

Package ‘NORMT3’

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Title Evaluates complex erf, erfc, Faddeeva, and density of sum of Gaussian and Student's t

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Depends R (>= 2.0)

Description Evaluates the probability density function of the sum of the Gaussian and Student's t density on 3 degrees of freedom. Evaluates the p.d.f. of the sphered Student's t density function. Also evaluates the erf, and erfc functions on complex-valued arguments. Thanks to Krishna Myneni the function is calculates the Faddeeva function also!

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`dnormt3`*Density function of sum of Gaussian and Student's t on 3 df*

Description

Computes the probability density function of the sum of the Gaussian distribution and the Student's t distribution on 3 degrees of freedom.

Usage

```
dnormt3(x, mean = 0, sd = 1)
```

Arguments

<code>x</code>	Where to evaluate the density function
<code>mean</code>	The mean of the Gaussian
<code>sd</code>	The standard deviation of the Gaussian

Details

Computes the probability density function of the sum of the Gaussian distribution and the Student's t distribution on 3 degrees of freedom.

Value

The appropriate pdf value.

Author(s)

Guy Nason

References

Nason, G.P. (2005) On the sum of the Gaussian and Student's t random variables. *Technical Report*, 05:01, Statistics Group, Department of Mathematics, University of Bristol.

See Also

[normt3ip,dst,dnorm](#)

Examples

```
dnormt3(0)
#
# Should be 0.4501582 = sqrt(2)/pi
#
x <- seq(from=-5, to=5, length=100)
plot(x, dnormt3(x), type="l") # Density plot
```

dst	<i>Density function of sphered Student's t distribution</i>
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Description

Evaluates probability density function of sphered Student's t distribution on nu degrees of freedom. This is just the standard Student's t distribution rescaled to have unit variance.

Usage

```
dst(x, nu = 3)
```

Arguments

x	Where to evaluate the density
nu	The degrees of freedom

Details

Description says it all.

Value

The appropriate probability density.

Author(s)

Guy Nason

References

Nason, G.P. (2001) Robust projection indices. *Journal of the Royal Statistical Society, Series B*, **63**, 551–567.

See Also

[dnorm](#), [dnormt3](#)

Examples

```
dst(0)
#
# Should be 2/pi = 0.6366198
#
x <- seq(from=-5, to=5, length=100)
plot(x, dst(x), type="l") # Produces a density plot
```

erf	<i>Error function</i>
-----	-----------------------

Description

Computes the error function of a (possibly) complex valued argument. This function is $1-\operatorname{erfc}(z)$.

Usage

`erf(z)`

Arguments

`z` Argument of error function

Details

Computes the error function of a (possibly) complex valued argument by computing the complementary error function and subtracting the answer from 1.

Value

The error function of `z`

Author(s)

Guy P. Nason, Department of Mathematics, University of Bristol

References

Poppe, G.P.M. and Wijers, C.M.J. (1990) More efficient computation of the complex error function. *ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software*, **16**, 38–46.

See Also

[erfc](#)

Examples

```
erf(0)
#
# Should give 0
#
erf(1)
#
# Should give 0.8427008+0i
#
erf(complex(re=1, im=1))
#
```

```
# Should give 1.316151+0.1904535i
#
```

erfc *Complementary error function*

Description

Computes the complementary error function of a (possibly) complex valued argument. This function is

$$2/\sqrt{\pi} \int_z^{\infty} \exp^{-t^2} dt$$

Usage

erfc(z)

Arguments

z Argument of complementary error function

Details

Computes the complementary error function of a (possibly) complex valued argument. This function is

$$2/\sqrt{\pi} \int_z^{\infty} \exp^{-t^2} dt$$

This function actually calls FORTRAN code (algorithm TOMS 680) which computes the Faddeeva's function and then with a slight modification obtains the erfc function of a complex-valued argument.

Value

The complementary error function of z

Author(s)

Guy P. Nason, Department of Mathematics, University of Bristol

References

Poppe, G.P.M. and Wijers, C.M.J. (1990) More efficient computation of the complex error function. *ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software*, **16**, 38–46.

See Also

[erf](#)

Examples

```

erfc(0)
#
# Should give 1
#
erfc(1)
#
# Should give 0.1572992+0i
#
erfc(complex(re=1, im=1))
#
# Should give -0.3161513-0.1904535i
#

```

ic1

*Compute IC1 formula from Nason (2005)***Description**

Computes

$$I_{C1}(p, d) = \int_d^{\infty} \cos(px) \exp(-x^2) dx$$

Usage

ic1(p, d)

Arguments

p Argument for IC1 function
d Argument for IC1 function

Details

An intermediate function for the computation of the inner product between Gaussian and Student's t distribution.

Value

Value of the function IC1

Author(s)

Guy Nason

References

Nason, G.P. (2005) On the sum of the Gaussian and Student's t random variables. *Technical Report*, 05:01, Statistics Group, Department of Mathematics, University of Bristol.

See Also[normt3ip](#)**Examples**

```
ic1(1,1)
#
# Should give 0.03401986.
#
```

`is1`*Compute IS1 formula from Nason (2005)*

Description

Computes

$$I_{S1}(p, d) = \int_d^{\infty} \cos(px) \exp(-x^2) dx$$

Usage`is1(p, d)`**Arguments**

<code>p</code>	Argument for IS1 function
<code>d</code>	Argument for IS1 function

Details

An intermediate function for the computation of the inner product between Gaussian and Student's t distribution.

Value

Value of the function IS1

Author(s)

Guy Nason

References

Nason, G.P. (2005) On the sum of the Gaussian and Student's t random variables. *Technical Report*, 05:01, Statistics Group, Department of Mathematics, University of Bristol.

See Also[normt3ip](#)**Examples**

```
is1(1,1)
#
# Should give 0.1297382.
#
```

`normt3ip`*Compute inner product function of Gaussian and t3 distribution*

Description

This function evaluates the inner product function of the (sphered) Student's t distribution on 3 df and the Gaussian distribution as defined by Theorem~1 of Nason, 2005

Usage

```
normt3ip(mu, sigma)
```

Arguments

<code>mu</code>	Mean of the Gaussian
<code>sigma</code>	Standard deviation of the Gaussian

Details

No extra details

Value

The evaluated function.

Author(s)

Guy Nason

References

Nason, G.P. (2005) On the sum of the Gaussian and Student's t random variables. *Technical Report*, 05:01, Statistics Group, Department of Mathematics, University of Bristol.

Examples

```
#normt3ip(0,1)
#
# Answer should be 0.3183099 which is 1/pi
#
x <- 3
```

wofz

Faddeeva function

Description

Computes the Faddeeva function of a complex valued argument. This function is

$$\exp -z^2 * erfc(-iz)$$

Usage

wofz(z)

Arguments

z Argument of Faddeeva function

Details

Computes the Faddeeva function of a complex valued argument. This function is

$$\exp -z^2 * erfc(-iz)$$

This function calls FORTRAN code (algorithm TOMS 680) which computes the Faddeeva function.

Value

The Faddeeva function, w(z)

Author(s)

Krishna Myneni, krishna.myneni@ccreweb.org

References

Poppe, G.P.M. and Wijers, C.M.J. (1990) More efficient computation of the complex error function. *ACM Transactions on Mathematical Software*, **16**, 38–46.

See Also[erf](#) [erfc](#)**Examples**

```
options(digits=15)
wofz(0)
#
# Should give 1+0i
#
wofz(1)
#
# Should give 0.367879441171442+0.607157705841394i
#
wofz(complex(re=1, im=1))
#
# Should give 0.304744205256913+0.208218938202832i
#
```

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