.1.0
Encoding UTF-8
NeedsCompilation no
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2

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Date/P	<b>Sublication</b> 2020-06-23 21:00:02 UTC
R tor	pics documented:
	pion accuminate.
	bookdown_site
	calibre

bookdown\_site 3

	clean_book	1
	epub_book	ļ
	gitbook	5
	html_chapters	7
	html_document2	3
	kindlegen	)
	pdf_book	Ĺ
	publish_book	2
	render_book	3
	serve_book	ļ
Index	16	5

bookdown\_site

R Markdown site generator for bookdown

# **Description**

Implementation of custom R Markdown site generator for bookdown.

# Usage

```
bookdown_site(input, ...)
```

# Arguments

input Website directory (or the name of a file within the directory).

... Currently unused.

calibre

A wrapper function to convert e-books using Calibre

# **Description**

This function calls the command ebook-convert in Calibre (http://calibre-ebook.com) to convert e-books.

# Usage

```
calibre(input, output, options = "")
```

# **Arguments**

input The input filename.

output The output filename or extension (if only an extension is provided, the output

filename will be the input filename with its extension replaced by output; for

example, calibre('foo.epub', 'mobi') generates 'foo.mobi').

options A character vector of additional options to be passed to ebook-convert.

4 epub\_book

## Value

The output filename.

clean\_book

Clean up the output files and directories from the book

## **Description**

After a book is rendered, there will be a series of output files and directories created in the book root directory, typically including '\*\_files/', '\*\_cache/', '\_book/', and some HTML/LaTeX auxiliary files. These filenames depend on the book configurations. This function identifies these files and directories, and delete them if desired, so you can rebuild the book with a clean source.

# Usage

```
clean_book(clean = getOption("bookdown.clean_book", FALSE))
```

## **Arguments**

clean

Whether to delete the possible output files. If FALSE, simply print out a list of files/directories that should probably be deleted. You can set the global option bookdown.clean\_book = TRUE to force this function to delete files. You are recommended to take a look at the list of files at least once before actually deleting them, i.e. run clean\_book(FALSE) before clean\_book(TRUE).

epub\_book

The EPUB e-book format

# Description

Convert a book to the EPUB format, which is is an e-book format supported by many readers, such as Amazon Kindle Fire and iBooks on Apple devices.

## Usage

```
epub_book(
   fig_width = 5,
   fig_height = 4,
   dev = "png",
   fig_caption = TRUE,
   number_sections = TRUE,
   toc = FALSE,
   toc_depth = 3,
   stylesheet = NULL,
   cover_image = NULL,
```

gitbook 5

```
metadata = NULL,
  chapter_level = 1,
  epub_version = c("epub3", "epub"),
  md_extensions = NULL,
  pandoc_args = NULL,
  template = "default"
)
```

# **Arguments**

fig\_width, fig\_height, dev, fig\_caption

Figure options (width, height, the graphical device, and whether to render figure

captions).

number\_sections

Whether to number sections.

toc, toc\_depth Whether to generate a table of contents, and its depth.

stylesheet A character vector of paths to CSS stylesheets to be applied to the eBook.

cover\_image The path to a cover image.

metadata The path to the EPUB metadata file.

chapter\_level The level by which the e-book is split into separate "chapter" files.

epub\_version Whether to use version 3 or 2 of EPUB.

md\_extensions A character string of Pandoc Markdown extensions.

pandoc\_args A vector of additional Pandoc arguments.

template Pandoc template to use for rendering. Pass "default" to use Pandoc's built-in

template; pass a path to use a custom template. The default pandoc template should be sufficient for most use cases. In case you want to develop a custom template, we highly recommend to start from the default EPUB templates at

https://github.com/jgm/pandoc-templates/.

## Note

Figure/table numbers cannot be generated if sections are not numbered (number\_sections = FALSE).

gitbook The GitBook output format

## Description

This output format function ported a style provided by GitBook (https://www.gitbook.com) for R Markdown.

