

Package ‘bnpmr’

April 7, 2018

Type Package

Title Bayesian Monotonic Nonparametric Regression

Version 1.2

Date 2018-04-07

Author Bjoern Bornkamp

Maintainer Bjoern Bornkamp <bbnkmp@gmail.com>

Description Implements the Bayesian nonparametric monotonic regression
method described in Bornkamp & Ickstadt (2009), Biometrics, 65, 198-205.

License GPL

LazyLoad yes

NeedsCompilation yes

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2018-04-07 06:50:00 UTC

R topics documented:

bnpmr-package	1
bnpmr	2
pred.bnpmr	4
ptsp	5

Index

7

bnpmr-package *Monotonic Regression*

Description

Implements the Bayesian monotonic regression method described in Bornkamp and Ickstadt (2009)

Details

Package:	bnpmr
Type:	Package
Version:	1.2
Date:	2018-04-07
License:	GPL
LazyLoad:	yes

Author(s)

Bjoern Bornkamp
 Maintainer: Bjoern Bornkamp <bbnkmp@gmail.com>

References

Bornkamp, B., Ickstadt, K. (2009). Bayesian nonparametric estimation of continuous monotone functions with applications to dose-response analysis. *Biometrics*, 65, 198-205.

See Also

[pred.bnpmr](#), [bnpmr](#)

[bnpmr](#)

Monotonic regression

Description

Bayesian monotonic regression as described in Bornkamp and Ickstadt (2009).

Usage

```
bnpmr(y, x, prior = NULL, start = NULL, niter = 10000, pMoves = NULL,
      thin = 1, burnIn = 0, prop = NULL, seed = 1, size = 50)
```

Arguments

- y vector of dependent values
- x vector of independent values (the code internally standardizes x to [0,1])
- prior A list specifying prior parameters
 V, m, d, a - as defined in Biometrics paper p. 201 by default the noninformative choice of eqn (6) is chosen.
 vL, vU - lower and upper bound for uniform distribution of nu
 la, lb - alpha, beta parameter of beta prior for m (the TSP distribution mode)
 $alpha$ - prior parameter for Dirichlet distribution (called gamma in the Biometrics paper)

	lambda - prior parameter for truncated Poisson distr
start	starting values for nJ: number of components jl: modes of TSP distributions (called m in the Biometrics paper see eqn (5)) jv: called nu in the Biometrics paper (eqn (5)) jh: weights of the components (sum to 1) called w_i in the Biometrics paper
niter,burnIn,thin	number of iterations, thinning and burn-in
pMoves	probabilities for the different move types
prop	
seed	
size	size of the vectors in C++ code (all vectors only have finite size determined by size)

Value

A list with entries (among others)
 dimcount - posterior simulations of number of components
 jl - posterior sims of m
 jv - posterior sims of nu
 jh - posterior sims of w
 beta - posterior sims of beta vector
 s2 - posterior sims of s**2

Author(s)

Bjoern Bornkamp

References

Bornkamp, B. and Ickstadt, K. (2009). Bayesian Nonparametric Estimation of Continuous Monotone Functions with Applications to DoseResponse Analysis. *Biometrics*, 65, 198-205

See Also

[pred.bnpmr](#)

Examples

```
#####
## example 1
## generate some example data
x <- seq(0,1,length=100)
y <- 2+3*x/(0.05+x)+rnorm(100, 0, 1)
## run bnpmr function (with "default" parameters and priors)
res <- bnpmr(y, x)
```

```

sq <- seq(0,1,length=101)
aa <- pred.bnpmr(sq, res)
out005 <- apply(aa, 2, quantile, prob = 0.05)
out050 <- apply(aa, 2, median)
out095 <- apply(aa, 2, quantile, prob = 0.95)
## plot result
plot(x,y)
lines(sq, out005)
lines(sq, out050)
lines(sq, out095)
curve(2+3*x/(x+0.05), add=TRUE, col=2)

#####
## example 2 with a sparse dose-design
## closer to what we actually see in pharmaceutical dose-finding trials
x <- rep(c(0,0.05,0.2,0.6,1), each = 10)
y <- 2+3*x^5/(0.05^5+x^5)+rnorm(length(x), 0, 1)

res <- bnpmr(y, x)
sq <- seq(0,1,length=101)
aa <- pred.bnpmr(sq, res)
out005 <- apply(aa, 2, quantile, prob = 0.05)
out050 <- apply(aa, 2, median)
out095 <- apply(aa, 2, quantile, prob = 0.95)

plot(x,y, ylim = c(0,8))
lines(sq, out005)
lines(sq, out050)
lines(sq, out095)
curve(2+3*x^5/(x^5+0.05^5), add=TRUE, col=2)

#### now reanalyse using different prior
## use prior that says placebo response = 0 with small uncertainty
## (just to check code)
V <- matrix(c(0.01,0,0,10), nrow=2)
prior <- list(alpha = 1, lambda = 0.5, m = c(0, 1), V=V, a=3.6, d=4, la=1,lb=2)
res2 <- bnpmr(y, x, prior = prior)
aa <- pred.bnpmr(sq, res2)
out005 <- apply(aa, 2, quantile, prob = 0.05)
out050 <- apply(aa, 2, median)
out095 <- apply(aa, 2, quantile, prob = 0.95)
lines(sq, out005, col = "green")
lines(sq, out050, col = "green")
lines(sq, out095, col = "green")

```

Description

Predict Bayesian monotonic regression object

Usage

```
pred.bnpmr(x, res)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|-----|--|
| x | where to predict the function (should be a vector with entries in [0,1]) |
| res | the output of the bnpmr function |

Value

A matrix containing the function simulations in the rows.

Author(s)

Bjoern Bornkamp

See Also

[bnpmr](#)

ptsp

Distribution function of the two-sided power distribution

Description

Distribution function of the two-sided power distribution

Usage

```
ptsp(x, m, n)
```

Arguments

- | | |
|------|--|
| x | Vector of numeric values in [0,1] |
| m, n | Distribution parameters, m is the mode of the distribution |

Author(s)

Bjoern Bornkamp

References

van Dorp, R. and Kotz, S. (2002) The standard two-sided power distribution and its properties. *The American Statistician*, 56, 90-99

Examples

```
curve(ptsp(x, 0.5, 1), 0, 1)
curve(ptsp(x, 0.5, 2), 0, 1, add = TRUE)
curve(ptsp(x, 0.5, 5), 0, 1, add = TRUE)
curve(ptsp(x, 0.5, 10), 0, 1, add = TRUE)
```

Index

*Topic **models**

bnpmr, [2](#)

pred.bnpmr, [4](#)

ptsp, [5](#)

*Topic **package**

bnpmr-package, [1](#)

bnpmr, [2](#), [2](#), [5](#)

bnpmr-package, [1](#)

checkArgs (**bnpmr-package**), [1](#)

getPrior (**bnpmr-package**), [1](#)

getProp (**bnpmr-package**), [1](#)

pred.bnpmr, [2](#), [3](#), [4](#)

ptsp, [5](#)