Package 'BayesNI'

February 19, 2015

Type Package				
Title BayesNI: Bayesian Testing Procedure for Noninferiority with Binary Endpoints				
Version 0.1				
Date 2011-11-11				
Author Sujit K Ghosh, Muhtarjan Osman				
Maintainer Muhtarjan Osman <mjosman@gmail.com></mjosman@gmail.com>				
Description A Bayesian testing procedure for noninferiority trials with binary endpoints. The prior is constructed based on Bernstein polynomials with options for both informative and non-informative prior. The critical value of the test statistic (Bayes factor) is determined by minimizing total weighted error (TWE) criteria				
License GPL-2				
LazyLoad yes				
Repository CRAN				
Date/Publication 2012-09-11 06:13:20				
NeedsCompilation no				

R topics documented:

Index	bayesNI	3
	BayesNI-package	

```
BayesNI-package
```

Description

This package implements a Bayesian testing procedure for noninfeiority trials with binary endpoints. The prior is constructed based on Bernstein polynomials with options for both informative and non-informative prior. The critical value of the test statistic Bayes factor is determined by minimizing total weighted error criteria.

Details

Package:	BayesNI
Type:	Package
Version:	1.0
Date:	2011-11-08
License:	GPL-2
LazyLoad:	yes

Author(s)

Muhtarjan Osman and Sujit K. Ghosh

Maintainer: Muhtarjan Osman <mjosman@gmail.com>

References

Osman M. and Ghosh S. K. (2011) Semiparametric Bayesian Testing Procedure for Non-inferiority Trials with Binary Endpoints. Journal of Biopharmaceutical Statistics, 21, 920-937.

See Also

NA

Examples

```
bayesNI(x1=97,x2=98,n1=107,n2=106, dm='OR',rho=0.5, m=20,zeta=0.025, TWE=1)
```

bayesNI

Semiparametric Bayesian testing procedure for non-inferiority trials with binary endpoints

Description

This function calculates the Bayes factor and the cut-off value for noninfeiority trials with binary endpoints. The prior is constructed based on Bernstein polynomials with options for both informative and non-informative prior. The critical value of the test statistic (Bayes factor) is determined by minimizing total weighted error (TWE) criteria.

Usage

Arguments

x1	The number of success events in the group 1			
x2	The number of success events in the group 2			
n1	The total number of subjects in the group 1			
n2	The total number of subjects in the group 2			
dm	The dissimilarity measure of two binomial parameters: "RD" risk difference ; "RR" relative risk ; "OR" odds ratio (default value)			
rho	Noninferiority boundary			
m	The order of Bernstein polynomials (default value m=10)			
noninform.prior				
	"TRUE" (default) for using noninformative prior to determines weights in the mixture prior; "FALSE" user-specified weights in the mixture prior based on prior information			
w1	If noninform.prior=FALSE, a user-specified vector of weights for the prior of theta_1. The length of this vector should be m.			
w2	If noninform.prior=FALSE, a user-specified vector of weights for the prior of theta_2. The length of this vector should be m.			
TWE	1 (default value): total weighted error conditioned on the hypotheses; 2 : total weighted error conditioned on the decisions			
zeta	The weight the total weighted criteria			
plot.prior	future functionality, under development.			

Details

This function gives the Bayes factor and the cut-off value for noninfeiority trials with binary endpoints. The prior is constructed based on Bernstein polynomials with options for both informative and non-informative prior. The weights w1 and w2 are not necessary when using non-informative prior. For informative prior, users can refer to the correspondering section in Osman and Ghosh (2012) on how to construct weights based on historical data. The Bayes factor computed in this function is define in favor of alternative hypothesis. A larger Bayes factor indicates stronger evidence against the null hypothesis. The critical value of the test statistic (Bayes factor) is determined by minimizing total weighted error (TWE) criteria. Users can refer to Theorem 1 in Osman and Ghosh (2012) for specification of the weight zeta. A common approach is to set zeta=alpha=0.05.

Value

logBF	the observed (log) Bayes factor
LØ	the cut-off critical value of (log) Bayes factor for the rejection region
w1	the weights used in the prior of theta_1
w2	the weights used in the prior of theta_2

Note

NA

Author(s)

Muhtarjan Osman and Sujit K. Ghosh

References

Osman M. and Ghosh S. K. (2011) Semiparametric Bayesian Testing Procedure for Non-inferiority Trials with Binary Endpoints. Journal of Biopharmaceutical Statistics, 21, 920-937.

See Also

NA

Examples

```
bayesNI(x1=97,x2=98,n1=107,n2=106, dm='OR',rho=0.5, m=20,zeta=0.025, TWE=1)
```

4

Index

*Topic Bayesian
 bayesNI, 3
*Topic noninferiority, Bayes factor
 BayesNI-package, 2
*Topic noninferiority
 bayesNI, 3

BayesNI (BayesNI-package), 2 bayesNI, 3 BayesNI-package, 2