6 gitbook

## Usage

```
gitbook(
  fig_caption = TRUE,
  number_sections = TRUE,
  self_contained = FALSE,
  lib_dir = "libs",
  pandoc_args = NULL,
  template = "default",
 split_by = c("chapter", "chapter+number", "section", "section+number", "rmd", "none"),
  split_bib = TRUE,
  config = list(),
  table_css = TRUE
)
```

### **Arguments**

fig\_caption, number\_sections, self\_contained, lib\_dir, pandoc\_args ... Arguments to be passed to rmarkdown::html\_document() (... not including toc, and theme).

Other arguments to be passed to base\_format. For html\_book() and tufte\_html\_book(),

... is passed to html\_chapters().

and '2-1-literature.html'.

Pandoc template to use for rendering. Pass "default" to use the bookdown default template; pass a path to use a custom template. The default template should be sufficient for most use cases. In case you want to develop a custom template, we highly recommend to start from the default template: https://github. com/rstudio/bookdown/blob/master/inst/templates/gitbook.html.

How to name the HTML output files from the book: rmd uses the base filenames of the input Rmd files to create the HTML filenames, e.g. generate 'chapter1.html' for 'chapter1.Rmd'; none means do not split the HTML file (the book will be a single HTML file); chapter means split the file by the first-level headers; section means the second-level headers. For chapter and section, the HTML filenames will be determined by the header ID's, e.g. the filename for the first chapter with a chapter title # Introduction will be 'introduction.html'; for chapter+number and section+number, the chapter/section numbers will be prepended to the HTML filenames, e.g. '1-introduction.html'

Whether to split the bibliography onto separate pages where the citations are actually used.

A list of configuration options for the gitbook style, such as the font/theme set-

TRUE to load gitbook's default CSS for tables. Choose FALSE to unload and use customized CSS (for exmaple, bootstrap) via the css option. Default is TRUE.

template

split\_by

split\_bib

config

table\_css

html\_chapters 7

html\_chapters

Build book chapters into separate HTML files

#### **Description**

Split the HTML output into chapters while updating relative links (e.g. links in TOC, footnotes, citations, figure/table cross-references, and so on). Functions html\_book() and tufte\_html\_book() are simple wrapper functions of html\_chapter() using a specific base output format.

## Usage

```
html_chapters(
  toc = TRUE,
  number_sections = TRUE,
  fig_caption = TRUE,
  lib_dir = "libs",
  template = bookdown_file("templates/default.html"),
  pandoc_args = NULL,
  ...,
  base_format = rmarkdown::html_document,
  split_bib = TRUE,
  page_builder = build_chapter,
  split_by = c("section+number", "section", "chapter+number", "chapter", "rmd", "none")
)
html_book(...)

tufte_html_book(...)
```

#### **Arguments**

toc, number\_sections, fig\_caption, lib\_dir, template, pandoc\_args See rmarkdown::html\_document, tufte::tufte\_html, or the documentation of the base\_format function. Other arguments to be passed to base\_format. For html\_book() and tufte\_html\_book(), . . . ... is passed to html\_chapters(). base\_format An output format function to be used as the base format. Whether to split the bibliography onto separate pages where the citations are split\_bib actually used. page\_builder A function to combine different parts of a chapter into a page (an HTML character vector). See build\_chapter for the specification of this function. split\_by How to name the HTML output files from the book: rmd uses the base filenames of the input Rmd files to create the HTML filenames, e.g. generate 'chapter1.html' for 'chapter1.Rmd'; none means do not split the HTML file (the book will be a single HTML file); chapter means split the file by

8 html\_document2

the first-level headers; section means the second-level headers. For chapter and section, the HTML filenames will be determined by the header ID's, e.g. the filename for the first chapter with a chapter title # Introduction will be 'introduction.html'; for chapter+number and section+number, the chapter/section numbers will be prepended to the HTML filenames, e.g. '1-introduction.html' and '2-1-literature.html'.

