

Package ‘TestDesign’

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Type Package

Title Optimal Test Design Approach to Fixed and Adaptive Test Construction

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Description Use the optimal test design approach by Birnbaum (1968, ISBN:9781593119348) and van der Linden (2018) <doi:10.1201/9781315117430> in constructing fixed and adaptive tests. Supports the following mixed-integer programming (MIP) solver packages: 'Ipsymphony', 'Rsymphony', 'gurobi', 'lpSolve', and 'Rglpk'. The 'gurobi' package is not available from CRAN; see <<https://www.gurobi.com/downloads>>. See vignette for installing 'Rsymphony' package on Mac systems.

URL <https://github.com/choi-phd/TestDesign>

BugReports <https://github.com/choi-phd/TestDesign/issues>

License GPL (>= 2)

Depends R (>= 2.10)

biocViews

Imports Rcpp (>= 1.0.0), methods, Matrix, lpSolve, foreach, logitnorm, Rdpack, crayon

Suggests Ipsymphony, Rsymphony, gurobi, Rglpk, shiny, shinythemes, shinyWidgets, shinyjs, DT, knitr, rmarkdown, kableExtra, testthat (>= 2.1.0)

LinkingTo Rcpp

RoxygenNote 7.0.2

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

RdMacros Rdpack

VignetteBuilder knitr

Collate 'RcppExports.R' 'import.R' 'item_class.R' 'item_functions.R'
 'loading_functions.R' 'static_class.R' 'shadow_class.R'
 'static_functions.R' 'shadow_functions.R' 'datasets.R'
 'solver_functions.R' 'helper_functions.R' 'runshiny.R'

NeedsCompilation yes

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addTrans

Add transparency to color

Description

Add transparency to color.

Usage

addTrans(color, alpha)

Arguments

| | |
|-------|--|
| color | A vector of color names or RGB color codes. |
| alpha | A vector of integers between 0 and 255 (0 = fully transparent, 255 = fully visible). |

| | |
|----------------|--|
| array_info_1pl | <i>Calculate Fisher information at multiple thetas (1PL)</i> |
|----------------|--|

Description

Calculate the Fisher information at theta values according to the 1PL model.

Usage

```
array_info_1pl(x, b)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| x | Numeric. A vector of theta values. |
| b | Numeric. A difficulty parameter value. |

References

Rasch G (1960). *Probabilistic models for some intelligence and attainment tests*. Copenhagen: Danish Institute for Educational Research.

| | |
|----------------|--|
| array_info_2pl | <i>Calculate Fisher information at multiple thetas (2PL)</i> |
|----------------|--|

Description

Calculate the Fisher information at theta values according to the 2PL model.

Usage

```
array_info_2pl(x, a, b)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| x | Numeric. A vector of theta values. |
| a | Numeric. A slope parameter value. |
| b | Numeric. A difficulty parameter value. |

References

Lord FM (1952). "A theory of test scores." *Psychometric Monograph*, 7.

Birnbaum A (1957). "Efficient design and use of tests of mental ability for various decision-making problems (Series Report No. 58-16. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

Birnbaum A (1958). "On the estimation of mental ability (Series Report No. 15. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

Birnbaum A (1958). "Further considerations of efficiency in tests of a mental ability (Series Report No. 17. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

array_info_3pl

Calculate Fisher information at multiple thetas (3PL)

Description

Calculate the Fisher information at theta values according to the 3PL model.

Usage

```
array_info_3pl(x, a, b, c)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| x | Numeric. A vector of theta values. |
| a | Numeric. A slope parameter value. |
| b | Numeric. A difficulty parameter value. |
| c | Numeric. A guessing parameter value. |

References

Birnbaum A (1968). "Some latent trait models and their use in inferring an examinee's ability." In Lord FM, Novick MR (eds.), *Statistical Theories of Mental Test Scores*, 397–479. Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA.

| | |
|----------------|--|
| array_info_gpc | <i>Calculate Fisher information at multiple thetas (GPC)</i> |
|----------------|--|

Description

Calculate the Fisher information at theta values according to the generalized partial credit model.

Usage

```
array_info_gpc(x, a, b)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| x | Numeric. A vector of theta values. |
| a | Numeric. A slope parameter value. |
| b | Numeric. A vector of threshold parameter values. |

References

Muraki E (1992). "A generalized partial credit model: Application of an EM algorithm." *Applied Psychological Measurement*, **16**(2), 159–176.

| | |
|---------------|---|
| array_info_gr | <i>Calculate Fisher information at multiple thetas (GR)</i> |
|---------------|---|

Description

Calculate the Fisher information at theta values according to the graded response model.

Usage

```
array_info_gr(x, a, b)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| x | Numeric. A vector of theta values. |
| a | Numeric. A slope parameter value. |
| b | Numeric. A vector of category boundary parameter values. |

References

Samejima F (1969). "Estimation of latent ability using a response pattern of graded scores." *Psychometrika Monograph*, **17**.

`array_info_pc`*Calculate Fisher information at multiple thetas (PC)*

Description

Calculate the Fisher information at theta values according to the partial credit model.

Usage

```
array_info_pc(x, b)
```

Arguments

x Numeric. A vector of theta values.
b Numeric. A vector of threshold parameter values.

References

Masters GN (1982). "A Rasch model for partial credit scoring." *Psychometrika*, **47**(2), 149–174.
Andrich D (1978). "A rating formulation for ordered response categories." *Psychometrika*, **43**(4), 561–573.

`array_p_1pl`*Calculate probability at multiple thetas (1PL)*

Description

Calculate the probability of correct response at theta values, under the 1PL model.

Usage

```
array_p_1pl(x, b)
```

Arguments

x Numeric. A vector of theta values.
b Numeric. A difficulty parameter value.

References

Rasch G (1960). *Probabilistic models for some intelligence and attainment tests*. Copenhagen: Danish Institute for Educational Research.

array_p_2pl

Calculate probability at multiple thetas (2PL)

Description

Calculate the probability of correct response at theta values, under the 2PL model.

Usage

array_p_2pl(x, a, b)

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| x | Numeric. A vector of theta values. |
| a | Numeric. A slope parameter value. |
| b | Numeric. A difficulty parameter value. |

References

Lord FM (1952). "A theory of test scores." *Psychometric Monograph*, 7.

Birnbaum A (1957). "Efficient design and use of tests of mental ability for various decision-making problems (Series Report No. 58-16. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

Birnbaum A (1958). "On the estimation of mental ability (Series Report No. 15. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

Birnbaum A (1958). "Further considerations of efficiency in tests of a mental ability (Series Report No. 17. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

array_p_3pl

Calculate probability at multiple thetas (3PL)

Description

Calculate the probability of correct response at theta values, under the 3PL model.

Usage

array_p_3pl(x, a, b, c)

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| x | Numeric. A vector of theta values. |
| a | Numeric. A slope parameter value. |
| b | Numeric. A difficulty parameter value. |
| c | Numeric. A guessing parameter value. |

References

Birnbaum A (1968). "Some latent trait models and their use in inferring an examinee's ability." In Lord FM, Novick MR (eds.), *Statistical Theories of Mental Test Scores*, 397–479. Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA.

| | |
|-------------|---|
| array_p_gpc | <i>Calculate probability at multiple thetas (GPC)</i> |
|-------------|---|

Description

Calculate the probability of correct response at theta values, under the generalized partial credit model.

Usage

```
array_p_gpc(x, a, b)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| x | Numeric. A vector of theta values. |
| a | Numeric. A slope parameter value. |
| b | Numeric. A vector of threshold parameter values. |

References

Muraki E (1992). "A generalized partial credit model: Application of an EM algorithm." *Applied Psychological Measurement*, **16**(2), 159–176.

| | |
|------------|--|
| array_p_gr | <i>Calculate probability at multiple thetas (GR)</i> |
|------------|--|

Description

Calculate the probability of correct response at theta values, under the graded response model.

Usage

```
array_p_gr(x, a, b)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| x | Numeric. A vector of theta values. |
| a | Numeric. A slope parameter value. |
| b | Numeric. A vector of category boundary parameter values. |

References

Samejima F (1969). “Estimation of latent ability using a response pattern of graded scores.” *Psychometrika Monograph*, **17**.

| | |
|------------|--|
| array_p_pc | <i>Calculate probability at multiple thetas (PC)</i> |
|------------|--|

Description

Calculate the probability of correct response at theta values, under the partial credit model.

Usage

```
array_p_pc(x, b)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| x | Numeric. A vector of theta values. |
| b | Numeric. A vector of threshold parameter values. |

References

Masters GN (1982). “A Rasch model for partial credit scoring.” *Psychometrika*, **47**(2), 149–174.

Andrich D (1978). “A rating formulation for ordered response categories.” *Psychometrika*, **43**(4), 561–573.

| | |
|------------------|--------------------------|
| buildConstraints | <i>Build constraints</i> |
|------------------|--------------------------|

Description

Read constraints from specified files.

Usage

```
buildConstraints(  
  pool,  
  file_constraints,  
  file_item_attrib,  
  file_st_attrib = NULL  
)
```

Arguments

pool An item_pool object. Use [loadItemPool](#) for this.
file_constraints Character. The name of the file containing constraint specifications.
file_item_attrib Character. The name of the file containing item attributes.
file_st_attrib (Optional) Character. The name of the file containing set attributes.

Value

A list containing the parsed constraints, to be used in [Static](#) and [Shadow](#).

Examples

```

## Write to tempdir() and clean afterwards
f1 <- file.path(tempdir(), "constraints_science.csv")
write.csv(constraints_science_raw, f1, row.names = FALSE)
f2 <- file.path(tempdir(), "itemattrib_science.csv")
write.csv(itemattrib_science_raw, f2, row.names = FALSE)

constraints <- buildConstraints(itempool_science, f1, f2)

file.remove(f1)
file.remove(f2)

```

 calcDerivative

Calculate first derivative

Description

An S4 generic and its methods to calculate the first derivative of the probability function.

Usage

```

calcDerivative(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_1PL,numeric'
calcDerivative(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_2PL,numeric'
calcDerivative(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_3PL,numeric'
calcDerivative(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_PC,numeric'

```

```
calcDerivative(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_GPC,numeric'
calcDerivative(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_GR,numeric'
calcDerivative(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_pool,numeric'
calcDerivative(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'pool_cluster,numeric'
calcDerivative(object, theta)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| object | An instance of an item class. |
| theta | A vector of theta values. |

Value

First derivative values.

References

- Rasch G (1960). *Probabilistic models for some intelligence and attainment tests*. Copenhagen: Danish Institute for Educational Research.
- Lord FM (1952). "A theory of test scores." *Psychometric Monograph*, **7**.
- Birnbaum A (1957). "Efficient design and use of tests of mental ability for various decision-making problems (Series Report No. 58-16. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1958). "On the estimation of mental ability (Series Report No. 15. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1958). "Further considerations of efficiency in tests of a mental ability (Series Report No. 17. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1968). "Some latent trait models and their use in inferring an examinee's ability." In Lord FM, Novick MR (eds.), *Statistical Theories of Mental Test Scores*, 397–479. Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA.
- Masters GN (1982). "A Rasch model for partial credit scoring." *Psychometrika*, **47**(2), 149–174.
- Andrich D (1978). "A rating formulation for ordered response categories." *Psychometrika*, **43**(4), 561–573.
- Muraki E (1992). "A generalized partial credit model: Application of an EM algorithm." *Applied Psychological Measurement*, **16**(2), 159–176.
- Samejima F (1969). "Estimation of latent ability using a response pattern of graded scores." *Psychometrika Monograph*, **17**.

Examples

```

item_1 <- new("item_1PL", difficulty = 0.5)
d.item_1 <- calcDerivative(item_1, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_2 <- new("item_2PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5)
d.item_2 <- calcDerivative(item_2, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_3 <- new("item_3PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5, guessing = 0.2)
d.item_3 <- calcDerivative(item_3, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_4 <- new("item_PC", threshold = c(-1, 0, 1), ncat = 4)
d.item_4 <- calcDerivative(item_4, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_5 <- new("item_GPC", slope = 1.2, threshold = c(-0.8, -1.0, 0.5), ncat = 4)
d.item_5 <- calcDerivative(item_5, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_6 <- new("item_GR", slope = 0.9, category = c(-1, 0, 1), ncat = 4)
d.item_6 <- calcDerivative(item_6, seq(-3, 3, 1))
d_itempool <- calcDerivative(itempool_science, seq(-3, 3, 1))

```

calcDerivative2

Calculate second derivative

Description

An S4 generic and its methods to calculate the second derivative of the probability function.

Usage

```

calcDerivative2(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_1PL,numeric'
calcDerivative2(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_2PL,numeric'
calcDerivative2(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_3PL,numeric'
calcDerivative2(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_PC,numeric'
calcDerivative2(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_GPC,numeric'
calcDerivative2(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_GR,numeric'
calcDerivative2(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_pool,numeric'
calcDerivative2(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'pool_cluster,numeric'
calcDerivative2(object, theta)

```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| object | An instance of an item class. |
| theta | A vector of theta values. |

Value

Second derivative values.

References

- Rasch G (1960). *Probabilistic models for some intelligence and attainment tests*. Copenhagen: Danish Institute for Educational Research.
- Lord FM (1952). "A theory of test scores." *Psychometric Monograph*, **7**.
- Birnbaum A (1957). "Efficient design and use of tests of mental ability for various decision-making problems (Series Report No. 58-16. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1958). "On the estimation of mental ability (Series Report No. 15. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1958). "Further considerations of efficiency in tests of a mental ability (Series Report No. 17. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1968). "Some latent trait models and their use in inferring an examinee's ability." In Lord FM, Novick MR (eds.), *Statistical Theories of Mental Test Scores*, 397–479. Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA.
- Masters GN (1982). "A Rasch model for partial credit scoring." *Psychometrika*, **47**(2), 149–174.
- Andrich D (1978). "A rating formulation for ordered response categories." *Psychometrika*, **43**(4), 561–573.
- Muraki E (1992). "A generalized partial credit model: Application of an EM algorithm." *Applied Psychological Measurement*, **16**(2), 159–176.
- Samejima F (1969). "Estimation of latent ability using a response pattern of graded scores." *Psychometrika Monograph*, **17**.

Examples

