## Package 'NutrienTrackeR'

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Type Package

Title Food Composition Information and Dietary Assessment

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Author Andrea Rodriguez-Martinez, Rafael Ayala, Yacine Debbabi, Lara Selles Vidal

Maintainer Rafael Ayala < r. ayala14@imperial.ac.uk>

Contact Andrea Rodriguez-Martinez

<andrea.rodriguez-martinez13@imperial.ac.uk>, Rafael Ayala

<r.ayala14@imperial.ac.uk>

Description Provides a tool set for food information and dietary assessment. It uses food composition data from several reference databases, including: 'USDA' (United States), 'CI-QUAL' (France), and 'BEDCA' (Spain). 'NutrienTrackeR' calculates the intake levels for both macronutrient and micronutrients, and compares them with the recommended dietary allowances (RDA). It includes a number of visualization tools, such as time series plots of nutrient intake, and pie-charts showing the main foods contributing to the intake level of a given nutrient.

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2 dietBalance

## **R** topics documented:

	dietBalance	2
	findFoodName	3
	food_composition_data	4
	getFoodGroups	5
	getNutrientNames	6
	NIH_nutrient_recommendations	6
	nutrientIntakePlot	7
	nutrientPiePlot	8
	nutrientsTimeTrend	9
	nutrient_group	10
	sample_diet_USDA	10
	subsetFoodRichIn	11
Index		12

dietBalance

Nutrition calculator

## Description

This function calculates the daily nutrient intake of an individual and compares it with the NIH nutrient recommendations (recommended dietary allowances (RDA) and tolerable upper intake levels (TUIL)).

## Usage

## Arguments

my_daily_food	matrix or a list of matrices, where each matrix reports all the foods eaten in a given day. The matrix must have two columns: 1)"food" (reporting food names) and 2) "units" (reporting the number of units relative to 100 grams, e.g. 125 g -> 1.25). For more details, see the dataset "sample_diet_USDA".
food_database	character vector indicating the food database to be used. Possible values are: "USDA", "CIQUAL", "BEDCA".
age	numeric vector indicating age.
gender	character vector indicating gender (i.e. "female" or "male").
pregnant	logical constant indicating pregnancy status.
lactation	logical constant indicating lactation status.
summary_report	logical constant indicating whether a summary of results (e.g.nutrients whose daily intake level is below RDA or above TUIL) will be reported.

findFoodName 3

#### Value

A list, where the first element indicates daily nutrient intake; the second element indicates the contribution of each food to the total intake level of each nutrient (as percentage); and the second element reports the total intake level of each nutrient relative to the RDA (as percentage). When my\_daily\_food is a list, the results correspond to an average daily intake.

#### References

```
https://ndb.nal.usda.gov/ndb/
http://www.bedca.net/
https://ciqual.anses.fr/
```

#### **Examples**

 $\verb|findFoodName||$ 

Find food names based on keywords

## Description

This function allows finding food names based on query keywords.

## Usage

```
findFoodName(keywords, food_database = "USDA", food_group = NULL, ignore_case = FALSE)
```

## **Arguments**

keywords character vector of containing one or several keywords. For example, "peppers,

"green" and "raw" would be good keywords for the food: "Peppers, sweet, green,

raw".

food\_database character vector indicating the food database to be used. Possible values are:

"USDA", "CIQUAL", "BEDCA".

food\_group character vector indicating the food groups that are likely to contain the food of

interest. NULL indicates that the search is done using all food groups.

ignore\_case logical constant indicating whether the search is case sensitive.

#### Value

A vector of matched food names.

#### **Examples**

```
## Load data
data(food_composition_data)

findFoodName(keywords = c("Rice", "brown", "raw"), food_database = "USDA")
findFoodName(keywords = c("Rice", "brown", "raw"), food_database = "CIQUAL")
findFoodName(keywords = c("Rice", "brown", "raw"), food_database = "BEDCA")
```

food\_composition\_data Nutritional values for common foods and products

## Description

This list contains 3 different food composition tables, which provide information on the average nutritional value of foods consumed in United States (USDA standard reference database), France (CIQUAL database) and Spain (BEDCA database). All nutrition information is provided per 100 grams of food.

#### Usage

```
data(food_composition_data)
```

#### **Format**

List

#### Value

List

getFoodGroups 5

#### References

https://ndb.nal.usda.gov/ndb/ http://www.bedca.net/ https://ciqual.anses.fr/

getFoodGroups

Get the names of the food groups included in a given database

## Description

This function returns the names of the different food groups included in a given database.

## Usage

```
getFoodGroups(food_database = "USDA")
```

#### **Arguments**

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} food\_database & character vector indicating the food database to be used. Possible values are: \\ "USDA", "CIQUAL", "BEDCA". \\ \end{tabular}$ 

## Value

A vector of food groups.

```
## Load data
data(food_composition_data)
## Get food groups from USDA
getFoodGroups("USDA")
## Get food groups from CIQUAL
getFoodGroups("CIQUAL")
## Get food groups from BEDCA
getFoodGroups("BEDCA")
```

getNutrientNames

Get the names of nutrients included in a given database

#### **Description**

This function returns the names of all nutrients included in a given database.