## Value

An R Markdown output format object to be passed to bookdown::render\_book().

#### Note

These functions are expected to be used in conjunction with render\_book(). It is almost meaningless if they are used with rmarkdown::render(). Functions like html\_document2 are designed to work with the latter.

If you want to use a different template, the template must contain three pairs of HTML comments: '<!--bookdown:title:start-->' and '<!--bookdown:title:end-->' to mark the title section of the book (this section will be placed only on the first page of the rendered book); '<!--bookdown:toc:start-->' and '<!--bookdown:toc:end-->' to mark the table of contents section (it will be placed on all chapter pages); '<!--bookdown:body:start-->' and '<!--bookdown:body:end-->' to mark the HTML body of the book (the HTML body will be split into separate pages for chapters). You may open the default HTML template (bookdown::bookdown\_file('templates/default.html')) to see where these comments were inserted.

html\_document2

Output formats that allow numbering and cross-referencing figures/tables/equations

# Description

These are simple wrappers of the output format functions like rmarkdown::html\_document(), and they added the capability of numbering figures/tables/equations/theorems and cross-referencing them. See References for the syntax. Note you can also cross-reference sections by their ID's using the same syntax when sections are numbered. In case you want to enable cross reference in other formats, use markdown\_document2 with base\_format argument.

## Usage

```
html_document2(
    ...,
    number_sections = TRUE,
    pandoc_args = NULL,
    base_format = rmarkdown::html_document
)
html_fragment2(..., number_sections = FALSE)
```

html\_document2

```
html_notebook2(..., number_sections = FALSE)
html_vignette2(..., number_sections = FALSE)
ioslides_presentation2(..., number_sections = FALSE)
slidy_presentation2(..., number_sections = FALSE)
tufte_html2(..., number_sections = FALSE)
pdf_document2(...)
beamer_presentation2(..., number_sections = FALSE)
tufte_handout2(...)
tufte_book2(...)
markdown_document2(
  fig_caption = TRUE,
 md_extensions = NULL,
 pandoc_args = NULL,
 base_format = rmarkdown::md_document
)
context_document2(...)
github_document2(...)
odt_document2(...)
powerpoint_presentation2(...)
rtf_document2(...)
word_document2(...)
```

### Arguments

..., fig\_caption, md\_extensions, pandoc\_args

Arguments to be passed to a specific output format function. For a function foo2(), its arguments are passed to foo(), e.g. ... of html\_document2() are passed to rmarkdown::html\_document().

number\_sections

Whether to number section headers: if TRUE, figure/table numbers will be of the form X.i, where X is the current first-level section number, and i is an incremental number (the i-th figure/table); if FALSE, figures/tables will be numbered

10 kindlegen

sequentially in the document from 1, 2, ..., and you cannot cross-reference sec-

tion headers in this case.

base\_format An output format function to be used as the base format.

## Value

An R Markdown output format object to be passed to rmarkdown::render().

#### Note

These function are expected to work with a single R Markdown document instead of multiple documents of a book, so they are to be passed to rmarkdown::render() instead of bookdown::render\_book(). The functions 'tufte\_\*()' are wrappers of funtions in the **tufte** package.

## References

https://bookdown.org/yihui/bookdown/

kindlegen

A wrapper function to convert EPUB to the Mobipocket format

# Description

This function simply calls the command line tool kindlegen provided by Amazon to convert EPUB e-books to the Mobipocket format ('.mobi').

## Usage

```
kindlegen(epub, exec = Sys.which("kindlegen"))
```

# **Arguments**

epub The path to a .epub file (e.g. created from the epub\_book() format). If missing,

it is automatically guessed from the book configurations.

exec The path to the executable kindlegen, which can be downloaded from <a href="http://http:

//www.amazon.com/gp/feature.html?ie=UTF8&docId=1000765211.