```

item_1 <- new("item_1PL", difficulty = 0.5)
dd_item_1 <- calcDerivative2(item_1, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_2 <- new("item_2PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5)
dd_item_2 <- calcDerivative2(item_2, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_3 <- new("item_3PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5, guessing = 0.2)
dd_item_3 <- calcDerivative2(item_3, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_4 <- new("item_PC", threshold = c(-1, 0, 1), ncat = 4)
dd_item_4 <- calcDerivative2(item_4, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_5 <- new("item_GPC", slope = 1.2, threshold = c(-0.8, -1.0, 0.5), ncat = 4)
dd_item_5 <- calcDerivative2(item_5, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_6 <- new("item_GR", slope = 0.9, category = c(-1, 0, 1), ncat = 4)
dd_item_6 <- calcDerivative2(item_6, seq(-3, 3, 1))
dd_itempool <- calcDerivative2(itempool_science, seq(-3, 3, 1))

```

`calcEscore`*Calculate expected scores*

Description

An S4 generic and its methods to calculate expected scores given a vector of thetas for different item classes.

Usage

```
calcEscore(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_1PL,numeric'
calcEscore(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_2PL,numeric'
calcEscore(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_3PL,numeric'
calcEscore(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_PC,numeric'
calcEscore(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_GPC,numeric'
calcEscore(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_GR,numeric'
calcEscore(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_pool,numeric'
calcEscore(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'pool_cluster,numeric'
calcEscore(object, theta)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| <code>object</code> | An instance of an item class. |
| <code>theta</code> | A vector of theta values. |

Value

A vector of expected scores of length `nq` (the number of values on theta grid).

References

- Rasch G (1960). *Probabilistic models for some intelligence and attainment tests*. Copenhagen: Danish Institute for Educational Research.
- Lord FM (1952). "A theory of test scores." *Psychometric Monograph*, **7**.
- Birnbaum A (1957). "Efficient design and use of tests of mental ability for various decision-making problems (Series Report No. 58-16. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1958). "On the estimation of mental ability (Series Report No. 15. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1958). "Further considerations of efficiency in tests of a mental ability (Series Report No. 17. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1968). "Some latent trait models and their use in inferring an examinee's ability." In Lord FM, Novick MR (eds.), *Statistical Theories of Mental Test Scores*, 397–479. Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA.
- Masters GN (1982). "A Rasch model for partial credit scoring." *Psychometrika*, **47**(2), 149–174.
- Andrich D (1978). "A rating formulation for ordered response categories." *Psychometrika*, **43**(4), 561–573.
- Muraki E (1992). "A generalized partial credit model: Application of an EM algorithm." *Applied Psychological Measurement*, **16**(2), 159–176.
- Samejima F (1969). "Estimation of latent ability using a response pattern of graded scores." *Psychometrika Monograph*, **17**.

Examples

```

item_1      <- new("item_1PL", difficulty = 0.5)
ICC_item_1 <- calcEscore(item_1, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_2      <- new("item_2PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5)
ICC_item_2 <- calcEscore(item_2, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_3      <- new("item_3PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5, guessing = 0.2)
ICC_item_3 <- calcEscore(item_3, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_4      <- new("item_PC", threshold = c(-1, 0, 1), ncat = 4)
ICC_item_4 <- calcEscore(item_4, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_5      <- new("item_GPC", slope = 1.2, threshold = c(-0.8, -1.0, 0.5), ncat = 4)
ICC_item_5 <- calcEscore(item_5, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_6      <- new("item_GR", slope = 0.9, category = c(-1, 0, 1), ncat = 4)
ICC_item_6 <- calcEscore(item_6, seq(-3, 3, 1))
TCC_itempool <- calcEscore(itempool_science, seq(-3, 3, 1))

```

calcFisher

Calculate Fisher information

Description

An S4 generic and its methods to calculate Fisher information given a vector of thetas for different item classes.

Usage

```

calcFisher(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_1PL,numeric'
calcFisher(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_2PL,numeric'
calcFisher(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_3PL,numeric'
calcFisher(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_PC,numeric'
calcFisher(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_GPC,numeric'
calcFisher(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_GR,numeric'
calcFisher(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_pool,numeric'
calcFisher(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'pool_cluster,numeric'
calcFisher(object, theta)

```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| object | An instance of an item class. |
| theta | A vector of theta values. |

Value

A vector of Fisher information values over theta (nq values) for a single item or a matrix of dimension (nq, ni) for an "item_pool".

References

- Rasch G (1960). *Probabilistic models for some intelligence and attainment tests*. Copenhagen: Danish Institute for Educational Research.
- Lord FM (1952). "A theory of test scores." *Psychometric Monograph*, 7.
- Birnbaum A (1957). "Efficient design and use of tests of mental ability for various decision-making problems (Series Report No. 58-16. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1958). "On the estimation of mental ability (Series Report No. 15. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

Birnbaum A (1958). "Further considerations of efficiency in tests of a mental ability (Series Report No. 17. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

Birnbaum A (1968). "Some latent trait models and their use in inferring an examinee's ability." In Lord FM, Novick MR (eds.), *Statistical Theories of Mental Test Scores*, 397–479. Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA.

Masters GN (1982). "A Rasch model for partial credit scoring." *Psychometrika*, **47**(2), 149–174.

Andrich D (1978). "A rating formulation for ordered response categories." *Psychometrika*, **43**(4), 561–573.

Muraki E (1992). "A generalized partial credit model: Application of an EM algorithm." *Applied Psychological Measurement*, **16**(2), 159–176.

Samejima F (1969). "Estimation of latent ability using a response pattern of graded scores." *Psychometrika Monograph*, **17**.

Examples

```
item_1      <- new("item_1PL", difficulty = 0.5)
info_item_1 <- calcFisher(item_1, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_2      <- new("item_2PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5)
info_item_2 <- calcFisher(item_2, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_3      <- new("item_3PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5, guessing = 0.2)
info_item_3 <- calcFisher(item_3, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_4      <- new("item_PC", threshold = c(-1, 0, 1), ncat = 4)
info_item_4 <- calcFisher(item_4, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_5      <- new("item_GPC", slope = 1.2, threshold = c(-0.8, -1.0, 0.5), ncat = 4)
info_item_5 <- calcFisher(item_5, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_6      <- new("item_GR", slope = 0.9, category = c(-1, 0, 1), ncat = 4)
info_item_6 <- calcFisher(item_6, seq(-3, 3, 1))
info_itempool <- calcFisher(itempool_science, seq(-3, 3, 1))
```

calcHessian

Calculate second derivative of log-likelihood

Description

An S4 generic and its methods to calculate the second derivative of the log-likelihood function.

Usage

```
calcHessian(object, theta, resp)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'item_1PL,numeric,numeric'
calcHessian(object, theta, resp)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'item_2PL,numeric,numeric'
calcHessian(object, theta, resp)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'item_3PL,numeric,numeric'
```

```

calcHessian(object, theta, resp)

## S4 method for signature 'item_PC,numeric,numeric'
calcHessian(object, theta, resp)

## S4 method for signature 'item_GPC,numeric,numeric'
calcHessian(object, theta, resp)

## S4 method for signature 'item_GR,numeric,numeric'
calcHessian(object, theta, resp)

## S4 method for signature 'item_pool,numeric,numeric'
calcHessian(object, theta, resp)

## S4 method for signature 'pool_cluster,numeric,list'
calcHessian(object, theta, resp)

```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| object | An instance of an item class. |
| theta | A vector of theta values. |
| resp | Response data. |

Value

Second derivative values of log-likelihoods.

References

- Rasch G (1960). *Probabilistic models for some intelligence and attainment tests*. Copenhagen: Danish Institute for Educational Research.
- Lord FM (1952). "A theory of test scores." *Psychometric Monograph*, **7**.
- Birnbaum A (1957). "Efficient design and use of tests of mental ability for various decision-making problems (Series Report No. 58-16. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1958). "On the estimation of mental ability (Series Report No. 15. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1958). "Further considerations of efficiency in tests of a mental ability (Series Report No. 17. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1968). "Some latent trait models and their use in inferring an examinee's ability." In Lord FM, Novick MR (eds.), *Statistical Theories of Mental Test Scores*, 397–479. Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA.
- Masters GN (1982). "A Rasch model for partial credit scoring." *Psychometrika*, **47**(2), 149–174.
- Andrich D (1978). "A rating formulation for ordered response categories." *Psychometrika*, **43**(4), 561–573.

Muraki E (1992). “A generalized partial credit model: Application of an EM algorithm.” *Applied Psychological Measurement*, **16**(2), 159–176.

Samejima F (1969). “Estimation of latent ability using a response pattern of graded scores.” *Psychometrika Monograph*, **17**.

Examples

```

item_1 <- new("item_1PL", difficulty = 0.5)
h_item_1 <- calcHessian(item_1, seq(-3, 3, 1), 0)
item_2 <- new("item_2PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5)
h_item_2 <- calcHessian(item_2, seq(-3, 3, 1), 0)
item_3 <- new("item_3PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5, guessing = 0.2)
h_item_3 <- calcHessian(item_3, seq(-3, 3, 1), 0)
item_4 <- new("item_PC", threshold = c(-1, 0, 1), ncat = 4)
h_item_4 <- calcHessian(item_4, seq(-3, 3, 1), 0)
item_5 <- new("item_GPC", slope = 1.2, threshold = c(-0.8, -1.0, 0.5), ncat = 4)
h_item_5 <- calcHessian(item_5, seq(-3, 3, 1), 0)
item_6 <- new("item_GR", slope = 0.9, category = c(-1, 0, 1), ncat = 4)
h_item_6 <- calcHessian(item_6, seq(-3, 3, 1), 0)
h_itempool <- calcHessian(itempool_science, seq(-3, 3, 1), 0)

```

calcJacobian

Calculate first derivative of log-likelihood

Description

An S4 generic and its methods to calculate the first derivative of the log-likelihood function.

Usage

```
calcJacobian(object, theta, resp)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'item_1PL,numeric,numeric'
calcJacobian(object, theta, resp)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'item_2PL,numeric,numeric'
calcJacobian(object, theta, resp)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'item_3PL,numeric,numeric'
calcJacobian(object, theta, resp)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'item_PC,numeric,numeric'
calcJacobian(object, theta, resp)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'item_GPC,numeric,numeric'
calcJacobian(object, theta, resp)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'item_GR,numeric,numeric'
```

```
calcJacobian(object, theta, resp)

## S4 method for signature 'item_pool,numeric,numeric'
calcJacobian(object, theta, resp)

## S4 method for signature 'pool_cluster,numeric,list'
calcJacobian(object, theta, resp)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| object | An instance of an item class. |
| theta | A vector of theta values. |
| resp | Response data. |

Value

First derivative values of log-likelihoods.

References

- Rasch G (1960). *Probabilistic models for some intelligence and attainment tests*. Copenhagen: Danish Institute for Educational Research.
- Lord FM (1952). "A theory of test scores." *Psychometric Monograph*, **7**.
- Birnbaum A (1957). "Efficient design and use of tests of mental ability for various decision-making problems (Series Report No. 58-16. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1958). "On the estimation of mental ability (Series Report No. 15. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1958). "Further considerations of efficiency in tests of a mental ability (Series Report No. 17. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1968). "Some latent trait models and their use in inferring an examinee's ability." In Lord FM, Novick MR (eds.), *Statistical Theories of Mental Test Scores*, 397–479. Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA.
- Masters GN (1982). "A Rasch model for partial credit scoring." *Psychometrika*, **47**(2), 149–174.
- Andrich D (1978). "A rating formulation for ordered response categories." *Psychometrika*, **43**(4), 561–573.
- Muraki E (1992). "A generalized partial credit model: Application of an EM algorithm." *Applied Psychological Measurement*, **16**(2), 159–176.
- Samejima F (1969). "Estimation of latent ability using a response pattern of graded scores." *Psychometrika Monograph*, **17**.

Examples

```
item_1 <- new("item_1PL", difficulty = 0.5)
j_item_1 <- calcJacobian(item_1, seq(-3, 3, 1), 0)
item_2 <- new("item_2PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5)
```

```

j_item_2 <- calcJacobian(item_2, seq(-3, 3, 1), 0)
item_3   <- new("item_3PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5, guessing = 0.2)
j_item_3 <- calcJacobian(item_3, seq(-3, 3, 1), 0)
item_4   <- new("item_PC", threshold = c(-1, 0, 1), ncat = 4)
j_item_4 <- calcJacobian(item_4, seq(-3, 3, 1), 0)
item_5   <- new("item_GPC", slope = 1.2, threshold = c(-0.8, -1.0, 0.5), ncat = 4)
j_item_5 <- calcJacobian(item_5, seq(-3, 3, 1), 0)
item_6   <- new("item_GR", slope = 0.9, category = c(-1, 0, 1), ncat = 4)
j_item_6 <- calcJacobian(item_6, seq(-3, 3, 1), 0)
j_itempool <- calcJacobian(itempool_science, seq(-3, 3, 1), 0)

```

calcLocation

Calculate item location

Description

An S4 generic and its methods to calculate item location.

Usage

