# Package 'RGtk2'

March 8, 2019

Title R Bindings for Gtk 2.8.0 and Above
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Depends R (>= 3.4.0)
Imports methods
SystemRequirements Cairo (>= 1.0.0), ATK (>= 1.10.0), Pango (>= 1.10.0), GTK+ (>= 2.8.0), GLib (>= 2.8.0)
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Description Facilities in the R language for programming graphical interfaces using Gtk, the Gimp Tool Kit.

License GPL

Version 2.20.36

URL http://www.ggobi.org/rgtk2, http://www.omegahat.net

Encoding UTF-8

NeedsCompilation yes

**Repository** CRAN

Date/Publication 2019-03-08 15:32:41 UTC

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assertions RGtk2 Type Assertion

#### Description

Assert that an object is of a particular type

# Usage

```
checkPtrType(w, klass = "GtkWidget", nullOk = FALSE, critical = TRUE)
implements(obj, interface)
```

# Arguments

W	An object whose type is to be verified.
klass	The type the object is expected to be.
null0k	Whether the object is allowed to be NULL.
critical	Whether to stop if the object is not of the specified type. If this is a character vector, then the function will stop on mismatch and report that string as the error message.
obj	A GObject.
interface	The interface that obj is expected to implement.

# Details

All RGtk2 functions check that the arguments are of the correct type, if possible. The checkPtrType function is most useful to the user when it is not known if an object is of the required type. A good example is the *user data* argument of a callback function. To see if a GObject implements a certain interface, use implements.

# Author(s)

Michael Lawrence and Duncan Temple Lang

#### ATK

#### Description

ATK

ATK is the Accessibility Toolkit. It provides a set of generic interfaces allowing accessibility technologies to interact with a graphical user interface. For example, a screen reader uses ATK to discover the text in an interface and read it to blind users. GTK+ widgets have built-in support for accessibility using the ATK framework.

#### Details

The RGtk binding to the ATK library consists of the following components:

- AtkAction The ATK interface provided by UI components which the user can activate/interact with,
- AtkComponent The ATK interface provided by UI components which occupy a physical area on the screen.
- AtkDocument The ATK interface which represents the toplevel container for document content.
- AtkEditableText The ATK interface implemented by components containing user-editable text content.
- AtkGObjectAccessible This object class is derived from AtkObject and can be used as a basis implementing accessible objects.
- AtkHyperlink An ATK object which encapsulates a link or set of links in a hypertext document.
- AtkHypertext The ATK interface which provides standard mechanism for manipulating hyperlinks.
- AtkImage The ATK Interface implemented by components which expose image or pixmap content on-screen.
- atk-AtkMisc undocumented
- AtkNoOpObject An AtkObject which purports to implement all ATK interfaces.
- AtkNoOpObjectFactory The AtkObjectFactory which creates an AtkNoOpObject.
- AtkObject The base object class for the Accessibility Toolkit API.
- AtkObjectFactory The base object class for a factory used to create accessible objects for objects of a specific GType.
- **AtkRegistry** An object used to store the GType of the factories used to create an accessible object for an object of a particular GType.

AtkRelation An object used to describe a relation between a object and one or more other objects.

AtkRelationSet A set of AtkRelations, normally the set of AtkRelations which an AtkObject has.

AtkSelection The ATK interface implemented by container objects whose children can be selected.

atk-AtkState An AtkState describes a component's particular state.

AtkStateSet An AtkStateSet determines a component's state set.

AtkStreamableContent The ATK interface which provides access to streamable content.

- AtkTable The ATK interface implemented for UI components which contain tabular or row/column information.
- AtkText The ATK interface implemented by components with text content.
- AtkUtil A set of ATK utility functions for event and toolkit support.
- **AtkValue** The ATK interface implemented by valuators and components which display or select a value from a bounded range of values.

#### Author(s)

Derived by RGtkGen from GTK+ documentation

#### References

https://developer.gnome.org/atk

CAIRO

CAIRO

#### Description

Cairo is a 2D graphics library with support for multiple output devices. Currently supported output targets include the X Window System, win32, and image buffers.

#### Details

The RGtk binding to the CAIRO library consists of the following components:

cairo-font-face Base class for font faces cairo-font-options How a font should be rendered cairo-image-surface Rendering to memory buffers cairo-matrix Generic matrix operations cairo-paths Creating paths and manipulating path data cairo-pattern Sources for drawing cairo-pdf-surface Rendering PDF documents cairo-png-functions Reading and writing PNG images cairo-ps-surface Rendering PostScript documents cairo-scaled-font Font face at particular size and options cairo-surface Base class for surfaces cairo-surface Rendering SVG documents cairo-text Rendering text and glyphs

# checkGTK

cairo-transformations Manipulating the current transformation matrix
cairo-types Generic data types
cairo-user-font Font support with font data provided by the user
cairo-version-info Compile-time and run-time version checks.
cairo-context The cairo drawing context

#### Author(s)

Derived by RGtkGen from GTK+ documentation

#### References

http://www.cairographics.org/manual

checkGTK

Bound versions

#### Description

These functions are for querying (bound\*) and checking (check\*) the bound versions of the libraries (GTK, Pango and Cairo). As of RGtk2 2.20.19, the check\* functions are deprecated in favor of the more explicit boundVersion() >= version syntax.

#### Usage

```
checkGTK(version)
checkPango(version)
checkCairo(version)
boundGTKVersion()
boundPangoVersion()
boundCairoVersion()
```

# Arguments

version Version description to compare to the bound version, as in: boundGTKVersion() >= version.

#### Value

The check\* functions return TRUE if version is satisfied, otherwise FALSE.

The bound\* functions return a numeric\_version representation of the bound library version.

#### Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

classes

#### Examples

```
## instead of
# checkGTK("2.12.0")
## do this:
boundGTKVersion() >= "2.12.0"
```

```
classes
```

#### Custom GObject classes

# Description

Highly experimental support for constructing new GObject classes entirely from with R.

