

Package ‘ProbeDeveloper’

December 18, 2019

Type Package

Title Develop Hybridization Probes

Version 1.0.0

Date 2019-12-01

Author Junhui Li

Maintainer Junhui Li <junhuili@cau.edu.cn>

Description This tool can develop hybridization probes for target sequences based on melting temperature value calculated by R package 'TmCalculator' <<https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=TmCalculator>> and methods extended from Beliveau, B. J.,(2018) <doi:10.1073/pnas.1714530115>, and those hybridization probes can be used to capture specific target regions in fluorescence in situ hybridization and next generation sequence experiments.

License GPL (>= 2)

Imports TmCalculator (>= 1.0.0),Biostrings(>= 2.12.0)

Depends R (>= 2.10)

NeedsCompilation no

Repository CRAN

Date/Publication 2019-12-18 15:30:27 UTC

R topics documented:

| | |
|----------------------------------|---|
| ProbeDeveloper-package | 2 |
| ProbeMake | 2 |
| samplefa | 4 |

Index

5

ProbeDeveloper-package

Develop Hybridization Probes

Description

This tool can develop hybridization probes for target sequences based on melting temperature value calculated by R package 'TmCalculator' <<https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=TmCalculator>> and methods extended from Beliveau, B. J.,(2018) <doi:10.1073/pnas.1714530115>, which can be used to capture specific target regions in fluorescence in situ hybridization and next generation sequence experiments.

Author(s)

Junhui Li

Maintainer: Junhui Li <junhuili@cau.edu.cn>

References

Beliveau B J, Kishi J Y, Nir G, et al. (2018). OligoMiner: A rapid, flexible environment for the design of genome-scale oligonucleotide in situ hybridization probes. bioRxiv.

ProbeMake

Make probes

Description

ProbeMake searches for probes with a FASTA-formatted input file containing the target sequence. And it allows users to specify allowable ranges of probe length, percent GC content, and adjust melting temperature calculated using nearest neighbor thermodynamics. Candidate probe sequences passing all checks are outputted in BED format.

Usage

```
ProbeMake(fafile, LN = 90, ln = 60, TM = 80, tm = 60, CG = 70, cg = 30, gap = 0,  
method = "S2L", direction = "3to5", prohibitseq=NULL, nn_table = "DNA_NN4",  
tmm_table = "DNA_TMM1", imm_table = "DNA_IMM1", de_table = "DNA_DE1",  
dhac1 = 25, dhac2 = 25, Na = 50, K = 0, Tris = 0, Mg = 0, dNTPs = 0, saltcorr = 5)
```

Arguments

| | |
|--------------------------|--|
| <code>fafile</code> | Input file with a FASTA format read by function <code>readDNAStringSet</code> in R package 'Biostrings' |
| <code>LN</code> | The maximum allowed probe length, default is 90 |
| <code>ln</code> | The minimum allowed probe length, default is 60 |
| <code>TM</code> | The maximum allowed melting temperature, default is 80 |
| <code>tm</code> | The minimum allowed melting temperature, default is 60 |
| <code>CG</code> | The maximum allowed percent GC content, default is 70 |
| <code>cg</code> | The minimum allowed percent GC content, default is 30 |
| <code>gap</code> | The minimum gap between adjacent probes, default is 0 |
| <code>method</code> | 'S2L' is used to design probe extending from minimal probe length to the maximum until passing all checks, conversely 'L2S' make probe from maximal probe length to the minimum. Default is 'S2L' |
| <code>direction</code> | Design probes from 3 to 5 end of target sequence or from 5 to 3 end, default is '3to5' |
| <code>prohibitseq</code> | Prohibited sequence list, e.g <code>prohibitseq=c("GGGGG","CCCCC")</code> , default is <code>NULL</code> |
| <code>nn_table</code> | Thermodynamic NN values, eight tables are implemented. For DNA/DNA hybridizations: DNA_NN1,DNA_NN2,DNA_NN3,DNA_NN4 For RNA/RNA hybridizations: RNA_NN1, RNA_NN2, RNA_NN3 For RNA/DNA hybridizations: R_DNA_NN1 Default: DNA_NN4 |
| <code>tmm_table</code> | Thermodynamic values for terminal mismatches. Default: DNA_TMM1 |
| <code>imm_table</code> | Thermodynamic values for internal mismatches, may include inosine mismatches. Default: DNA_IMM1 |
| <code>de_table</code> | Thermodynamic values for dangling ends: DNA_DE1(default),RNA_DE1 |
| <code>dnac1</code> | Concentration of the higher concentrated strand [nM]. Typically this will be the primer (for PCR) or the probe. Default: 25 |
| <code>dnac2</code> | Concentration of the lower concentrated strand [nM]. Default: 25 |
| <code>Na</code> | Millimolar concentration of Na. Default: 50 |
| <code>K</code> | Millimolar concentration of K. Default: 0 |
| <code>Tris</code> | Millimolar concentration of Tris. Default: 0 |
| <code>Mg</code> | Millimolar concentration of Mg |
| <code>dNTPs</code> | Millimolar concentration of dNTPs. Default: 50 |
| <code>saltcorr</code> | Type of salt correction. Default: 5. |

Value

Returns a bed file in the format TargetID <tab> Chr <tab> Start <tab> End <tab> Sequence <tab> Tm <tab> GC

Author(s)

Junhui Li

References

Beliveau B J, Kishi J Y, Nir G, et al. (2017). OligoMiner: A rapid, flexible environment for the design of genome-scale oligonucleotide in situ hybridization probes. *bioRxiv*.

Examples

```
data(samplefa)
ProbeMake(samplefa, LN=90, ln=60, TM=80, tm=70, CG=80, cg=20, gap=0, method="S2L", direction='3to5')
```

samplefa

sample data for target sequence region with class 'DNAStringSet'

Description

Class 'DNAStringSet' sample data read by function readDNAStringSet in R package 'Biostrings' from fasta format, there are two target sequence region in this data

Usage

```
data("samplefa")
```

Format

Formal class 'DNAStringSet' [package "Biostrings"] with 5 slots

Class 'DNAStringSet' sample data read by function readDNAStringSet in R package 'Biostrings' from fasta format, which is from ncbiRefSeq database for Homo Sapiens with reference genome version hg19

Examples

```
data(samplefa)
```

Index

*Topic **datasets**

 samplefa, [4](#)

*Topic **probe**

 ProbeMake, [2](#)

ProbeDeveloper

 (ProbeDeveloper-package), [2](#)

ProbeDeveloper-package, [2](#)

ProbeMake, [2](#)

samplefa, [4](#)