```

calcLocation(object)

## S4 method for signature 'item_1PL'
calcLocation(object)

## S4 method for signature 'item_2PL'
calcLocation(object)

## S4 method for signature 'item_3PL'
calcLocation(object)

## S4 method for signature 'item_PC'
calcLocation(object)

## S4 method for signature 'item_GPC'
calcLocation(object)

## S4 method for signature 'item_GR'
calcLocation(object)

## S4 method for signature 'item_pool'
calcLocation(object)

## S4 method for signature 'pool_cluster'
calcLocation(object)

```

Arguments

object An instance of an item class.

Value

Item location values.

References

Rasch G (1960). *Probabilistic models for some intelligence and attainment tests*. Copenhagen: Danish Institute for Educational Research.

Lord FM (1952). "A theory of test scores." *Psychometric Monograph*, **7**.

Birnbaum A (1957). "Efficient design and use of tests of mental ability for various decision-making problems (Series Report No. 58-16. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

Birnbaum A (1958). "On the estimation of mental ability (Series Report No. 15. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

Birnbaum A (1958). "Further considerations of efficiency in tests of a mental ability (Series Report No. 17. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

Birnbaum A (1968). "Some latent trait models and their use in inferring an examinee's ability." In Lord FM, Novick MR (eds.), *Statistical Theories of Mental Test Scores*, 397–479. Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA.

Masters GN (1982). "A Rasch model for partial credit scoring." *Psychometrika*, **47**(2), 149–174.

Andrich D (1978). "A rating formulation for ordered response categories." *Psychometrika*, **43**(4), 561–573.

Muraki E (1992). "A generalized partial credit model: Application of an EM algorithm." *Applied Psychological Measurement*, **16**(2), 159–176.

Samejima F (1969). "Estimation of latent ability using a response pattern of graded scores." *Psychometrika Monograph*, **17**.

Examples

```

item_1      <- new("item_1PL", difficulty = 0.5)
theta_item_1 <- calcLocation(item_1)
item_2      <- new("item_2PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5)
theta_item_2 <- calcLocation(item_2)
item_3      <- new("item_3PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5, guessing = 0.2)
theta_item_3 <- calcLocation(item_3)
item_4      <- new("item_PC", threshold = c(-1, 0, 1), ncat = 4)
theta_item_4 <- calcLocation(item_4)
item_5      <- new("item_GPC", slope = 1.2, threshold = c(-0.8, -1.0, 0.5), ncat = 4)
theta_item_5 <- calcLocation(item_5)
item_6      <- new("item_GR", slope = 0.9, category = c(-1, 0, 1), ncat = 4)
theta_item_6 <- calcLocation(item_6)
theta_itempool <- calcLocation(itempool_science)

```

| | |
|----------|--|
| calcProb | <i>Calculate item response probabilities</i> |
|----------|--|

Description

An S4 generic and its methods to calculate item response probabilities for different item classes

Usage

```
calcProb(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_1PL,numeric'
calcProb(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_2PL,numeric'
calcProb(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_3PL,numeric'
calcProb(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_PC,numeric'
calcProb(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_GPC,numeric'
calcProb(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_GR,numeric'
calcProb(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_pool,numeric'
calcProb(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'pool_cluster,numeric'
calcProb(object, theta)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| object | An instance of an item class. |
| theta | A vector of theta values. |

Value

A matrix of probability values with a dimension (nq, ncat) for a single item or a list of matrices for an instance of "item_pool".

References

- Rasch G (1960). *Probabilistic models for some intelligence and attainment tests*. Copenhagen: Danish Institute for Educational Research.
- Lord FM (1952). "A theory of test scores." *Psychometric Monograph*, **7**.
- Birnbaum A (1957). "Efficient design and use of tests of mental ability for various decision-making problems (Series Report No. 58-16. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1958). "On the estimation of mental ability (Series Report No. 15. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1958). "Further considerations of efficiency in tests of a mental ability (Series Report No. 17. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1968). "Some latent trait models and their use in inferring an examinee's ability." In Lord FM, Novick MR (eds.), *Statistical Theories of Mental Test Scores*, 397–479. Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA.
- Masters GN (1982). "A Rasch model for partial credit scoring." *Psychometrika*, **47**(2), 149–174.
- Andrich D (1978). "A rating formulation for ordered response categories." *Psychometrika*, **43**(4), 561–573.
- Muraki E (1992). "A generalized partial credit model: Application of an EM algorithm." *Applied Psychological Measurement*, **16**(2), 159–176.
- Samejima F (1969). "Estimation of latent ability using a response pattern of graded scores." *Psychometrika Monograph*, **17**.

Examples

```

item_1      <- new("item_1PL", difficulty = 0.5)
prob_item_1 <- calcProb(item_1, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_2      <- new("item_2PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5)
prob_item_2 <- calcProb(item_2, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_3      <- new("item_3PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5, guessing = 0.2)
prob_item_3 <- calcProb(item_3, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_4      <- new("item_PC", threshold = c(-1, 0, 1), ncat = 4)
prob_item_4 <- calcProb(item_4, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_5      <- new("item_GPC", slope = 1.2, threshold = c(-0.8, -1.0, 0.5), ncat = 4)
prob_item_5 <- calcProb(item_5, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_6      <- new("item_GR", slope = 0.9, category = c(-1, 0, 1), ncat = 4)
prob_item_6 <- calcProb(item_6, seq(-3, 3, 1))
prob_itempool <- calcProb(itempool_science, seq(-3, 3, 1))

```

calcRP

Find matching theta to supplied probability

Description

Find theta corresponding to a response probability value for each item.

Usage

```
calcRP(object, rp = 0.5, max_iter = 100, conv = 1e-04, start_theta = 0)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| object | An <code>item_pool</code> object. |
| rp | A response probability value. |
| max_iter | A maximum number of iterations. |
| conv | A convergence criterion. |
| start_theta | A starting theta value. |

| | |
|-----------|--|
| calc_info | <i>Calculate the Fisher information matrix for a single theta value and a set of items, potentially with a mixture of different models</i> |
|-----------|--|

Description

Calculate the Fisher information matrix for a single theta value and a set of items, potentially with a mixture of different models

Usage

```
calc_info(x, item_parm, ncat, model)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|---|
| x | Numeric. A single theta value. |
| item_parm | A matrix of item parameters. |
| ncat | A numeric vector of the number of response categories by item. |
| model | A numeric vector indicating the IRT models of each item (1: 1PL, 2: 2PL, 3: 3PL, 4: PC, 5: GPC, 6: GR). |

calc_info_EB *Calculate the Fisher information using empirical Bayes*

Description

Calculate the Fisher information using empirical Bayes.

Usage

```
calc_info_EB(x, item_parm, ncat, model)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|---|
| x | A numeric vector of MCMC sampled theta values. |
| item_parm | A numeric matrix of item parameters. |
| ncat | A numeric vector of the number of response categories by item. |
| model | A numeric vector indicating the IRT models of each item (1: 1PL, 2: 2PL, 3: 3PL, 4: PC, 5: GPC, 6: GR). |

calc_info_FB *Calculate the Fisher information using full Bayesian*

Description

Calculate the Fisher information using full Bayesian.

Usage

```
calc_info_FB(x, items_list, ncat, model, useEAP = FALSE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|---|
| x | A numeric vector of MCMC sampled theta values. |
| items_list | A list of item parameter matrices. |
| ncat | A numeric vector of the number of response categories by item. |
| model | A numeric vector indicating the IRT models of each item (1: 1PL, 2: 2PL, 3: 3PL, 4: PC, 5: GPC, 6: GR). |
| useEAP | TRUE to use the mean of MCMC theta draws. |

| | |
|------------------|--|
| calc_info_matrix | <i>Calculate the Fisher information matrix for a vector of theta values and a set of items, potentially with a mixture of different models</i> |
|------------------|--|

Description

Calculate the Fisher information matrix for a vector of theta values and a set of items, potentially with a mixture of different models

Usage

```
calc_info_matrix(x, item_parm, ncat, model)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|---|
| x | Numeric. A vector of theta values. |
| item_parm | A matrix of item parameters. |
| ncat | A numeric vector of the number of response categories by item. |
| model | A numeric vector indicating the IRT models of each item (1: 1PL, 2: 2PL, 3: 3PL, 4: PC, 5: GPC, 6: GR). |

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| calc_likelihood | <i>Calculate a likelihood value of theta</i> |
|-----------------|--|

Description

Calculate a likelihood value of theta.

Usage

```
calc_likelihood(x, item_parm, resp, ncat, model)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|---|
| x | Numeric. A single theta value. |
| item_parm | A numeric matrix of item parameters. |
| resp | A numeric vector of item responses. |
| ncat | A numeric vector of the number of response categories by item. |
| model | A numeric vector indicating the IRT models of each item (1: 1PL, 2: 2PL, 3: 3PL, 4: PC, 5: GPC, 6: GR). |

calc_likelihood_function

Calculate a likelihood function of theta

Description

Calculate a likelihood function of theta.

Usage

```
calc_likelihood_function(theta_grid, item_parm, resp, ncat, model)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|---|
| theta_grid | An equi-spaced grid of theta values. |
| item_parm | A numeric matrix of item parameters. |
| resp | A numeric vector of item responses. |
| ncat | A numeric vector of the number of response categories by item. |
| model | A numeric vector indicating the IRT models of each item (1: 1PL, 2: 2PL, 3: 3PL, 4: PC, 5: GPC, 6: GR). |

calc_log_likelihood

Calculate a log-likelihood value of theta

Description

Calculate a log-likelihood value of theta.

Usage

```
calc_log_likelihood(x, item_parm, resp, ncat, model, prior, prior_parm)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|---|
| x | A length-one numeric vector for a theta value. |
| item_parm | A numeric matrix of item parameters. |
| resp | A numeric vector of item responses. |
| ncat | A numeric vector of the number of response categories by item. |
| model | A numeric vector indicating the IRT models of each item (1: 1PL, 2: 2PL, 3: 3PL, 4: PC, 5: GPC, 6: GR). |
| prior | The type of prior distribution (1: normal, 2: uniform). |
| prior_parm | A numeric vector of hyperparameters for the prior distribution, c(mu, sigma) or c(ll, ul). |

calc_log_likelihood_function
Calculate a log-likelihood function of theta

Description

Calculate a log-likelihood function of theta.

Usage

```
calc_log_likelihood_function(  
  theta_grid,  
  item_parm,  
  resp,  
  ncat,  
  model,  
  prior,  
  prior_parm  
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|---|
| theta_grid | An equi-spaced grid of theta values. |
| item_parm | A numeric matrix of item parameters. |
| resp | A numeric vector of item responses. |
| ncat | A numeric vector of the number of response categories by item. |
| model | A numeric vector indicating the IRT models of each item (1: 1PL, 2: 2PL, 3: 3PL, 4: PC, 5: GPC, 6: GR). |
| prior | The type of prior distribution (1: normal, 2: uniform). |
| prior_parm | A numeric vector of hyperparameters for the prior distribution, c(mu, sigma) or c(ll, ul). |

calc_MI_FB *Calculate the mutual information using full Bayesian*

Description

Calculate the mutual information using full Bayesian.

Usage

```
calc_MI_FB(x, items_list, ncat, model)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|---|
| x | A numeric vector of MCMC sampled theta values. |
| items_list | A list of item parameter matrices. |
| ncat | A numeric vector of the number of response categories by item. |
| model | A numeric vector indicating the IRT models of each item (1: 1PL, 2: 2PL, 3: 3PL, 4: PC, 5: GPC, 6: GR). |

| | |
|----------------|---|
| calc_posterior | <i>Calculate a posterior value of theta</i> |
|----------------|---|

Description

Calculate a posterior value of theta.

Usage

```
calc_posterior(x, item_parm, resp, ncat, model, prior, prior_parm)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|---|
| x | A length-one numeric vector for a theta value. |
| item_parm | A numeric matrix of item parameters. |
| resp | A numeric vector of item responses. |
| ncat | A numeric vector of the number of response categories by item. |
| model | A numeric vector indicating the IRT models of each item (1: 1PL, 2: 2PL, 3: 3PL, 4: PC, 5: GPC, 6: GR). |
| prior | The type of prior distribution (1: normal, 2: uniform). |
| prior_parm | A numeric vector of hyperparameters for the prior distribution, c(mu, sigma) or c(ll, ul). |

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| calc_posterior_function | <i>Calculate a posterior distribution of theta</i> |
|-------------------------|--|

Description

Calculate a posterior distribution of theta.

Usage

```
calc_posterior_function(
  theta_grid,
  item_parm,
  resp,
  ncat,
  model,
  prior,
  prior_parm
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|---|
| theta_grid | An equi-spaced grid of theta values. |
| item_parm | A numeric matrix of item parameters. |
| resp | A numeric vector of item responses. |
| ncat | A numeric vector of the number of response categories by item. |
| model | A numeric vector indicating the IRT models of each item (1: 1PL, 2: 2PL, 3: 3PL, 4: PC, 5: GPC, 6: GR). |
| prior | The type of prior distribution (1: normal, 2: uniform). |
| prior_parm | A numeric vector of hyperparameters for the prior distribution, c(mu, sigma) or c(ll, ul). |

calc_posterior_single *Calculate a posterior value of theta for a single item*

Description

Calculate a posterior value of theta for a single item.