# Usage

```
gClass(name, parent = "GObject", ..., abstract = FALSE)
parentHandler(method, obj = NULL, ...)
assignProp(obj, pspec, value)
getProp(obj, pspec)
registerVirtuals(virtuals)
```

#### Arguments

name	The name of the new class
parent	The name of the parent class
abstract	If TRUE, the class should not be instantiable.
method	The name of the method to invoke in the parent
obj	A GObject
	Additional arguments. For parentHandler(), arguments to pass to the parent method. For gClass(), arguments specifying the class definition (see Details).
pspec	A GParamSpec describing the property
value	The value to set on the property
virtuals	An environment containing lists where each list contains the names of the virtual methods for the class matching the name of the list.

# Details

The bulk of the class definition (everything except the name and the parent) is passed through additional arguments to the gClass function. This information includes:

**Methods** R functions that override virtuals methods in a GObject class. Functions overriding methods in the same class are grouped together in a list and are named according to the virtual they override. Each list is passed as a separate parameter to the class\_def list and bears the name of the corresponding class.

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- Signals Signals that are emitted by the class, in addition to those of the superclasses. Each signal definition is a list containing the following elements: signal name, vector of type names of signal arguments, type name of signal return value, and a vector of values from the GSignalFlags enumeration. The list of signal definitions is passed as a parameter named .signals to the gClass.
- **Properties** Properties defined by the class. This is a list of lists, each corresponding to a GParamSpec, as created by gParamSpec. The list is passed under the name .props to gClass. The property values are stored in a private environment. To override that behavior or to be notified (first) upon property changes, simply override the set\_property and get\_property virtuals in the GObject class. To override the implementation of properties defined by an ancestor class, specify their names in a separate vector passed as the .prop\_overrides parameter. If you override the setting or getting of properties, you can use assignProp or getProp to conveniently directly assign or get the value of a property to or from the low-level data structure, respectively. These functions differ from the normal property accessor mechanism in that they bypass the property system, thus avoiding recursion. They should only be used when overriding property handling.
- **Initializer** Upon instance creation, the function named .initialize (in the parameters passed to gClass) will be called with the instance as the only argument.
- **New members** It is possible to define new public, protected, and private fields and methods inside an R class, by passing them to gClass within lists named .public, .protected, or .private, respectively. The encapsulation works much the same as Java. Any protected and public functions may be overriden in a class derived from the defining class. All public fields are immutable. All function bindings are locked except for private ones. This means private functions can be replaced.

The above may seem complicated, and it is. Please see the alphaSliderClass for an example. Also note that the local function is convenient for defining static namespaces on the fly. For calling parent virtuals, use parentHandler.

assignProp and getProp are low-level functions; they should not be used in place of the conventional GObject property mechanism, except in the case mentioned above.

registerVirtuals and unregisterVirtuals are meant for use by packages that bind C GObject classes to R using the RGtk2 system. An example of such a package is rggobi.

# Value

For gClass, the GType of the new class. For getProp, the value of the property.

# Note

This functionality is not for casual users. If you don't know what you're doing you will break things. Otherwise, have fun.

# Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

#### Description

Convenience functions and operators for operating on bitflags and enums

#### Usage

```
as.flag(x)
## S3 method for class 'flags'
x[value]
## S3 method for class 'flag'
x | y
## S3 method for class 'flag'
x & y
## S3 method for class 'flag'
!x
## S3 method for class 'enum'
x == y
```

#### Arguments

Х	Numeric value to coerce to a flag, an object of class flags, or the left hand
	operand
У	Right hand operand
value	The character id or index for a particular flag in a flags vector

# Details

The libraries bound by RGtk2 often return numeric values that are either bitflags or enumerations. In order to facilitate operations on these types (especially bitflags), several methods have been defined corresponding to conventional operators for performing bitwise operations and comparisons.

RGtk2 defines all of the enum and flag types from the API's as vectors of class flags or enums with their names corresponding to the nicknames of the values. The [ operator on the flags or enums class retrieves a value as a flag or enum, respectively.

The == . enum method compares a enum with either a character or numeric representation of an enum value.

# Value

A flag for as.flag, [.flags, and the bitwise operators. A logical value for ==.enum.

#### Note

Sometimes the API does not return a value specifically as a flag. In this case, it is a generic numeric value and should be coerced with as.flag.

# GDK

#### Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

GDK	GDK			
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# Description

GDK is the abstraction layer that allows GTK+ to support multiple windowing systems. GDK provides drawing and window system facilities on X11, Windows, and the Linux framebuffer device.

# Details

The RGtk binding to the GDK library consists of the following components:

gdk-Cairo-Interaction Functions to support using Cairo gdk-Colormaps-and-Colors Manipulation of colors and colormaps gdk-Cursors Standard and pixmap cursors gdk-Drag-and-Drop Functions for controlling drag and drop handling gdk-Drawing-Primitives Functions for drawing points, lines, arcs, and text gdk-Event-Structures Data structures specific to each type of event gdk-Events Functions for handling events from the window system gdk-Fonts Loading and manipulating fonts gdk-Graphics-Contexts Objects to encapsulate drawing properties gdk-Application-launching Startup notification for applications **GdkDisplay** Controls the keyboard/mouse pointer grabs and a set of s GdkDisplayManager Maintains a list of all open s GdkScreen Object representing a physical screen gdk-Testing Test utilities gdk-General Library initialization and miscellaneous functions gdk-Images A client-side area for bit-mapped graphics gdk-Input-Devices Functions for handling extended input devices gdk-Keyboard-Handling Functions for manipulating keyboard codes gdk-Pango-Interaction Using Pango in GDK gdk-Pixbufs Functions for rendering pixbufs on drawables gdk-Bitmaps-and-Pixmaps Offscreen drawables gdk-Properties-and-Atoms Functions to manipulate properties on windows gdk-Points-Rectangles-and-Regions Simple graphical data types gdk-GdkRGB Renders RGB, grayscale, or indexed image data to a GdkDrawable gdk-Visuals Low-level display hardware information gdk-Windows Onscreen display areas in the target window system

#### Author(s)

Derived by RGtkGen from GTK+ documentation

#### References

https://developer.gnome.org/gdk2

GDK-Pixbuf

# Description

This is a small library which allows you to create GdkPixbuf ('pixel buffer') objects from image data or image files. Use a GdkPixbuf in combination with GtkImage to display images.

