Package 'RecurRisk'

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RecurRisk-package

Recurrence Risk Assessment Tool

Description

This package is to project the risk of recurrence using disease-specific survival data.

Details

This package has been developed to estimate the risk of progressing to distant recurrence using disease-specific survival from cancer registry data. The disease-specific survival is assessed via cause-specific survival or relative survival using SEER*Stat software. The cause-specific survival or relative survival is assumed to follow a mixture-cure model and the risk of recurrence is inferred from the survival among the non-cured fraction. The cure fraction and parametric survival distribution among those not cured are estimated using CanSurv software for group data and R flexsurvcure package for individual data. The current version can handle Weibull and log-logistic distributions for the non-cured survival.

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data.cansurv

CanSurv CSV format output

Description

An example CSV format output from CanSurv software including parameters for the mixture cure survival model.

Usage

```
data("data.cansurv")
```

Format

A data frame with 99 observations on the following 15 variables. Two strata "SEER_historic_stage_LRD" and "Age_breast", and one covariate "Year_of_diagnosis_BC" are defined in the model.

Link The parametric survival distribution among those not cured specified in CanSurv.

Stratum_1__SEER_historic_stage_LRD The stratum SEER_historic_stage_LRD value.

Stratum_2__Age_breast The stratum Age_breast value.

estimate The estimated parameters for the mixture cure survival model.

- c_int A numeric vector in covariance matrix wrt cure intercept.
- c_1__Year_of_diagnosis_BC__0 A numeric vector in covariance matrix wrt cure parameter for Year_of_diagnosis_BC baseline.
- c_1_Year_of_diagnosis_BC__1 A numeric vector in covariance matrix wrt cure parameter for Year_of_diagnosis_BC value 1.
- c_1__Year_of_diagnosis_BC__2 A numeric vector in covariance matrix wrt cure parameter for Year_of_diagnosis_BC value 2.
- c_1__Year_of_diagnosis_BC__3 A numeric vector in covariance matrix wrt cure parameter for Year_of_diagnosis_BC value 3.
- u_int A numeric vector in covariance matrix wrt mu intercept.
- u_1__Year_of_diagnosis_BC__0 A numeric vector in covariance matrix wrt mu parameter for Year_of_diagnosis_BC baseline.
- u_1__Year_of_diagnosis_BC__1 A numeric vector in covariance matrix wrt mu parameter for Year_of_diagnosis_BC value 1.
- u_1__Year_of_diagnosis_BC__2 A numeric vector in covariance matrix wrt mu parameter for Year_of_diagnosis_BC value 2.
- u_1__Year_of_diagnosis_BC__3 A numeric vector in covariance matrix wrt mu parameter for Year_of_diagnosis_BC value 3.
- s_int A numeric vector in covariance matrix wrt sigma intercept.

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Details

For each stratum, the variable order in the estimate column should be cure intercept, cure coefficients for each level of the covariate, mu intercept, mu coefficients for each level of the covariate, sigma intercept.

Examples

```
data("data.cansurv")
```

data.group

SEER*Stat group survival data

Description

An example SEER*Stat data set including the cause-specific group survival.

Usage

```
data("data.group")
```

Format

A data frame with 803 observations on the following 12 variables.

Page_type Page type with format 0=Life Page, 1=Summary Page, etc..

SEER_historic_stage_LRD Stage varible with format 0=Localized, 1=Regional, 2=Distant.

Year_of_diagnosis_BC Year variable with format 0=1985-89, 1=1990-94, 2=1995-99, 3=2000-13.

Age_breast Age variable with format 0=15-59, 1=60-69, 2=70-84.

Interval Follow-up years.

Alive_at_Start The number of people who are alive at the beginning of interval.

Died The number of cancer deaths in the interval.

Lost_to_Followup The number of people lost to follow-up or dying from other causes in the interval.

CauseSpecific_Survival_Interval The cause-specific survival for the interval.

CauseSpecific_Survival_Cum The cause-specific cumulative survival.

CauseSpecific_SE_Interval The standard error for cause-specific interval survival.

CauseSpecific_SE_Cum The standard error for cause-specific cumulative survival.

Examples

```
data("data.group")
```

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data.individual Individual survival data

Description

An example individual survival data including the least required variables for recurrisk.individual function, which is created using the case-listing unformatted SEER*Stat CSV data file.

Usage

```
data("data.individual")
```

Format

A data frame with 421198 observations on the following 5 variables.

```
stage Stage varible with format 0=Localized, 1=Regional, 2=Distant.
```

yeargroup Year variable with format 0=1985-89, 1=1990-94, 2=1995-99, 3=2000-13.

agegroup Age variable with format 0=15-59, 1=60-69, 2=70-84.

time Follow-up years.

status The status indicator, 0=alive, 1=dead due to cancer.

Details

Note that, dead events due to other causes should be defined as censoring events.

Examples

```
data("data.individual")
```

read.seerstat

Read data from SEER*Stat export files

Description

A function to read data and dictionary information from SEER*Stat export files. It should be called to read in group survival data before running function recurrisk.group.

Usage

```
read.seerstat(file.dic, file.txt)
```

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Arguments

file.dic The dictionary file exported from SEER*Stat software with .dic extension which contains the information describing the layout of the export data file.

file.txt The cause-specific or relative survival data generated from SEER*Stat in .txt

format.Note that, if the .txt file is not exported from SEER*Stat but manually converted, the user should make sure the delimiter used in the txt file is the same

as the one specified in the dic file - field delimiter option.

Details

This function makes use of function read. SeerStat in R package SEER2R.

Value

A data frame containing SEER*Stat survival data.