Usage

```
calc_posterior_single(x, item_parm, resp, ncat, model, prior, prior_parm)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|--|
| x | A length-one numeric vector for a theta value. |
| item_parm | A numeric vector of item parameters (for one item). |
| resp | A length-one numeric vector of item responses. |
| ncat | A length-one numeric vector of the number of response categories by item. |
| model | A length-one numeric vector of the IRT model by item (1: 1PL, 2: 2PL, 3: 3PL, 4: PC, 5: GPC, 6: GR). |
| prior | The type of prior distribution (1: normal, 2: uniform). |
| prior_parm | A numeric vector of hyperparameters for the prior distribution, c(mu, sigma) or c(ll, ul). |

| | |
|------------------|--|
| checkConstraints | <i>Check the consistency of constraints and item usage</i> |
|------------------|--|

Description

Check the consistency of constraints and item usage.

Usage

```
checkConstraints(constraints, usage_matrix, true_theta = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------|---|
| constraints | A constraints object generated by loadConstraints . |
| usage_matrix | A matrix of item usage data from Shadow . |
| true_theta | A vector of true theta values. |

| | |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|
| config_Shadow-class | <i>createShadowTestConfig</i> |
|---------------------|-------------------------------|

Description

Create a [config_Shadow](#) object for Shadow Test Assembly (STA).

Usage

```
createShadowTestConfig(  
  item_selection = NULL,  
  content_balancing = NULL,  
  MIP = NULL,  
  MCMC = NULL,  
  refresh_policy = NULL,  
  exposure_control = NULL,  
  stopping_criterion = NULL,  
  interim_theta = NULL,  
  final_theta = NULL,  
  theta_grid = seq(-4, 4, 0.1),  
  audit_trail = F  
)
```

Arguments

- `item_selection` A list containing item selection criteria.
- `method` The type of criteria. Accepts one of MFI, MPWI, FB, EB.
 - `info_type` The type of information. Accepts FISHER.
 - `initial_theta` Initial theta value(s) for the first item selection.
 - `fixed_theta` Fixed theta value(s) to optimize for all items to select.
- `content_balancing` A list containing content balancing options.
- `method` The type of balancing method. Accepts one of NONE, STA.
- `MIP` A list containing solver options.
- `solver` The type of solver. Accepts one of lpsymphony, Rsymphony, gurobi, lpSolve, Rglpk.
 - `verbosity` Verbosity level.
 - `time_limit` Time limit to be passed onto solver. Used in solvers lpsymphony, Rsymphony, gurobi, R
 - `gap_limit` Gap limit (relative) to be passed onto solver. Used in solver gurobi. Uses the solver default when NULL.
 - `gap_limit_abs` Gap limit (absolute) to be passed onto solver. Used in solver lpsymphony, Rsymphony. Uses the solver default when NULL.
- `MCMC` A list containing Markov-chain Monte Carlo configurations.
- `burn_in` Numeric. The number of chains from the start to discard.
 - `post_burn_in` Numeric. The number of chains to use after discarding the first `burn_in` chains.
 - `thin` Numeric. Thinning interval.
 - `jumpfactor` Numeric. Jump factor.
- `refresh_policy` A list containing refresh policy for obtaining a new shadow test.
- `method` The type of policy. Accepts one of ALWAYS, POSITION, INTERVAL, THRESHOLD, INTERVAL-TH
 - `interval` Integer. Set to 1 to refresh at each position, 2 to refresh at every two positions, and so on.
 - `threshold` Numeric. The shadow test is refreshed when the absolute change in theta estimate is greater than this value.
 - `position` Numeric. Position(s) at which refresh to occur.
- `exposure_control` A list containing exposure control settings.
- `method` Accepts one of "NONE", "ELIGIBILITY", "BIGM", "BIGM-BAYESIAN".
 - `M` Big M constant.
 - `max_exposure_rate` Maximum target exposure rate.
 - `acceleration_factor` Acceleration factor.
 - `n_segment` Number of theta segments.
 - `first_segment` Theta segment assumed at the beginning of test.
 - `segment_cut` A numeric vector of segment cuts.
 - `initial_eligibility_stats` A list of eligibility statistics from a previous run.

- fading_factor Fading factor.
- diagnostic_stats TRUE to generate diagnostic statistics.

stopping_criterion A list containing stopping criterion.

- method Accepts one of "FIXED".
- test_length Test length.
- min_ni Maximum number of items to administer.
- max_ni Minimum number of items to administer.
- se_threshold Standard error threshold for stopping.

interim_theta A list containing interim theta estimation options.

- method The type of estimation. Accepts one of EAP, EB, FB.
- shrinkage_correction Set TRUE to correct for shrinkage in EAP
- prior_dist The type of prior distribution. Accepts one of NORMAL, UNIF.
- prior_par Distributional parameters for the prior.
- bound_ML Theta bound for MLE.
- truncate_ML Set TRUE to truncate MLE within bound_ML
- max_iter Maximum number of Newton-Raphson iterations.
- crit Convergence criterion.
- max_change Maximum change in ML estimates between iterations.
- do_fisher Set TRUE to use Fisher's method of scoring.

final_theta A list containing final theta estimation options.

- method The type of estimation. Accepts one of EAP, EB, FB.
- shrinkage_correction Set TRUE to correct for shrinkage in EAP.
- prior_dist The type of prior distribution. Accepts one of NORMAL, UNIF.
- prior_par Distributional parameters for the prior.
- bound_ML Theta bound for MLE.
- truncate_ML Set TRUE to truncate MLE within bound_ML
- max_iter Maximum number of Newton-Raphson iterations.
- crit Convergence criterion.
- max_change Maximum change in ML estimates between iterations.
- do_fisher Set TRUE to use Fisher's method of scoring.

theta_grid A numeric vector. Theta values to represent the continuum.

audit_trail Set TRUE to generate audit trails.

Examples

```

cfg1 <- createShadowTestConfig(refresh_policy = list(
  method = "STIMULUS"
))
cfg2 <- createShadowTestConfig(refresh_policy = list(
  method = "POSITION",
  position = c(1, 5, 9)
))

```

 config_Static-class *createStaticTestConfig*

Description

Create a `config_Static` object for Static (fixed-form) test assembly.

Usage

```
createStaticTestConfig(item_selection = NULL, MIP = NULL)
```

Arguments

`item_selection` A list containing item selection criteria. This should have the following entries:

- `method` The type of criteria. Accepts MAXINFO, TIF, TCC.
- `info_type` The type of information. Accepts FISHER.
- `target_location` A numeric vector containing the locations of target theta points. (e.g. `c(-1, 0, 1)`)
- `target_value` A numeric vector containing the target values at each theta location. This should have the same length with `target_location`. Ignored if method is MAXINFO.
- `target_weight` A numeric vector containing the weights for each theta location. This should have the same length with `targetlocation`. Defaults to a vector of 1s.

`MIP` A list containing solver options. This should have the following entries:

- `solver` The type of solver. Accepts `lpsymphony`, `Rsymphony`, `gurobi`, `lpSolve`, `Rglpk`.
- `verbosity` Verbosity level of the solver. Defaults to -2.
- `time_limit` Time limit in seconds passed onto the solver. Defaults to 60. Used in solvers `lpsymphony`, `Rsymphony`, `gurobi`, `Rglpk`.
- `gap_limit` Termination criterion. Gap limit in relative scale passed onto the solver. Defaults to .05. Used in solver `gurobi`.
- `gap_limit_abs` Termination criterion. Gap limit in absolute scale passed onto the solver. Defaults to .05. Used in solver `lpsymphony`, `Rsymphony`.
- `obj_tol` Termination criterion. Tolerance on target objective value in absolute difference scale. Defaults to .05. Ignored if method is MAXINFO.

Examples

```
cfg1 <- createStaticTestConfig(
  list(
    method = "MAXINFO",
    info_type = "FISHER",
    target_location = c(-1, 0, 1),
    target_weight = c(1, 1, 1)
  )
)
```

```

)

cfg2 <- createStaticTestConfig(
  list(
    method = "TIF",
    info_type = "FISHER",
    target_location = c(-1, 0, 1),
    target_weight = c(1, 1, 1),
    target_value = c(8, 10, 12)
  )
)

cfg3 <- createStaticTestConfig(
  list(
    method = "TCC",
    info_type = "FISHER",
    target_location = c(-1, 0, 1),
    target_weight = c(1, 1, 1),
    target_value = c(10, 15, 20)
  )
)

```

| | |
|------------------|---|
| constraint-class | <i>An S4 class to represent a single constraint</i> |
|------------------|---|

Description

An S4 class to represent a single constraint.

Slots

`constraint` Character. The index of the constraint.

`mat` A matrix representing the left-hand side weights. Has `nc` rows.

`dir` A vector of length `nc`. Each entry represents a logical operator relating the left-hand side to the right-hand side.

`rhs` A vector of length `nc`. Each entry represents the right-hand side of the constraint.

`nc` Numeric. The number of constraints represented in the constraint set.

`suspend` TRUE if the constraint is to be turned off.

| | |
|-------------------|--|
| constraints-class | <i>An S4 class to represent a set of constraints</i> |
|-------------------|--|

Description

An S4 class to represent a set of constraints.

Slots

slope Numeric. A slope parameter value.

difficulty Numeric. A difficulty parameter value.

| | |
|-----------------|------------------------|
| dataset_fatigue | <i>Fatigue dataset</i> |
|-----------------|------------------------|

Description

Item-based example pool with item contents (95 items).

Details

This pool is associated with the following objects:

- `itempool_fatigue` An `item_pool` object.
- `itemattrib_fatigue` A data frame containing item attributes.
- `constraints_fatigue` A list containing 111 constraints.

Also, the following datasets are intended for illustrating expected data structures. See examples below.

- `itempool_fatigue_raw` Item parameters.
- `itemattrib_fatigue_raw` Item attributes.
- `itemcontent_fatigue_raw` Item contents.
- `constraints_fatigue_raw` Constraints.
- `resp_fatigue_raw` Raw response data.

Examples

```
## Write to tempdir() and clean afterwards
f <- file.path(tempdir(), "itempool_fatigue.csv")
write.csv(itempool_fatigue_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
itempool_fatigue <- loadItemPool(f)
file.remove(f)

f <- file.path(tempdir(), "itemattrib_fatigue.csv")
write.csv(itemattrib_fatigue_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
itemattrib_fatigue <- loadItemAttrib(f, itempool_fatigue)
file.remove(f)

f <- file.path(tempdir(), "constraints_fatigue.csv")
write.csv(constraints_fatigue_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
constraints_fatigue <- loadConstraints(f,
  itempool_fatigue, itemattrib_fatigue)
file.remove(f)

## Item contents for use in shiny app
f <- file.path(tempdir(), "itemcontent_fatigue.csv")
write.csv(itemcontent_fatigue_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
file.remove(f)

## Raw item responses for reference
f <- file.path(tempdir(), "resp_fatigue.csv")
write.table(resp_fatigue_raw, f, row.names = FALSE, col.names = FALSE, sep = ",")
file.remove(f)
```

dataset_reading

Reading dataset

Description

Stimulus-based example item pool (303 items).

Details

This pool is associated with the following objects:

- `itempool_reading` An `item_pool` object.
- `itemattrib_reading` A data frame containing item attributes.
- `stimattrib_reading` A data frame containing stimulus attributes.
- `constraints_reading` A list containing 18 constraints.

Also, the following datasets are intended for illustrating expected data structures. See examples below.

- `itempool_reading_raw` Item parameters.

- itemattrib_reading_raw Item attributes.
- stimattrib_reading_raw Item attributes.
- constraints_reading_raw Constraints.

Examples

```
## Write to tempdir() and clean afterwards
f <- file.path(tempdir(), "itempool_reading.csv")
write.csv(itempool_reading_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
itempool_reading <- loadItemPool(f)
file.remove(f)

f <- file.path(tempdir(), "itemattrib_reading.csv")
write.csv(itemattrib_reading_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
itemattrib_reading <- loadItemAttrib(f, itempool_reading)
file.remove(f)

f <- file.path(tempdir(), "stimattrib_reading.csv")
write.csv(stimattrib_reading_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
stimattrib_reading <- loadStAttrib(f, itemattrib_reading)
file.remove(f)

f <- file.path(tempdir(), "constraints_reading.csv")
write.csv(constraints_reading_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
constraints_reading <- loadConstraints(f,
  itempool_reading, itemattrib_reading, stimattrib_reading)
file.remove(f)
```

dataset_science

Science dataset

Description

Item-based example item pool (1000 items).

Details

This pool is associated with the following objects:

- itempool_science An [item_pool](#) object.
- itemattrib_science A data frame containing item attributes.
- constraints_science A list containing 36 constraints.

Also, the following datasets are intended for illustrating expected data structures. See examples below.

- itempool_science_raw Item parameters.
- itemattrib_science_raw Item attributes.
- constraints_science_raw Constraints.

Examples

```
## Write to tempdir() and clean afterwards
f <- file.path(tempdir(), "itempool_science.csv")
write.csv(itempool_science_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
itempool_science <- loadItemPool(f)
file.remove(f)

f <- file.path(tempdir(), "itemattrib_science.csv")
write.csv(itemattrib_science_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
itemattrib_science <- loadItemAttrib(f, itempool_science)
file.remove(f)

f <- file.path(tempdir(), "constraints_science.csv")
write.csv(constraints_science_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
constraints_science <- loadConstraints(f,
  itempool_science, itemattrib_science)
file.remove(f)
```

EAP

Generate expected a posteriori estimates of theta

Description

Generate expected a posteriori estimates of theta.