#### Details

The RGtk binding to the GDK-Pixbuf library consists of the following components:

gdk-pixbuf-animation Animated images.

gdk-pixbuf-creating Creating a pixbuf from image data that is already in memory.

gdk-pixbuf-File-Loading Loading a pixbuf from a file.

gdk-pixbuf-File-saving Saving a pixbuf to a file.

GdkPixbufLoader Application-driven progressive image loading.

GDK-Pixbuf

gdk-pixbuf-gdk-pixbuf Information that describes an image.

gdk-pixbuf-Versioning Library version numbers.

gdk-pixbuf-Module-Interface Extending

gdk-pixbuf-scaling Scaling pixbufs and scaling and compositing pixbufs

gdk-pixbuf-util Utility and miscellaneous convenience functions.

#### Author(s)

Derived by RGtkGen from GTK+ documentation

#### References

https://developer.gnome.org/gdk-pixbuf

#### Description

GIO

GIO is a modern, easy-to-use VFS API

# Details

The RGtk binding to the GIO library consists of the following components:

gio-Extension-Points Extension Points

GAppInfo Application information and launch contexts

GAsyncInitable Asynchronously failable object initialization interface

**GAsyncResult** Asynchronous Function Results

GBufferedInputStream Buffered Input Stream

GBufferedOutputStream Buffered Output Stream

GCancellable Thread-safe Operation Cancellation Stack

gio-GContentType Platform-specific content typing

GDataInputStream Data Input Stream

GDataOutputStream Data Output Stream

**GDrive** Drive management

**GEmblem** An object for emblems

**GEmblemedIcon** Icon with emblems

**GFile** File and Directory Handling

gio-GFileAttribute Key-Value Paired File Attributes

**GFileEnumerator** Enumerated Files Routines

**GFileIcon** Icons pointing to an image file

GFileInfo File Information and Attributes

GFileInputStream File input streaming operations

GFileIOStream File read and write streaming operations

**GFileMonitor** File Monitor

**GFilenameCompleter** Filename Completer

GFileOutputStream File output streaming operations

GFilterInputStream Filter Input Stream

GFilterOutputStream Filter Output Stream

**GIcon** Interface for icons

GInetAddress An IPv4/IPv6 address

GInetSocketAddress Internet GSocketAddress

**GInitable** Failable object initialization interface GInputStream Base class for implementing streaming input gio-GIOError Error helper functions **GIOModule** Loadable GIO Modules gio-GIOScheduler I/O Scheduler **GIOStream** Base class for implementing read/write streams GLoadableIcon Loadable Icons GMemoryInputStream Streaming input operations on memory chunks GMemoryOutputStream Streaming output operations on memory chunks **GMount** Mount management GMountOperation Object used for authentication and user interaction **GNetworkAddress** A GSocketConnectable for resolving hostnames GNetworkService A GSocketConnectable for resolving SRV records **GOutputStream** Base class for implementing streaming output **GResolver** Asynchronous and cancellable DNS resolver **GSeekable** Stream seeking interface GSimpleAsyncResult Simple asynchronous results implementation GSocket Low-level socket object GSocketAddress Abstract base class representing endpoints for socket communication **GSocketClient** Helper for connecting to a network service **GSocketConnectable** Interface for potential socket endpoints GSocketConnection A socket connection GSocketControlMessage A GSocket control message **GSocketListener** Helper for accepting network client connections GSocketService Make it easy to implement a network service **GSrvTarget** DNS SRV record target GThemedIcon Icon theming support GThreadedSocketService A threaded GSocketService **GVfs** Virtual File System **GVolume** Volume management **GVolumeMonitor** Volume Monitor

# Author(s)

Derived by RGtkGen from GTK+ documentation

#### References

https://developer.gnome.org/gio

giocon

# Description

Creates a regular R connection based on a GIO stream. The integration happens directly in C. The connection can be used anywhere connections are supported. See the httpd demo for examples.

# Usage

giocon(stream, binary = FALSE, blocking = TRUE)

# Arguments

stream	The GIO endpoint, such as a GInputStream, GOutputStream or GIOStream
binary	Whether the data are binary or character.
blocking	Whether the connection should block when reading and writing.

# Value

An R connection

#### Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

GMainLoop

The GLib Main Loop

#### Description

GLib provides an event-loop to all GLib-based libraries and applications. RGtk2 is one such library.

# Usage

```
gTimeoutAdd(interval, f, data = NULL)
gIdleAdd(f, data = NULL)
gSourceRemove(id)
```

# Arguments

interval	The time interval which determines the frequency of the handler call
f	An R function that is called by the loop
data	Any R object that is passed to the R function as the last parameter
id	The source id obtained when adding a handler

#### Details

The RGtk2 user has limited control over the event loop, but it still possible to register handlers as either timeout or idle tasks. A handler may be any R function, though it must return TRUE as long as it wants to stay connected to the loop.

Timeout tasks are performed once per some specified interval of time. Use gTimeoutAdd to register such a handler.

When the event loop is idle (not busy) it will execute the idle handlers, which may be registered with gIdleAdd.

If one needs to externally remove a handler from the loop, gSourceRemove will serve this purpose.

# Value

gIdleAdd and gTimeoutAdd both return a source id that may be used to remove the handler later.

# Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

#### References

https://developer.gnome.org/glib/stable/glib-The-Main-Event-Loop.html

GObject

The GObject system in RGtk2

#### Description

GObject is the fundamental type providing the common attributes and methods for all object types in GTK+, Pango and other libraries based on GObject. It provides facilities for object construction, properties, and signals.