## Value

The path of the '.mobi' file if the conversion is successful.

pdf\_book 11

|--|

## Description

Convert R Markdown files to PDF after resolving the special tokens of **bookdown** (e.g., the tokens for references and labels) to native LaTeX commands.

## Usage

```
pdf_book(
   toc = TRUE,
   number_sections = TRUE,
   fig_caption = TRUE,
   pandoc_args = NULL,
   ...,
   base_format = rmarkdown::pdf_document,
   toc_unnumbered = TRUE,
   toc_appendix = FALSE,
   toc_bib = FALSE,
   quote_footer = NULL,
   highlight_bw = FALSE
)
```

## **Arguments**

```
toc, number_sections, fig_caption, pandoc_args
                  See rmarkdown::pdf_document, or the documentation of the base_format
                  function.
                  Other arguments to be passed to base_format.
base_format
                  An output format function to be used as the base format.
toc_unnumbered
                  Whether to add unnumberred headers to the table of contents.
toc_appendix
                  Whether to add the appendix to the table of contents.
toc_bib
                  Whether to add the bibliography section to the table of contents.
quote_footer
                  If a character vector of length 2 and the quote footer starts with three dashes
                  ('---'), quote_footer[1] will be prepended to the footer, and quote_footer[2]
                  will be appended; if NULL, the quote footer will not be processed.
                  Whether to convert colors for syntax highlighting to black-and-white (grayscale).
highlight_bw
```

## **Details**

This function is based on rmarkdown::pdf\_document (by default) with better default arguments. You can also change the default format to other LaTeX/PDF format functions using the base\_format argument.

publish\_book

The global R option bookdown.post.latex can be set to a function to post-process the LaTeX output. This function takes the character vector of the LaTeX output as its input argument, and should return a character vector to be written to the '.tex' output file. This gives you full power to post-process the LaTeX output.

# Note

This output format can only be used with render\_book().

publish\_book

Publish a book to the web

# Description

Publish a book to the web. Note that you should be sure to render all versions of the book before publishing, unless you have specified render = TRUE.

# Usage

```
publish_book(
  name = NULL,
  account = NULL,
  server = NULL,
  render = c("none", "local", "server")
)
```

# Arguments

name	Name of the book (this will be used in the URL path of the published book). Defaults to the book_filename in _bookdown.yml if not specified.
account	Account name to publish to. Will default to any previously published to account or any single account already associated with server.
server	Server to publish to (by default beta.rstudioconnect.com but any RStudio Connect server can be published to).
render	Rendering behavior for site: "none" to upload a static version of the current contents of the site directory; "local" to render the site locally then upload it; "server" to render the site on the server. Note that for "none" and "local" R scripts (.R) and markdown documents (.Rmd and .md) will not be uploaded to the server.

render\_book 13

render\_book

Render multiple R Markdown documents into a book

## **Description**

Render multiple R Markdown files under the current working directory into a book. It can be used in the RStudio IDE (specifically, the knit field in YAML). The preview\_chapter() function is a wrapper of render\_book(preview = TRUE).

## Usage

```
render_book(
  input,
  output_format = NULL,
  ...,
  clean = TRUE,
  envir = parent.frame(),
  clean_envir = !interactive(),
  output_dir = NULL,
  new_session = NA,
  preview = FALSE,
  config_file = "_bookdown.yml"
)

preview_chapter(..., envir = parent.frame())
```

## **Arguments**

input	An input filename	(or multiple filenames)	) If preview = TRUE	only files speci-
Input	An input inchaine	(or muniple menames	). II pi cview - inol	, omy mes speci-

fied in this argument are rendered, otherwise all R Markdown files specified by

the book are rendered.

output\_format, ..., clean, envir

Arguments to be passed to rmarkdown::render(). For preview\_chapter(),

... is passed to render\_book().

clean\_envir Whether to clean up the environment envir before rendering the book. By

default, the environment is cleaned when rendering the book in a non-interactive

R session.

output\_dir The output directory. If NULL, a field named output\_dir in the configuration

file '\_bookdown.yml' will be used (possibly not specified, either, in which case

a directory name '\_book' will be used).

new\_session Whether to use new R sessions to compile individual Rmd files (if not provided,

the value of the new\_session option in '\_bookdown.yml' is used; if this is also

not provided, new\_session = FALSE).

preview Whether to render and preview the input files specified by the input argument.