Usage

```
EAP(object, prior, select = NULL, reset_prior = FALSE)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'test'
EAP(object, prior, select = NULL, reset_prior = FALSE)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'test_cluster'
EAP(object, prior, select = NULL, reset_prior = FALSE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------|---|
| object | A test or a test_cluster object. |
| prior | A prior distribution, a numeric vector for a common prior or a matrix for individualized priors. |
| select | A vector of indices identifying the items to subset. |
| reset_prior | Set TRUE to reset the prior distribution for each test when object is of class test_cluster . |

| | |
|-----|--|
| eap | <i>Generate expected a posteriori estimates of theta</i> |
|-----|--|

Description

Generate expected a posteriori estimates of theta.

Usage

```
eap(object, theta, prior, resp, select = NULL)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'item_pool'
eap(object, theta, prior, resp, select = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|--|
| object | An <code>item_pool</code> object. |
| theta | A theta grid. |
| prior | A prior distribution, a numeric vector for a common prior or a matrix for individualized priors. |
| resp | A numeric matrix of item responses, one row per examinee. |
| select | A vector of indices identifying the items to subset. |

| | |
|-----------------|----------------|
| extract-methods | <i>Extract</i> |
|-----------------|----------------|

Description

Extract

Usage

```
## S4 method for signature 'item_pool,ANY,ANY,ANY'
x[i, j, ..., drop = TRUE]
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'test,ANY,ANY,ANY'
x[i, j, ..., drop = TRUE]
```

Arguments

| | |
|------|------|
| x | x |
| i | i |
| j | j |
| ... | ... |
| drop | drop |

| | |
|--------------|---|
| find_segment | <i>Find the segment to which each theta value belongs</i> |
|--------------|---|

Description

Find the segment to which each theta value belongs.

Usage

```
find_segment(segment, x)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------|-----------------------------------|
| segment | A numeric vector of segment cuts. |
| x | A numeric vector of theta values. |

| | |
|-------------|-----------------------------|
| getSolution | <i>Print solution items</i> |
|-------------|-----------------------------|

Description

Print solution items

Usage

```
getSolution(object, examinee = NA, position = NA, index_only = TRUE)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'list'
```

```
getSolution(object, examinee = NA, position = NA, index_only = TRUE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|---|
| object | Output from Static or Shadow . |
| examinee | Examinee id to display the solution. Used when 'object' is from Shadow . |
| position | If supplied, display the item attributes of the shadow test at that item position. If not supplied, display the item attributes of the administered items. Applied when 'object' is from Shadow . |
| index_only | If TRUE (default), print the item indexes only. Otherwise, print all item attributes. |

Value

Item attributes of solution items.

| | |
|----------|---|
| info_1pl | <i>Calculate Fisher information at a single theta (1PL)</i> |
|----------|---|

Description

Calculate the Fisher information at a theta value according to the 1PL model.

Usage

info_1pl(x, b)

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| x | Numeric. A single theta value. |
| b | Numeric. A difficulty parameter value. |

References

Rasch G (1960). *Probabilistic models for some intelligence and attainment tests*. Copenhagen: Danish Institute for Educational Research.

| | |
|----------|---|
| info_2pl | <i>Calculate Fisher information at a single theta (2PL)</i> |
|----------|---|

Description

Calculate the Fisher information at a theta value according to the 2PL model.

Usage

info_2pl(x, a, b)

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| x | Numeric. A single theta value. |
| a | Numeric. A slope parameter value. |
| b | Numeric. A difficulty parameter value. |

References

Lord FM (1952). "A theory of test scores." *Psychometric Monograph*, 7.

Birnbaum A (1957). "Efficient design and use of tests of mental ability for various decision-making problems (Series Report No. 58-16. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

Birnbaum A (1958). "On the estimation of mental ability (Series Report No. 15. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

Birnbaum A (1958). "Further considerations of efficiency in tests of a mental ability (Series Report No. 17. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

info_3pl

Calculate Fisher information at a single theta (3PL)

Description

Calculate the Fisher information at a theta value according to the 3PL model.

Usage

info_3pl(x, a, b, c)

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| x | Numeric. A single theta value. |
| a | Numeric. A slope parameter value. |
| b | Numeric. A difficulty parameter value. |
| c | Numeric. A guessing parameter value. |

References

Birnbaum A (1968). "Some latent trait models and their use in inferring an examinee's ability." In Lord FM, Novick MR (eds.), *Statistical Theories of Mental Test Scores*, 397–479. Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA.

`info_gpc`*Calculate Fisher information at a single theta (GPC).*

Description

Calculate the Fisher information at a theta value according to the generalized partial credit model.

Usage

```
info_gpc(x, a, b)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| x | Numeric. A single theta value. |
| a | Numeric. A slope parameter value. |
| b | Numeric. A vector of threshold parameter values. |

References

Muraki E (1992). "A generalized partial credit model: Application of an EM algorithm." *Applied Psychological Measurement*, **16**(2), 159–176.

`info_gr`*Calculate Fisher information at a single theta (GR).*

Description

Calculate the Fisher information at a theta value according to the graded response model.

Usage

```
info_gr(x, a, b)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| x | Numeric. A single theta value. |
| a | Numeric. A slope parameter value. |
| b | Numeric. A vector of category boundary parameter values. |

References

Samejima F (1969). "Estimation of latent ability using a response pattern of graded scores." *Psychometrika Monograph*, **17**.

info_pc *Calculate Fisher information at a single theta (PC)*

Description

Calculate the Fisher information at a theta value according to the partial credit model.

Usage

```
info_pc(x, b)
```

Arguments

x Numeric. A single theta value.
b Numeric. A vector of threshold parameter values.

References

Masters GN (1982). "A Rasch model for partial credit scoring." *Psychometrika*, **47**(2), 149–174.
Andrich D (1978). "A rating formulation for ordered response categories." *Psychometrika*, **43**(4), 561–573.

iparPosteriorSample *Sample item parameter estimates from their posterior distributions*

Description

Sample item parameter estimates from their posterior distributions.

Usage

```
iparPosteriorSample(pool, n_sample = 500)
```

Arguments

pool An `item_pool` object.
n_sample An integer as the number of sampled parameters.

Examples

```
ipar <- iparPosteriorSample(itempool_science, 5)
```

item_1PL-class *An S4 class to represent a 1PL item*

Description

An S4 class to represent a 1PL item.

Slots

difficulty Numeric. A difficulty parameter value.

References

Rasch G (1960). *Probabilistic models for some intelligence and attainment tests*. Copenhagen: Danish Institute for Educational Research.

Examples

```
item_1 <- new("item_1PL", difficulty = 0.5)
```

item_2PL-class *An S4 class to represent a 2PL item*

Description

An S4 class to represent a 2PL item.

Slots

slope Numeric. A slope parameter value.

difficulty Numeric. A difficulty parameter value.

References

Lord FM (1952). "A theory of test scores." *Psychometric Monograph*, 7.

Birnbaum A (1957). "Efficient design and use of tests of mental ability for various decision-making problems (Series Report No. 58-16. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

Birnbaum A (1958). "On the estimation of mental ability (Series Report No. 15. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

Birnbaum A (1958). "Further considerations of efficiency in tests of a mental ability (Series Report No. 17. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

Examples

```
item_2 <- new("item_2PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5)
```

item_3PL-class *An S4 class to represent a 3PL item*

Description

An S4 class to represent a 3PL item.

Slots

slope Numeric. A slope parameter value.

difficulty Numeric. A difficulty parameter value.

guessing Numeric. A guessing parameter value.

References

Birnbaum A (1968). "Some latent trait models and their use in inferring an examinee's ability." In Lord FM, Novick MR (eds.), *Statistical Theories of Mental Test Scores*, 397–479. Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA.

Examples

```
item_3 <- new("item_3PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5, guessing = 0.2)
```

item_attrib-class *An S4 class to represent a set of constraints.*

Description

An S4 class to represent a set of constraints.

Slots

slope Numeric. A slope parameter value.

difficulty Numeric. A difficulty parameter value.

| | |
|----------------|---|
| item_GPC-class | <i>An S4 class to represent a generalized partial credit item</i> |
|----------------|---|

Description

An S4 class to represent a generalized partial credit item.

Slots

slope Numeric. A slope parameter value.

threshold Numeric. A vector of threshold parameter values.

ncat Numeric. The number of response categories.

References

Muraki E (1992). "A generalized partial credit model: Application of an EM algorithm." *Applied Psychological Measurement*, **16**(2), 159–176.

Examples

```
item_5 <- new("item_GPC", slope = 1.0, threshold = c(-0.5, 0.0, 0.5), ncat = 4)
```

| | |
|---------------|--|
| item_GR-class | <i>An S4 class to represent a graded response item</i> |
|---------------|--|

Description

An S4 class to represent a graded response item.

Slots

slope Numeric. A slope parameter value.

category Numeric. A vector of category boundary values.

ncat Numeric. The number of response categories.

References

Samejima F (1969). "Estimation of latent ability using a response pattern of graded scores." *Psychometrika Monograph*, **17**.

Examples

```
item_6 <- new("item_GR", slope = 1.0, category = c(-2.0, -1.0, 0, 1.0, 2.0), ncat = 6)
```

| | |
|---------------|---|
| item_PC-class | <i>An S4 class to represent a partial credit item</i> |
|---------------|---|

Description

An S4 class to represent a partial credit item.

Slots

threshold Numeric. A vector of threshold parameter values.

ncat Numeric. The number of response categories.

References

Masters GN (1982). "A Rasch model for partial credit scoring." *Psychometrika*, **47**(2), 149–174.

Andrich D (1978). "A rating formulation for ordered response categories." *Psychometrika*, **43**(4), 561–573.

Examples

```
item_4 <- new("item_PC", threshold = c(-0.5, 0.5), ncat = 3)
```

| | |
|-----------------|--|
| item_pool-class | <i>An S4 class to represent an item pool</i> |
|-----------------|--|

Description

An S4 class to represent an item pool.

Slots

ni Numeric. The number of items in the item pool.

max_cat Numeric. The maximum number of response categories across all items.

index Numeric. A vector of item indices.

id Character. A vector of item ids.

model Numeric. A vector of item model codes (1: item_1pl, 2: item_2PL, 3: item_3PL, 4: item_PC, 5: item_GPC, 6: item_GR).

NCAT Numeric. A vector of the number of response categories for each item.

parms A list of item parameters in the pool.

ipar A matrix of item parameters in the pool.

se A matrix representing standard errors of the item parameters.

raw A data.frame containing raw input data.

item_pool.operators *Item pool and pool cluster operators*

Description

pool1 + pool2 combines two `item_pool` objects.

pool1 - pool2 excludes the items in the second item pool from the first. The two `item_pool` objects must overlap for this to be performed.

pool1 == pool2 tests equality of the two `item_pool` objects.

pool_cluster1 == pool_cluster2 tests equality of the two `pool_cluster` objects.

Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'item_pool'
pool1 + pool2

## S3 method for class 'item_pool'
pool1 - pool2

## S3 method for class 'item_pool'
pool1 == pool2

## S3 method for class 'pool_cluster'
pool_cluster1 == pool_cluster2
```

Arguments

pool1 An `item_pool` object.
 pool2 An `item_pool` object.
 pool_cluster1 A `pool_cluster` object.
 pool_cluster2 A `pool_cluster` object.

Examples

```
itempool <- itempool_science + itempool_reading

subitempool <- subsetItemPool(itempool_science, 1:500)
itempool <- itempool_science - subitempool

itempool <- subsetItemPool(itempool_science, 1:500)
subitempool1 <- itempool_science - itempool
subitempool2 <- subsetItemPool(itempool_science, 501:1000)
subitempool1 == subitempool2 ## TRUE

cluster1 <- makeItemPoolCluster(c(itempool_science, itempool_reading))
cluster2 <- makeItemPoolCluster(c(cluster1@pools[[1]], cluster1@pools[[2]]))
```

```
cluster1 == cluster2 ## TRUE
```

| | |
|-------------|--|
| InHyperPars | <i>Calculate hyperparameters for log-normal distribution</i> |
|-------------|--|

Description

Calculate hyperparameters for log-normal distribution.

Usage

```
InHyperPars(mean, sd)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------|---|
| mean | Mean of the distribution. |
| sd | Standard deviation of the distribution. |

Examples

```
InHyperPars(.5, 1)
```

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|
| loadConstraints | <i>Load constraints</i> |
|-----------------|-------------------------|

Description

Read constraints from specified file.