#### Usage

```
gObjectGet(obj, ..., drop = T)
## S3 method for class 'GObject'
obj[value, ...]
gObjectSet(obj, ...)
## S3 replacement method for class 'GObject'
obj[propNames] <- value
## S3 method for class 'GObject'
obj[[member, where = parent.frame()]]
## S3 replacement method for class 'GObject'
obj[[member]] <- value
## S3 method for class 'GObject'
x$member
## S3 replacement method for class 'GObject'</pre>
```

# GObject

```
obj$member <- value
gObject(type, ...)
gObjectNew(type, ...)
gObjectSetData(obj, key, data = NULL)
gObjectGetData(obj, key)
gObjectGetSignals(obj)
gObjectGetPropInfo(obj, parents = TRUE, collapse = TRUE)
gTypeGetPropInfo(type)
## S3 method for class 'GObject'
names(x)
interface(obj)
gObjectParentClass(obj)
```

# Arguments

obj	an instance of a GObject
drop	when retrieving the value of a single property, TRUE to return the element from the list, instead of the list with just that element.
member	the name of a member in an R-defined (custom) GObject class
type	the type of GObject
key	the unique identifier under which the data is stored
data	the data to store with the GObject
	named arguments of properties to set or names of properties to retrieve
propNames	the names properties to set or get
value	a value with which to set a proprety
parents	whether to include the parents when retrieving property info
collapse	whether to collapse the properties over the parents
х	The GObject for which the property names are to be retrieved
where	The environment in which to look for the field accessor function

# Details

Every GObject has a type, known as a GType. Like all object-oriented paradigms, types may be (in this case singly) inherited. Thus, every GObject has a type that descends from the common GObject type. GObjects may also implement interfaces. The interfaces implemented by a particular object may be found in the interfaces attribute of an R object representing a GObject, for which, as you might expect, inherits("GObject") returns TRUE. To conveniently access this attribute, use interface.

A GObject is usually constructed with the constructor belonging to a particular subtype (for example, gtkWindowNew constructs a GtkWindow). It is also possible to use gObjectNew to construct an instance of GObject with the given type and properties.

The properties of a GObject are name-value pairs that may be retrieved and set using gObjectGet and gObjectSet, respectively. Whenever specifying properties as arguments in RGtk2, name the arguments with the property name and give the desired property value as the actual argument. For example, gObjectSet(window, modal = T) to make a window modal. For convenience,

the [.GObject and [<-.GObject functions may be used to get and set properties, respectively. For example, window["modal"] <- T. Properties help describe the state of an object and are convenient for many reasons, including the ability to register handlers that are invoked when a property changes. They are also associated with metadata that describe their purpose and allow runtime checking of constraints, such as the data type or range in the case of a numeric type.

This notification occurs via GObject signals, which are named hooks for which callbacks may be registered. The event driven system of GTK+ depends on signals for coordinating objects in response to both user and programmatic events. You can use gSignalConnect to connect an R function to a signal.

When new GObject classes are defined in R, they may provide additional fields and methods. [[.GObject and [[<-.GObject get and set, respectively, those members, depending on permissions: private members are only available to methods of the defining class, and protected only to subclasses of the defining class. If [[ fails to find an R-defined member, it searches for a C field and then a GObject property. [[<- first tries to set a GObject property before looking for an R member to ensure that properties are set through the proper channel. Note that the bindings of public fields and public and protected methods are locked, so they cannot be changed using [[<-. \$<-.GObject serves as a synonym of [[<-.GObject, but \$.GObject first checks for a function (see \$.RGtkObject) before falling back to the behavior of [[.GObject.

Finally, arbitrary R objects can be stored in a GObject under a specific key for later retrieval. This can be achieved with gObjectSetData and gObjectGetData, respectively. This is similar to attributes in R, with a major difference being that changes occur in the external GObject, transcending the local R object.

GObjects also offer some introspection capabilities. gObjectGetPropInfo and gObjectGetSignals provide a list of supported properties and signals, respectively. names.GObject lists the available properties for an object. It is hoped that in the future methods and fields may also be introspected.

#### Value

Properties and data for gObjectGet and gObjectGetData, respectively. gObjectNew returns a new instance of the specified type. gObjectGetPropInfo and gTypeGetPropInfo return a named list (or list of lists if collapse is FALSE) of properties (GParamSpecs) belonging to the GObject type and its parents (unless parents is FALSE). gObjectGetSignals gets a list of signal ids with names for the signals supported by the object. gObjectParentClass returns a pointer to the parent class of the object.

#### Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

#### References

https://developer.gnome.org/gobject/stable/gobject-The-Base-Object-Type.html

# See Also

GType GSignal

GQuark

GQuark

# Description

A GQuark is a unique identifier used for internalizing strings in GLib. RGtk2 will automatically coerce R strings to GQuarks as needed, but see as.GQuark for explicit coercion.

GSignal

The GSignal API

# Description

The basic concept of the signal system is that of the emission of a signal. Signals are introduced per-type and are identified through strings. Signals introduced for a parent type are available in derived types as well, so basically they are a per-type facility that is inherited.

#### Usage

```
gSignalConnect(obj, signal, f, data = NULL, after = FALSE, user.data.first = FALSE)
gSignalHandlerDisconnect(obj, id)
gSignalHandlerBlock(obj, id)
gSignalHandlerUnblock(obj, id)
gSignalEmit(obj, signal, ..., detail = NULL)
gSignalStopEmission(obj, signal, detail = NULL)
gSignalGetInfo(sig)
```

#### Arguments

obj	The object that owns the signal
signal	The detailed name of the signal
f	The R function to connect as a callback
data	Arbitrary "user data" that will be passed to the callback f
after	Whether f will be called before or after the default handler
user.data.first	
	Whether the data is the first or last argument to the callback
id	The signal handler id obtained upon connection to the signal
	Arguments to pass to the signal handlers
detail	Optional separate argument for the <i>detail</i> portion of the signal
sig	A signal id provided by gObjectGetSignals.

#### Details

A signal emission mainly involves invocation of a certain set of callbacks in precisely defined manner. There are two main categories of such callbacks, per-object ones and user provided ones. The per-object callbacks are most often referred to as "object method handler" or "default (signal) handler", while user provided callbacks are usually just called "signal handler". The object method handler is provided at signal creation time (this most frequently happens at the end of an object class' creation), while user provided handlers are frequently connected and disconnected to/from a certain signal on certain object instances.