Previewing a certain chapter may save compilation time as you actively work on this chapter, but the output may not be accurate (e.g. cross-references to other

chapters will not work).

14 serve\_book

```
config_file The book configuration file.
```

## **Details**

There are two ways to render a book from Rmd files. The default way (new\_session = FALSE) is to merge Rmd files into a single file and render this file. You can also choose to render each individual Rmd file in a new R session (new\_session = TRUE).

# Examples

```
# see https://bookdown.org/yihui/bookdown for the full documentation
if (file.exists("index.Rmd")) bookdown::render_book("index.Rmd")
```

serve\_book

Continously preview the HTML output of a book using the **servr** package

# **Description**

When any files are modified or added to the book directory, the book will be automatically recompiled, and the current HTML page in the browser will be refreshed. This function is based on servr::httw() to continuously watch a directory.

## Usage

```
serve_book(
   dir = ".",
   output_dir = "_book",
   preview = TRUE,
   in_session = TRUE,
   quiet = FALSE,
   ...
)
```

# Arguments

dir	The root directory of the book (containing the Rmd source files).
output_dir	The directory for output files; see render_book().
preview	Whether to render the modified/added chapters only, or the whole book; see render_book().
in_session	Whether to compile the book using the current R session, or always open a new R session to compile the book whenever changes occur in the book directory.
quiet	Whether to suppress output (e.g., the knitting progress) in the console.
•••	Other arguments passed to servr::httw() (not including the handler argument, which has been set internally).

serve\_book 15

## **Details**

For in\_session = TRUE, you will have access to all objects created in the book in the current R session: if you use a daemonized server (via the argument daemon = TRUE), you can check the objects at any time when the current R session is not busy; otherwise you will have to stop the server before you can check the objects. This can be useful when you need to interactively explore the R objects in the book. The downside of in\_session = TRUE is that the output may be different with the book compiled from a fresh R session, because the state of the current R session may not be clean.

For in\_sesion = FALSE, you do not have access to objects in the book from the current R session, but the output is more likely to be reproducible since everything is created from new R sessions. Since this function is only for previewing purposes, the cleanness of the R session may not be a big concern. You may choose in\_session = TRUE or FALSE depending on your specific applications. Eventually, you should run render\_book() from a fresh R session to generate a reliable copy of the book output.

# **Index**

```
beamer_presentation2 (html_document2), 8
                                                rtf_document2 (html_document2), 8
bookdown_site, 3
                                                 serve_book, 14
build_chapter, 7
                                                slidy_presentation2 (html_document2), 8
calibre, 3
                                                 tufte_book2 (html_document2), 8
clean_book, 4
                                                 tufte_handout2 (html_document2), 8
context_document2 (html_document2), 8
                                                 tufte_html, 7
                                                 tufte_html2 (html_document2), 8
epub_book, 4, 10
                                                 tufte_html_book (html_chapters), 7
gitbook, 5
                                                word_document2 (html_document2), 8
github_document2 (html_document2), 8
html_book (html_chapters), 7
html_chapters, 7
html_document, 6-8
html_document2, 8, 8
html_fragment2 (html_document2), 8
html_notebook2 (html_document2), 8
html_vignette2 (html_document2), 8
httw, 14
ioslides_presentation2
        (html_document2), 8
kindlegen, 10
markdown_document2 (html_document2), 8
odt_document2 (html_document2), 8
pdf_book, 11
pdf_document, 11
pdf_document2 (html_document2), 8
powerpoint_presentation2
        (html_document2), 8
preview_chapter (render_book), 13
publish_book, 12
render, 10, 13
render_book, 8, 12, 13, 14
```