Usage

```
loadConstraints(file, pool, item_attrib, st_attrib = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------|--|
| file | Character. The name of the file containing specifications for constraints. |
| pool | An <code>item_pool</code> object. |
| item_attrib | An <code>item_attrib</code> object containing item attributes. Use loadItemAttrib for this. |
| st_attrib | (Optional) An <code>st_attrib</code> object containing stimulus attributes. Use loadStAttrib for this. |

Details

Use vignette("constraints") for instructions on how to create the constraint file.

Value

A constraints object containing the parsed constraints, to be used in [Static](#) and [Shadow](#).

See Also

[dataset_science](#) for example usage.

Examples

```
## Write to tempdir() and clean afterwards
f <- file.path(tempdir(), "itempool_science.csv")
write.csv(itempool_science_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
itempool_science <- loadItemPool(f)
file.remove(f)

f <- file.path(tempdir(), "itemattrib_science.csv")
write.csv(itemattrib_science_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
itemattrib_science <- loadItemAttrib(f, itempool_science)
file.remove(f)

f <- file.path(tempdir(), "constraints_science.csv")
write.csv(constraints_science_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
constraints_science <- loadConstraints(f,
  itempool_science, itemattrib_science)
file.remove(f)
```

loadItemAttrib*Load item attributes*

Description

Read item attributes from specified file.

Usage

```
loadItemAttrib(file, pool)
```

Arguments

file Character. The name of the file containing item attributes.
pool An [item_pool](#) object. Use [loadItemPool](#) for this.

Value

An [item_attrib](#) object.

See Also

[dataset_science](#) for example usage.

Examples

```
## Write to tempdir() and clean afterwards
f <- file.path(tempdir(), "itempool_science.csv")
write.csv(itempool_science_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
itempool_science <- loadItemPool(f)
file.remove(f)

f <- file.path(tempdir(), "itemattrib_science.csv")
write.csv(itemattrib_science_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
itemattrib_science <- loadItemAttrib(f, itempool_science)
file.remove(f)
```

loadItemPool

Load item paramaters

Description

Read item parameters from a .csv file or a data.frame and create an [item_pool](#) class.

Usage

```
loadItemPool(file, ipar = NULL, se_file = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------|---|
| file | File path of a .csv file containing item parameters. The file content should at least include columns 'ID' and 'MODEL'. |
| ipar | A data.frame containing the item parameters. If supplied, this argument is used over 'file'. |
| se_file | File path of a .csv file containing standard errors. |

Value

An [item_pool](#) object.

See Also

[dataset_science](#) for example usage.

Examples

```
## Write to tempdir() and clean afterwards
f <- file.path(tempdir(), "itempool_science.csv")
write.csv(itempool_science_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
itempool_science <- loadItemPool(f)
file.remove(f)
```

| | |
|--------------|---|
| loadStAttrib | <i>Load set/stimulus/passagage attributes</i> |
|--------------|---|

Description

Read set, stimulus, or passage attributes from specified file.

Usage

```
loadStAttrib(file, item_attrib)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------|--|
| file | Character. The name of the file containing stimulus attributes. |
| item_attrib | An item_attrib object containing item attributes. Use loadItemAttrib for this. |

Value

A [st_attrib](#) object containing stimulus attributes.

See Also

[dataset_reading](#) for example usage.

Examples

```
## Write to tempdir() and clean afterwards
f <- file.path(tempdir(), "itempool_reading.csv")
write.csv(itempool_reading_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
itempool_reading <- loadItemPool(f)
file.remove(f)

f <- file.path(tempdir(), "itemattrib_reading.csv")
write.csv(itemattrib_reading_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
itemattrib_reading <- loadItemAttrib(f, itempool_reading)
file.remove(f)

f <- file.path(tempdir(), "stimattrib_reading.csv")
write.csv(stimattrib_reading_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
stimattrib_reading <- loadStAttrib(f, itemattrib_reading)
```

```

file.remove(f)

f <- file.path(tempdir(), "constraints_reading.csv")
write.csv(constraints_reading_raw, f, row.names = FALSE)
constraints_reading <- loadConstraints(f,
  itempool_reading, itemattrib_reading, stimattrib_reading)
file.remove(f)

```

logitHyperPars *Calculate hyperparameters for logit-normal distribution*

Description

Calculate hyperparameters for logit-normal distribution.

Usage

```
logitHyperPars(mean, sd)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------|---|
| mean | Mean of the distribution. |
| sd | Standard deviation of the distribution. |

Examples

```
logitHyperPars(.5, 1)
```

makeItemPoolCluster *Create an item pool cluster object*

Description

Create a [pool_cluster](#) object.

Usage

```
makeItemPoolCluster(pools, names = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------|--|
| pools | A list of item_pool objects. |
| names | An optional vector of item_pool names. |

Examples

```
cluster <- makeItemPoolCluster(c(itempool_science, itempool_reading))
```

| | |
|----------|-------------------------------|
| makeTest | <i>Generate a test object</i> |
|----------|-------------------------------|

Description

Generate a `test` object

Usage

```
makeTest(  
  object,  
  theta = seq(-4, 4, 0.1),  
  info_type = "FISHER",  
  true_theta = NULL  
)  
  
## S4 method for signature 'item_pool'  
makeTest(  
  object,  
  theta = seq(-4, 4, 0.1),  
  info_type = "FISHER",  
  true_theta = NULL  
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------------|--|
| <code>object</code> | An <code>item_pool</code> object. |
| <code>theta</code> | A grid of theta values. |
| <code>info_type</code> | An information type. |
| <code>true_theta</code> | An optional vector of true theta values to simulate response data. |

Examples

```
test <- makeTest(itempool_science, seq(-3, 3, 1))
```

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| makeTestCluster | <i>Generate a test cluster object</i> |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|

Description

Generate a `test_cluster` object

Usage

```
makeTestCluster(object, theta, true_theta)

## S4 method for signature 'pool_cluster,numeric,numeric'
makeTestCluster(object, theta, true_theta)

## S4 method for signature 'pool_cluster,numeric,list'
makeTestCluster(object, theta, true_theta)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|---|
| object | An <code>pool_cluster</code> object |
| theta | A grid of theta values |
| true_theta | An optional vector of true theta values to simulate response data |

| | |
|-----|---|
| MLE | <i>Generate maximum likelihood estimates of theta</i> |
|-----|---|

Description

Generate maximum likelihood estimates of theta.

Usage

```
MLE(
  object,
  start_theta = NULL,
  max_iter = 100,
  crit = 0.001,
  select = NULL,
  theta_range = c(-4, 4),
  truncate = FALSE,
  max_change = 1,
  do_Fisher = TRUE
)

## S4 method for signature 'test'
```

```
MLE(
  object,
  start_theta = NULL,
  max_iter = 100,
  crit = 0.001,
  select = NULL,
  theta_range = c(-4, 4),
  truncate = FALSE,
  max_change = 1,
  do_Fisher = TRUE
)

## S4 method for signature 'test_cluster'
MLE(object, start_theta = NULL, max_iter = 100, crit = 0.001, select = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------|--|
| object | A test object. |
| start_theta | An optional vector of start theta values. |
| max_iter | Maximum number of iterations. |
| crit | Convergence criterion. |
| select | A vector of indices identifying the items to subset. |
| theta_range | A range of theta values: c(minTheta, maxTheta). |
| truncate | Set TRUE to bound MLE to theta_range. |
| max_change | Maximum change between iterations. |
| do_Fisher | Set TRUE to use Fisher's method of scoring. |

mle

Generate maximum likelihood estimates of theta

Description

Generate maximum likelihood estimates of theta.

Usage

```
mle(
  object,
  resp,
  start_theta = NULL,
  max_iter = 100,
  crit = 0.001,
  select = NULL,
  theta_range = c(-4, 4),
  truncate = FALSE,
```

```

    max_change = 1,
    do_Fisher = TRUE
  )

  ## S4 method for signature 'item_pool'
  mle(
    object,
    resp,
    start_theta = NULL,
    max_iter = 50,
    crit = 0.005,
    select = NULL,
    theta_range = c(-4, 4),
    truncate = FALSE,
    max_change = 1,
    do_Fisher = TRUE
  )

```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------|--|
| object | A item_pool object. |
| resp | A vector (or matrix) of item responses. |
| start_theta | An optional vector of start theta values. |
| max_iter | Maximum number of iterations. |
| crit | Convergence criterion. |
| select | A vector of indices identifying the items to subset. |
| theta_range | A range of theta values. |
| truncate | Set TRUE to bound MLE to theta_range: c(minTheta, maxTheta). |
| max_change | Maximum change between iterations. |
| do_Fisher | TRUE to use Fisher's method of scoring. |

Examples

```
mle(itempool_fatigue, resp_fatigue_raw[10,])
```

OAT

Launch Shiny app

Description

Launch Shiny app locally.

Usage

```
OAT()
```

```
app()
```

Examples

```
if (interactive()) {
  OAT()
  ## or
  app()
}
```

```
output_Shadow-class  output_Shadow
```

Description

```
output_Shadow
```

Slots

`simulee_id` Numeric. The index of the simulee.

`true_theta` Numeric or NULL. True theta value of the simulee if supplied in advance.

`true_theta_segment` Numeric or NULL. Which segment the true theta value is in.

`final_theta_est` Numeric. The estimated theta after the last administered item.

`final_se_est` Numeric. The standard error of estimation after the last administered item.

`administered_item_index` Numeric. A vector of item indices administered at each position.

`administered_item_resp` Numeric. A vector of item responses at each position.

`administered_item_ncat` Numeric. A vector containing the number of categories for each administered item.

`administered_stimulus_index` Numeric. A vector of stimulus indices administered at each position.

`shadow_test_refreshed` Logical. A vector of logical values indicating whether the shadow test was refreshed before administering an item at each position.

`shadow_test_feasible` Logical. A vector of logical values indicating whether a feasible solution to the shadow test was available in each position.

`solve_time` Numeric. A vector of values indicating the time taken in obtaining a shadow test.

`interim_theta_est` Numeric. A vector containing estimated thetas at each position.

`interim_se_est` Numeric. A vector containing standard errors at each position.

`theta_segment_index` Numeric. A vector containing which segments the estimated thetas were in at each position.

prior Numeric. A prior distribution.
 prior_par Numeric. The hyper parameters for the prior distribution.
 posterior Numeric. A posterior distribution.
 posterior_sample Numeric. A vector containing MCMC samples.
 likelihood Numeric. A likelihood distribution.
 shadow_test A list of vectors containing item indices of the shadow test at each position.

plotCAT *Draw an audit trail plot*

Description

Draw an audit trail plot.

Usage

```

plotCAT(
  object,
  examinee_id = 1,
  min_theta = -5,
  max_theta = 5,
  min_score = 0,
  max_score = 1,
  z_ci = 1.96,
  file_pdf = NULL,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'list'
plotCAT(
  object,
  examinee_id = 1,
  min_theta = -5,
  max_theta = 5,
  min_score = 0,
  max_score = 1,
  z_ci = 1.96,
  file_pdf = NULL,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'output_Shadow'
plotCAT(
  object,
  examinee_id = 1,

```



```

    min_theta = -5,
    max_theta = 5,
    min_score = 0,
    max_score = 1,
    z_ci = 1.96,
    file_pdf = NULL,
    ...
)

```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------|---|
| object | An output object generated by Shadow . |
| examinee_id | Numeric ID of the examinee to draw the plot. |
| min_theta | A lower bound of theta. |
| max_theta | An upper bound of theta. |
| min_score | A minimum item score. |
| max_score | A maximum item score. |
| z_ci | A quantile of the normal distribution for confidence intervals. |
| file_pdf | If supplied a filename, save as a PDF file. |
| ... | Additional options to be passed on to pdf(). |

Examples

```

config <- createShadowTestConfig()
true_theta <- rnorm(1)
solution <- Shadow(config, constraints_science, true_theta)
plotCAT(solution, 1)

```

plotEligibilityStats *Draw item eligibility statistics plots*

Description

Draw item eligibility statistics plots.

Usage

```

plotEligibilityStats(
  config,
  object = NULL,
  object_no_fading = NULL,
  file = NULL,
  file_no_fading = NULL,
  segment = 1,

```

```

    items = c(1),
    file_pdf = NULL,
    max_rate = 0.25,
    discard_first = NULL
  )

```

Arguments

| | |
|------------------|---|
| config | A config_Shadow object. |
| object | An object containing eligibility statistics generated by Shadow . |
| object_no_fading | An object containing eligibility statistics generated without fading. |
| file | The filename of an object containing eligibility statistics generated by Shadow . |
| file_no_fading | The filename of an object containing eligibility statistics generated without fading. |
| segment | A theta segment index. |
| items | A vector of item indices to generate the plots. |
| file_pdf | If supplied a filename, save as a PDF file. |
| max_rate | A target item exposure rate. |
| discard_first | A integer identifying the first x simulees to discard as burn-in. |

| | |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| plotExposure | <i>Draw an item exposure plot</i> |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|

Description

Draw a plot of item exposure rates

Usage

```

plotExposure(
  object,
  max_rate = 0.25,
  theta_segment = "Estimated",
  color = "blue",
  color_final = "blue",
  file_pdf = NULL,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'list'
plotExposure(
  object,
  max_rate = 0.25,

```

```

    theta_segment = "estimated",
    color = "blue",
    color_final = "blue",
    file_pdf = NULL,
    ...
  )

```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------|---|
| object | An output object generated by Shadow . |
| max_rate | A target exposure rate. |
| theta_segment | True or Estimated theta used to create segments ("Estimated" or "True"). |
| color | Color of item-wise exposure rates. |
| color_final | Color of item-wise exposure rates, only counting the items while in the final theta segment as exposed. |
| file_pdf | If supplied a filename, save as a PDF file. |
| ... | Additional options to be passed on to pdf(). |

Examples

```

true_theta <- runif(10, min = -3.5, max = 3.5)
resp_science <- makeTest(itempool_science, info_type = "FISHER", true_theta = true_theta)@data
constraints_science2 <- updateConstraints(constraints_science, off = c(14:20, 32:36))
config_science <- createShadowTestConfig(
  MIP = list(solver = "lpSolve"),
  exposure_control = list(method = "ELIGIBILITY")
)
solution <- Shadow(config_science, constraints_science2, true_theta, data = resp_science)
p <- plotExposure(solution)

```

plotExposureRateBySegment

Draw exposure rate plots by theta segment

Description

Draw exposure rate plots by theta segment.