## Usage

```
getNutrientNames(food_database = "USDA")
```

## **Arguments**

food\_database character vector indicating the food database to be used. Possible values are: "USDA", "CIQUAL", "BEDCA".

#### Value

A vector of nutrient names.

## **Examples**

```
## Load data
data(food_composition_data)
## Get nutrient names from USDA
getNutrientNames("USDA")
## Get nutrient names from CIQUAL
getNutrientNames("CIQUAL")
## Get nutrient names from BEDCA
getNutrientNames("BEDCA")
```

NIH\_nutrient\_recommendations

Nutrient recommendations

## **Description**

This list contains nutrient recommendations from the NIH (National Institutes of Health) database:

- The first element of the list contains the recommended dietary allowance (RDA) of 33 nutrients, by gender and age.
- The second element of the list contains the tolerable upper intake level (TUIL) of 30 nutrients, by gender and age.

nutrientIntakePlot 7

#### Usage

```
data(NIH_nutrient_recommendations)
```

#### **Format**

List

#### Value

List

nutrientIntakePlot

Visualize nutrient intake levels

## Description

This function generates a barplot of nutrient intake levels, based on the output generated with the function dietBalance().

#### Usage

#### **Arguments**

daily\_intake list generated with the function dietBalance().

color\_scale character vector indicating the colors used to fill the bars, according to nutrient

groups: macronutrient (first color), mineral (second color), vitamin (third color).

#### Value

A barplot of nutrient intake levels, expressed as a percentage of RDA.

8 nutrientPiePlot

nutrientPiePlot

Visualize the main foods contributing to the intake levels of a nutrient

## Description

This function generates a pie-chart of the main foods contributing to the intake levels of a nutrient, based on the output from the function dietBalance().

## Usage

```
nutrientPiePlot(daily_intake, nutrient_name = "Vitamin B-12 (ug)", n = 10)
```

#### **Arguments**

daily\_intake list generated with the function dietBalance().

nutrient\_name character vector indicating the name of the nutrient of interest (e.g. "Vitamin B-12 (ug)".

n maximum number of foods to be displayed.

#### Value

A pie-chart showing the contribution (as percentage) of each food to the intake level of a given nutrient.

nutrientsTimeTrend 9

nut	ria	nt c T	i mo I	rend

Visualize time trends of nutrient intake levels

#### **Description**

This function allows visualizing time trends of intake levels of one or several nutrients.

## Usage

#### **Arguments**

my\_daily\_food matrix or list of matrices, where each matrix reports a daily intake. The ma-

trix must have two columns: 1)"food" (reporting food names) and 2) "units"

(reporting the number of units relative to 100 grams, e.g.  $125 \text{ g} \rightarrow 1.25$ ).

food\_database character vector indicating the food database to be used. Possible values are:

"USDA", "CIQUAL", "BEDCA".

nutrients character vector indicating the subset of nutrients that will be displayed. NULL

indicates that all nutrients will be displayed.

age numeric vector indicating age.

gender character vector indicating gender (i.e. "female" or "male").

pregnant logical constant indicating pregnancy status.

lactation logical constant indicating lactation status.

#### Value

A timeseries plot displaying nutrient intake levels against time.

sample\_diet\_USDA

nutrient\_group

Nutrient groups

## **Description**

This matrix contains nutrient names and groups, for all nutrients included in the NIH\_nutrient\_recommendations dataset.

## Usage

10

```
data(nutrient_group)
```

#### **Format**

Matrix

#### Value

List

#### References

https://www.nih.gov/

 $sample\_diet\_USDA$ 

Example of a one-week diet

## Description

This list is an example of a one-week diet, using foods from the USDA database. Each element of the list is a matrix, which includes the all the foods eaten in a given day.

## Usage

```
data(sample_diet_USDA)
```

## **Format**

List

#### Value

List

## References

https://ndb.nal.usda.gov/ndb/

subsetFoodRichIn 11

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## **Description**

This function selects the foods with the highest amount of a given nutrient from a food composition database.

#### Usage

```
subsetFoodRichIn(nutrient_name, food_database = "USDA", food_group = NULL, n = 10)
```

## **Arguments**

nutrient_name	character vector indicating the name of the nutrient of interest.
food_database	character vector indicating the food database to be used. Possible values are: "USDA", "CIQUAL", "BEDCA".
food_group	character vector indicating the food group(s) of interest. NULL indicates that all food groups are considered.
n	numeric value indicating the number of foods to be selected.

#### Value

A subset from the food composition database containing the foods with the highest amount of the nutrient of interest.

# **Index**

```
dietBalance, 2

findFoodName, 3
food_composition_data, 4

getFoodGroups, 5
getNutrientNames, 6

NIH_nutrient_recommendations, 6
nutrient_group, 10
nutrientIntakePlot, 7
nutrientPiePlot, 8
nutrientsTimeTrend, 9

sample_diet_USDA, 10
subsetFoodRichIn, 11
```