A signal emission consists of five stages, unless prematurely stopped:

- 1. Invocation of the object method handler for G\_SIGNAL\_RUN\_FIRST signals
- 2. Invocation of normal user-provided signal handlers (after flag FALSE)
- 3. Invocation of the object method handler for G\_SIGNAL\_RUN\_LAST signals
- 4. Invocation of user provided signal handlers, connected with an after flag of TRUE
- 5. Invocation of the object method handler for G\_SIGNAL\_RUN\_CLEANUP signals

The user-provided signal handlers are called in the order they were connected in. All handlers may prematurely stop a signal emission, and any number of handlers may be connected, disconnected, blocked or unblocked during a signal emission. There are certain criteria for skipping user handlers in stages 2 and 4 of a signal emission. First, user handlers may be blocked, blocked handlers are omitted during callback invocation, to return from the "blocked" state, a handler has to get unblocked exactly the same amount of times it has been blocked before. Second, upon emission of a G\_SIGNAL\_DETAILED signal, an additional "detail" argument passed in to gSignalEmit has to match the detail argument of the signal handler currently subject to invocation. Specification of no detail argument for signal handlers (omission of the detail part of the signal specification upon connection) serves as a wildcard and matches any detail argument passed in to emission.

Most of the time, the RGtk2 user will be connecting to signals using gSignalConnect. This attaches an R function (and, optionally, some arbitrary "user data") to a specific GObject as a listener to the named signal.

gSignalHandlerBlock and gSignalHandlerUnblock provide facilities for (temporarily) blocking and unblocking the calling of an R function in response to some signal. To permanately disconnect the handler from the object and signal, use gSignalHandlerDisconnect.

A signal may be manually emitted with gSignalEmit. The emission of a signal may be killed prematurely with gSignalStopEmission.

Detailed information about a signal may be introspected with gSignalGetInfo using ids obtained with gObjectGetSignals.

#### Value

gSignalConnect returns a numeric id for the signal handler. It is used for blocking and disconnecting the handler.

gSignalGetInfo returns detailed information about a signal. The returned list contains the following elements:

returnType	The return GType id of the signal
signal	The signal id

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parameters	A list of GType ids for the parameters
objectType	The GType id owning the signal
runFlags	The flags determining behavior of the signal, see reference

#### Author(s)

Adapted from GSignal documentation by Michael Lawrence

# References

https://developer.gnome.org/gobject/stable/gobject-Signals.html

#### See Also

GObject

GTK

GTK

#### Description

The GTK+ library itself contains widgets, that is, GUI components such as GtkButton or GtkTextView.

# Details

The RGtk binding to the GTK library consists of the following components:

chap-drawing-model The GTK+ drawing model in detail gtk-Filesystem-utilities Functions for working with GIO **GtkAboutDialog** Display information about an application gtk-Keyboard-Accelerators Groups of global keyboard accelerators for an entire GtkWindow **GtkAccelLabel** A label which displays an accelerator key on the right of the text **gtk-Accelerator-Maps** Loadable keyboard accelerator specifications **GtkAccessible** Accessibility support for widgets **GtkAction** An action which can be triggered by a menu or toolbar item **GtkActionGroup** A group of actions GtkActivatable An interface for activatable widgets **GtkAdjustment** A GtkObject representing an adjustable bounded value GtkAlignment A widget which controls the alignment and size of its child **GtkArrow** Displays an arrow GtkAspectFrame A frame that constrains its child to a particular aspect ratio GtkAssistant A widget used to guide users through multi-step operations **GtkButtonBox** Base class for GtkHButtonBox and GtkVButtonBox

GtkBin A container with just one child **GtkBox** Base class for box containers gtk-gtkbuildable Interface for objects that can be built by GtkBuilder GtkBuilder Build an interface from an XML UI definition **GtkButton** A widget that creates a signal when clicked on GtkCalendar Displays a calendar and allows the user to select a date GtkCellEditable Interface for widgets which can are used for editing cells GtkCellLayout An interface for packing cells **GtkCellRenderer** An object for rendering a single cell on a GdkDrawable GtkCellRendererAccel Renders a keyboard accelerator in a cell GtkCellRendererCombo Renders a combobox in a cell GtkCellRendererPixbuf Renders a pixbuf in a cell GtkCellRendererProgress Renders numbers as progress bars GtkCellRendererSpin Renders a spin button in a cell **GtkCellRendererSpinner** Renders a spinning animation in a cell **GtkCellRendererText** Renders text in a cell GtkCellRendererToggle Renders a toggle button in a cell **GtkCellView** A widget displaying a single row of a GtkTreeModel GtkCheckButton Create widgets with a discrete toggle button gtk-gtkcheckmenuitem A menu item with a check box gtk-Clipboards Storing data on clipboards **GtkCList** A multi-columned scrolling list widget GtkColorButton A button to launch a color selection dialog GtkColorSelection A widget used to select a color **GtkColorSelectionDialog** A standard dialog box for selecting a color **GtkCombo** A text entry field with a dropdown list **GtkComboBox** A widget used to choose from a list of items GtkComboBoxEntry A text entry field with a dropdown list GtkContainer Base class for widgets which contain other widgets GtkCTree A widget displaying a hierarchical tree GtkCurve Allows direct editing of a curve GtkDialog Create popup windows gtk-Drag-and-Drop Functions for controlling drag and drop handling **GtkDrawingArea** A widget for custom user interface elements **GtkEditable** Interface for text-editing widgets