Usage

```

plotExposureRateBySegment(
  object,
  config,
  max_rate = 0.25,

```

```

file_pdf = NULL,
width = 7,
height = 6,
mfrow = c(2, 4)
)

```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|--|
| object | An output object generated by Shadow . |
| config | A config_Shadow object. |
| max_rate | A target item exposure rate. |
| file_pdf | If supplied a filename, save as a PDF file. |
| width | Width of the graphics device. |
| height | Height of the graphics device. |
| mfrow | Number of multiple figures defined as c(nrow, ncol). |

plotExposureRateFinal *Draw exposure rate plots by final theta segment*

Description

Draw exposure rate plots by final theta segment.

Usage

```

plotExposureRateFinal(
  object,
  config = NULL,
  max_rate = 0.25,
  theta = "Estimated",
  segment_cut = NULL,
  color = "red",
  file_pdf = NULL,
  width = 7,
  height = 6,
  mfrow = c(2, 4),
  burn = 0,
  retain = NULL
)

```

Arguments

| | |
|----------|--|
| object | An output object generated by Shadow . |
| config | A config_Shadow object. |
| max_rate | A target item exposure rate. |

| | |
|-------------|--|
| theta | By which theta to base the segments, either "Estimated" or "True". |
| segment_cut | A vector of cut values defining theta segments. |
| color | A vector of colors. |
| file_pdf | If supplied a filename, save as a PDF file. |
| width | Width of the graphics object. |
| height | Height of the graphics object. |
| mfrow | Number of multiple figures defined as c(nrow, ncol). |
| burn | An integer identifying the first x simulees to discard as burn-in. |
| retain | An optional vector of indices identifying the simulees to retain. |

Examples

```

true_theta <- runif(10, min = -3.5, max = 3.5)
resp_science <- makeTest(itempool_science, info_type = "FISHER", true_theta = true_theta)@data
constraints_science2 <- updateConstraints(constraints_science, off = c(14:20, 32:36))
config_science <- createShadowTestConfig(
  MIP = list(solver = "LPSOLVE"),
  exposure_control = list(method = "ELIGIBILITY")
)
solution <- Shadow(config_science, constraints_science2, true_theta, data = resp_science)
p <- plotExposureRateFinal(solution, config_science, 0.25)

```

plotExposureRateFinalFlag

Draw item information plots for flagged items by segment

Description

Draw item information plots for flagged items by segment.

Usage

```

plotExposureRateFinalFlag(
  object,
  pool,
  theta = seq(-3, 3, 0.1),
  flag_from = 0.4,
  file_pdf = NULL,
  width = 7,
  height = 6,
  color = "red",
  mfrow = c(2, 4)
)

```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|--|
| object | A list object generated by <code>plotExposureRateFinal</code> . |
| pool | An <code>item_pool</code> object. |
| theta | A theta grid. |
| flag_from | A flagging criterion. |
| file_pdf | If supplied a filename, save as a PDF file. |
| width | Width of the graphics device. |
| height | Height of the graphics device. |
| color | Plotting color. |
| mfrow | Number of multiple figures defined as <code>c(nrow, ncol)</code> . |

| | |
|----------|------------------------------------|
| plotInfo | <i>Draw item information plots</i> |
|----------|------------------------------------|

Description

Draw item information plots.

Usage

```
plotInfo(
  object,
  theta = seq(-3, 3, 0.1),
  info_type = "FISHER",
  plot_sum = TRUE,
  select = NULL,
  color = "blue",
  file_pdf = NULL,
  width = 7,
  height = 6,
  mfrow = c(2, 4)
)

## S4 method for signature 'list'
plotInfo(
  object,
  theta = seq(-3, 3, 0.1),
  info_type = "FISHER",
  plot_sum = TRUE,
  select = NULL,
  color = "blue",
  file_pdf = NULL,
  width = 7,
  height = 6,
```

```

    mfrow = c(2, 4)
  )

## S4 method for signature 'item_pool'
plotInfo(
  object,
  theta = seq(-3, 3, 0.1),
  info_type = "FISHER",
  plot_sum = TRUE,
  select = NULL,
  color = "blue",
  file_pdf = NULL,
  width = 7,
  height = 6,
  mfrow = c(1, 1)
)

## S4 method for signature 'constraints'
plotInfo(
  object,
  theta = seq(-3, 3, 0.1),
  info_type = "FISHER",
  plot_sum = TRUE,
  select = NULL,
  color = "black",
  file_pdf = NULL,
  width = 7,
  height = 6,
  mfrow = c(1, 1)
)

```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|--|
| object | An item_pool object to draw pool-level or item-level information, or a list from Static to draw test-level information. |
| theta | Theta values for drawing the curve. Default is <code>seq(-3, 3, .1)</code> . |
| info_type | Type of information. Currently only accepts FISHER (default). |
| plot_sum | When 'object' is an item_pool object, if TRUE then draw pool-level information, and if FALSE draw item-level information for every item in the pool. |
| select | A vector of indices identifying the items to subset, for when 'object' is an item_pool object. |
| color | The color of the curve. |
| file_pdf | If supplied a filename, save as a PDF file. |
| width | Width of graphics device. |
| height | Width of graphics device. |
| mfrow | Multipanel configurations as <code>c(nrow, ncol)</code> . |

Examples

```
subitempool <- subsetItemPool(itempool_science, 1:8)
plotInfo(subitempool)

config <- createStaticTestConfig()
solution <- Static(config, constraints_science)
plotInfo(solution)
```

| | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|
| plotInfoOverlay | <i>Overlay item information plots</i> |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------|

Description

Overlay item information plots.

Usage

```
plotInfoOverlay(
  object,
  theta,
  info_type = "FISHER",
  select = NULL,
  file_pdf = NULL,
  color = "red",
  width = 7,
  height = 6
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-----------|--|
| object | An <code>item_pool</code> object. |
| theta | A theta grid. |
| info_type | Type of information. |
| select | A vector of indices identifying the items to subset. |
| file_pdf | If supplied a filename, save as a PDF file. |
| color | Plotting color. |
| width | Width of the graphics device. |
| height | Height of the graphics device. |

| | |
|----------|------------------------|
| plotRMSE | <i>Draw RMSE plots</i> |
|----------|------------------------|

Description

Draw RMSE plots.

Usage

```
plotRMSE(
  ...,
  title = NULL,
  legend_title = NULL,
  legend_labels = NULL,
  lty_set = NULL,
  col_set = NULL,
  theta = seq(-2, 2, 1)
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------|--|
| ... | A series of RMSE values. |
| title | A plot title. |
| legend_title | A legend title. |
| legend_labels | A vector of labels for the series. |
| lty_set | A vector of line types for the series. |
| col_set | A vector of colors for the series. |
| theta | A theta grid. |

| | |
|------------|---------------------------------|
| plotShadow | <i>Draw a shadow test chart</i> |
|------------|---------------------------------|

Description

Draw a chart of shadow tests constructed for each simulee. The index of a column represents the position of item administration process, and each column represents the item pool.

Usage

```

plotShadow(
  object,
  examinee_id = 1,
  sort_by_difficulty = FALSE,
  file_pdf = NULL,
  simple = FALSE,
  ...
)

## S4 method for signature 'list'
plotShadow(
  object,
  examinee_id = 1,
  sort_by_difficulty = FALSE,
  file_pdf = NULL,
  simple = FALSE,
  ...
)

```

Arguments

| | |
|---------------------------------|--|
| <code>object</code> | An output from Shadow function. |
| <code>examinee_id</code> | Numeric ID of the examinee to draw the plot. |
| <code>sort_by_difficulty</code> | Sort the items by difficulty. (not implemented) |
| <code>file_pdf</code> | If supplied a filename, save as a PDF file. |
| <code>simple</code> | If TRUE, simplify the chart by hiding unused items. |
| <code>...</code> | Additional options to be passed on to <code>pdf()</code> . |

Examples

```

config <- createShadowTestConfig()
true_theta <- rnorm(1)
solution <- Shadow(config, constraints_science, true_theta)
plotShadow(solution, 1)
plotShadow(solution, 1, simple = TRUE)

```

`pool_cluster-class` *An S4 class to represent a cluster of item pools*

Description

An S4 class to represent a cluster of item pools.

Slots

np A scalar to indicate the number of item pools in the cluster.
 pools A list of `item_pool` objects.
 names A character vector of item pool names of length np.

p_1pl *Calculate probability at a single theta (1PL)*

Description

Calculate the probability of correct response at a theta value, under the 1PL model.

Usage

`p_1pl(x, b)`

Arguments

x Numeric. A single theta value.
 b Numeric. A difficulty parameter value.

References

Rasch G (1960). *Probabilistic models for some intelligence and attainment tests*. Copenhagen: Danish Institute for Educational Research.

p_2pl *Calculate probability at a single theta (2PL)*

Description

Calculate the probability of correct response at a theta value, under the 2PL model.

Usage

`p_2pl(x, a, b)`

Arguments

x Numeric. A single theta value.
 a Numeric. A slope parameter value.
 b Numeric. A difficulty parameter value.

References

Lord FM (1952). "A theory of test scores." *Psychometric Monograph*, 7.

Birnbaum A (1957). "Efficient design and use of tests of mental ability for various decision-making problems (Series Report No. 58-16. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

Birnbaum A (1958). "On the estimation of mental ability (Series Report No. 15. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

Birnbaum A (1958). "Further considerations of efficiency in tests of a mental ability (Series Report No. 17. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.

p_3pl

Calculate probability at a single theta (3PL)

Description

Calculate the probability of correct response at a theta value, under the 3PL model.

Usage

$p_{3pl}(x, a, b, c)$

Arguments

| | |
|---|--|
| x | Numeric. A single theta value. |
| a | Numeric. A slope parameter value. |
| b | Numeric. A difficulty parameter value. |
| c | Numeric. A guessing parameter value. |

References

Birnbaum A (1968). "Some latent trait models and their use in inferring an examinee's ability." In Lord FM, Novick MR (eds.), *Statistical Theories of Mental Test Scores*, 397–479. Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA.

p_pc

Calculate probability at a single theta (PC)

Description

Calculate the probability of correct response at a theta value, under the partial credit model.

Usage

p_pc(x, b)

Arguments

x Numeric. A single theta value.
 b Numeric. A vector of threshold parameter values.

References

Masters GN (1982). "A Rasch model for partial credit scoring." *Psychometrika*, **47**(2), 149–174.
 Andrich D (1978). "A rating formulation for ordered response categories." *Psychometrika*, **43**(4), 561–573.

RE

Calculate Relative Errors

Description

Calculate Relative Errors.

Usage

RE(RMSE_foc, RMSE_ref)

Arguments

RMSE_foc A vector of RMSE values for the focal group.
 RMSE_ref A vector of RMSE values for the reference group.

| | |
|------|--|
| RMSE | <i>Calculate Root Mean Squared Error</i> |
|------|--|

Description

Calculate Root Mean Squared Error.

Usage

```
RMSE(x, y, conditional = TRUE)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------|---|
| x | A vector of values. |
| y | A vector of values. |
| conditional | If TRUE, calculate RMSE conditional on x. |

| | |
|-------------|--------------------------|
| runAssembly | <i>Run Test Assembly</i> |
|-------------|--------------------------|

Description

Perform test assembly with specified configurations. This function is used internally in [Static](#) and [Shadow](#).

Usage

```
runAssembly(config, constraints, xdata = NULL, objective = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------|---|
| config | A config_Static or a config_Shadow object containing configuration options. Use createStaticTestConfig and createShadowTestConfig for this. |
| constraints | A list representing optimization constraints. Use loadConstraints for this. |
| xdata | A list containing extra data to be used in Shadow , representing the constraints for force-including previously administered items. |
| objective | Information for each item in the pool. |

Value

A list containing the following entries:

- MIP A list containing the result from MIP solver.
- status The MIP status value, indicating whether an optimal solution was found.
- shadow_test The attributes of the selected items.
- obj_value The objective value of the solution.
- solve_time The elapsed time in running the solver.

References

van der Linden WJ (2005). *Linear Models for Optimal Test Design*. Springer Science & Business Media.

| | |
|------------|-----------------------------------|
| saveOutput | <i>Save or print audit trails</i> |
|------------|-----------------------------------|

Description

Save or print audit trails for all simulees.

Usage

```
saveOutput(object_list, file = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------|---|
| object_list | A list of output objects generated from STA. |
| file | An optional file name as a character string to save the output. |

Value

None

| | |
|--------|------------------------------------|
| Shadow | <i>Run adaptive test assembly.</i> |
|--------|------------------------------------|

Description

Perform adaptive test assembly based on generalized shadow-test approach, with specified configurations.

Usage

```
Shadow(
  config,
  constraints = NULL,
  true_theta = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  prior = NULL,
  prior_par = NULL,
  session = NULL
)

## S4 method for signature 'config_Shadow'
```



```
Shadow(
  config,
  constraints = NULL,
  true_theta = NULL,
  data = NULL,
  prior = NULL,
  prior_par = NULL,
  session = NULL
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------|---|
| config | A config_Shadow object. |
| constraints | A list representing optimization constraints. Use loadConstraints for this. |
| true_theta | Numeric. A vector of true theta values to be used in simulation. |
| data | Numeric. A matrix containing item response data. |
| prior | Numeric. A matrix or a vector containing priors. |
| prior_par | Numeric. A vector of parameters for prior distribution. |
| session | Used to communicate with a Shiny session. |

References

- van der Linden WJ, Reese LM (1998). "A model for optimal constrained adaptive testing." *Applied Psychological Measurement*, **22**, 259–270.
- van der Linden WJ (1998). "Optimal assembly of psychological and educational tests." *Applied Psychological Measurement*, **22**, 195–211.
- van der Linden WJ (2000). "Optimal assembly of tests with item sets." *Applied Psychological Measurement*, **24**, 225–240.
- van der Linden WJ (2005). *Linear Models for Optimal Test Design*. Springer Science & Business Media.

