# Package 'GPSeqClus'

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Type Package

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Title Sequential Clustering Algorithm for Location Data

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Author Clapp, J. G.
Maintainer Justin Clapp < justin.clapp@wyo.gov>
Description  Applies sequential clustering algorithm to animal location data based on user-defined parameters and appends results to the dataframe. Plots interactive cluster maps and provides a summary dataframe with attributes for each cluster commonly used as covariates in subsequent modeling efforts. Additional functions provide individual keyhole markup language plots for quick assessment, and export global positioning system exchange format files for navigation purposes.
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      exp_clus_gpx
      Export cluster .gpx file
```

## **Description**

Uses results from 'GPSeq\_clus" to export .gpx file from specified AID and vector of desired cluster numbers for navigation during field site investigations.

## Usage

```
exp_clus_gpx(
   AID,
   cn = "all",
   locs = dat,
   cs = clus_summary,
   centroid_calc = "mean",
   dir = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

AID	Desired AID from sequential cluster output
cn	Numeric vector of desired cluster numbers to include in .gpx output, default is "all" $$
locs	Location dataframe output from GPSeq_clus(), default is 'dat'
cs	Cluster summary output from GPSeq_clus(), default is 'clus_summary'
centroid_calc	'mean' (default) or 'median' centroid plot
dir	File path to save output

## Value

.gpx file

# **Examples**

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```
exp_clus_gpx(AID = "ML1605M", cn = c(1, 3, 4), centroid_calc = "median", dir= tempdir())
```

GPSeq\_clus

Sequential cluster algorithm of location data

## **Description**

Applies sequential clustering algorithm to location data based on user-defined parameters and appends results to the dataframe. Provides a summary dataframe with attributes for each cluster commonly used as covariates in subsequent modeling efforts. Plots interactive cluster maps.

## Usage