**GtkEntry** A single line text entry field

GtkEntryBuffer Text buffer for GtkEntry

GtkEntryCompletion Completion functionality for GtkEntry gtk-Standard-Enumerations Public enumerated types used throughout GTK+ GtkEventBox A widget used to catch events for widgets which do not have their own window **GtkExpander** A container which can hide its child GtkFileChooser File chooser interface used by GtkFileChooserWidget and GtkFileChooserDialog GtkFileChooserButton A button to launch a file selection dialog GtkFileChooserDialog A file chooser dialog, suitable for "File/Open" or "File/Save" commands GtkFileChooserWidget File chooser widget that can be embedded in other widgets gtk-gtkfilefilter A filter for selecting a file subset GtkFileSelection Prompt the user for a file or directory name GtkFixed A container which allows you to position widgets at fixed coordinates GtkFontButton A button to launch a font selection dialog GtkFontSelection A widget for selecting fonts **GtkFontSelectionDialog** A dialog box for selecting fonts **GtkFrame** A bin with a decorative frame and optional label GtkGammaCurve A subclass of GtkCurve for editing gamma curves gtk-Graphics-Contexts A shared pool of GdkGC objects GtkHandleBox a widget for detachable window portions GtkHButtonBox A container for arranging buttons horizontally GtkHBox A horizontal container box **GtkHPaned** A container with two panes arranged horizontally **GtkHRuler** A horizontal ruler GtkHScale A horizontal slider widget for selecting a value from a range GtkHScrollbar A horizontal scrollbar **GtkHSeparator** A horizontal separator **GtkHSV** A 'color wheel' widget gtk-Themeable-Stock-Images Manipulating stock icons **GtkIconTheme** Looking up icons by name GtkIconView A widget which displays a list of icons in a grid GtkImage A widget displaying an image GtkImageMenuItem A menu item with an icon **GtkIMContext** Base class for input method contexts GtkIMContextSimple An input method context supporting table-based input methods **GtkIMMulticontext** An input method context supporting multiple, loadable input methods **GtkInfoBar** Report important messages to the user **GtkInputDialog** Configure devices for the XInput extension GtkInvisible A widget which is not displayed

GtkItem Abstract base class for GtkMenuItem, GtkListItem and GtkTreeItem

GtkItemFactory A factory for menus

GtkLabel A widget that displays a small to medium amount of text

GtkLayout Infinite scrollable area containing child widgets and/or custom drawing

GtkLinkButton Create buttons bound to a URL

GtkList Widget for packing a list of selectable items

GtkListItem An item in a GtkList

GtkListStore A list-like data structure that can be used with the GtkTreeView

gtk-General Library initialization, main event loop, and events

GtkMenu A menu widget

GtkMenuBar A subclass widget for GtkMenuShell which holds GtkMenuItem widgets

GtkMenuItem The widget used for item in menus

GtkMenuShell A base class for menu objects

GtkMenuToolButton A GtkToolItem containing a button with an additional dropdown menu

GtkMessageDialog A convenient message window

GtkMisc Base class for widgets with alignments and padding

GtkNotebook A tabbed notebook container

**GtkOffscreenWindow** A toplevel container widget used to manage offscreen rendering of child widgets.

GtkOldEditable Base class for text-editing widgets

GtkOptionMenu A widget used to choose from a list of valid choices

gtk-Orientable An interface for flippable widgets

GtkPageSetup Stores page setup information

GtkPaned Base class for widgets with two adjustable panes

GtkPaperSize Support for named paper sizes

**GtkPixmap** A widget displaying a graphical image or icon

GtkPlug Toplevel for embedding into other processes

GtkPreview A widget to display RGB or grayscale data

GtkPrintContext Encapsulates context for drawing pages

gtk-High-level-Printing-API High-level Printing API

GtkPrintSettings Stores print settings

GtkProgress Base class for GtkProgressBar

GtkProgressBar A widget which indicates progress visually

GtkRadioAction An action of which only one in a group can be active

GtkRadioButton A choice from multiple check buttons

GtkRadioMenuItem A choice from multiple check menu items

GtkRadioToolButton A toolbar item that contains a radio button

GtkRange Base class for widgets which visualize an adjustment gtk-Resource-Files Routines for handling resource files GtkRecentAction An action of which represents a list of recently used files **GtkRecentChooser** Interface implemented by widgets displaying recently used files GtkRecentChooserDialog Displays recently used files in a dialog GtkRecentChooserMenu Displays recently used files in a menu GtkRecentChooserWidget Displays recently used files GtkRecentFilter A filter for selecting a subset of recently used files **GtkRecentManager** Managing Recently Used Files GtkRuler Base class for horizontal or vertical rulers GtkScale Base class for GtkHScale and GtkVScale GtkScaleButton A button which pops up a scale **GtkScrollbar** Base class for GtkHScrollbar and GtkVScrollbar GtkScrolledWindow Adds scrollbars to its child widget gtk-Selections Functions for handling inter-process communication via selections **GtkSeparator** Base class for GtkHSeparator and GtkVSeparator **GtkSeparatorMenuItem** A separator used in menus GtkSeparatorToolItem A toolbar item that separates groups of other toolbar items **GtkSettings** Sharing settings between applications GtkSizeGroup Grouping widgets so they request the same size GtkSocket Container for widgets from other processes GtkSpinButton Retrieve an integer or floating-point number from the user **GtkSpinner** Show a spinner animation GtkStatusbar Report messages of minor importance to the user **GtkStatusIcon** Display an icon in the system tray gtk-Stock-Items Prebuilt common menu/toolbar items and corresponding icons **GtkStyle** Functions for drawing widget parts **GtkTable** Pack widgets in regular patterns GtkTearoffMenuItem A menu item used to tear off and reattach its menu gtk-Testing Utilities for testing GTK+ applications GtkTextBuffer Stores attributed text for display in a GtkTextView **GtkTextIter** Text buffer iterator GtkTextMark A position in the buffer preserved across buffer modifications **GtkTextTag** A tag that can be applied to text in a GtkTextBuffer GtkTextTagTable Collection of tags that can be used together **GtkTextView** Widget that displays a GtkTextBuffer GtkTipsQuery Displays help about widgets in the user interface