Examples

```
config <- createShadowTestConfig()
true_theta <- rnorm(1)
solution <- Shadow(config, constraints_science, true_theta)
solution$output
```

| | |
|-----------------|-------------------------|
| showConstraints | <i>Show constraints</i> |
|-----------------|-------------------------|

Description

Show constraints. This function is a shortcut to access ' ' slot.

Usage

```
showConstraints(constraints)
```

Arguments

constraints Output from [loadConstraints](#).

| | |
|---------|--------------------------------|
| simResp | <i>Simulate item responses</i> |
|---------|--------------------------------|

Description

An S4 generic and its methods to simulate responses.

Usage

```
simResp(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_1PL,numeric'
simResp(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_2PL,numeric'
simResp(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_3PL,numeric'
simResp(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_PC,numeric'
simResp(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_GPC,numeric'
simResp(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_GR,numeric'
simResp(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'item_pool,numeric'
simResp(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'pool_cluster,numeric'
simResp(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'pool_cluster,list'
simResp(object, theta)

## S4 method for signature 'pool_cluster,list'
simResp(object, theta)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|-------------------------------|
| object | An instance of an item class. |
| theta | A vector of theta values. |

Value

Simulated responses.

References

- Rasch G (1960). *Probabilistic models for some intelligence and attainment tests*. Copenhagen: Danish Institute for Educational Research.
- Lord FM (1952). "A theory of test scores." *Psychometric Monograph*, **7**.
- Birnbaum A (1957). "Efficient design and use of tests of mental ability for various decision-making problems (Series Report No. 58-16. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1958). "On the estimation of mental ability (Series Report No. 15. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1958). "Further considerations of efficiency in tests of a mental ability (Series Report No. 17. Project No. 7755-23)." Randolph Air Force Base, TX: USAF School of Aviation Medicine.
- Birnbaum A (1968). "Some latent trait models and their use in inferring an examinee's ability." In Lord FM, Novick MR (eds.), *Statistical Theories of Mental Test Scores*, 397–479. Addison-Wesley, Reading, MA.
- Masters GN (1982). "A Rasch model for partial credit scoring." *Psychometrika*, **47**(2), 149–174.
- Andrich D (1978). "A rating formulation for ordered response categories." *Psychometrika*, **43**(4), 561–573.
- Muraki E (1992). "A generalized partial credit model: Application of an EM algorithm." *Applied Psychological Measurement*, **16**(2), 159–176.
- Samejima F (1969). "Estimation of latent ability using a response pattern of graded scores." *Psychometrika Monograph*, **17**.

Examples

```

item_1      <- new("item_1PL", difficulty = 0.5)
sim_item_1 <- simResp(item_1, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_2      <- new("item_2PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5)
sim_item_2 <- simResp(item_2, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_3      <- new("item_3PL", slope = 1.0, difficulty = 0.5, guessing = 0.2)
sim_item_3 <- simResp(item_3, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_4      <- new("item_PC", threshold = c(-1, 0, 1), ncat = 4)
sim_item_4 <- simResp(item_4, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_5      <- new("item_GPC", slope = 1.2, threshold = c(-0.8, -1.0, 0.5), ncat = 4)
sim_item_5 <- simResp(item_5, seq(-3, 3, 1))
item_6      <- new("item_GR", slope = 0.9, category = c(-1, 0, 1), ncat = 4)
sim_item_6 <- simResp(item_6, seq(-3, 3, 1))
sim_itempool <- simResp(itempool_science, seq(-3, 3, 1))

```

| | |
|--------|---------------------------------|
| Static | <i>Run Static Test Assembly</i> |
|--------|---------------------------------|

Description

Perform static (fixed-form) test assembly with specified configurations.

Usage

```
Static(config, constraints)
```

```
## S4 method for signature 'config_Static'
Static(config, constraints)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------|---|
| config | A config_Static object containing configuration options. Use createStaticTestConfig for this. |
| constraints | A list representing optimization constraints. Use loadConstraints for this. |

Value

A list containing the following entries:

- MIP A list containing the result from MIP solver.
 - solution Solution vector. Each value represents an item. A value of 1 indicates the item was selected.
 - objval Objective value of the solution.
 - status Status value indicating whether an optimal solution was found.
- selected The attributes of the selected items.
- solver The name of the MIP solver used in the assembly.
- obj_value Objective value of the solution. Identical to the one above.
- solve_time The elapsed time in running the solver.

References

van der Linden WJ (2005). *Linear Models for Optimal Test Design*. Springer Science & Business Media.

Examples

```
config_science <- createStaticTestConfig(
  list(
    method = "MAXINFO",
    target_location = c(-1, 1)
  )
)
```

```
)
solution <- Static(config_science, constraints_science)
```

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| st_attrib-class | <i>An S4 class to represent a set of constraints.</i> |
|-----------------|---|

Description

An S4 class to represent a set of constraints.

Slots

slope Numeric. A slope parameter value.

difficulty Numeric. A difficulty parameter value.

| | |
|----------------|---|
| subsetItemPool | <i>Create a subset of an item pool object</i> |
|----------------|---|

Description

Create a subset of an [item_pool](#) object.

Usage

```
subsetItemPool(pool, select = NULL)
```

Arguments

pool An [item_pool](#) object.

select A vector of indices identifying the items to subset.

Examples

```
subitempool <- subsetItemPool(itempool_science, 1:100)
```

| | |
|------------|---|
| subsetTest | <i>Create a subset of a test object</i> |
|------------|---|

Description

Create a subset of a test object.

Usage

```
subsetTest(test, select = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|-------------------------------------|
| test | An test object. |
| select | A vector of item indices to subset. |

Examples

```
test <- makeTest(itempool_science, seq(-3, 3, 1))  
subtest <- subsetTest(test, 1:100)
```

| | |
|------------|--|
| test-class | <i>An S4 class to represent a test</i> |
|------------|--|

Description

An S4 class to represent a test.

Slots

| | |
|------------|--|
| pool | An item_pool object. |
| theta | A theta grid. |
| prob | A list of item response probabilities. |
| info | A matrix of item information values. |
| true_theta | An optional vector of true theta values. |
| data | An optional matrix of item responses. |

| | |
|--------------------|--|
| test_cluster-class | <i>An S4 class to represent a test cluster</i> |
|--------------------|--|

Description

An S4 class to represent a test cluster from a list of `test` objects.

Slots

`nt` Numeric. A scalar to indicate the number of `test` objects to be clustered.

`tests` A list `test` objects.

`names` Character. A vector of names corresponding to the `test` objects.

| | |
|-----------|--|
| theta_EAP | <i>Calculate an EAP estimate of theta for one examinee</i> |
|-----------|--|

Description

Calculate an expected a posterior estimate of theta for one examinee.

Usage

```
theta_EAP(theta_grid, item_parm, resp, ncat, model, prior, prior_parm)
```

Arguments

| | |
|-------------------------|---|
| <code>theta_grid</code> | An equi-spaced theta grid. |
| <code>item_parm</code> | A numeric matrix of item parameters. |
| <code>resp</code> | A numeric vector of item responses. |
| <code>ncat</code> | A numeric vector of the number of response categories by item. |
| <code>model</code> | A numeric vector indicating the IRT models of each item (1: 1PL, 2: 2PL, 3: 3PL, 4: PC, 5: GPC, 6: GR). |
| <code>prior</code> | The type of prior distribution (1: normal, 2: uniform). |
| <code>prior_parm</code> | A numeric vector of hyperparameters for the prior distribution, $c(\mu, \sigma)$ or $c(l, ul)$. |

| | |
|------------------|--|
| theta_EAP_matrix | <i>Calculate EAP estimates of theta for a group of examinees</i> |
|------------------|--|

Description

Calculate expected a posteriori estimates of theta for a group of examinees.

Usage

```
theta_EAP_matrix(theta_grid, item_parm, Resp, ncat, model, prior, prior_parm)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|--|
| theta_grid | An equi-spaced theta grid. |
| item_parm | A numeric matrix of item parameters. |
| Resp | A numeric matrix of item responses. |
| ncat | A numeric vector of the number of response categories by item. |
| model | A numeric vector of the IRT model by item (1: 1PL, 2: 2PL, 3: 3PL, 4: PC, 5: GPC, 6: GR). |
| prior | The type of prior distribution (1: normal, 2: uniform). |
| prior_parm | A numeric vector of hyperparameters for the prior distribution, c(mu, sigma) or c(ll, ul). |

| | |
|----------|--|
| theta_EB | <i>Calculate an empirical Bayes estimate of theta for one examinee</i> |
|----------|--|

Description

Calculate an empirical Bayes estimate of theta for one examinee.

Usage

```
theta_EB(  
  nx,  
  theta_init,  
  theta_prop,  
  item_parm,  
  resp,  
  ncat,  
  model,  
  prior,  
  prior_parm  
)
```


Arguments

| | |
|------------|---|
| nx | The number of MCMC draws. |
| theta_init | A value for initial estimate of theta. |
| theta_prop | SD of the proposal distribution. |
| item_parm | A numeric matrix of item parameters. |
| resp | A numeric vector of item responses. |
| ncat | A numeric vector of the number of response categories by item. |
| model | A numeric vector indicating the IRT models of each item (1: 1PL, 2: 2PL, 3: 3PL, 4: PC, 5: GPC, 6: GR). |
| prior | The type of prior distribution (1: normal, 2: uniform). |
| prior_parm | A numeric vector of hyperparameters for the prior distribution, c(mu, sigma) or c(ll, ul). |

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| theta_EB_single | <i>Calculate an empirical Bayes estimate of theta for a single item</i> |
|-----------------|---|

Description

Calculate an empirical Bayes estimate of theta for a single item.

Usage

```
theta_EB_single(
  nx,
  theta_init,
  theta_prop,
  item_parm,
  resp,
  ncat,
  model,
  prior,
  prior_parm
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|--|
| nx | The number of MCMC draws. |
| theta_init | A value for initial estimate of theta. |
| theta_prop | SD of the proposal distribution. |
| item_parm | A numeric matrix of item parameters. |
| resp | A numeric vector of item responses. |
| ncat | A numeric vector of the number of response categories by item. |

| | |
|------------|---|
| model | A numeric vector indicating the IRT models of each item (1: 1PL, 2: 2PL, 3: 3PL, 4: PC, 5: GPC, 6: GR). |
| prior | The type of prior distribution (1: normal, 2: uniform). |
| prior_parm | A numeric vector of hyperparameters for the prior distribution, c(mu, sigma) or c(ll, ul). |

| | |
|----------|---|
| theta_FB | <i>Calculate a fully Bayesian estimate of theta for an examinee</i> |
|----------|---|

Description

Calculate a fully Bayesian estimate of theta for an examinee.

Usage

```
theta_FB(
  nx,
  theta_init,
  theta_prop,
  items_list,
  item_init,
  resp,
  ncat,
  model,
  prior,
  prior_parm
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|---|
| nx | The number of MCMC draws. |
| theta_init | A value for initial estimate of theta. |
| theta_prop | SD of the proposal distribution. |
| items_list | A list of item_parm matrices. |
| item_init | A matrix of item parameter estimates (one row per item). |
| resp | A numeric vector of item responses. |
| ncat | A numeric vector of the number of response categories by item. |
| model | A numeric vector indicating the IRT models of each item (1: 1PL, 2: 2PL, 3: 3PL, 4: PC, 5: GPC, 6: GR). |
| prior | The type of prior distribution (1: normal, 2: uniform). |
| prior_parm | A numeric vector of hyperparameters for the prior distribution, c(mu, sigma) or c(ll, ul). |

| | |
|-----------------|---|
| theta_FB_single | <i>Calculate a fully Bayesian estimate of theta for a single item</i> |
|-----------------|---|

Description

Calculate a fully Bayesian estimate of theta for a single item.

Usage

```
theta_FB_single(
  nx,
  theta_init,
  theta_prop,
  item_mcmc,
  item_init,
  resp,
  ncat,
  model,
  prior,
  prior_parm
)
```

Arguments

| | |
|------------|---|
| nx | The number of MCMC draws. |
| theta_init | A value for initial estimate of theta. |
| theta_prop | SD of the proposal distribution. |
| item_mcmc | A matrix of sampled item parameters for a single item. |
| item_init | A matrix of item parameter estimates (one row per item). |
| resp | A numeric vector of item responses. |
| ncat | A numeric vector of the number of response categories by item. |
| model | A numeric vector indicating the IRT models of each item (1: 1PL, 2: 2PL, 3: 3PL, 4: PC, 5: GPC, 6: GR). |
| prior | The type of prior distribution (1: normal, 2: uniform). |
| prior_parm | A numeric vector of hyperparameters for the prior distribution, c(mu, sigma) or c(ll, ul). |

| | |
|-------------------|---------------------------|
| updateConstraints | <i>Update constraints</i> |
|-------------------|---------------------------|

Description

Update the constraints list

Usage

```
updateConstraints(object, on = NULL, off = NULL)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------|---|
| object | A constraints object from loadConstraints . |
| on | a vector of constraints index to turn on. |
| off | a vector of constraints index to turn off. |

Value

An updated [constraints](#) object, to be used in [Static](#) and [Shadow](#).

Examples

```
constraints_science2 <- updateConstraints(constraints_science, off = 32:36)  
constraints_science3 <- updateConstraints(constraints_science, on = 32:36)
```

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