```
GPSeq_clus(
  dat,
  search_radius_m,
  window_days,
  clus_min_locs = 2,
  centroid_calc = "mean",
  show_plots = c(TRUE, "mean"),
  season_breaks_jul = NA,
  daylight_hrs = NA
)
```

#### **Arguments**

dat

Any dataframe including single or multiple animal location datasets that includes:

\$AID Animal identification for each location

**\$TelemDate** Location timestamps as POSIXct format "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS" with single "tzone" attribute

**\$Long** Longitude values as decimal degrees (-180 to +180) including NAs for failed fixes

**\$Lat** Latitude values as decimal degrees (-90 to +90) including NAs for failed fixes

search\_radius\_m

Search radius (meters) from cluster centroid when building clusters.

window\_days Temporal window (days) to search for new locations from the most recent loca-

tion in a cluster

centroid\_calc Method for recalculating centroids when actively building clusters - e.g., "me-

dian" or "mean" (default). Not to be confused with plotting the "mean" or "me-

dian" centroid once a cluster has been built.

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show\_plots Vector of TRUE/FALSE for plotting followed by plotting argument for the "me-

dian" or "mean" centroid - e.g., c(TRUE, "mean") (default)

season\_breaks\_jul

Ascending numeric vector of julian days (0-365) used to classify by season/parturition/hunting

seasons etc. e.g., c(121, 274, 305) result may be: 1 Nov - 30 Apr (winter = 0), 1

May - 31 Aug (summer = 1), 1 Oct - 31 Oct (hunting season = 2)

daylight\_hrs Manually set start and stop hours (0-24) to classify day and night locations. - e.g.

c(6,18) would classify 6AM - 6PM as daylight hrs. NA (default) uses 'suncalc' package to convert cluster location and time to be classified based on specific

specific sunrise and sunset times.

#### Value

Returns "dat" dataframe, original location dataframe with "clus\_ID" column assigning each row a cluster ID if applicable. Returns "clus\_summary" dataframe with sequential clusters for all animals and common attributes (descriptions below) of clusters as covariates for subsequent modeling. If show\_plots is active, returns interactive map of locations and clusters by animal.

AID Animal identification

clus\_ID Sequential cluster ID number

**clus start** Timestamp of first location in cluster

clus\_end Timestamp of last location in cluster

clus\_status "Closed" if the time window (window\_days) has expired for the cluster according to users Sys.time() output. These clusters are therefore solidified and should not change if appending new location data. "Open" if the time window remains open at the time the function was run. "Open" clusters have the ability to shift sequence, combine with other clusters, emerge as a new cluster, etc. This attribute becomes relevent when appending new satellite data to the location dataframe, and may serve as an index of whether an animal continues to actively visit the cluster site within the time window.

**g\_c\_Long** Geometic centroid longitude value calculated using the mean

**g\_c\_Lat** Geometic centroid latitude value calculated using the mean

**g\_med\_Long** Geometic centroid longitude value calculated using the median

**g\_med\_Lat** Geometric centroid latitude value calculated using the median

clus\_dur\_hr Hours from the first to last locations of the cluster

**n\_clus\_locs** Number of locations within the cluster

**visits** Number of visits/revists to the cluster based on the number of times locations fall outside the search radius and return to add locations to the cluster

fix\_succ\_clus\_dur Fix rate success during the duration of the cluster

adj\_clus\_locs Adjusted number of cluster locations accounting for missed fixes (number cluster locations / fix success of cluster duration)

**fid** Fidelity to the cluster during cluster duration (number locations on cluster - number locations off cluster)

max\_foray Maximum location distance (meters) from centroid during cluster duration for all locations ind\_clus\_kml 5

clus\_radius Maximum location distance (meters) from centroid during cluster duration for clusterattributed locations

avg\_clus\_dist Mean distance from all cluster locations to centroid

n\_24\_per Number of unique 24 hr periods during the cluster duration that hold at least one cluster location

bin\_24hr Binary output for cluster duration (0 == less or equal to 24hr, 1 == greater than 24hr)
season Nominal attribute for user defined seasons based on 'season\_breaks\_jul' argument
night\_pts Number of night cluster locations based on 'daylight\_hrs' argument
night\_prop Proportion of night cluster locations

#### **Examples**

ind\_clus\_kml

Plot individual cluster .kml

## **Description**

Uses results from 'GPSeq\_clus" to plot individual cluster .kmls

## Usage

```
ind_clus_kml(
   AID,
   cn,
   locs = dat,
   cs = clus_summary,
   centroid_calc = "mean",
   overwrite = TRUE,
   dir = NULL
)
```

# **Arguments**

AID Desired AID from sequential cluster output

cn Desired cluster number

locs Location dataframe output from GPSeq\_clus(), default is 'dat'

julian\_conv

cs Cluster summary output from GPSeq\_clus(), default is 'clus\_summary'

centroid\_calc 'mean' (default) or 'median' centroid plot

overwrite TRUE (default) labels output as "ind.kml" that overwrites with each run within

tempdir(). FALSE saves outputs as "AID\_cn"

dir File path when saving output

#### Value

Opens the cluster locations and centroid .kml for assessment.

## **Examples**

julian\_conv

Julian Conversion

#### **Description**

Julian Conversion

## Usage

```
julian_conv(x)
```

## Arguments

Х

vector of input dates

#### Value

vector of julian days

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 $ML_ex_dat$ 

Sample Data for Sequential Clustering Routine

# Description

A dataframe containing a subset of GPS location data from 2 male and 1 female mountain lions used for testing and running sequential cluster function examples. Example data provided by Wyoming Game and Fish Department, 2020.

# Usage

ML\_ex\_dat

#### **Format**

A dataframe containing 4 columns:

AID animal identification

TelemDate location timestamp in POSIXct format

Lat latitude coordinates

Long longitude coordinates

moveMe

arrange columns

# Description

arrange columns

## Usage

```
moveMe(data, tomove, where = "last", ba = NULL)
```

# **Arguments**

data input dataframe

tomove which column(s) to move

where to move them - e.g. "before", "after", "first", "last"

ba ??

#### Value

Dataframe with new column order

# **Index**

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