**GtkToggleAction** An action which can be toggled between two states GtkToggleButton Create buttons which retain their state **GtkToggleToolButton** A GtkToolItem containing a toggle button GtkToolbar Create bars of buttons and other widgets GtkToolButton A GtkToolItem subclass that displays buttons GtkToolItem The base class of widgets that can be added to GtkToolShell GtkToolItemGroup A sub container used in a tool palette **GtkToolPalette** A tool palette with categories GtkToolShell Interface for containers containing GtkToolItem widgets **GtkTooltip** Add tips to your widgets **GtkTooltips** Add tips to your widgets gtk-GtkTreeView-drag-and-drop Interfaces for drag-and-drop support in GtkTreeView GtkTreeModel The tree interface used by GtkTreeView GtkTreeModelFilter A GtkTreeModel which hides parts of an underlying tree model GtkTreeModelSort A GtkTreeModel which makes an underlying tree model sortable GtkTreeSelection The selection object for GtkTreeView GtkTreeSortable The interface for sortable models used by GtkTreeView GtkTreeStore A tree-like data structure that can be used with the GtkTreeView **GtkTreeView** A widget for displaying both trees and lists GtkTreeViewColumn A visible column in a GtkTreeView widget GtkUIManager Constructing menus and toolbars from an XML description **GtkVButtonBox** A container for arranging buttons vertically **GtkVBox** A vertical container box GtkViewport An adapter which makes widgets scrollable GtkVolumeButton A button which pops up a volume control **GtkVPaned** A container with two panes arranged vertically GtkVRuler A vertical ruler GtkVScale A vertical slider widget for selecting a value from a range GtkVScrollbar A vertical scrollbar **GtkVSeparator** A vertical separator GtkWidget Base class for all widgets GtkWindow Toplevel which can contain other widgets **GtkWindowGroup** Limit the effect of grabs

# Author(s)

Derived by RGtkGen from GTK+ documentation

# References

https://developer.gnome.org/gtk

GType

#### Description

"The GType API is the foundation of the GObject system. It provides the facilities for registering and managing all fundamental data types, user-defined object and interface types." - GObject documentation

#### Usage

```
gTypeGetAncestors(type)
gTypeGetInterfaces(type)
gTypeFromName(name)
gTypeGetClass(type)
gTypeGetSignals(type)
```

# Arguments

type	The GType, either its name or numeric value, see below
name	The name of a GType

#### Details

The GType system supports inheritance and interfaces, enabling the psuedo-object-oriented system known as GObject. However, they also encompass all fundamental (primitive) types.

A GType is considered a transparent-type in RGtk2, since you may specify one as either the type name or the numeric value retrieved from some API function like gTypeFromName. The GType system obviously names primitive types different from the corresponding types in R, but this is automatically taken care of for you, so you can use R type names (ie, "character", "logical", etc) when specifying a GType. This means that gTypeFromName is not that useful to the RGtk2 programmer.

All R objects representing external RGtk2 objects have their hierarchy stored in the class attribute. Everything descends from "RGtkObject", then, for example, "GObject", etc. The types do not necessarily correspond to GTypes, but they do for all GObjects and others. Thus, gTypeGetAncestors is also of little use unless one is working with pure GTypes.

#### Value

gTypeGetAncestors returns a vector of type names from which type inherits.

gTypeGetInterfaces names the interfaces implemented by type.

gTypeFromName retrieves the numeric value of a type from its name.

gTypeGetClass returns the class instance for the type, for example GtkWidgetClass.

gTypeGetSignals returns a list of signal ids with names for the signals supported by the type.

Pango

#### Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

#### References

https://developer.gnome.org/gobject/stable/gobject-Type-Information.html

#### See Also

GObject

#### Description

Pango is a library for internationalized text handling. It centers around the PangoLayout object, representing a paragraph of text. Pango provides the engine for GtkTextView, GtkLabel, GtkEntry, and other widgets that display text.

#### Details

The RGtk binding to the Pango library consists of the following components:

pango-Bidirectional-Text Types and functions to help with handling bidirectional text pango-Coverage-Maps Unicode character range coverage storage pango-Fonts Structures representing abstract fonts pango-Glyph-Storage Structures for storing information about glyphs pango-Layout-Objects High-level layout driver objects pango-Text-Processing Functions to run the rendering pipeline PangoRenderer Rendering driver base class pango-Version-Checking Tools for checking Pango version at compile- and run-time. pango-Cairo-Rendering Rendering with the Cairo backend pango-Scripts-and-Languages Identifying writing systems and languages pango-Text-Attributes Font and other attributes for annotating text pango-Vertical-Text Laying text out in vertical directions

#### Author(s)

Derived by RGtkGen from GTK+ documentation

#### References

https://developer.gnome.org/pango

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#### Description

RGtk

RGtk2 provides a set of bindings between R and the GTK+ library and several of its dependent libraries. It allows the user to construct full-featured GUI's completely from within R.

#### Details

RGtk2 binds to the following libraries:

- **ATK** ATK is the Accessibility Toolkit. It provides a set of generic interfaces allowing accessibility technologies to interact with a graphical user interface. For example, a screen reader uses ATK to discover the text in an interface and read it to blind users. GTK+ widgets have built-in support for accessibility using the ATK framework.
- Pango Pango is a library for internationalized text handling. It centers around the PangoLayout object, representing a paragraph of text. Pango provides the engine for GtkTextView, GtkLabel, GtkEntry, and other widgets that display text.
- **GDK** GDK is the abstraction layer that allows GTK+ to support multiple windowing systems. GDK provides drawing and window system facilities on X11, Windows, and the Linux framebuffer device.
- **GTK** The GTK+ library itself contains widgets, that is, GUI components such as GtkButton or GtkTextView.
- **GDK-Pixbuf** This is a small library which allows you to create GdkPixbuf ('pixel buffer') objects from image data or image files. Use a GdkPixbuf in combination with GtkImage to display images.
- **Cairo** Cairo is a 2D graphics library with support for multiple output devices. Currently supported output targets include the X Window System, win32, and image buffers.

RGtk2 also partially binds some lower-level libraries in order to support the bindings to the others. These include GObject and GMainLoop.

R objects passed between the user and RGtk2 are either primitive types (character, logical, etc) or external objects (externalptr). All R objects wrapping external objects extend the RGtkObject class.

#### Note

As described above, RGtk2 binds many libraries beyond GTK+ itself. Thus, it can serve many purposes besides GUI construction. For example, GDKPixbuf and Cairo allow the R user to produce arbitrary high-quality graphics.