See Also

recurrisk.group

recurrisk.group Estimate recurrence risk using grouped survival data

Description

A function to estimate the risk of recurrence using cancer registry disease-specific grouped survival data.

Usage

```
recurrisk.group(data, data.cansurv, stagevar, stage.dist.value, adj.r = 1)
```

Arguments

data The SEER*Stat cause-specific or relative group survival data frame returned by

function read.seerstat.

data.cansurv The data frame including parameter estimation and covariance matrix for the

mixture cure survival model from Cansurv CSV format output. It also contains

the information on strata and covariates.

stagevar The stage variable containing the distant stage from SEER*Stat data.

stage.dist.value

The numeric value of distant stage.

adj.r The adjustment factor used to adjust the registry-based survival curves for sen-

sitivity analysis. The default value is 1.

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Value

A data frame containing the following items.

link The parametric survival distribution among those not cured specified in CanSurv.

cure The cure fraction estimated from the mixture cure survival model.

The estimated scale parameter of the survival distribution for those not cured.The estimated shape parameter of the survival distribution for those not cured.

theta The exponential hazard of the time from recurrence to cancer death.

surv_curemodel The survival estimated from the mixture cure survival model.

surv_notcure The estimated survival for the non-cured fraction.

median_surv_notcured

The median survival time for the non-cured fraction.

s1_numerical The numerical estimated survival to recurrence (recurrence-free survival) for the

non-cured fraction.

G_numerical The numerical estimated survival to recurrence.

CI_numerical 1-G_numerical, the numerical estimated cumulative incidence of recurrence which

is the probability of progressing to cancer recurrence.

s1_analytical The analytical estimated survival to recurrence (recurrence-free survival) for the

non-cured fraction.

G_analytical The analytical estimated survival to recurrence.

CI_analytical 1-G_analytical, the analytical estimated cumulative incidence of recurrence.

se_CI_analytical

The standard error of CI_analytical.

obs_surv The observed survival from SEER*Stat.

obs_dist_surv The observed survival for distant stage from SEER*Stat.

See Also

```
data.group, read.seerstat.
```

Examples

```
data("data.group")
data("data.cansurv")
stagevar<-"SEER_historic_stage_LRD"
stage.dist.value<-2
adj.r<-1.5
out<-recurrisk.group(data.group, data.cansurv, stagevar, stage.dist.value, adj.r)</pre>
```

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recurrisk.individual Estimate recurrence risk using individual survival data

Description

A function to estimate the risk of recurrence using cancer registry disease-specific individual survival data.

Usage

```
recurrisk.individual(data, stratum, covar, timevar, eventvar,
stagevar, stage.dist.value, link = "Log-logistic", adj.r = 1)
```

Arguments

8		
data	The individual survival data set created using the case-listing unformatted CSV data exported from SEER*Stat software or user-generated individual data by other statistical software.	
stratum	The user-defined strata variables which should be categorical coded as integers. One or more strata can be defined. If there is no stratum, user should define it as NULL.	
covar	The covariates defined in the mixture cure survival model which should be categorical coded as integers. One or more covariates can be defined. If there is no covariate, user should define it as NULL.	
timevar	The variable specified as follow-up time in the survival model.	
eventvar	The status indicator, 0=alive, 1=dead (due to cancer). Note that, dead events due to other causes should be defined as censoring events.	
stagevar	The stage variable defined in SEER*Stat data. If there are more than 1 stage variable, the user will need to define the one which contains the distant stage.	
stage.dist.value		
	The numeric value of distant stage from the values of stage variable.	
link	The latency distribution for the cure model (non-cured survival). The current version can handle Weibull and log-logistic distributions. The default link is log-logistic.	
adj.r	The adjustment factor used to adjust the registry-based survival curves for sensitivity analysis. The default value is 1.	

Value

A data frame containing the following items.

1ink The parametric survival distribution among those not cured specified in CanSurv.cure The cure fraction estimated from the mixture cure survival model.

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lambda	The estimated scale parameter of the survival distribution for those not cured.	
k	The estimated shape parameter of the survival distribution for those not cured.	
theta	The exponential hazard of the time from recurrence to cancer death.	
surv_curemodel	The survival estimated from the mixture cure survival model.	
surv_notcure median_surv_not	The estimated survival for the non-cured fraction.	
	The median survival time for the non-cured fraction.	
s1_numerical	The numerical estimated survival to recurrence (recurrence-free survival) for the non-cured fraction.	
G_numerical	The numerical estimated survival to recurrence.	
CI_numerical	1-G_numerical, the numerical estimated cumulative incidence of recurrence which is the probability of progressing to cancer recurrence.	
s1_analytical	The analytical estimated survival to recurrence (recurrence-free survival) for the non-cured fraction.	
G_analytical	The analytical estimated survival to recurrence.	
CI_analytical	1-G_analytical, the analytical estimated cumulative incidence of recurrence.	
se_CI_analytical		
	The standard error of CI_analytical.	
obs_surv	The observed survival from SEER*Stat.	
obs_dist_surv	The observed survival for distant stage from SEER*Stat.	

Note

Note that, the cure fraction and parametric survival distribution are estimated using flexsurvcure function in R package flexsurvcure for individual data.

See Also

```
data.individual
```

Examples

```
#data("data.individual")
#timevar<-"time"
#eventvar<-"status"
#stagevar<-"stage"
#stage.dist.value<-3
#stratum<-c("stage","agegroup")
#covar<-"yeargroup"
#link<-"Log-logistic"
#adj.r<-1.2
#out<-recurrisk.individual(data.individual, stratum, covar, timevar, eventvar,
# stagevar, stage.dist.value, link, adj.r)</pre>
```

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