# Author(s)

Michael Lawrence, with excerpts from library documentation

# References

Michael Lawrence, Duncan Temple Lang (2010). RGtk2: A Graphical User Interface Toolkit for R. Journal of Statistical Software, 37(8), 1-52. http://www.jstatsoft.org/v37/i08/.

RGtkDataFrame The RGtkDataFrame model

# Description

A GtkTreeModel implementation backed by an R data frame

#### Usage

```
rGtkDataFrame(frame = data.frame())
rGtkDataFrameNew(frame = data.frame())
rGtkDataFrameAppendColumns(x, ...)
rGtkDataFrameAppendRows(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'RGtkDataFrame'
as.data.frame(x, ...)
rGtkDataFrameSetFrame(x, frame = data.frame())
## S3 method for class 'RGtkDataFrame'
x[i, j, drop = T]
## S3 replacement method for class 'RGtkDataFrame'
x[i, j] <- value
## S3 method for class 'RGtkDataFrame'
dim(x, ...)
## S3 method for class 'RGtkDataFrame'
dimnames(x, ...)
## S3 replacement method for class 'RGtkDataFrame'
dimnames(x) <- value
```

#### Arguments

frame	The frame to use as the backing store of the model
x	An RGtkDataFrame object
i	Row index
j	Column index
value	An R object similar to that accepted by [ <data.frame data="" dimnames="" for="" frame<="" or="" td="" the=""></data.frame>
drop	Whether to 'drop' the result to the simplest structure
	Items to append as columns or rows or just additional arguments

#### **RGtkObject**

#### Details

The RGtk2 interface carries a lot of overhead, slowing down operations that require large numbers of function calls, such as loading a GtkTreeModel. Under the assumption that R programmers will store large datasets as data frames, a new GtkTreeModel was implemented that draws data directly from an R data frame. This offers not only a dramatic performance gain but also allows efficient addition of columns to a model, which the default GTK implementations do not allow.

The RGtkDataFrame is constructed with a delegate data frame, which can be empty, via either rGtkDataFrameNew or rGtkDataFrame for short. The subset and replacement methods work much the same as for normal data frames, except one should note that removing columns (ie by replacing columns with NULLs) is not supported. Note that even if the initial data frame is empty, one should ensure that the empty vectors representing the column are of the desired types. If one wants to simply replace the backing frame with a new one, then there are two options: create a new RGtk-DataFrame and connect it to the views of the old model, or use rGtkDataFrameSetFrame.

The rGtkDataFrameAppendColumns and rGtkDataFrameAppendRows methods allow appending columns and rows, respectively. Note that these are a lot shorter if using the object\$appendColumns(...) syntax.

The as.data.frame method retrieves the backing data frame from the model, so that one can perform any data frame operation on the data. Of course, any changes are *not* propagated back to the model, so it may take some work to efficiently merge any changes, if necessary.

For convenience, one can access the dimensions and dimension names using dim.RGtkDataframe and dimnames.RGtkDataFrame, respectively. It is possible to set the dimension names using the conventional replacement function. Note that rownames mean nothing to GTK.

#### Value

The constructors return instances of RGtkDataFrame. as.data.frame.RGtkDataFrame returns the data frame backing the model. [.RGtkDataFrame returns the result of the [ method on the backing frame.

#### Note

It is not yet clear how to encode a tree structure with a data frame, so this is only currently useful for flat tables.

#### Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

RGtkObject

The base object of RGtk2

#### Description

RGtkObject identifies an external object as being owned by RGtk. Practically, it allows convenience operators to be specified for any external object.

# Usage

```
## S3 method for class 'RGtkObject'
x[[field, where = parent.frame()]]
## S3 method for class 'RGtkObject'
x$member
## S3 method for class 'RGtkObject'
x == y
```

# Arguments

Х	The RGtkObject to which the method or field belongs or the left hand of a comparison
field	The name of the field whose value will be retrieved
member	The name of the member (eg method) that will be retrieved
У	The right hand operand of a comparison
where	The environment in which to look for the field accessor function

# Details

The functions [[.RGtkObject and \$.RGtkObject both expand to an RGtk function that accesses external objects. The [[ operator looks for a field from an external C structure by expanding objectOfClassName[[fieldName]] to classNameGetFieldName(). External "methods" are expanded by the \$ operator to form classNameMethodName(objectOfClassName, ...) from the Java-like objectOfClassName\$methodName(...). The long and short mechanisms give the same result, but the shortcut is obviously more convenient. If the method does not exist, \$ will fall back to other types of members, like properties (for GObjects) and fields.

The == operator compares two RGtkObjects on the basis of their internal pointer value. This should rarely be useful for users.

# Value

A context-dependent value resulting from the specified API call.

#### Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

transparent-type Transparent types in RGtk2

# Description

A *transparent type* in RGtk2 is a non-primitive type passed between the user and the API as an ordinary R object (usually a list with a defined structure).

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#### Details

The RGtk2 documentation defines the public structure of every object. Some of these have been tagged as being *transparent*, indicating that the R programmer need not obtain an external object but rather simply create the analagous structure in R. *Transparent types* are usually simple types that would be created inline in C code for convenience, instead of invoking a function with a large number of arguments. RGtk2 emulates this in R.

Usually these structures are constructed as R lists, with optionally named elements. The lists elements are matched up to structure fields according to the same logic as function calls to function definitions (see match.call).

#### Author(s)

Michael Lawrence

# See Also

GParamSpec GtkFileFilterInfo GtkTargetEntry AtkAttribute

GtkSettingsValue GClosure GType

GtkStockItem GtkItemFactoryEntry GtkAllocation GdkAtom GTimeVal

PangoRectangle GdkRectangle AtkAttributeSet GdkRgbCmap GdkKeymapKey GdkGCValues GdkGeometry

GdkPoint GdkSegment GdkColor GdkNativeWindow GError GdkWindowAttr GdkTrapezoid

GtkActionEntry GtkToggleActionEntry GtkRadioActionEntry CairoPath CairoGlyph

CairoPathData AtkTextRectangle AtkTextRange GdkSpan GdkTimeCoord

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